Getting started

luatex is a typesetter; texlua and luatex -luaonly are lua interpreters. In lua interpreter mode, the lua tables tex, token, node, and pdf are unavailable.

\directlua expands immediately, \latelua is processed during \shipout.

\luatexversion: 66 \luatexrevision: O

\luatexdatestamp: 2011041322

Attributes

There are 65536 attribute registers, each of which obeys grouping and can have any integer value other than the most negative number (which indicates the value is unset).

Catcode tables

There are 65536 category code tables, each of which can hold the full range of Unicode. Category table manipulation:

\initcatcodetable Ninitialize an 'initex' table in N

\savecatcodetable N save the current category codes to table N globally

\catcodetable N switch to predefined table N

Filenames

\input, \openin, and \font accept braced file names to allow embedded spaces.

Images and forms

\pdfrefximage and \pdfrefxform accept optional dimension parameters in the same format as \pdfximage.

Preloaded lua modules

slnunicode http://luaforge.net/projects/sln http://www.keplerproject.org/luazip/ luazip luafilesystem http://www.keplerproject.org/luafilesystem/ http://www.inf.puc-rio.br/~roberto/lpeg.html lpeq

Izlib http://luaforge.net/projects/lzlib/

md5 http://www.inf.puc-rio.br/~roberto/md5/md5-5/md5.html luasocket http://www.tecgraf.puc-rio.br/~diego/professional/luasocket/

String extensions

table = **string.explode**(string, [string]) Break a string into pieces. The optional argument is a character possibly followed by a plus sign (default " +")

number = string.utfvalues(string)

Iterator that returns a value representing a single UTF-8 token.

string = string.utfcharacters(string)

Iterator that returns a string representing a single UTF-8 token.

string = **string.characters**(string)

Iterator that returns a string representing a single 8-byte token. string, string = **string.characterpairs**(string) Iterator that returns two strings representing two single UTF-8 tokens.

number = **string.bytes**(string)

Iterator that returns a value representing a single 8-byte token. number, number = **string.bytepairs**(string) Iterator that returns two values representing two single 8-byte tokens.

Operating system extensions

os.exec(table) Run an external command and exit. The table is an array of arguments, with an optional argv[0] in index 0.

boolean = **os.spawn**(table)

Run an external command and return its exit code. The table is an array of arguments, with an optional argv[0] in index 0.

os.setenv(string, string) Set an environment variable.

number = **os.gettimeofday**() Get the time as a floating point number (Unix only).

table = os.times() Return process times.

string = os.tmpdir() Create a temporary directory inside the current

directory.

Return various information strings about the comtable = os.uname()

string = **os.selfdir**() Return the directory path of argv[0].

Lua file system extensions

boolean = **Ifs.isdir**(string) Return true if the string is a directory.

boolean = **Ifs.isfile**(string) Return true if the string is a file.

string = Ifs.shortname(string)

Return the FAT name of a file (Windows only).

string = **Ifs.readlink**(string) Return the contents of a symlink (Unix only).

Callback table

number, [string] = callback.register(string, function) Register a call-

back. Passing nil removes an existing callback. Returns nil, error on failure.

table = callback.list() Produce a list of all known callback names. function = callback.find(string)

Returns the function currently associated with a callback, or nil

File discovery callbacks

string = find_read_file(number, string)

Find a file for \input (0) or \openin (higher integers).

string = **find_write_file**(number, string) Find a file for writing to the log file (0) or with \write (higher integers).

string = **find_font_file**(string) Find a font metrics file.

string = find_output_file(string) Find the output (PDF or DVI) file.

string = **find_format_file**(string) Find the format file.

string = **find_vf_file**(string) Find a VF file.

string = **find_map_file**(string) Find a font map file. string = find_enc_file(string) Find a font encoding file.

string = **find_subfont_file**(string) Find a subfont definition file.

string = find_pk_file(string) Find a PK font bitmap file.

string = find_data_file(string)

Find an input data file for PDF attachment.

Find an OpenType font file. string = find_opentype_file(string) string = **find_truetype_file**(string) Find an TrueType font file. string = find_type1_file(string) Find an Type1 (PostScript) font file.

string = **find_image_file**(string) Find an image file for inclusion.

File reading callbacks

table = **open_read_file**(string) Open a file for reading. The returned table should define key functions for "reader" and "close".

string = reader(table)

Read a line from a file opened with the **open_read_file** callback.

The argument is the return value from open_read_file

close(table) Close a file opened with the **open_read_file** callback. The argument is the return value from the open_read_file

boolean, string, number = read font file(string)

Read a TFM metrics file. Return true, the data, and the data length for success, false otherwise

boolean, string, number = **read_vf_file**(string) Read a VF metrics file. boolean, string, number = read_map_file(string) Read a font map file. boolean, string, number = read_enc_file(string) Read a font encoding file.

boolean, string, number = read_sfd_file(string)

Read a subfont definition file.

boolean, string, number = read pk file(string) Read a font bitmap PK

boolean, string, number = read_data_file(string) Read a data file.

boolean, string, number = read_truetype_file(string)

Read a TrueType font.

boolean, string, number = read_type1_file(string) Read a Type1 font.

boolean, string, number = read_opentype_file(string)

Read an OpenType font.

Tokenisation changes callbacks

string = process_input_buffer(string)

Modify the encoding of the input buffer.

string = **process_output_buffer**(string) Modify the encoding of the output buffer.

table = **token_filter**() Override the tokenization process. Return value is a token or an array of tokens

Node list callbacks

buildpage_filter(string) Process objects as they are added to the main vertical list. The string argument gives some context.

buildpage_filter context information:

explanation alignment a (partial) alignment is being added after output an output routine has just finished box a typeset box is being added new graf the beginning of a new paragraph vmode par \par was found in vertical mode hmode par \par was found in horizontal mode insert an insert is added penalty a penalty (in vertical mode) before_display immediately before a display starts

after_display a display is finished

end LUATEX is terminating (it's all over)

node = **pre_linebreak_filter**(node, string) Alter a node list before linebreaking takes place. The string argument gives some context.

pre_linebreak_filter context information:

valueexplanation<empty>main vertical listhbox\hbox in horizontal modeadjusted_hbox\hbox in vertical mode

vbox \vbox vtop \vtop

align \halign or \valign disc discretionaries insert packaging an insert

vcenter \vcenter

local_box \localleftbox or \localrightbox

split_off top of a \vsplit
split_keep remainder of a \vsplit
align_set alignment cell
fin_row alignment row

node = linebreak_filter(node, boolean)

Override the linebreaking algorithm. The boolean is true if this is a pre-display break.

node = **post_linebreak_filter**(node, string) Alter a node list afer linebreaking has taken place. The string argument gives some context.

node = hpack_filter(node, string, number, string, string) Alter a node list before horizontal packing takes place. The first string gives some context, the number is the desired size, the second string is either "exact" or "additional" (modifies the first string), the third string is the desired direction

node = vpack_filter(node, string, number, string, number, string) Alter
a node list before vertical packing takes place. The second number is
the desired max depth. See hpack filter for the arguments.

node = pre_output_filter(node, string, number, string, number, string)
Alter a node list before boxing to \outputbox takes place. See
vpack_filter for the arguments.

hyphenate(node, node) Apply hyphenation to a node list.ligaturing(node, node) Apply ligaturing to a node list.kerning(node, node) Apply kerning to a node list.

node = **mlist_to_hlist**(node, string, boolean) Convert a math node list into a horizontal node list.

Font definition callback

metrics = **define_font**(string, number)

Define a font from within lua code. The arguments are the user-supplied information, with negative numbers indicating scaled, positive numbers at

Event callbacks

pre_dump() Run actions just before format dumping takes place.

stop_run() Run actions just before the end of the typesetting run.

start_run() Run actions at the start of the typesetting run.

start_page_number() Run actions at the start of typeset page number message reporting.

stop_page_number() Run actions at the end of typeset page number message reporting.

 $\textbf{show_error_hook}() \qquad Run \ action \ at \ error \ reporting \ time.$

finish_pdffile() Run actions just before the PDF closing takes place.

Epdf table

— All constructors:

PDFDoc = **epdf.open**(string) Construct a PDFDoc object by opening a PDF document.

Annot = epdf.Annot(XRef, Dict, Catalog, Ref)

Construct an Annot object.

Annots = epdf.Annots(XRef, Catalog, Object)

Construct an Annots object.

Array = **epdf.Array**(XRef) Construct an Array object.

Dict = **epdf.Dict**(XRef) Construct a Dict object.

Object = **epdf.Object**() Construct an Object object.

PDFRectangle = epdf.PDFRectangle()

Construct a PDFRectangle object.

— Annot methods:

boolean = **Annot:isOK**() Check if Annot object is ok.

Object = **Annot:getAppearance**() Get Appearance object.

AnnotBorder = **Annot:getBorder**() Get AnnotBorder object.

boolean = **Annot:match**(Ref) Check if object number and generation matches Ref.

— AnnotBorderStyle methods:

 $number = \textbf{AnnotBorderStyle:getWidth}() \qquad Get \ border \ width.$

- Annots methods:

integer = **Annots:getNumAnnots**() Get number of Annots objects.

Annot = **Annots:getAnnot**(integer) Get Annot object.

— Array methods:

Array:incRef() Increment reference count to Array.

Array:decRef() Decrement reference count to Array.

integer = Array:getLength()
Get Array length.

Array:add(Object) Add Object to Array.

Object = **Array:get**(integer) Get Object from Array.

Object = Array:getNF(integer) Get Object from Array, not resolving indirection.

string = **Array:getString**(integer) Get String from Array.

— Catalog methods:

boolean = Catalog:isOK() Check if Catalog object is ok.

 $integer = \textbf{Catalog:getNumPages}() \qquad Get\ total\ number\ of\ pages.$

Page = Catalog:getPage(integer) Get Page.

Ref = Catalog:getPageRef(integer)

Get the reference to a Page object.

string = Catalog:getBaseURI() Get base URI, if any.

string = **Catalog:readMetadata**() Get the contents of the Metadata stream.

Object = Catalog:getStructTreeRoot()

Get the structure tree root object.

integer = Catalog:findPage(integer, integer)

Get a Page number by object number and generation.

LinkDest = **Catalog:findDest**(string) Find a named destination.

Object = Catalog:getDests() Get destinations object.

integer = **Catalog:numEmbeddedFiles**() Get number of embedded files.

EmbFile = Catalog:embeddedFile(integer) Get embedded file.

integer = Catalog:numJS() Get number of javascript scripts. boolean = Object:isReal() Check if object is of type Real. string = Catalog:getJS(integer) Get javascript script. boolean = Object:isNum() Check if object is of type Num. Object = Catalog:getOutline() Get Outline object. boolean = Object:isString() Check if object is of type String. Object = Catalog:getAcroForm() Get AcroForm object. boolean = Object:isName() Check if object is of type Name. — EmbFile methods: boolean = Object:isNull() Check if object is of type Null. string = **EmbFile:name**() Get name of embedded file. boolean = Object:isArray() Check if object is of type Array. string = EmbFile:description() Get description of embedded file. boolean = Object:isDict() Check if object is of type Dict. integer = EmbFile:size() Get size of embedded file. boolean = Object:isStream() Check if object is of type Stream. string = **EmbFile:modDate**() Get modification date of embedded file. boolean = Object:isRef() Check if object is of type Ref. string = EmbFile:createDate() Get creation date of embedded file. boolean = Object:isCmd() Check if object is of type Cmd. string = EmbFile:checksum() boolean = Object:isError() Check if object is of type Error. Get checksum of embedded file. boolean = **Object:isEOF**() Check if object is of type EOF. string = EmbFile:mimeType() Get mime type of embedded file. boolean = **Object:isNone**() Check if object is of type None. Object = EmbFile:streamObject() Get stream object of embedded boolean = Object:getBool() Get boolean from Bool-type object. integer = Object:getInt() boolean = EmbFile:isOk() Check if embedded file is ok. Get integer from Int-type object. number = Object:getReal() — Dict methods: Get number from Real-type object. Dict:incRef() Increment reference count to Dict. number = Object:getNum() Get number from Num-type object. **Dict:decRef()** Decrement reference count to Dict. string = Object:getString() Get string from String-type object. integer = Dict:getLength() Get Dict length. string = Object:getName() Get name from Name-type object as a Dict:add(string, Object) Add Object to Dict. string. Dict:set(string, Object) Set Object in Dict. Array = **Object:getArray**() Get Array from Array-type object. Dict:remove(string) Remove entry from Dict. Dict = Object:getDict() Get Dict from Dict-type object. boolean = **Dict:is**(string) **TODO** Stream = Object:getStream() Get Stream from Stream-type object. Object = **Dict:lookup**(string) Ref = Object:getRef() Get Ref from Ref-type object. Look up Dict entry. Object = **Dict:lookupNF**(string) integer = Object:getRefNum() Look up Dict entry, not resolving indirection. Get object number from Ref-type object. integer = Dict:lookupInt(string, string) integer = Object:getRefGen() Get object generation from Ref-type TODO string = **Dict:getKey**(integer) Get key from Dict by number. object. string = **Object:getCmd**() TODO Object = **Dict:getVal**(integer) Get value from Dict by number. Object = **Dict:getVaINF**(integer) integer = Object:arrayGetLength() Get value from Dict by number, not Get array length from Array-type resolving indirection. - LinkDest methods: Object:arrayAdd(Object) Add Object to Array-type object. boolean = LinkDest:isOK() Object = **Object:arrayGet**(integer) Get Object from Array-type object. Check if LinkDest object is ok. integer = LinkDest:getKind() Get number of LinkDest kind. Object = Object:arrayGetNF(integer) string = LinkDest:getKindName() Get name of LinkDest kind. Get Object from Array-type object, not resolving indirection. integer = **Object:dictGetLength**(integer) Get dictionary length from boolean = LinkDest:isPageRef() TODO integer = LinkDest:getPageNum() TODO Dict-type object. Object:dictAdd(string, Object) Ref = LinkDest:getPageRef() **TODO** Add Object to Dict-type object. number = LinkDest:getLeft() **TODO** Object:dictSet(string, Object) **TODO** number = LinkDest:getBottom() **TODO** Object = **Object:dictLookup**(string) **TODO** number = LinkDest:getRight() **TODO** Object = Object:dictLookupNF(string) TODO number = LinkDest:getTop() **TODO** string = **Object:dictGetKey**(integer) Get Dict key of Dict-type object number = LinkDest:getZoom() **TODO** by number. boolean = LinkDest:getChangeLeft() **TODO** Object = Object:dictGetVal(integer) boolean = LinkDest:getChangeTop() **TODO** Get Dict value of Dict-type object by number. boolean = LinkDest:getChangeZoom() TODO Object = **Object:dictGetValNF**(integer) Get Dict value of Dict-type - Object methods: object by number, not resolving indirection. Object:initBool(boolean) Initialize a Bool-type object. boolean = Object:streamls() Object:initInt(integer) Initialize an Int-type object. Object:streamReset() TODO Object:initReal(number) Initialize a Real-type object. integer = Object:streamGetChar() TODO Object:initString(string) Initialize a String-type object. integer = Object:streamLookChar() TODO Object:initName(string) Initialize a Name-type object. integer = Object:streamGetPos() TODO Object:streamSetPos(integer) Object:initNull() Initialize a Null-type object. **TODO** Dict = Object:streamGetDict() Object:initArray(XRef) Initialize an Array-type object. **TODO** Object:initDict(XRef) Initialize a Dict-type object. - Page methods: Object:initStream(Stream) Initialize a Stream-type object. boolean = Page:isOK() Check if Page object is ok. Object:initRef(integer, integer) Initialize a Ref-type object by object integer = Page:getNum() TODO number and generation. PDFRectangle = Page:getMediaBox() **TODO Object:initCmd**(string) Initialize a Cmd-type object. PDFRectangle = Page:getCropBox() TODO **Object:initError**() Initialize an Error-type object. boolean = Page:isCropped() TODO Initialize an EOF-type object. number = Page:getMediaWidth() Object:initEOF() TODO number = Page:getMediaHeight() Object = **Object:fetch**(XRef) If object is of type Ref, fetch and return TODO the referenced object. Otherwise, return a copy of the object. number = Page:getCropWidth() TODO number = Page:getCropHeight() integer = **Object:getType**() Get object type as a number (enum Obj-TODO PDFRectangle = Page:getBleedBox() TODO Type). PDFRectangle = Page:getTrimBox() string = Object:getTypeName() Get object type name. TODO boolean = Object:isBool() PDFRectangle = Page:getArtBox()

TODO

TODO

number = Page:getRotate()

Check if object is of type Bool.

Check if object is of type Int.

boolean = **Object:isInt**()

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string = Page:getLastModified() TODO Object = XRef:getDocInfo() TODO Dict = Page:getBoxColorInfo() TODO Object = XRef:getDocInfoNF() TODO Dict = Page:getGroup() TODO integer = XRef:getNumObjects() **TODO** Stream = Page:getMetadata() **TODO** integer = XRef:getRootNum() **TODO** Dict = Page:getPieceInfo() **TODO** integer = XRef:getRootGen() **TODO** Dict = Page:getSeparationInfo() integer = XRef:getSize() **TODO** TODO Dict = Page:getResourceDict() **TODO** Object = XRef:getTrailerDict() **TODO** Object = Page:getAnnots() **TODO** Links = Page:getLinks(Catalog) **TODO** Font table Object = Page:getContents() metrics = **font.read_tfm**(string, number) Parse a font metrics file, at — PDFDoc methods: the size indicated by the number. boolean = PDFDoc:isOK() Check if PDFDoc object is ok. metrics = font.read_vf(string, number) integer = PDFDoc:getErrorCode() **TODO** Parse a virtual font metrics file, at the size indicated by the number. string = PDFDoc:getErrorCodeName() **TODO** metrics = **font.getfont**(number) Fetch an internal font id as a lua table. string = **PDFDoc:getFileName**() **TODO** font.setfont(number, metrics) Set an internal font id from a lua table. XRef = **PDFDoc:getXRef**() **TODO** boolean = **font.frozen**(number) True if the font is frozen and can no Catalog = PDFDoc:getCatalog() longer be altered. number = PDFDoc:getPageMediaWidth() **TODO** number = **font.define**(metrics) Process a font metrics table and stores number = PDFDoc:getPageMediaHeight() **TODO** it in the internal font table, returning its internal id. number = PDFDoc:getPageCropWidth() **TODO** number = **font.nextid**() Return the next free font id number. number = PDFDoc:getPageCropHeight() **TODO** number = **font.id**(string) Return the font id of the font accessed by the integer = PDFDoc:getNumPages() **TODO** csname given. string = PDFDoc:readMetadata() [number] = **font.current**([number]) Get or set the currently active font Object = PDFDoc:getStructTreeRoot() **TODO** number = **font.max**() Return the highest used font id at this moment. integer = **PDFDoc:findPage**(integer, integer) Get a Page number by number, metrics = **font.each**() Iterate over all the defined fonts. object number and generation. Links = **PDFDoc:getLinks**(integer) TODO Font loader table LinkDest = PDFDoc:findDest(string) TODO table = fontloader.info(string) Get various information fields from an boolean = PDFDoc:isEncrypted() **TODO** font file. boolean = PDFDoc:okToPrint() TODO fontloader.info returned information: boolean = PDFDoc:okToChange() TODO kev type explanation boolean = **PDFDoc:okToCopy**() TODO fontname strina the POSTSCRIPT name of the font boolean = PDFDoc:okToAddNotes() TODO fullname strina the formal name of the font boolean = PDFDoc:isLinearized() TODO string familyname the family name this font belongs to Object = **PDFDoc:getDocInfo**() TODO string weiaht a string indicating the color value of the font Object = PDFDoc:getDocInfoNF() TODO string version the internal font version integer = PDFDoc:getPDFMajorVersion() **TODO** italicangle float the slant angle integer = PDFDoc:getPDFMinorVersion() **TODO** — PDFRectangle methods: luafont, table = **fontloader.open**(string, [string]) Parse a font file and boolean = PDFRectangle:isValid() **TODO** return a table representing its contents. The optional argument is the — Stream methods: name of the desired font in case of font collection files. The optional integer = Stream:getKind() return value contains any parser error strings. string = Stream:getKindName() TODO Listing all of the substructure returned from fontloader.open would take Stream:reset() **TODO** too much room, see the big reference manual. Stream:close() **TODO** fontloader.apply_featurefile(luafont, string) Apply a feature file to a integer = Stream:getChar() **TODO** fontloader table. integer = Stream:lookChar() fontloader.apply_afmfile(luafont, string) integer = Stream:getRawChar() Apply an AFM file to a fontloader table. integer = Stream:getUnfilteredChar() TODO Stream:unfilteredReset() Image table integer = Stream:getPos() Full list of <image> object fields: boolean = Stream:isBinary() TODO field name type Stream = Stream:getUndecodedStream() **TODO** depth number the image depth for LUATEX (in scaled points) Dict = Stream:getDict() TODO the image height for LUATEX (in scaled points) height number - XRef methods: the image width for LUATEX (in scaled points) width number boolean = XRef:isOK() Check if XRef object is ok. transform number the image transform, integer number 0..7 integer = XRef:getErrorCode() **TODO** attr string the image attributes for LUATEX boolean = XRef:isEncrypted() TODO filename string the image file name boolean = XRef:okToPrint() TODO stream string the raw stream data for an /Xobject /Form object boolean = XRef:okToPrintHighRes() TODO the identifier for the requested image page (type is page boolean = XRef:okToChange() TODO number or string, default is the number 1) boolean = XRef:okToCopy() TODO the requested bounding box, one of none, media, pagebox string boolean = XRef:okToAddNotes() TODO crop, bleed, trim, art boolean = XRef:okToFillForm() TODO table table with 4 boundingbox dimensions llx, lly, urx, bbox boolean = XRef:okToAccessibility() TODO and ury overruling the pagebox entry boolean = XRef:okToAssemble() TODO the full (expanded) file name of the image filepath string Object = XRef:getCatalog() TODO colordepth the number of bits used by the color space number

Object = **XRef:fetch**(integer, integer)

TODO

colorspace	number	the color space object number
imagetype	string	one of pdf, png, jpg, jbig2, or nil
objnum	number	the PDF image object number
index	number	the PDF image name suffix
pages	number	the total number of available pages
xsize	number	the natural image width
ysize	number	the natural image height
xres	number	the horizontal natural image resolution (in DPI)
yres	number	the vertical natural image resolution (in DPI)

image = img.new([table]) This function creates an 'image' object.
Allowed fields in the table: "filename" (required), "width", "depth",
 "height", "attr", "page", "pagebox", "colorspace").

table = **img.keys**() Returns a table with possible image table keys, including retrieved information.

image = img.scan(image) Processes an image file and stores the retrieved information in the image object.

image = **img.copy**(image) Copy an image.

image = img.write(image) Write the image to the PDF file.

image = **img.immediatewrite**(image) Write the image to the PDF file immediately.

node = img.node(image) Returns the node associated with an image.

table = img.types() Returns a list of supported image types.

table = **img.boxes**() Returns a list of supported image bounding box names.

Kpathsea table

kpse.set_program_name(string, [string])

Initialize the kpathsea library by setting the program name. The optional string allows explicit progname setting.

kpathsea = **kpse.new**(string, [string]) Create a new kpathsea library instance. The optional string allows explicit progname setting.

string = **kpse.find_file**(string, [string], [boolean], [number])

Find a file. The optional string is the file type as supported by the standalone kpsewhich program (default is "tex", no autodiscovery takes place). The optional boolean indicates wether the file must exist. The optional number is the dpi value for PK files.

string = kpse.lookup(string, table) Find a file (extended interface). The kpse.lookup options match commandline arguments from kpsewhich:

key	type	description
debug	number	set debugging flags for this lookup
format	string	use specific file type (see list above)
dpi	number	use this resolution for this lookup; default
		600
path	string	search in the given path
all	boolean	output all matches, not just the first
must-exist	boolean	search the disk as well as ls-R if necessary
mktexpk	boolean	disable/enable mktexpk generation for this
		lookup
mktextex	boolean	disable/enable mktextex generation for this
		lookup
mktexmf	boolean	disable/enable mktexmf generation for this
		lookup
mktextfm	boolean	disable/enable mktextfm generation for this
		lookup
subdir	string or table	only output matches whose directory part
		ends with the given string(s)

kpse.init_prog(string, number, string, [string])

Initialize a PK generation program. The optional string is the metafont mode fallback name

string = kpse.readable_file(string) Returns true if a file exists and is readable.

string = **kpse.expand_path**(string) Expand a path.

string = kpse.expand_var(string) Expand a variable.

string = kpse.expand_braces(string) Expand the braces in a variable.

string = **kpse.show_path**(string) List the search path for a specific file

type.

string = **kpse.var_value**(string) Return the value of a variable.

string = **kpse.version**() Return the kpathsea version.

Language table

language = lang.new([number]) Create a new language object, with an optional fixed id number.

number = lang.id(language) Returns the current internal \language id number.

[string] = **lang.hyphenation**(language, [string]) Get or set hyphenation exceptions.

lang.clear_hyphenation(language)

Clear the set of hyphenation exceptions.

string = **lang.clean**(string) Creates a hyphenation key from the supplied hyphenation exception.

[string] = lang.patterns(language, [string])

Get or set hyphenation patterns.

lang.clear_patterns(language) Clear the set of hyphenation patterns.

[number] = lang.prehyphenchar(language, [number])

Set the pre-hyphenchar for implicit hyphenation.

[number] = lang.posthyphenchar(language, [number])

Set the post-hyphenchar for implicit hyphenation.

[number] = lang.preexhyphenchar(language, [number])

Set the pre-hyphenchar for explicit hyphenation.

[number] = lang.postexhyphenchar(language, [number])

Set the post-hyphenchar for explicit hyphenation.

boolean = lang.hyphenate(node, [node]) Hyphenate a node list.

Lua table

There are 65536 bytecode registers, that are saved in the format file. Assignments are always global.

function = **lua.getbytecode**(number)

Return a previously stored function from a bytecode register.

lua.setbytecode(number, function)

Save a function in a bytecode register.

They also be accessed via the virtual array lua.bytecode[].

The virtual array lua.name[] can be used to give names to lua chunks.

To use lua.name[1], set lua.name[1] = 'testname' and $\directlua1{rubbish}$.

Metapost table

string = **mplib.version**() Returns the mplib version.

mpinstance = **mplib.new**(table) Create a new metapost instance.

mpdata = **mp:execute**(string) Execute metapost code in the instance.

mpdata = **mp:finish**() Finish a metapost instance.

The return value of mp:execute and mp:finish is a table with a few possible keys (only status is always guaranteed to be present).

log string output to the 'log' stream
term string output to the 'term' stream
error string output to the 'error' stream (only used for 'out of mem-

ory') status number the return value: 0=good, 1=warning, 2=errors, 3=fatal

arror

fig table an array of generated figures (if any)

Handling of fig objects would take too much room here, please see the big reference manual.

table = **mp:statistics**() Returns some statistics for this metapost instance.

number = **mp:char_width**(string, number) Report a character's width. number = **mp:char_height**(string, number)

Report a character's height.

number = **mp:char_depth**(string, number) Report a character's depth.

Node table

table = **node.types**() Return the list of node types.

table = **node.whatsits**() Return the list of whatsit types.

boolean = **node.is_node**(any) Return true if the object is a <node>.

number = **node.subtype**(string) Convert a whatsit type string into a node subtype number.

string = **node.type**(number) convert a node id number into a node type string.

table = **node.fields**(number, [number]) Report the fields a node type understands. The optional argument is needed for whatsits.

boolean = node.has_field(node, string)

Return true if the node understands the named field.

node = **node.new**(number, [number]) Create a new node with id and (optional) subtype.

node.free(node) Release a node.

node.flush list(node) Release a list of nodes.

node = **node.copy**(node) Copy a node.

node = **node.copy_list**(node, [node]) Copy a node list.

node, number = node.hpack(node, [number], [string], [string]) Pack a node list into a horizontal list. The number is the desired size, the first string is either "exact" or "additional" (modifies the first string), the second string is the desired direction

node, number = **node.vpack**(node, [number], [string], [string])

Pack a node list into a vertical list. Arguments as for node.hpack number, number, number = **node.dimensions**([number], [number], [number], node, [node])

Return the natural dimensions of a (horizontal) node list. The 3 optional numbers represent glue_set, glue_sign, and glue_order. The calculation stops just before the optional node (default end of list)

node = node.mlist_to_hlist(node, string, boolean) Recursively convert a math list into a horizontal list. The string differentiates display and inline, the boolean whether penalties are inserted

node = **node.slide**(node) Move to the last node of a list while fixing next and prev pointers.

node = node.tail(node) Return the last node in a list.

number = **node.length**(node, [node]) Return the length of a node list. Processing stops just before the optional node.

number = node.count(number, node, [node])

Return the count of nodes with a specific id in a node list. Processing stops just before the optional node.

node = **node.traverse**(node) Iterate over a node list.

node = **node.traverse_id**(number, node) Iterate over nodes with id matching the number in a node list.

node, node = **node.remove**(node, node) Extract and remove a second node from the list that starts in the first node.

Insert the third node just after the second node in the list that starts at the first node.

node = **node.first_glyph**(node, [node]) Return the first character node in a list. Processing stops just before the optional node.

 $node, \, node, \, boolean = {\color{red} node.ligaturing} (node, \, [node])$

Apply the internal ligaturing routine to a node list. Processing stops just before the optional node.

node, node, boolean = node.kerning(node, [node])

Apply the internal kerning routine to a node list. Processing stops just before the optional node.

node.unprotect_glyphs(node) Mark all characters in a node list as being processed glyphs.

node = node.last_node() Pops and returns the last node on the current output list.

node.write(node) Appends a node to the current output list.

boolean = **node.protrusion_skippable**(node) Return true if the node could be skipped for protrusion purposes.

node = **node.next**(node) Returns the next node.

node = node.prev(node) Returns the previous node.

number = node.has_attribute(node, number, [number]) Return an

attribute value for a node, if it has one. The optional number tests for a specific value

number = node.unset_attribute(node, number, [number])

Unset an attribute value for a node. The optional number tests for a specific value

Pdf table

number = pdf.immediateobj([number], [string], string, [string])

Write an object to the PDF file immediately. The optional number is an object id, the first optional string is "file", "stream", or "filestream". the second optional string contains stream attributes for the latter two cases.

pdf.mapfile(string)pdf.mapline(string)Register a font map line.

number = **pdf.obj**([number], [string], string, [string]) Write an object to the PDF file. See "pdf.immediateobj" for arguments.

pdf.refobj(number) Reference an object, so that it will be written out. number = pdf.pageref(number) Return the pageref object number. pdf.print([string], string)

Write directly to the PDF file (use in $\adjustred latelua$). The optional string is one of "direct" or "page"

number = pdf.reserveobi()

Reserve an object number in the PDF backend.

pdf.registerannot(number) Register an annotation in the PDF backend

Status table

table = status.list() Returns a table with various status items.

The current list is:

key explanation pdf_gone written PDF bytes pdf_ptr not yet written PDF bytes dvi_gone written DVI bytes not yet written DVI bytes dvi ptr total_pages number of written pages name of the PDF or DVI file output_file_name name of the log file log_name terminal display banner banner

var_used variable (one|-|word) memory in use dyn_used token (multi|-|word) memory in use

str_ptr number of strings
init_str_ptr number of INIT_EX strings
max_strings maximum allowed strings
pool_ptr string pool index
init_pool_ptr INIT_EX string pool index

pool_size current size allocated for string characters node_mem_usage a string giving insight into currently used nodes

var_mem_max number of allocated words for nodes number of allocated words for tokens fix_mem_end maximum number of used tokens number of control sequences

hash_size size of hash hash_extra extra allowed hash font_ptr number of active fonts max_in_stack max used input stack entries max_nest_stack max used nesting stack entries max_param_stack max used parameter stack entries max_buf_stack max used buffer position max_save_stack max used save stack entries

stack_size input stack size
nest_size nesting stack size
param_size parameter stack size

buf_size current allocated size of the line buffer

save_sizesave stack sizeobj_ptrmax PDF object pointerobj_tab_sizePDF object table size

tex.delcode[].

pdf_os_cntr max PDF object stream pointer pdf_os_objidx PDF object stream index pdf_dest_names_ptr max PDF destination pointer dest_names_size PDF destination table size pdf_mem_ptr max PDF memory used pdf_mem_size PDF memory size largest_used_mark max referenced marks class filename name of the current input file inputid numeric id of the current input linenumber location in the current input file

lasterrorstring last error string

luabytecodes number of active LUA bytecode registers luabytecode_bytes number of bytes in LUA bytecode registers luastate_bytes number of bytes in use by LUA interpreters output_active true if the \output routine is active total number of executed callbacks so far

other callbacks (e.g. file readers)

luatex_svn the luatex repository id (added in 0.51) luatex_version the luatex version number (added in 0.38) luatex_revision the luatex revision string (added in 0.38) ini_version true if this is an INITEX run (added in 0.38)

Typesetting table

tex.set([string], string, value) Set a named internal register. Also accepts a predefined csname string.

value = **tex.get**(string) Get a named internal register. Also accepts a predefined csname string.

Many of LUAT_EX's internal parameters can be queried and set this way, but not nearly all. The big reference manual has an extensive list.

tex.setattribute([string], number, number)

Set an attribute register. Also accepts a predefined csname string. number = **tex.getattribute**(number) Get an attribute register. Also accepts a predefined csname string.

tex.setbox([string], number, node) Set a box register. Also accepts a predefined csname string.

node = **tex.getbox**(number) Get a box register. Also accepts a predefined csname string.

tex.setcount([string], number, number)

Set a count register. Also accepts a predefined csname string.

number = **tex.getcount**(number) Get a count register. Also accepts a predefined csname string.

tex.setdimen([string], number, number) Set a dimen register. Also accepts a predefined csname string.

number = **tex.getdimen**(number) Get a dimen register. Also accepts a predefined csname string.

tex.setskip([string], number, node) Set a skip register. Also accepts a predefined csname string.

node = tex.getskip(number)

Get a skip register. Also accepts a predefined csname string.

tex.settoks([string], number, string) Set a toks register. Also accepts a predefined csname string.

string = tex.gettoks(number)

Get a toks register. Also accepts a predefined csname string.

tex.setcatcode([string], [number], number, number)

Set a category code.

number = **tex.getcatcode**([number], number) Get a category code. **tex.setlccode**([string], number, number, [number])

Set a lowercase code.

number = **tex.getlccode**(number) Get a lowercase code.

 $\textbf{tex.setsfcode}([string], number, number) \hspace{0.5cm} Set \ a \ space \ factor.$

number = **tex.getsfcode**(number) Get a space factor.

tex.setuccode([string], number, number, [number]) Set an uppercase code.

number = **tex.getuccode**(number) Get an uppercase code. **tex.setmathcode**([string], number, table) Set a math code. table = **tex.getmathcode**(number) Get a math code.

tex.catcode[], tex.lccode[], tex.sfcode[], tex.uccode[], tex.mathcode[],

tex.setmath([string], string, string, number)

Set an internal math parameter. The first string is like the csname but without the Umath prefix, the second string is a style name minus the style suffix.

number = **tex.getmath**(string, string) Get an internal math parameter. The first string is like the csname but without the Umath prefix, the second string is a style name minus the style suffix.

tex.print([number], string, [string]) Print a sequence of strings (not just two) as lines. The optional argument is a catcode table id.

tex.tprint(table, [table]) Combine any number of tex.sprint's into a single function call.

tex.write(string) Print a sequence of strings (not just two) as detokenized data.

number = **tex.round**(number) Round a number.

number = **tex.scale**(number, number) Multiplies the first number (or all fields in a table) with the second argument (if the first argument is a table, so is the return value).

Define a font csname. The optional boolean indicates for global definition, the string is the csname, the number is a font id.

tex.error(string, [table]) Create an error that is presented to the user. The optional table is an array of help message strings.

tex.enableprimitives(string, table)

Enable the all primitives in the array using the string as prefix. table = tex.extraprimitives(string, [string]) Return all primitives in

a (set of) extension identifiers. Valid identifiers are: "tex", "core", "etex", "pdftex", "omega", "aleph", and "luatex".

table = **tex.primitives**() Returns a table of all currently active primitives, with their meaning.

The tex.linebreak parameters

The tex.linebreak parameters:			
name	type	description	
pardir	string		
pretolerance	number		
tracingparagraphs	number		
tolerance	number		
looseness	number		
hyphenpenalty	number		
exhyphenpenalty	number		
pdfadjustspacing	number		
adjdemerits	number		
pdfprotrudechars	number		
linepenalty	number		
lastlinefit	number		
doublehyphendemerits	number		
finalhyphendemerits	number		
hangafter	number		
interlinepenalty	number or table	if a table, then it is an array	
		like \interlinepenalties	
clubpenalty	number or table	if a table, then it is an array	
		like \clubpenalties	
widowpenalty	number or table	if a table, then it is an array	
		like \widowpenalties	
brokenpenalty	number		
emergencystretch	number	in scaled points	

hangindent hsize leftskip rightskip	number number glue_spec node glue_spec node	in scaled points in scaled points
pdfeachlineheight pdfeachlinedepth pdffirstlineheight pdflastlinedepth	number number number number	in scaled points in scaled points in scaled points in scaled points
pdfignoreddimen parshape	number table	in scaled points

The tex.linebreak returned table data:

prevdepth depth of the last line in the broken paragraph prevgraf number of lines in the broken paragraph

looseness the actual looseness value in the broken paragraph

demerits the total demerits of the chosen solution

tex.shipout(number) Ships the box to the output file and clears the box.

The virtual table tex.lists contains the set of internal registers that keep track of building page lists.

field	description	
page_ins_head	circular list of pending insertions	
contrib_head	the recent contributions	
page_head	the page-so-far	
hold_head	used for held-over items for next page	
adjust_head	head of the current \adjust list	
pre_adjust_head	head of the current \adjust pre list	

The virtual table tex.nest contains the currently active semantic nesting state. It has two main parts: an zero-based array of userdata for the semantic nest itself, and the numerical value tex.nest.ptr. Known fields:

mantic lest fiself, and the numerical value textilest.ptr. Known fields.				
key	type	modes	explanation	
mode	number	all	The current mode. $0 = \text{no mode}, 1 =$	
			vertical, 127 = horizontal, 253 = dis-	
			play math. -1 = internal vertical, -127	
			= restricted horizontal, -253 = inline	
			math.	
modeline	number	all	source input line where this mode was	
			entered in, negative inside the output	
			routine.	
head	node	all	the head of the current list	
tail	node	all	the tail of the current list	
prevgraf	number	vmode	number of lines in the previous para-	
			graph	
prevdepth	number	vmode	depth of the previous paragraph	
spacefactor	number	hmode	the current space factor	
dirs	node	hmode	internal use only	
noad	node	mmode	internal use only	
delimptr	node	mmode	internal use only	
mathdir	boolean	mmode	true when during math processing the	
			\mathdir is not the same as the sur-	
			rounding \textdir	
mathstyle	number	mmode	the current \mathstyle	

Texconfig table

This is a table that is created empty. A startup LUA script could fill this table with a number of settings that are read out by the executable after loading and executing the startup file.

type	default	explanation
boolean	true	false totally disables KPATH-
		SEA initialisation
string		cf. web2c docs
	boolean	boolean true

shell_escape_commands	string		cf. web2c docs
string_vacancies	number	75000	cf. web2c docs
pool_free	number	5000	cf. web2c docs
max_strings	number	15000	cf. web2c docs
strings_free	number	100	cf. web2c docs
nest_size	number	50	cf. web2c docs
max_in_open	number	15	cf. web2c docs
param_size	number	60	cf. web2c docs
save_size	number	4000	cf. web2c docs
stack_size	number	300	cf. web2c docs
dvi_buf_size	number	16384	cf. web2c docs
error_line	number	79	cf. web2c docs
half_error_line	number	50	cf. web2c docs
max_print_line	number	79	cf. web2c docs
hash_extra	number	0	cf. web2c docs
pk_dpi	number	72	cf. web2c docs
trace_file_names	boolean	true	false disables TEX's nor-
			mal file feedback
file_line_error	boolean	false	file:line style error mes- sages
halt_on_error	boolean	false	abort run on the first en-
			countered error
formatname	string		if no format name was
			given on the command-
			line, this will be used
jobname	string		as formatname.

IO table

texio.write([string], string) Write a string to the log and/or terminal. The optional argument is "term", "term and log", or "log".

texio.write_nl([string], string) Write a string to the log and/or terminal, starting on a new line. The optional argument is "term", "term and log", or "log".

Token table

A token is represented in LUA as a small table. For the moment, this table consists of three numeric entries:

index	meaning	description
1	command code	this is a value between 0 and 130
2	command modifier	this is a value between 0 and 2^{21}
3	control sequence id	for commands that are not the result of con-
		trol sequences, like letters and characters, it
		is zero, otherwise, it is a number pointing
		into the 'equivalence table'

token = **token.get_next()** Fetch the next token from the input stream. boolean = **token.is_expandable**(token)

True if the token is expandable.

token.expand()

Expand a token the tokenb waiting in the input stream.

boolean = token.is_activechar(token)

True if the token represents and active character.

token = token.create(number, [number]) Create a token from scratch, the optional argument is a category code. Also accepts strings, in which case a token matching that csname is created.

string = token.command_name(token)

Return the internal string representing a command code.

number = token.command_id(string)

Return the internal number representing a command code.

string = token.csname_name(token) Return the csname associated with a token.

number = token.csname_id(string)
Returns the value for a csname string.