

Abstract

This project presents an **AI-powered embryo quality prediction system** designed to support embryologists in **In Vitro Fertilization (IVF)** treatment. Using a **Convolutional Neural Network (CNN)** enhanced with **Grad-CAM explainability**, the system predicts embryo viability from microscopic images and integrates AI scores with traditional **morphological parameters** (Expansion, ICM, TE). The deployed **Streamlit web app** offers real-time predictions, heatmaps, and PDF/CSV export. The system achieved **83% test accuracy**, showing promise as a clinical decision-support tool under the **AI for Social Good** track.

Problem & Motivation

- IVF success rates remain modest, largely dependent on embryo selection.
- Current manual morphological assessment is:
- Subjective prone to inter-observer variability.
- Time-consuming limits scalability in clinics.
- Moderately predictive limited correlation with outcomes.
- Our solution: AI-driven, explainable, and reproducible embryo assessment.

Methodology

- Datasets: Kaggle embryo and blastocyst datasets (~840 images, imbalanced 85:15).
- Preprocessing: Normalization, resizing (224×224), augmentation (rotation, zoom, flip).
- Model: Custom CNN (11M parameters) with weighted loss for imbalance.
- **Explainability**: Grad-CAM heatmaps highlight clinically relevant regions (ICM, symmetry, fragmentation).
- Composite Scoring:

$$Score = Expansion + ICM + TE + (AI_{probability} \times 5)$$

• **Deployment**: Streamlit app with multi-image upload, adjustable threshold, Grad-CAM visualization, and PDF/CSV export.

Results

Metric	Value
Test Accuracy	83.3%

Metric	Value
Precision (Viable)	0.45
Recall (Viable)	0.60
Precision (Non-viable)	0.93
Recall (Non-viable)	0.87
Optimal Threshold	0.48 (F1 = 0.54)

Key Insights - Model focuses on **inner cell mass** and **blastocyst symmetry**. - Grad-CAM aligns with embryologists' visual assessment.

Impact & Clinical Relevance

- Standardization: Reduces subjectivity in embryo assessment.
- Efficiency: Enables faster evaluation of multiple embryos.
- **Decision Support**: Provides a reproducible second opinion for embryologists.
- Accessibility: Scalable to resource-limited fertility clinics.

Limitations & Future Work

- ullet Small, imbalanced dataset ullet expand with clinical collaborations.
- Static images only → extend to **time-lapse morphokinetics**.
- Binary classification → extend to full **Gardner grading**.
- External validation and clinical trials needed.

Conclusion

This project demonstrates that AI can enhance IVF embryo assessment, offering: - Objective predictions - Explainability via Grad-CAM - Practical deployment as a web tool

With further validation and dataset expansion, this system has the potential to **improve IVF success rates globally**, directly aligning with the mission of **AI for Social Good**.

Embryo Score Predictor