

Application Of Machine Learning Techniques, Big Data Analytics In Health Care Sector – A Literature Survey

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Abstract—The triumphant utilization of data mining in extremely evident areas like trade, commerce, and e-business has directed to its application in another industry. The medical conditions are still knowledge rich but information low. There is an abundance of information feasible inside the medical practices. Still, there is a shortage of essential investigation mechanisms to recognize hidden trends and relationships in data. Many researchers have applied Data Mining methods for the prognosis and diagnosis of several diseases. Machine Learning methods have broadly utilized in the prognostication of different diseases at the beginning stages. The current decade has observed an abnormal development in the variety and volume of electronic data associated with the development and research, patient self-tracking, and health records together suggested to as Big Data. This paper presents a comprehensive literature survey on the importance of Feature Selection methods, Supervised Machine Learning methods, Unsupervised Machine Learning methods and big data for the healthcare industry.

Keywords—Data Mining; Feature Selection; Big Data; Supervised Machine Learning; Unsupervised Machine Learning; Healthcare Industry

I. INTRODUCTION

Data mining is described as "a process of nontrivial extraction of implicit, previously unknown and potentially useful information from the data stored in a database" by Fayyad [1]. Healthcare databases have a vast volume of data, but there is a scarcity of sufficient analysis tools to discover the in-depth knowledge. Appropriate computer-based information and/or decision making systems can support physicians in their work to recommend less expensive therapeutically similar choices. Efficient and reliable implementation of a computerized system needs a similar comparison of several techniques available. Disease Prediction plays a vital role in data mining. Data Mining is used intensively in the area of medicine to prognosticate diseases such as skin cancer, heart disease, lung cancer, breast cancer etc. In this paper, it has been present an overview of the modern research being carried out applying the data mining techniques, machine learning, big data for the diagnosis and prognosis of various diseases, to point out crucial issues and summarizing the methods in a set of accomplished lessons. □

II. A TSUNAMI OF INFORMATION IN HEALTHCARE INDUSTRY

fifteen minutes. That is how long the doctor has to examine patient, assess the patient record accusation, analyze an answer and see the patient out the entryway – ideally on the pathway back to wellbeing. This is not much time when it examines the wealth of knowledge that he/she has to examine. A patient report, the medical analysis related to the complaint, the answers about the condition that it provides, the primary examination ("say aaah") that is actioned. So how will the doctor deal when challenged with the tsunami of healthcare information that will happen when it is regular for the patient history to carry data about the genome, the microbiome (bugs in the body) and its fitness regime?

An e-health record is quickly becoming the most compelling tool in the medical toolkit. Every data will be put away in the cloud. It should be because the extent of the e-document carrying the whole patient record is considered to be as much as 6TB. That is a fourth of the entire of Wikipedia (24Tbs)! □

A data file that large is required to enable the practice of precision medicine. This is a new revolution in healthcare. It is the capacity to target healthcare treatment specifically for a person. Notwithstanding enhancing wellbeing outcomes, precision medicine will spare imperative wellbeing dollars because it is empowered by one of a kind data bits of knowledge that lead to more targeted treatments. From the human anatomy, the following types of data are extracted.

- **Social Data:** Personal circumstances, such as living situation and income.
- **Device Data:** Information collected from apps that measure fitness and sleeping, electronic inhalers etc.
- **Metabolome:** Chemicals which are created, modified and broken by bodily methods such as enzymatic responses.

- **Transcriptome:** Messages generated from DNA to make the stencil (mRNA) of proteins. □
- **Clinical Data:** Medical documents of the patient.
- **Genome:** The Total set of genes 'written' in DNA
- **of the patient.** □
- **Exposome:** Result of the outside environment, such as tobacco smoke and pollution etc. □
- **Proteomo:** An arrangement of proteins, including chemicals, which are the building blocks of the body.

Microbiome: Combined name for 100 trillion microscopic flies living inside us. □

- **Epigenetic (Methylome):** The arrangement of nucleic and methylation changes in a human genome.
- **Imaging:** Such as x-rays, Medical images, ultrasound, scans. □

III. KEY IDEAS CORRELATED WITH MACHINE LEARNING(ML) □

Artificial Intelligence(AI): Intelligence exhibited by machines. In the zone of Computer Science(CS), the perfect 'wise' machine is a delicate, normal cause that recognizes its condition and applies drives that expand it is indications of achievement at some objective. □

Big Data: Huge volume and complicated data sets that might be analyzed computationally to distribute patterns, examples, and associations – structured, unstructured and semi-structured data can be dug for learning. Holding a Huge volume dataset is required to utilize ML and AI effectively.

Augmented Reality: A live or direct perspective of the physical world, supplemented by computer-produced tangible info (such as sound, graphics or GPS, video data).

Computing Techniques: Various approaches and techniques for unraveling intricacies utilizing strategies that are mathematical or can be built and incorporated into a computer.

Data Mining: Can be measured a superset of a wide range of techniques to extract bits of knowledge from data. Might include conventional statistical strategies and machine learning.

Computer Learning(CL): Different name for Machine Learning – clarifies the process of how computers are 'learning' by human information and preparing. □

Deep Learning(DL): Deep learning (a term printed by Geoffrey Hinton in the year 2006) connects advances in computing force and one of a kind sorts of Neural Networks (NN) to learn complex examples in an immense volume of data. It is a piece of ML. □

Internet of Things (IoT): A change in machine-to-machine (m2m) communication and development of the Internet in

which everyday objects have network connectivity. It will take into consideration constant incite connection and data sending/receiving progressively.

Machine Learning (ML): The objective of ML is to comprehend the composition of data with the goal that legitimate and accurate prediction can be done based on the characteristics of that data. □

Operational Intelligence (OI): A section of ongoing, compelling business analytics – delivers entrance into ordinary business processes. Gifts perception of IT frameworks and technology structure inside the business - permits educated decisions. □

Precision Medicine: A medical model that recommends the customization of healthcare – with products, medications, medical decisions, and practices being custom-made to each patient. □

Predictive Analytics: A field of data mining that dealings with extracting data from the dataset and utilizing the data to predict standards of conduct. It is utilized to construct predictions about unknown future issues. □

IV. LITERATURE SURVEY

The aim of this section is used to highlight what has been done so far in the field of healthcare by using Feature Selection techniques, Machine Learning techniques, and Big Data analytics. This literature survey helps to improve the research methodology, focus on the research problems in the healthcare domain.

A. Literature Survey on the Feature Selection

Table 1 gives the detailed literature survey on the importance of feature selection in the healthcare diligence by using Data Mining techniques.

TABLE 1: Literature Survey on the Feature Selection methods in different healthcare fields

Description	Methods used	Dataset and its sample size
[1]This paper examined the cancer classification by using SVM-based wrapper feature selection method □	Support Vector Machine, Correlation-based Feature Selection	Leukemia dataset and its sample size are 172.
[2]This paper proposes a meta-heuristic strategy utilizing stochastic local search (SLS) converged with arbitrary timberland (RF) where the arrangement is to characterize the most pertinent proteins and qualities prompting the better classification of Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML) patients.	Stochastic Local Search, Random Forest	AML dataset and its sample size are 271 features.
[3]This paper proposed a	C4.5 Decision Tree,	Waveform

novel C4.5 calculation based on wrapper include selection technique, to help astute clinical decision-making in the healthcare fields. □	Bagging algorithm, Naïve Bayes DT, K-Nearest Neighbor, Bayes Net □	Dataset, Sick Dataset, Letter dataset, Sonar dataset, Adult dataset, Electrocardiography dataset
[4]This paper proposed a novel half and half component selection techniques expand on Symmetrical Uncertainty and Genetic calculation	Symmetrical Uncertainty (SU), Genetic Algorithm (GA) □	Ionosphere dataset, Soybean dataset, Diabetes, Segment challenge, Vote, Dermatology, Lung Cancer, Wine, Hepatitis, Vehicle and the total sample size is 257 features. □
[5]This paper proposed a component selection technique based on PSO and Quantum PSO with Elitist reproducing.	Particle Swarm Optimization, Quantum PSO	Cancer datasets like Lung cancer (192 samples), Colon cancer (202 samples), Blood cancer (66 samples) and Cervical cancer (156 samples)
[6]This paper, proposed a novel component selection and area associated prevent words extraction from unstructured with class unevenness in discharge outline notes.	Logistic Regression Model	Congestive Heart Failure (CHF) Admission dataset
[7]This paper carried out the challenging tasks of choosing critical highlights from the huge arrangement of accessible highlights and coronary illness analyze.	Differential Evolution algorithm, Feed-forward Neural Network, Fuzzy Analytical Hierarchy Process (AHP)	Heart Disease (HD) Dataset from UCI repository
[8]This paper investigated the capability of predicting treatment success for patients in emotional wellness care.	Feature Similarity analysis, Random Forest, K-Nearest Neighbor	780 exclusive patients dataset collected from DSM-IV
[9]This paper displayed an altered cuckoo search technique with unpleasant sets is mimicked to manage high dimensionality data by highlight selection	Cuckoo Search algorithm, Rough set theory	Breast cancer, Hepatitis, Iris, Dermatology, Pima Indians, Lenses, Lung cancer
[10]In this paper, a new meta-learning architecture has proposed to recommend feature selection algorithms □	Consistency-based Filter, Correlation-based Feature Selection, Infogain, ReliefF, Alternating Decision Tree, CART, J48, kNN, MLP, NB, SVM	150 UCI repository datasets
[11]This paper presented	Incremental Feature	DrugBank and

to predict effective Drug-Drug Interaction.	Selection, Minimum Redundancy Maximum Relevancy, Random Forest □	36,615 pairs
[12]This paper, displayed a novel component selection approach called artificial honey bee colony calculation based on a new multi-objective, coordinated with the non-ruled arranging procedure and genetic administrators □	Artificial Bee Colony, Linear Forward selection, Greedy Stepwise backward selection	12 Benchmark datasets
[13]This paper displayed a hybrid selection mechanism by linking Bayesian network and symmetrical uncertainty □	Symmetrical Uncertainty and Bayesian Network	KHNANES Dataset

B. Literature Survey on the Supervised Machine Learning Techniques

The supervised ML techniques incorporate the Classification and Regression for training the network to get the appropriate result.

TABLE II: Literature Survey on Supervised Machine Learning techniques in the health care domains □ □

Description	Methods used	Dataset and its sample size
[14]This paper introduced a concurrent model based on Machine Learning (ML) has proposed for supporting outpatient physicians in performing analyze □	SVM and Neural Network (NN) □	Medical Data collected from (Class II-Grade A) Hospital, Wuhan city, China, from Jan 2013 to Aug 2015 □
[15]This paper introduced different researchers musings that describe their approach to sufficiently exhibit the arrangements concerning the forecast of different cardiovascular medical problems at various levels □	Naïve Bayes algorithm, J48	UCI Cardiovascular disease dataset
[16]This paper proposed a KGRNN for the investigation and finding of sort II diabetes □	K-Means clustering, ANN	Pima Indian diabetes dataset
[17]This paper introduced an efficiently recognize passionate circumstances by examining the highlights of EEG called electroencephalography signals, which have produced from EEG sensors that noninvasively assess the electrical activity of neurons in the human mind, and choose the ideal incorporation of these highlights for	one-way ANOVA, SVM, KNN, LDA, NB, Random Forest, Deep Learning, four ensemble methods (bagging, boosting, stacking and voting)	scalp EEG data of 21 healthy subjects

recognition		
[18]This paper examined with the construction of classifiers that can be intelligible and in addition strong in performance for the quality dataset of AD utilizing a decision tree□	Decision Tree, Chi-Squared, Information Gain, Gain Ratio, J48, C4.5	Ensemble gene, AlzGene, GenCard and NCBI
[19]This paper built up a new knowledge-based framework for classification of bosom cancer malady utilizing clustering, commotion expulsion, and classification techniques	Expectation Maximization, Classification and Regression Tree, Fuzzy Logic, Principal Component Analysis	Wisconsin Diagnostic Breast Cancer and Mammographic mass datasets
[20]In this paper, a new technique has proposed for the automatic finding of typical and Coronary Artery Disease conditions utilizing Heart Rate Variability (HRV) flag extracted from an electrocardiogram (ECG)	Principal component analysis, Support Vector Machine	86 lengthy ECG recordings of 80 human subjects
[21]Multiple Kernel Learning with Adaptive Neuro-Fuzzy Inference System (MKL with ANFIS) based profound learning strategy is proposed in this paper for coronary illness determination.	Deep Learning, Multiple Kernel Learning, Adaptive Neuro-Fuzzy Inference System, Support Vector Machine, Least Square, LDA, GDA	Heart Disease Dataset
[22]This paper intended to analyze and compare the accuracy of four diverse machine learning calculations with receiver working characteristic (ROC) curve for predicting and diagnosing coronary illness by the 14 qualities from UCI Cardiac Datasets	Supervised ML, Unsupervised ML, and Reinforcement Learning	UCI Cardiac Datasets and 14 attributes
[23]This paper took the upside of points of interest of an incremental machine learning technique, Incremental help vector machine, to build up a new strategy for Unified Parkinson's Disease Rating Scale (UPDRS) prediction□	Support Vector Machine, Non-Linear Iterative Partial Least Squares, Self Organizing Map	Parkinson's Disease dataset
[24]This paper proposed a framework to outline physiological measures to subjective self-announced torment scores utilizing machine learning techniques	Multinomial Logistic Regression, KNN, SVM, and RF	40 in-patient participants with their clinical data recorded on admission at Duke University Hospital, from June 2015 to April 2017.
[25]The principle point of this paper is to explore different data mining and machine learning techniques utilized in the investigation of rheumatoid joint pain prediction based on clinical and genetic factors	Adaboost, SVM, ANN	rheumatoid arthritis disease dataset
[26]This paper exhibited a	Neural	UCI repository

framework which will help in decreasing the dynamic visits to the center in addition help in the early assurance of risky sicknesses	Network(NN) with Multi-Layer Perceptron(MLP)	Heart Disease dataset
[27]Prevention and diagnosis of NAFLD is an ongoing area of interest in the healthcare community. Screening is complicated by the fact that the accuracy of noninvasive testing lacks specificity and sensitivity to make and stage the diagnosis	Machine Learning method	Dataset from the Canadian primary care sentinel surveillance network database
[28]This paper exhibited a plan of a CDSS to help patients with Low Back Pain LBP in their self-referral to essential care	Supervised Machine Learning methods (Decision Tree, Random Forest, and Boosted Tree)	1288 fictive cases of LBP, 63 physiotherapists, and GPs on referral advice during a vignette study
[29]This paper proposed a new knowledge-based framework for illnesses prediction utilizing clustering, commotion expulsion, and prediction techniques	Expectation Maximization clustering, PCA, CART and Fuzzy Logic	Pima Indian Diabetes, Mesothelioma, WDBC, StatLog, Cleveland and Parkinson's telemonitoring datasets
[30]This paper exhibited a current predictive model in medicine and healthcare have critically assessed	Supervised ML, Unsupervised ML	Various healthcare datasets
[31]The paper meant to audit the current writing on the utility of ML techniques in the gauge of subjects with bipolar confusion	Support Vector Machine, Pattern recognition, Unsupervised ML	Bipolar disorder dataset
[32]This paper exhibited ML techniques such as ANNs are important devices for looking at and assessing substantial and complex datasets. ANNs have still to be utilized for risk factor examination in orthopedic medical procedure □	Artificial Neural Network	The American College of Surgeons National Surgical Quality Improvement Program (ACSNSQIP) database
[33]This paper utilized decision tree concentrate to build up an instrument to scale and measure the risk of NMSC in Liver Transplant (LT), recipients	Cox Regression analysis, Decision Tree,	non-melanoma skin cancer (NMSC) dataset
[34]This paper exhibited a specialized skin ailment processing model is characterized by Dermatology Disease□	Bayesian Network	Dermatology Dataset
[35]This paper displays the research center investigation of data given by the UCI machine learning (ML) storehouse. Weka open source ML device given by Waikato University uncovers the hidden fact behind the	J48, Naïve Bayes, ID3 classification methods	Heart Disease dataset

datasets on applying the administered mathematical demonstrated calculation		
[36]In this work, the dataset is right off the bat classified utilizing diverse calculations, and after that, it is resolved what classification calculation performs better to predict lumbar spine pathologies□	Naïve Bayes, J48, Random Forest, Decision Table, SVM, MLP	The dataset is from the outpatient department of Joshi Neuro Trauma Centre, Jalandhar and Johal Multispecialty Hospital, Jalandhar for seven months from 1/1/2016 to 31/7/2016

C. Literature Survey on Unsupervised Machine Learning Techniques

Table 3 gives the unsupervised ML techniques incorporate the Clustering and Association Rule Mining method for getting the appropriate result.

TABLE III: Literature Survey on Unsupervised Machine Learning techniques in the healthcare domains.□

Description	Methods used	Dataset and its sample size
[37]This paper introduced a half and half technique that combines k-harmonic means and covering k-means calculations	K-Means clustering, K-Harmonic clustering	Medical Datasets
[38]This paper introduces the objective function of proposed strong fuzzy clustering techniques by incorporating Laplacian kernel-induced distance, Canberra distance, possibilistic enrollments, and fuzzy participations	Fuzzy C-Means	Breast Cancer database
[39]This paper recommended the advancement of a calculation that can incorporate high-dimensionality data to accomplish comparative outcomes is critical	K-Means clustering	The micronucleus (MN) Mode of Action (MoA) signatures of 20 chemicals
[40]This paper combined the Clustering, Association Rules, and Neural Networks for the appraisal of heart-occasion related risk factors, focusing on the reduction of CVD risk	K-Means Clustering, Association Rules, and Neural Network,	Heart Disease dataset
[41]This paper focused on the new technique based on a hybrid model for combining fuzzy segment strategy, and greatest likelihood gauges clustering calculation for diagnosing medical maladies.	Maximum likelihood estimates clustering, Fuzzy Partition Method	Online News Popularity, Iris Dataset, miRNA dataset
[42]This paper built up a solitary pass dynamic rate association control mining calculation	Association Rule Mining	cardiovascular disease, breast cancer, and hepatitis dataset
[43]This paper meant to discover the answers to analyze the illness by breaking down examples found in the dataset through Data	Association rule mining, Artificial Neural Network,	UCI repository dataset

Mining. □		
[44]This paper presented data mining all in all by condensing mainstream data mining calculations and their applications exhibited in genuine healthcare settings	SVM, K-Means clustering, Apriori Association Rule Mining algorithm	The dataset contains 2,637 de-identified health reports from 696 healthy participants with 906 measurement variables
[45]This paper examined the calculations and instruments used for the utilization of affiliation lead mining.	Association Rule Mining	Healthcare dataset
[46]The paper planned to lead a deliberate audit of the utilization of machine learning, data mining strategies and devices in the field of diabetes look into as for a) Prediction and Diagnosis, b) Diabetic Complications, c) Genetic foundation and Environment, and e) Healthcare and Management with the main class seeming, by all accounts, to be the most well known□	Association Rule Mining, Support Vector Machine	Clinical dataset
[47]The objective of this paper is to find illness co-event and arrangement designs from extensive scale tumor determination narratives in New York State	Apriori algorithm	Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System dataset
[48]This paper displayed an algorithmic look strategy for numerous biomarkers which may foresee or demonstrate Alzheimer's ailment (AD) and different sorts of dementia.	Association rule mining	CAMD database and 5821 patients records
[49]The objective of this paper is to investigate visit malady co-event and successful examples of disease patients in New York State utilizing SPARCS data	Association rule learning	Cancer patients records

D. Literature Survey on the Big Data analytics for Healthcare domain

Table 4 depicts the literature survey on the Big Data analytics in the healthcare domain.

TABLE IV: Literature Survey on Application of Big Data Analytics in the Healthcare domains.

Description	Methods used	Dataset and its sample size
[50]In this paper, LDA is utilized to lessen the element and SVM model with a weighted bit work strategy to group more highlights from the information ECG flag	Linear Discriminant Analysis, Support Vector Machine, Multi-layer perceptron, Principal Component Analysis (PCA)□	MHEALTH dataset and number of attributes is 23

[51]There is expanded enthusiasm for conveying big data innovation in the healthcare industry to oversee monstrous accumulations of heterogeneous health datasets, for example, electronic health records and sensor data, which are expanding in volume and variety because of the commoditization of computerized gadgets, for example, cell phones and remote sensors.	Cloud, IoT, Big Data	Healthcare datasets
[52]This paper displayed different diagnostic roads that exist in the patient-driven healthcare framework from the point of view of different partners	Big Data analytics, Machine Learning	-
[53]This paper investigates the big data execution cases, looked to see how big data examination abilities change authoritative practices, along these lines creating potential advantages	Big Data analytics	-
[54]This paper gives an understanding of how we can reveal extra an incentive from the data produced by healthcare and government	Big Data, Hadoop, Map Reduce	-
[55]To address the potential advantages of big data investigation, this paper analyzed the chronicled advancement, engineering plan and segment functionalities of big data examination	Big data - analytics architecture, capabilities	-
[56]The goal of this paper is to build up a structure to upgrade health expectation with the reconsidered combination hub and deep learning paradigms	Deep Learning, Bayesian functions, Neural Network	Electronic Health Records
[57]This paper proposed the Internet of Things (IoT) architecture to store and process scalable sensor data (big data) for healthcare applications. Proposed architecture consists of two main sub-architecture, namely, MetaFog-Redirection (MF-	Internet of Things, Big data analytics, MF-R, GC architecture	Cleveland Heart Disease Dataset

R) and Grouping & Choosing (GC) architecture		
[58]This paper proposed a big data-based learning administration framework to build up the clinical choices. The proposed information framework is produced based on a variety of databases, for example, Electronic Health Record (EHR), Medical Imaging Data, Unstructured Clinical Notes and Genetic Data.	Big Data analytics	Big Genomics Data
[59]This paper utilized a Bayesian hidden Markov model (HMM) with Gaussian Mixture (GM) Clustering technique to model the DNA duplicate number variation over the genome.	Big Data, a Bayesian network, HMM, GM, Clustering	DNA Genome data
[60]This paper proposed a big data investigation empowered business esteem display in which we utilize the resource-based theory (RBT) and limit structure view to delineate how big data examination capacities can be created and what potential additions can be gotten by these abilities in the healthcare ventures.	Big data analytics	Genome data
[61]This paper bunches the prior examinations on the Floating Catchment Area theories, a transcendent class of methodologies that contain healthcare accessibility, and presents a structure that conceptualizes receptiveness figuring.	Big data analytics	Geographic Information Data
[62]This paper proposed a model that uses keen home big data as methods for learning and investigating human action designs for healthcare applications.	Big Data, Association Rule Mining,	The dataset utilized in this study is a collection of smart meters data from five houses in the UK
[63]The intention of this paper is application-oriented architecture for big data systems, which is based on a study of published big data architectures for specific	Big data, Machine Learning algorithms	-

use cases. This paper also provides an overview of the state-of-the-art machine learning algorithms for processing big data in healthcare and other applications.		
[64]This work aims at developing a real-time remote health status prediction system built around open source Big Data processing engine, the Apache Spark, deployed in the cloud which focuses on applying machine learning model on streaming Big Data.	Big data machine learning	Heart disease dataset
[65]This paper characterized the traits of disseminated data networks and frameworks the data and scientific foundation expected to fabricate and keep up a fruitful network□	Machine Learning algorithm, Big Data	Electronic Health Records
[66]This examination will give researchers in the healthcare informatics network with □ all-encompassing learning of healthcare big data inquire about and also look into hotspots and future research bearings□	Data Mining, Machine Learning, Big Data	Clinical dataset
[67]The most recent decade has seen a remarkable increment in the volume and variety of electronic data identified with innovative work, wellbeing records, and patient self-following by and large alluded to as Big Data□	Big data analytics	-

V. RESEARCH ANALYZATION

It is additionally essential to understand that in the present world a patient's restorative information does not only one live inside the breaking points of a healthcare supplier. The medicinal protection scope and pharmaceuticals enterprises additionally hold data about particular cases and the highlights of endorsed medicates individually. Regularly, patient-produced information from IoT techniques, for example, wellness trackers, blood pressure screens, and measuring scales are likewise giving basic data about the everyday way of life attributes of a person. Bits of knowledge got from such information created by the connecting among EMR

information, lab information, essential information, prescription data, manifestations and their total.□

VI. CONCLUSION

Nowadays healthcare industries are running from a volume-based business into value-based business, which needs overwork from doctors and nurses to be extra productive and effective. This will increase healthcare practice, changing unique lifestyle and driving them into longer life, prevent diseases, infections and illnesses. Through this survey on various research articles, a new framework will be revealed for the predicting the severity of the disease by using Machine Learning techniques, Big Data analytics, and Data Science.□

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