Real-World Simulation: Subscription-Based SaaS Platform

Dataset 1 - subscriptions.csv

SubscriptionID, UserID, PlanType, StartDate, EndDate, PriceUSD, IsActive, AutoRenew SUB001, U001, Basic, 2024-01-01, 2024-04-01, 30.0, true, true SUB002, U002, Pro, 2024-02-15, 2024-05-15, 90.0, true, false SUB003, U003, Pro, 2024-03-10, 2024-06-10, 90.0, false, false SUB004, U001, Premium, 2024-04-05, 2024-07-05, 120.0, true, true SUB005, U004, Basic, 2024-01-20, 2024-04-20, 30.0, false, false

Dataset 2 - user_activity.csv

UserID, EventTime, EventType, FeatureUsed
U001,2024-04-07 10:22:00,login, Dashboard
U002,2024-04-08 11:10:00,upload, Reports
U003,2024-04-09 09:45:00,download,Analytics
U001,2024-04-10 16:00:00,logout,Dashboard
U004,2024-04-11 12:00:00,login,Dashboard

Creative Exercises

A. Subscription Engagement Score (Real Metric Modeling)

- Combine both datasets.
- Calculate:
 - active_days = EndDate StartDate
 - events_per_user = count(EventType) grouped by UserID
- Create a score: engagement_score = (events_per_user / active_days) * PriceUSD

B. Anomaly Detection via SQL

- Identify users with:
 - Subscription inactive but recent activity
 - AutoRenew is true but no events in 30 days

Use SQL views to expose this logic.

C. Delta Lake + Merge Simulation

- Imagine a billing fix needs to be applied:
 - For all Pro plans in March, increase price by \$5 retroactively.
- Use MERGE INTO on Delta table to apply the change.

D. Time Travel Debugging

- Show describe history of the table before and after the billing fix.
- ullet Query using VERSION AS OF to prove the issue existed.

E. Build Tier Migration Table

- Identify users who upgraded:
 - \circ From Basic \rightarrow Pro \rightarrow Premium
- Use PySpark with lag() function to model this.

F. Power Users Detection

- Define a power user as:
 - Used ≥ 2 features
 - \circ Logged in \ge 3 times
- Create a separate Delta table power_users

G. Session Replay View

• Build a user session trace table using:

Window.partitionBy("UserID").orderBy("EventTime")

• Show how long each user spent between login and logout events.