











#### SN54LV164A, SN74LV164A

SCLS403I - APRIL 1998 - REVISED MARCH 2015

# SNx4LV164A 8-Bit Parallel-Out Serial Shift Registers

#### 1 Features

- 2-V to 5.5-V V<sub>CC</sub> Operation
- Maximum t<sub>pd</sub> of 10.5 ns at 5 V
- Typical V<sub>OLP</sub> (Output Ground Bounce)
  < 0.8 V at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C
- Typical V<sub>OHV</sub> (Output V<sub>OH</sub> Undershoot)
  > 2.3 V at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C
- loff Supports Live Insertion, Partial Power-Down Mode, and Back-Drive Protection
- Support Mixed-Mode Voltage Operation on All Ports
- Latch-up Performance Exceeds 250 mA Per JESD 17
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22
  - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-A)
  - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

### 2 Applications

- IP Routers
- Enterprise Switches
- Access Control and Security: Access Keypads and Biometrics
- Smart Meters: Power Line Communication

#### 3 Description

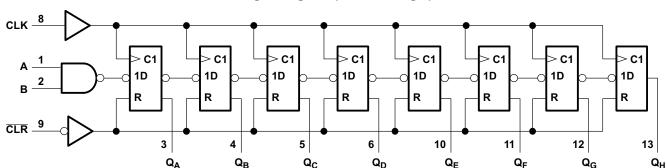
The SNx4LV164A devices are 8-bit parallel-out serial shift registers designed for 2-V to 5.5-V  $V_{\rm CC}$  operation.

#### Device Information<sup>(1)</sup>

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
	SOIC (14)	8.65 mm × 3.91 mm
	SSOP (14)	6.20 mm × 5.30 mm
SN74LV164A	TVSOP (14)	3.60 mm × 4.40 mm
SIN/4LV 104A	SOP (14)	10.30 mm × 5.30 mm
	TSSOP (14)	5.00 mm × 4.40 mm
	VQFN (14)	3.50 mm × 3.50 mm

<sup>(1)</sup> For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

#### **Logic Diagram (Positive Logic)**



Pin numbers shown are for the D, DB, DGV, J, NS, PW, RGY, and W packages.



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# 4 Revision History

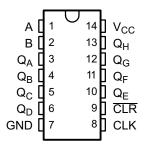
#### Changes from Revision H (April 2005) to Revision I

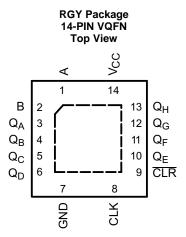
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# 5 Pin Configuration and Functions

D, DB, DGV, NS, or PW Package 14-PIN SOIC, SSOP, TVSOP, SOP, or TSSOP Top View





#### **Pin Functions**

	PIN	1/0	DESCRIPTION
NO.	NAME	1/0	DESCRIPTION
1	A	1	Serial input A
2	В	1	Serial input B
3	Q <sub>A</sub>	0	Output A
4	Q <sub>B</sub>	0	Output B
5	Q <sub>C</sub>	0	Output C
6	Q <sub>D</sub>	0	Output D
7	GND	-	Ground pin
8	CLK	1	Storage clock
9	CLR	I	Storage clear
10	Q <sub>E</sub>	0	Output E
11	Q <sub>F</sub>	0	Output F
12	$Q_{G}$	0	Output G
13	Q <sub>H</sub>	0	Output H
11	Q <sub>H</sub>	0	Q <sub>H</sub> inverted
14	V <sub>CC</sub>	_	Power pin



### 6 Specifications

### 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(1)</sup>

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
$V_{CC}$	Supply voltage		-0.5	7	V
$V_{I}$	Input voltage <sup>(2)</sup>		-0.5	7	V
Vo	Voltage applied to any output in the high-impeda	-0.5	7	V	
Vo	Output voltage <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	-0.5	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V	
$I_{IK}$	Input clamp current	V <sub>I</sub> < 0		-20	mA
$I_{OK}$	Output clamp current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0		-50	mA
Io	Continuous output current	$V_O = 0$ to $V_{CC}$		±25	mA
	Continuous current through V <sub>CC</sub> or GND			±50	mA
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature	·	-65	150	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### 6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
		Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 (1)	2000	
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 <sup>(2)</sup>	1000	V

<sup>(1)</sup> JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

<sup>(2)</sup> The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

<sup>(3)</sup> This value is limited to 5.5 V maximum.

<sup>(2)</sup> JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.



## 6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

			SN54LV1	64A <sup>(2)</sup>	SN74L	V164A	
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage		2	5.5	2	5.5	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2 V	1.5		1.5		
.,	Lligh lovel input valtage	$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	$V_{CC} \times 0.7$		V <sub>CC</sub> × 0.7		V
$V_{IH}$	High-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	$V_{CC} \times 0.7$		$V_{CC} \times 0.7$		V
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	$V_{CC} \times 0.7$		$V_{CC} \times 0.7$		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2 V		0.5		0.5	
\/	Low-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$		$V_{CC} \times 0.3$		$V_{CC} \times 0.3$	V
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		$V_{CC} \times 0.3$		$V_{CC} \times 0.3$	V
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$		$V_{CC} \times 0.3$		$V_{CC} \times 0.3$	
VI	Input voltage		0	5.5	0	5.5	V
Vo	Output voltage		0	$V_{CC}$	0	$V_{CC}$	V
		$V_{CC} = 2 V$		-50		-50	μΑ
1	High-level output current	$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$		-2		-2	
Іон	riigii-ievei output current	$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		-6		-6	mA
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$		-12		-12	
		$V_{CC} = 2 V$		50		50	μΑ
ı	Low-level output current	$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$		2		2	
OL	Low-level output current	$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		6		6	mA
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$		12		12	
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$		200		200	
Δt/Δv	Input transition rise or fall rate	$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		100		100	ns/V
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$		20		20	
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature		-55	125	-40	125	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> All unused inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.

#### 6.4 Thermal Information

U. <del>T</del> I	nermai imormation							
				SN74I	LV164A			
	THERMAL METRIC(1)	D (SOIC)	DB (SSOP)	DGV (TVSOP)	NS (SOP)	PW (TSSOP)	RGY (VQFN)	UNIT
		14 PINS	14 PINS	14 PINS	14 PINS	14 PINS	14 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	92.6	104.4	126.7	89.3	120.2	54.5	
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	53.9	57	50	46.9	48.9	67	
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	46.8	51.7	59.6	48	61.9	30.5	°C/W
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	18.9	18.6	5.8	13.7	5.7	2.3	C/VV
$\Psi_{JB}$	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	46.6	51.2	58.9	47.7	61.3	30.5	
R <sub>0JC(bot)</sub>	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	-	-	-	_	-	11.2	

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

<sup>(2)</sup> Product Preview



#### 6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMTER	TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>cc</sub>	SN54L	V164A <sup>(1)</sup>			LV164A to 85°C			'4LV164A C to 125°C		UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
	I <sub>OH</sub> = -50 μA	2 V to 5.5 V	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1			V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1			V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.1			
V <sub>OH</sub>	$I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA}$	2.3 V	2			2			2			V
	$I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$	3 V	2.48			2.48			2.48			
	$I_{OH} = -12 \text{ mA}$	4.5 V	3.8			3.8			3.8			
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 50 μA	2 V to 5.5 V			0.1			0.1			0.1	
V <sub>OL</sub>	$I_{OL} = 2 \text{ mA}$	2.3 V			0.4			0.4			0.4	V
	$I_{OL} = 6 \text{ mA}$	3 V			0.44			0.44			0.44	
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	4.5 V			0.55			0.55			0.55	
I <sub>I</sub>	$V_I = 5.5 \text{ V or GND}$	0 to 5.5 V			±1			±1			±1	μΑ
I <sub>cc</sub>	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND, $I_O = 0$	5.5			20			20			20	μA
I <sub>off</sub>	$V_{I}$ or $V_{O} = 0$ to 5.5 V	0			5			5			5	μA
C <sub>i</sub>	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	3.3 V		2.2			2.2			2.2		pF

<sup>(1)</sup> Product Preview

# 6.6 Timing Requirements: $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 4)

				<i>O</i> ,	00		`		, ,	,	
			T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C SN54LV164A <sup>(1)</sup>			SN74LV -40°C to		SN74LV164A -40°C to 125°C		UNIT	
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
	Dulas duration	CLR low	6		6.5		6.5		6.5		
τ <sub>w</sub>	Pulse duration	CLK high or low	6.5		7.5		7.5		7.5		ns
	0-4	Data before CLK↑	6.5		8.5		8.5		8.5		
t <sub>su</sub>	Setup time	CLR inactive	3		3		3		3		ns
t <sub>h</sub>	Hold time	Data after CLK↑	-0.5		0		0		0		ns

<sup>(1)</sup> Product Preview

## 6.7 Timing Requirements: $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 4)

		3 1	T <sub>A</sub> = 2		SN54LV1	64A <sup>(1)</sup>	SN74LV	-	SN74LV16 -40°C to 12		
	I		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
	Dula a dunatia a	CLR low	5		5		5		5		
τ <sub>w</sub>	Pulse duration	CLK high or low	5		5		5		5		ns
	Cation time	Data before CLK↑	5		6		6		6		
t <sub>su</sub>	Setup time	CLR inactive	2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		ns
t <sub>h</sub>	Hold time	Data after CLK↑	0		0		0		0		ns

(1) Product Preview



### 6.8 Timing Requirements: $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{CC}$  = 5 V  $\pm$  0.5 V (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 4)

			T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		SN54LV164A <sup>(1)</sup>		SN74LV164A -40°C to 85°C		SN74LV164A -40°C to 125°C		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
	Pulse duration	CLR low	5		5		5		5		20
ı <sub>w</sub>	Puise duration	CLK high or low	5		5		5		5		ns
	Catus time	Data before CLK↑	4.5		4.5		4.5		4.5		
t <sub>su</sub>	Setup time	CLR inactive	2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		ns
t <sub>h</sub>	Hold time	Data after CLK↑	1		1		1		1		ns

<sup>(1)</sup> Product Preview

# 6.9 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 4)

PARAMETER	FROM				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		SN54LV164A		SN74LV164A -40°C to 85°C		SN74LV164A -40°C to 125°C		UNIT
	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	CAPACITANCE	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
			C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	55 <sup>(2)</sup>	105 <sup>(2)</sup>		50 <sup>(2)</sup>		50		50		MHz
I <sub>max</sub>			$C_L = 50 pF$	45	85		40		40		40		IVITZ
t <sub>pd</sub>	CLK	Q	C 45 pF		9.2 <sup>(2)</sup>	17.6 <sup>(2)</sup>	1 <sup>(2)</sup>	20 <sup>(2)</sup>	1	20	1	21	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	CLR	Q	$C_L = 15 pF$		8.6 <sup>(2)</sup>	16 <sup>(2)</sup>	1 (2)	18 <sup>(2)</sup>	1	18	1	18.5	ns
t <sub>pd</sub>	CLK	Q	C 50 pF		11.5	21.1	1	24	1	24	1	25	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	CLR	Q	$C_L = 50 pF$		10.8	19.5	1	22	1	22	1	22.5	ns

<sup>(1)</sup> Product Preview

# 6.10 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 4)

PARAMETER	FROM TO (OUTPUT)	LOAD CAPACITANCE	Т	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		SN54LV164A		SN74LV164A -40°C to 85°C		SN74LV164A -40°C to 125°C		UNIT	
		(0011 01)	CAPACITANCE	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
			C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	80(2)	155 <sup>(2)</sup>		65 <sup>(2)</sup>		65		65		MHz
T <sub>max</sub>			C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	50	120		45		45		45		IVITZ
t <sub>pd</sub>	CLK	Q	C 45 pF		6.4 <sup>(2)</sup>	12.8 <sup>(2)</sup>	1 <sup>(2)</sup>	15 <sup>(2)</sup>	1	15	1	16	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	CLR	Q	$C_L = 15 pF$		6 <sup>(2)</sup>	12.8 <sup>(2)</sup>	1 <sup>(2)</sup>	15 <sup>(2)</sup>	1	15	1	16	ns
t <sub>pd</sub>	CLK	Q	0 50 - 5		8.3	16.3	1	18.5	1	18.5	1	19.5	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	CLR	Q	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$		7.9	16.3	1	18.5	1	18.5	1	19.5	ns

<sup>(1)</sup> Product Preview

<sup>(2)</sup> On products compliant to MIL-PRF-38535, this parameter is not production tested.

<sup>(2)</sup> On products compliant to MIL-PRF-38535, this parameter is not production tested.



# 6.11 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{CC}$  = 5 V  $\pm$  0.5 V (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 4)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	LOAD CAPACITANCE		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	= 25°C SN54LV16				_V164A to 85°C	SN74LV164A -40°C to 125°C		UNIT
	(INFUT)		CAPACITANCE	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
		C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	125 <sup>(2)</sup>	220(2)		105 <sup>(2)</sup>		105		95		MHz	
I <sub>max</sub>			C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	85	165		75		75		65		IVITIZ
t <sub>pd</sub>	CLK	Q	C <sub>1</sub> = 15 pF		4.5 <sup>(2)</sup>	9 <sup>(2)</sup>	1 <sup>(2)</sup>	10.5(2	1	10.5	1	11.5	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	CLR	Q			4.2(2)	8.6(2)	1 <sup>(2)</sup>	10 <sup>(2)</sup>	1	10	1	11	
t <sub>pd</sub>	CLK	Q	C 50 pF		6	11	1	12.5	1	12.5	1	13	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	CLR	Q	$C_L = 50 pF$		5.8	10.6	1	12.5	1	12.5	1	13	ns

<sup>(1)</sup> Product Preview

# 6.12 Noise Characteristics<sup>(1)</sup>

 $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}, C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

	PARAMETER	SN	UNIT		
	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{OL(P)}$	Quiet output, maximum dynamic V <sub>OL</sub>		0.28	0.8	V
$V_{OL(V)}$	Quiet output, minimum dynamic V <sub>OL</sub>		-0.22	-0.8	V
V <sub>OH(V)</sub>	Quiet output, minimum dynamic V <sub>OH</sub>		3.09		V
$V_{IH(D)}$	High-level dynamic input voltage	2.31			V
$V_{IL(D)}$	Low-level dynamic input voltage			0.99	V

<sup>(1)</sup> Characteristics are for surface-mount packages only.

### 6.13 Operating Characteristics

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ 

	PARAMETER	TEST C	ONDITIONS	V <sub>CC</sub>	TYP	UNIT
0	Device discinction consistence	0 50 = 5	f 40 MH=	3.3 V	48.1	٠
$C_{pd}$	Power dissipation capacitance	$C_L = 50 pF$ ,	f = 10 MHz	5 V	47.5	pF

<sup>(2)</sup> On products compliant to MIL-PRF-38535, this parameter is not production tested.



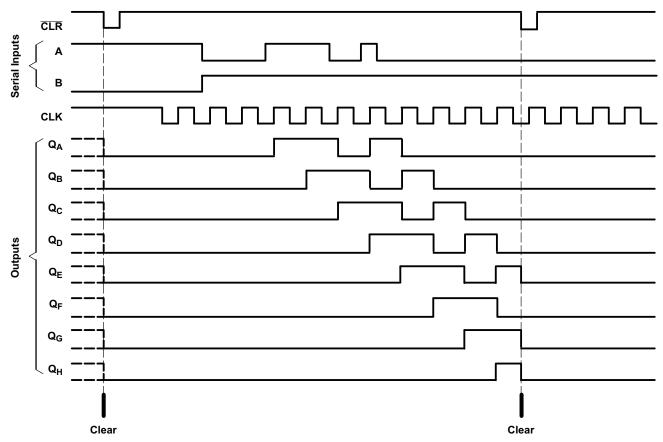
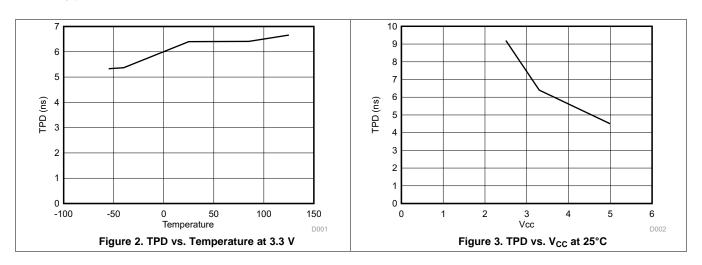


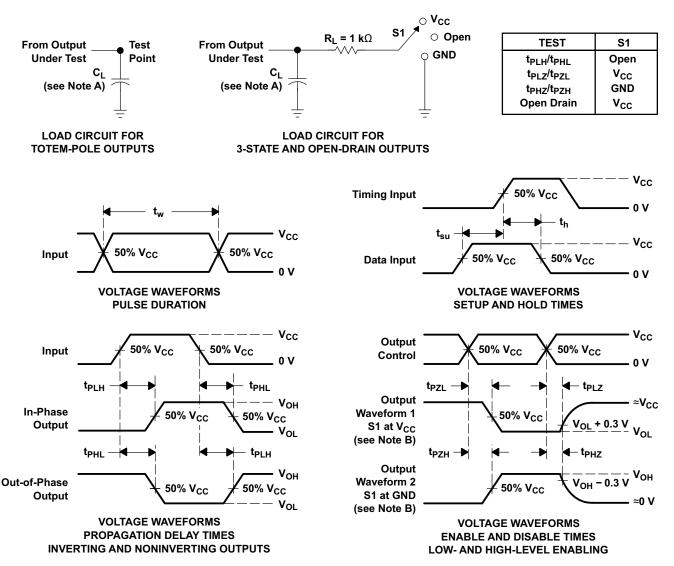
Figure 1. Typical Clear, Shift, and Clear Sequences

# 6.14 Typical Characteristics





#### 7 Parameter Measurement Information



NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  1 MHz,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ ,  $t_r \leq 3$  ns.  $t_f \leq 3$  ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one input transition per measurement.
- E.  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .
- F.  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$ .
- G.  $t_{PHL}$  and  $t_{PLH}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .
- H. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

Figure 4. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



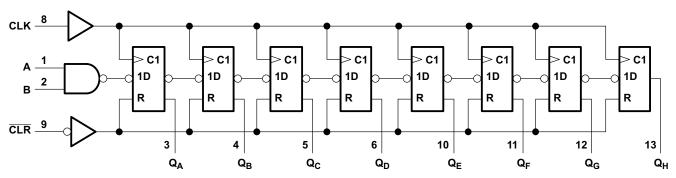
### 8 Detailed Description

#### 8.1 Overview

The SNx4LV164A devices are 8-bit parallel-out serial shift registers designed for 2-V to 5.5-V V<sub>CC</sub> operation.

These devices feature NAND-gated serial (A and B) inputs and an asynchronous clear ( $\overline{\text{CLR}}$ ) input. The gated serial inputs permit complete control over incoming data, as a low at either input inhibits entry of the new data and resets the first flip-flop to the low level at the next clock pulse. A high-level input enables the other input, which then determines the state of the first flip-flop. Data at the serial inputs can be changed while the clock is high or low, provided the minimum setup time requirements are met. Clocking occurs on the low-to-high-level transition of the clock (CLK) input.

#### 8.2 Functional Block Diagram



Pin numbers shown are for the D, DB, DGV, J, NS, PW, RGY, and W packages.

Figure 5. Logic Diagram (Positive Logic)

#### 8.3 Feature Description

The wide operating range allows the device to be used in a variety of systems that use different logic levels. The low propagation delay allows fast switching and higher speeds of operation. In addition, the low ground bounce stabilizes the performance of non-switching outputs while another output is switching.

#### 8.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 1. Function Table (1)(2)

	INP	UTS		OUTPUTS					
CLR	CLK	Α	В	$Q_A$	$Q_{B}$		$Q_{H}$		
L	Χ	Χ	Χ	L	L		L		
Н	L	Χ	Χ	$Q_{A0}$	$Q_{B0}$		$Q_{H0}$		
Н	<b>↑</b>	Н	Н	Н	$Q_{An}$		$Q_{Gn}$		
Н	<b>↑</b>	L	Χ	L	$Q_{An}$		$Q_{Gn}$		
Н	<b>↑</b>	Χ	L	L	$Q_{An}$		$Q_{Gn}$		

- Q<sub>A0</sub>, Q<sub>B0</sub>, Q<sub>H0</sub> = the level of Q<sub>A</sub>, Q<sub>B</sub>, or Q<sub>H</sub>, respectively, before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established.
- (2) Q<sub>An</sub>, Q<sub>Gn</sub> = the level of Q<sub>A</sub> or Q<sub>G</sub> before the most recent ↑ transition of the clock; indicates a 1-bit shift.



## 9 Application and Implementation

#### NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

### 9.1 Application Information

The SN74LV164A is a low drive CMOS device that can be used for a multitude of bus interface type applications where output ringing is a concern. The low-drive and slow-edge rates will minimize overshoot and undershoot on the outputs.

#### 9.2 Typical Application

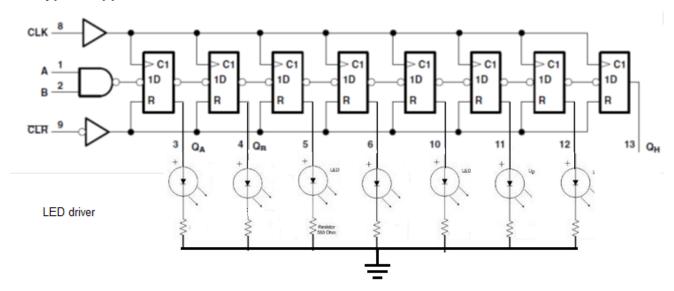


Figure 6. Typical Application Schematic

#### 9.2.1 Design Requirements

This device uses CMOS technology and has balanced output drive. Take care to avoid bus contention because it can drive currents that would exceed maximum limits. The high drive will also create fast edges into light loads so consider routing and load conditions to prevent ringing.

#### 9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

- Recommended input conditions:
  - Rise time and fall time specs. See (Δt/ΔV) in *Recommended Operating Conditions*.
  - Specified high and low level. See (V<sub>IH</sub> and V<sub>II</sub>) in Recommended Operating Conditions.
  - Inputs are overvoltage tolerant allowing them to go as high as 5.5 V at any valid V<sub>CC</sub>.
- Recommended output conditions:
  - Load currents should not exceed 25 mA per output and 50 mA total for the part.
  - Outputs should not be pulled above V<sub>CC</sub>.



# **Typical Application (continued)**

# 9.2.3 Application Curves

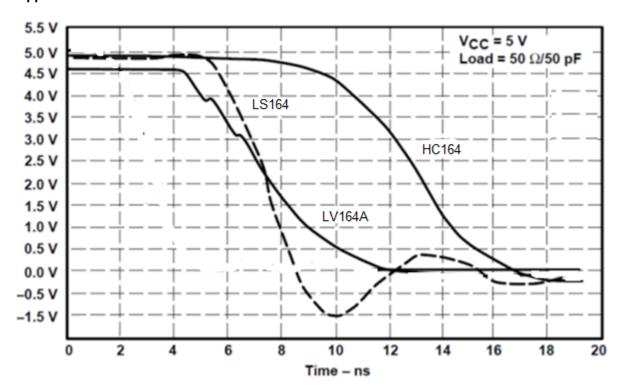


Figure 7. Switching Characteristics Comparison



### 10 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the minimum and maximum supply voltage rating located in the *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Each  $V_{CC}$  terminal should have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. For devices with a single supply, TI recommends a 0.1- $\mu$ F capacitor and if there are multiple  $V_{CC}$  terminals then TI recommends a 0.01- $\mu$ F or 0.022- $\mu$ F capacitor for each power terminal. Multiple bypass capacitors can be paralleled to reject different frequencies of noise. Frequencies of 0.1  $\mu$ F and 1  $\mu$ F are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close as possible to the power terminal for best results.

#### 11 Layout

#### 11.1 Layout Guidelines

When using multiple bit logic devices inputs should not ever float.

In many cases, functions or parts of functions of digital logic devices are unused, for example, when only two inputs of a triple-input AND gate are used or only three of the four buffer gates are used. Such input pins should not be left unconnected because the undefined voltages at the outside connections result in undefined operational states. Specified below are the rules that must be observed under all circumstances. All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a high or low bias to prevent them from floating. The logic level that should be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally they will be tied to GND or V<sub>CC</sub> whichever make more sense or is more convenient. Floating outputs is generally acceptable, unless the part is a transceiver. If the transceiver has an output enable pin it will disable the outputs section of the part when asserted. This will not disable the input section of the I.O's so they also cannot float when disabled.

#### 11.2 Layout Example



Figure 8. Layout Example



## 12 Device and Documentation Support

#### 12.1 Trademarks

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

#### 12.2 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

### 12.3 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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5-Mar-2015

#### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package	Pins	Package	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
SN74LV164AD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV164A	Samples
SN74LV164ADBR	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV164A	Samples
SN74LV164ADG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV164A	Samples
SN74LV164ADGVR	ACTIVE	TVSOP	DGV	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV164A	Samples
SN74LV164ADR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV164A	Samples
SN74LV164ADRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV164A	Samples
SN74LV164ANSR	ACTIVE	so	NS	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	74LV164A	Samples
SN74LV164APW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	90	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV164A	Samples
SN74LV164APWG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	90	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV164A	Samples
SN74LV164APWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV164A	Samples
SN74LV164APWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV164A	Samples
SN74LV164APWT	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV164A	Samples
SN74LV164ARGYR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGY	14	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	LV164A	Samples

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows: **ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.



### PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

5-Mar-2015

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free** (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. **Pb-Free** (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead/Ball Finish Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 13-Dec-2013

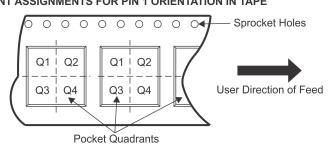
### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74LV164ADBR	SSOP	DB	14	2000	330.0	16.4	8.2	6.6	2.5	12.0	16.0	Q1
SN74LV164ADGVR	TVSOP	DGV	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.8	4.0	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74LV164ADR	SOIC	D	14	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	9.0	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
SN74LV164ANSR	SO	NS	14	2000	330.0	16.4	8.2	10.5	2.5	12.0	16.0	Q1
SN74LV164APWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74LV164APWT	TSSOP	PW	14	250	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74LV164ARGYR	VQFN	RGY	14	3000	330.0	12.4	3.75	3.75	1.15	8.0	12.0	Q1

www.ti.com 13-Dec-2013



\*All dimensions are nominal

	-						
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74LV164ADBR	SSOP	DB	14	2000	367.0	367.0	38.0
SN74LV164ADGVR	TVSOP	DGV	14	2000	367.0	367.0	35.0
SN74LV164ADR	SOIC	D	14	2500	367.0	367.0	38.0
SN74LV164ANSR	SO	NS	14	2000	367.0	367.0	38.0
SN74LV164APWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	367.0	367.0	35.0
SN74LV164APWT	TSSOP	PW	14	250	367.0	367.0	35.0
SN74LV164ARGYR	VQFN	RGY	14	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0

### DGV (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

#### 24 PINS SHOWN

#### **PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE**



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0,15 per side.

D. Falls within JEDEC: 24/48 Pins – MO-153 14/16/20/56 Pins – MO-194

# D (R-PDSO-G14)

### PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AB.



# D (R-PDSO-G14)

# PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



PW (R-PDSO-G14)

### PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M—1994.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0,25 each side.
- E. Falls within JEDEC MO-153



# PW (R-PDSO-G14)

# PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.





NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. QFN (Quad Flatpack No-Lead) package configuration.
- D. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance.
- E. See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.
- Pin 1 identifiers are located on both top and bottom of the package and within the zone indicated. The Pin 1 identifiers are either a molded, marked, or metal feature.
- G. Package complies to JEDEC MO-241 variation BA.



# RGY (S-PVQFN-N14)

### PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD

#### THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No—Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



Bottom View

Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

4206353-2/P 03/14

NOTE: All linear dimensions are in millimeters



# RGY (S-PVQFN-N14)

# PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, Quad Flat—Pack QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com <a href="https://www.ti.com">http://www.ti.com</a>.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.



### **MECHANICAL DATA**

# NS (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

# 14-PINS SHOWN

#### PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0,15.



### DB (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

### PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE

#### **28 PINS SHOWN**



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.

D. Falls within JEDEC MO-150

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Audio www.ti.com/audio Automotive and Transportation www.ti.com/automotive **Amplifiers** amplifier.ti.com Communications and Telecom www.ti.com/communications **Data Converters** dataconverter.ti.com Computers and Peripherals www.ti.com/computers **DLP® Products** www.dlp.com Consumer Electronics www.ti.com/consumer-apps DSP dsp.ti.com **Energy and Lighting** www.ti.com/energy Clocks and Timers www.ti.com/clocks Industrial www.ti.com/industrial Interface interface.ti.com Medical www.ti.com/medical Logic Security www.ti.com/security logic.ti.com

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