



Department of Inter Disciplinary Studies,
Faculty of Engineering,
University of Jaffna, Sri Lanka
MC 1020: Mathematics

Assignment Test - 02

Duration: 90 Minutes

Each questions are multiple choice questions with answer choices. Read each question and answer choice carefully and choose the ONE best answer.

1. Function $f(x) = \log(x^3 + \sqrt{1+x^6})$ is
 - (a) even function
 - (b) odd function
 - (c) algebraic function
 - (d) discontinuous function
2. If $f(x) = \frac{x-3}{x+1}$, then $f[f\{f(x)\}]$ is equal to,
 - (a) x
 - (b) $-x$
 - (c) $\frac{x}{2}$
 - (d) $-\frac{1}{x}$
3. If the domain of function $f(x) = x^2 - 8x + 11$ is $(-\infty, +\infty)$ then the range of function is
 - (a) $[-5, 5]$
 - (b) $[-5, \infty)$
 - (c) $(-\infty, -5]$
 - (d) $(-\infty, +\infty)$
4. The domain of the function $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 - 3x + 2}}$ is
 - (a) $(-\infty, 1)$
 - (b) $(-\infty, 1) \cap (2, \infty)$
 - (c) $(-\infty, 1) \cup (2, \infty)$
 - (d) $(2, \infty)$
5. Graph of $y = |x|$ is
 - (a) above x-axis
 - (b) below x-axis
 - (c) right side of y-axis
 - (d) left side of y-axis
6. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{5^x - 3^x}{\sqrt[3]{1+x} - 1}$ is equal to
 - (a) $3 \log \frac{5}{3}$
 - (b) $3 \log \frac{3}{5}$
 - (c) $\log \frac{3}{5}$
 - (d) 1

7. If the function $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2} & \text{for } x \neq 0 \\ k & \text{for } x = 0 \end{cases}$ is continuous at $x = 0$, then value of k is
- (a) 1 (c) $\frac{1}{2}$
 (b) 0 (d) -1
8. The function $f(x) = |x| + \frac{|x|}{x}$ is
- (a) Continuous at the origin
 (b) Discontinuous at the origin because $|x|$ is discontinuous there
 (c) Discontinuous at the origin because $\frac{|x|}{x}$ is discontinuous there
 (d) Discontinuous at the origin because both $|x|$ and $\frac{|x|}{x}$ are discontinuous there
9. If $f(x) = x(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{x+1})$, then
- (a) $f(x)$ is continuous but not differentiable at $x = 0$
 (b) $f(x)$ is differentiable at $x = 0$
 (c) $f(x)$ is not differentiable at $x = 0$
 (d) None of these
10. Area of the greatest rectangle that can be inscribed in the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ is:
- (a) \sqrt{ab} (c) $2ab$
 (b) $\frac{a}{b}$ (d) ab
11. If $u = f\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)$ then
- (a) $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 0$ (c) $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = u$
 (b) $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 0$ (d) $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 1$

12. Use the total differential to estimate the change of the function

$$z = \sqrt{20 - 7x^2 - y^2}$$

when (x, y) changes from $(1, 2)$ to $(0.98, 2.03)$.
(Approximately in 4 decimal points)

- (a) 0.0124 (c) 0.0026
(b) 0.0041 (d) 0.0365

13. Find du if $u = x + \sin \frac{y}{2} + e^{yz}$,

- (a) $1 + \left(\frac{1}{2} \cos \frac{y}{2} + e^{yz}\right) dy + ye^{yz}$
(b) $dx + \left(\frac{1}{2} \cos \frac{y}{2} + ze^{yz}\right) dy + ye^{yz} dz$
(c) $dx + \left(\cos \frac{y}{2}\right) dy + ye^{yz} dz$
(d) $1 + \frac{1}{2} \cos \frac{y}{2} + ze^{yz} + ye^{yz}$

14. Calculate f_{xyz} when $f(x, y, z) = \sin(3x + 2yz)$

- (a) $-36 \cos(3x + 2yz) + 36yz \sin(3x + 2yz)$
(b) $-18 \cos(3x + 2yz) + 36yz \sin(3x + 2yz)$
(c) $-18 \cos(3x + 2yz) + 18yz \sin(3x + 2yz)$
(d) $-36 \cos(3x + 2yz) + 18yz \sin(3x + 2yz)$

15. Suppose $z = f(x, y) = x^2 - y^2$, $x = \sin t$, $y = \cos t$. Find $\frac{dz}{dt}$ using the chain rule.

- (a) $2 \sin 2t$ (c) $\cos 2t$
(b) $2 \cos 2t$ (d) $\sin 2t$

16. Using the chain rule as an aid, find the partial derivatives of the function $z = e^x \sin y$, with respect to s where $x = st$ and $y = s + t$.

- (a) $e^{st} (t \sin(s + t) + \cos(s + t))$
(b) $e^{st} (\sin(s + t) + t \cos(s + t))$
(c) $e^{st} (s \sin(s + t) + \cos(s + t))$
(d) $e^{st} (\sin(s + t) + s \cos(s + t))$

17. Find the directional derivative of $z = xe^{2y}$ at $P(1, 0)$ in the direction from P to the point $Q(2, -1)$.

- (a) $\sqrt{2}$ (c) $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$
(b) $-\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}$ (d) 2

18. A rectangular container without a lid is to be made from $18m^2$ woodboard. Find the maximum volume of such a container.

- (a) $3\sqrt{6}$ (c) $\frac{\sqrt{6}}{3}$
(b) $\frac{3}{\sqrt{6}}$ (d) $\sqrt{6}$

19. Find the local minimum values and saddle points of $f(x, y) = x^4 + y^4 - 4xy + 1$.

- (a) $(0, 0), (-1, -1), (1, -1)$
(b) $(-1, 1), (-1, -1), (0, 0)$
(c) $(1, 1), (-1, -1), (0, 0)$
(d) $(1, 1), (0, 0), (-1, -1)$

20. Find the linear approximation of a function $f(x, y, z) = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$ at the indicated point $P(3, 2, 6)$.

- (a) $\frac{3}{7}(x - 3) + \frac{2}{7}(y - 2) + \frac{6}{7}(z - 6)$
(b) $\frac{2}{7} + \frac{3}{7}(x - 3) + \frac{2}{7}(y - 2) + \frac{6}{7}(z - 6)$
(c) $7 + \frac{2}{7}(x - 3) + \frac{6}{7}(y - 2) + \frac{3}{7}(z - 6)$
(d) $7 + \frac{3}{7}(x - 3) + \frac{2}{7}(y - 2) + \frac{6}{7}(z - 6)$