

EMBEDDED SYSTEM DESIGN (E3-257)

LAB ASSIGNMENT – 6 and 7

→ **Lab 6:** *Implementing Stop watch Timer*

1. Setting up the SSD for Stop-Watch.

We use the NVIC SysTick Handler to manage the timer setting in the Seven segment display

```
128  NVIC_ST_RELOAD_R = 1000000-1; |
129  NVIC_ST_CTRL_R |= 7 ; // enable counter, interrupt and select system bus clock
130  NVIC_ST_CURRENT_R = 0;
131

746 void SysTick_Handler(void)
747 {
748
749     if((pause_stat == 1))
750     {
751
752         GPIO_PORTF_DATA_R ^= 0x04;
753     }
754
755     else
756     {
757         count = count+1;
758
759         GPIO_PORTF_DATA_R ^= 0x08; //toggle PF3 pin
760     }
761 |
762 }
763
```

Here the Handler toggles in default and the pause state conditions are checked for when the flag is raised.

Since the 0 pattern in the 4th SSD is interfering with the LCD cmd mode operation its not printing for seconds with 3rd digit in 0 value and it starts showing when count becomes 100 ms onwards

```
158     if(count4 == 0)
159
160     { for(int i =0;i<60;i++){
161
162         GPIO_PORTA_DATA_R &= ~(0xF0);
163         GPIO_PORTA_DATA_R |= 0x10;
164         GPIO_PORTB_DATA_R = 0;
165         GPIO_PORTB_DATA_R = digitPattern[count];
166
167         for(int i =0;i<60;i++){
168             GPIO_PORTA_DATA_R &= ~(0xF0);
169             GPIO_PORTA_DATA_R |= 0x20;
170             GPIO_PORTB_DATA_R = 0;
171             GPIO_PORTB_DATA_R = digitPattern[count2];
172
173             for(int i =0;i<60;i++){
174                 GPIO_PORTA_DATA_R &= ~(0xF0);
175                 GPIO_PORTA_DATA_R |= 0x40;
176                 GPIO_PORTB_DATA_R = 0;
177                 GPIO_PORTB_DATA_R = digitPattern[count3];
178             }
179
180     else
181     {
182         for(int i =0;i<60;i++){
183
184             GPIO_PORTA_DATA_R &= ~(0xF0);
185             GPIO_PORTA_DATA_R |= 0x10;
186             GPIO_PORTB_DATA_R = 0;
187             GPIO_PORTB_DATA_R = digitPattern[count];
188
189             for(int i =0;i<60;i++){
190                 GPIO_PORTA_DATA_R &= ~(0xF0);
191                 GPIO_PORTA_DATA_R |= 0x20;
192                 GPIO_PORTB_DATA_R = 0;
193                 GPIO_PORTB_DATA_R = digitPattern[count2];
194
195                 for(int i =0;i<60;i++){
196                     GPIO_PORTA_DATA_R &= ~(0xF0);
197                     GPIO_PORTA_DATA_R |= 0x40;
198                     GPIO_PORTB_DATA_R = 0;
199                     GPIO_PORTB_DATA_R = digitPattern[count3];
200
201                     for(int i =0;i<60;i++){
202                         GPIO_PORTA_DATA_R &= ~(0xF0);
203                         GPIO_PORTA_DATA_R |= 0x80;
204                         GPIO_PORTB_DATA_R = 0;
205                         GPIO_PORTB_DATA_R = digitPattern[count4];
206
207
208
209                 }
210     }
```

2.Push Buttons are set as follows and works based on:

SW1: Will be used to start and stop.

SW2: Will be used to pause and resume.

```
762 if ((GPIO_PORTF_MIS_R & 0x10) == 0x10) /* check if interrupt causes by PF4/Sw1*/
763 {
764     GPIO_PORTF_ICR_R = 0x10; /* clear the interrupt flag */
765
766     if((strcmp(cmd.data, "stop")==0)|| (stat_key_1 == 1))
767     {
768
769         stat_key_1 = 0;
770
771         printstring("Stop\n\r");
772         GPIO_PORTF_DATA_R = 0x08;
773         count = 0;
774         count2 = 0;
775         count3 = 0;
776         count4 = 0;
777
778         NVIC_ST_CTRL_R = 0;
779         flag = 1;
780         stop_stat = 1;
781
782
783         lcd_cmd(0x01);
784         lcd_cmd(0x02);
785         lcd_cmd(0x80);
786         lcd_write("Timer  ");
787         lcd_cmd(0xC0);
788         lcd_write("Ready  ");
789
790         printstring("Valid Entry\n\r");
791         check= 1;
792
793     }
794 }
795 else if((strcmp(cmd.data, "start")==0)|| (stat_key_1 == 0))
796 {
```

```
821 if ((GPIO_PORTF_MIS_R & 0x01) == 0x01) /* check if interrupt causes by PF4/Sw2*/
822 {
823     GPIO_PORTF_ICR_R = 0x01; /* clear the interrupt flag */
824
825     if((strcmp(cmd.data, "pause")==0)|| (stat_key_2 == 0))
826     {
827
828         stat_key_2 = 1;
829
830         printstring("Pause \n\r");
831
832         GPIO_PORTF_DATA_R &= 0x00;
833         GPIO_PORTF_DATA_R |= 0x04;
834
835         NVIC_ST_CTRL_R |= 7;
836         flag = 1;
837         pause_stat = 1;
838
839
840         lcd_cmd(0x01);
841         lcd_cmd(0x02);
842         lcd_cmd(0x80);
843         lcd_write("Timer  ");
844         lcd_cmd(0xC0);
845         lcd_write("Paused ");
846
847         printstring("Valid Entry\n\r");
848         check= 1;
849
850     }
851 }
852 else if((strcmp(cmd.data, "resume")==0)|| (stat_key_2 == 1))
853 {
854     stat_key_2 = 0;
855     printstring("Resume\n\r");
856     GPIO_PORTF_DATA_R &= 0x00;
857     GPIO_PORTF_DATA_R |= 0x08;
858 }
```

Both SW1 and SW2 are configured to falling edge interrupts and the same is checked in the port F handler as above.

→Lab 7: Tic-Tac-Toe

1. Logic:

Detecting a Row Strike.

```

426         {
427             for (int r_val = 0; r_val < 3; r_val++) {
428                 if (arr[r_val][0] == arr[r_val][1]
429                     && arr[r_val][1] == arr[r_val][2]) {
430                     if (arr[r_val][0] == 'x')
431                         {printstring("User x Won\n\r");
432                          x_flag = 1;
433                         }
434                     else if (arr[r_val][0] == 'o')
435                         {printstring("User o Won\n\r");
436                          o_flag = 1;
437                         }
438                 }
439             }

```

Detecting a Column Strike.

```

440         for (int c_val = 0; c_val < 3; c_val++)
441         {
442             if ((arr[0][c_val] == arr[1][c_val]) && (arr[1][c_val] == arr[2][c_val]))
443             {
444                 if (arr[0][c_val] == 'x')
445                     {printstring("User x Won\n\r");
446                      x_flag = 1;
447                     }
448                 else if (arr[0][c_val] == 'o')
449                     {printstring("User o Won\n\r");}
450             }
451         }
452     }
453 }

```

Detecting Diagonal Strike.

```

465         if (arr[0][2] == arr[1][1] && arr[1][1] == arr[2][0]) {
466             if (arr[0][2] == 'x')
467                 {printstring("User x Won\n\r");
468                  x_flag = 1;
469                 }
470             else if (arr[0][2] == 'o')
471                 {printstring("User o Won\n\r");
472                  o_flag = 1;
473                 }
474         }
475     }

```

Detecting a Draw Game.

```

477         if((x_flag == 0)&&(o_flag == 0)&&(inp_count>9))
478         {
479             printstring("Game Draw!!\n\r");
480             x_flag = 1;
481             o_flag = 1;
482         }
483     }
484 }

```

Clearing a Game after result:

```
490         if((x_flag == 1)|| (o_flag == 1))
491         {
492             for(int i =0;i<3;i++)
493             {
494                 for(int j = 0;j <3;j++)
495                 {
496                     arr[i][j] = ' ';
497                 }
498             }
499             inp_count = 0;
500
501
502         }
503
504         x_flag = 0;
505         o_flag = 0;
506     }
507
508 }
509
510
```

2. Mapping and Recognizing Key Presses.

➔ Implementation of col recognition using interrupts:

```
887 void GPIOC_Handler(void)
888 {
889     if ((GPIO_PORTC_MIS_R & 0x10) == 0x10)
890     {
891         GPIO_PORTC_ICR_R = 0x10;
892         key_col = 1;
893     }
894     if ((GPIO_PORTC_MIS_R & 0x20) == 0x20)
895     {
896         GPIO_PORTC_ICR_R = 0x20;
897         key_col = 1;
898     }
899     if ((GPIO_PORTC_MIS_R & 0x40) == 0x40)
900     {
901         GPIO_PORTC_ICR_R = 0x40;
902         key_col = 1;
903     }
904     if ((GPIO_PORTC_MIS_R & 0x80) == 0x80)
905     {
906         GPIO_PORTC_ICR_R = 0x80;
907         key_col = 1;
908     }
909 }
910
911
```

➔ Recognition of the row pressed:

```
322     if(key_col)
323     {
324         int row = 0, col = 0, num = 0;
325         for(row = 0; row < 3; row++)
326         {
327
328             GPIO_PORTC_DATA_R = ( 0x0F & ~(1 << row) );
329
330             num = GPIO_PORTC_DATA_R & 0xF0 ;
331
332             if( num == 0xE0)
333             {
334                 col = 0;
335                 key_val = (row*3 + col);
336
337                 r = row;
338                 c = key_val%3;
339
340             }
341             else if( num == 0xD0)
342             {
343                 col = 1;
344                 key_val = (row*3 + col);
345
346                 r = row;
347                 c = key_val%3;
348
349             }
350             else if( num == 0xB0)
351             {
352                 col = 2;
353                 key_val = (row*3 + col);
354
355                 r = row;
356                 c = key_val%3;
357
358             }
359
360         }
361     }
362
363
```

Recognizing and storing the x or o intake to the particular position in arr[][] as mapped from the keypad button position(set based on the winner of previous game. On setup it is X)

```
373         if(isKeyPressed())
374         {
375
376
377
378             if((user == 0)&&(arr[r][c]!='o'))
379             {
380                 if(x_flag == 1)
381                 {
382                     arr[r][c] = 'o';
383                     user = 0;
384                 }
385
386                 else
387                 {
388                     arr[r][c] = 'x';
389                     user = 1;
390                 }
391
392
393
394
395             }
396
397             else if((user == 1)&&(arr[r][c]!='x'))
398             {
399                 if(o_flag == 1)
400                 {
401                     arr[r][c] = 'x';
402                     user = 1;
403                 }
404
405                 else
406                 {
407                     user = 0;
408                     arr[r][c] = 'o';
409                 }
410             }
411
412         }
413
414     else
```

Pressing of already pressed position in the 3x3 matrix is not allowed and is realised as “Invalid Move”

```
397         else if((user == 1)&&(arr[r][c]!='x'))
398         {
399             if(o_flag == 1)
400             {
401                 arr[r][c] = 'x';
402                 user = 1;
403             }
404
405             else
406             {
407                 user = 0;
408                 arr[r][c] = 'o';
409             }
410
411         }
412
413     else
414     {
415         printstring("Invalid Move!");
416     }
417
418
419     inp_count = inp_count + 1;
```

3. UART console commands are also accepted. The commands are parsed as below in the `separate_func()`

```
533 void separate_func(void)
534 {
535     int a = 0, b = 0;
536     for(int i = 0; i<6; i++)
537     {
538         cmd.data[i] = '\0';
539         cmd.type[i] = '\0';
540     }
541
542
543 while((cmd_val[a] != '\r'))
544 {
545     if(!(((cmd_val[a]>='A')&&(cmd_val[a]<='Z')) || ((cmd_val[a]>='a')&&(cmd_val[a]<='z')) || ((cmd_val[a]>='0')&&(cmd_val[a]<='9'))))
546     {
547         a++;
548         continue;
549     }
550     else
551     {
552         if((cmd_val[a]>='A') && (cmd_val[a]<='Z'))
553             cmd_val[a] = cmd_val[a] + 32;
554         full_cmd[b] = cmd_val[a];
555         a++;
556         b++;
557     }
558 }
559 printf("Request: ");
560 for(int i = 0; i<b; i++)
561     UART0_Transmitter(full_cmd[i]);
562
563 UART0_Transmitter('\n');
564 UART0_Transmitter('\r');
565 }
```

And different operation conditions are mapped to the received state as below:

```
615 if ((strcmp(cmd.data, "stop")==0))
616 { // GPIO_init();
617
618     LCD_init();
619     count = 0;
620     count2 = 0;
621     count3 = 0;
622     count4 = 0;
623
624
625
626
627     NVIC_ST_CTRL_R = 0;
628     flag = 1;
629     stop_stat = 1;
630     GPIO_PORTF_DATA_R = 0x08;
631
632     lcd_cmd(0x01);
633     lcd_cmd(0x02);
634     lcd_cmd(0x80);
635     lcd_write("Timer ");
636     lcd_cmd(0xC0);
637     lcd_write("Ready ");
638
639     printf("Stop");
640
641     printf("\n\n");
642
643
644     printf("Valid Entry\n\n");
645     check= 1;
646
647
648
649 }
650
```