

Smith Chart - Application

❖ Show the locations of the following impedances:

$$\bar{Z}_A = (1.0 + j0.0)$$

$$\bar{Z}_B = (1.0 + j1.0)$$

$$\bar{Z}_C = (\infty + j0.0) \quad o.c$$

$$\bar{Z}_D = (0.0 + j0.0) \quad s.c$$

$$\bar{Z}_E = (1.0 - j1.0)$$

❖ Show the locations of the following admittance:

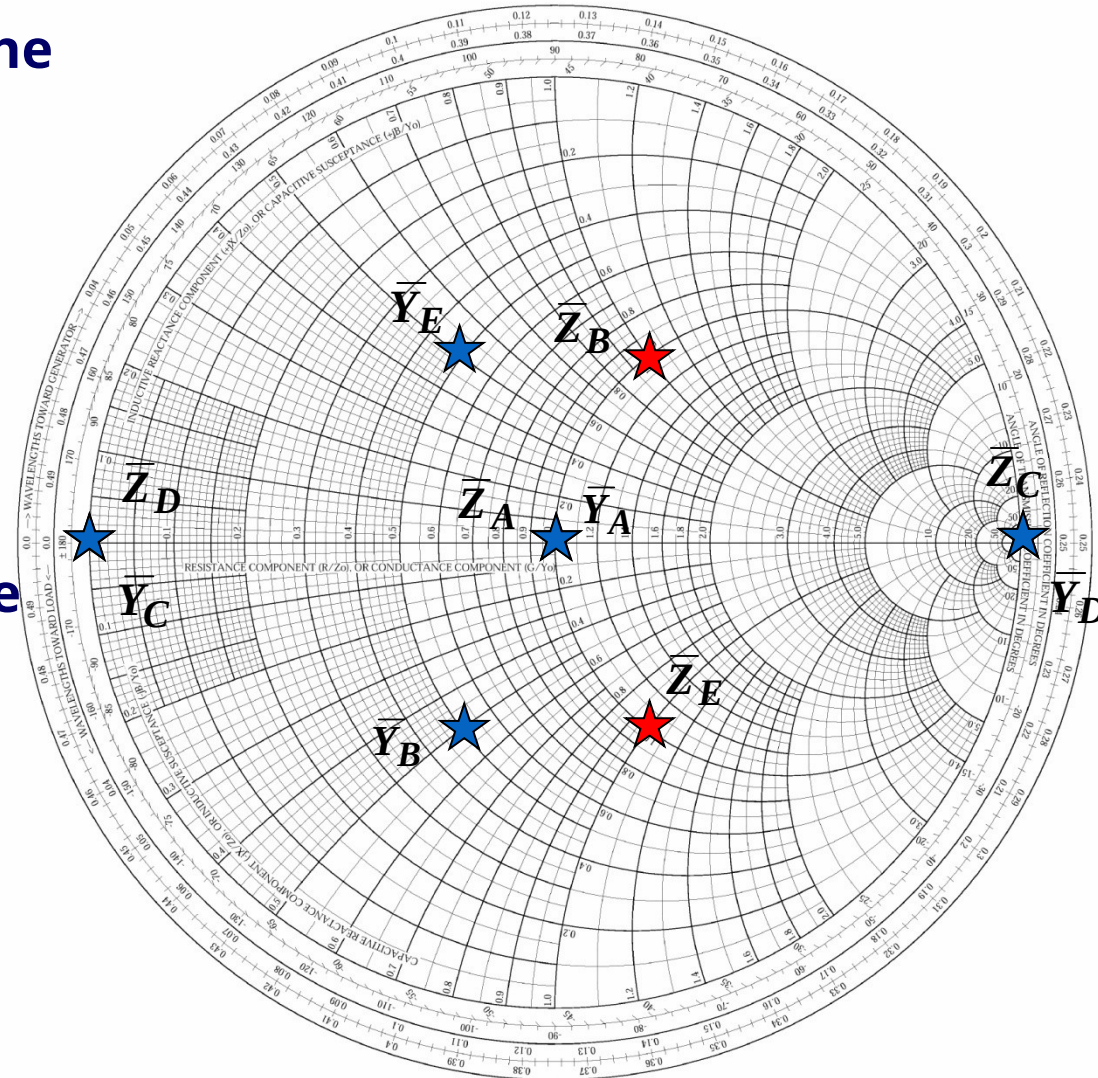
$$\bar{Y}_A = (1.0 + j0.0)$$

$$\bar{Y}_B = (0.5 - j0.5)$$

$$\bar{Y}_C = (0.0 + j0.0) \quad o.c$$

$$\bar{Y}_D = (\infty + j0.0) \quad s.c$$

$$\bar{Y}_E = (0.5 + j0.5)$$

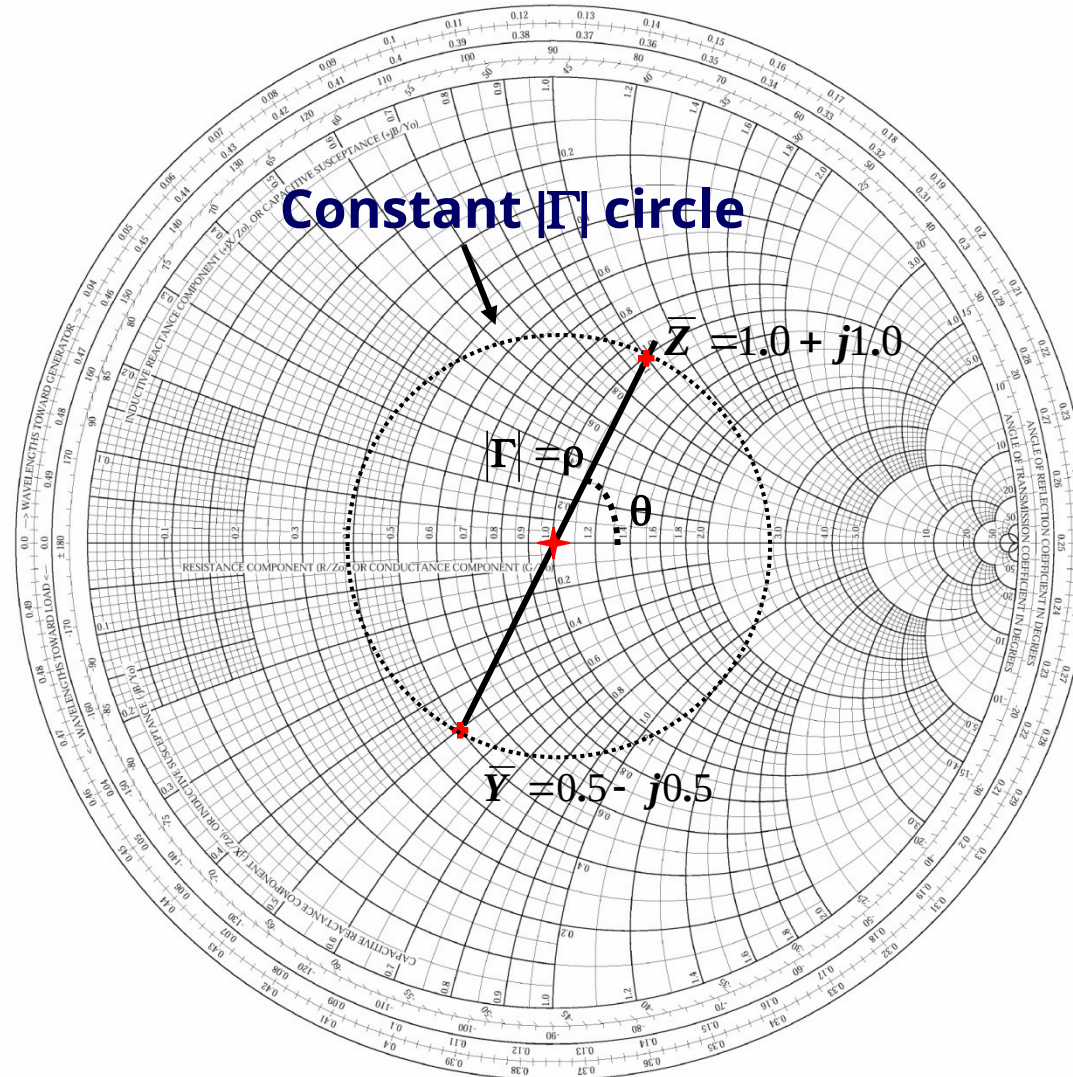


Smith Chart - Applications

❖ Find the admittance from a given impedance, or vice versa:

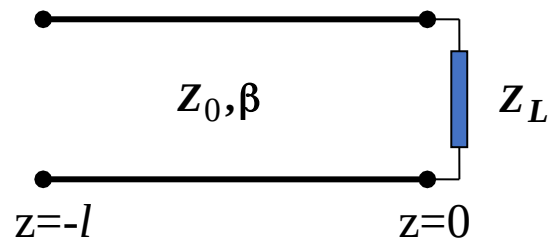
$$\bar{Z} = \frac{1}{\bar{Y}}$$

$$\bar{Y} = \frac{1}{\bar{Z}}$$



Smith Chart - Applications

❖ Find the input impedance of a TL terminated in a load impedance Z_L .

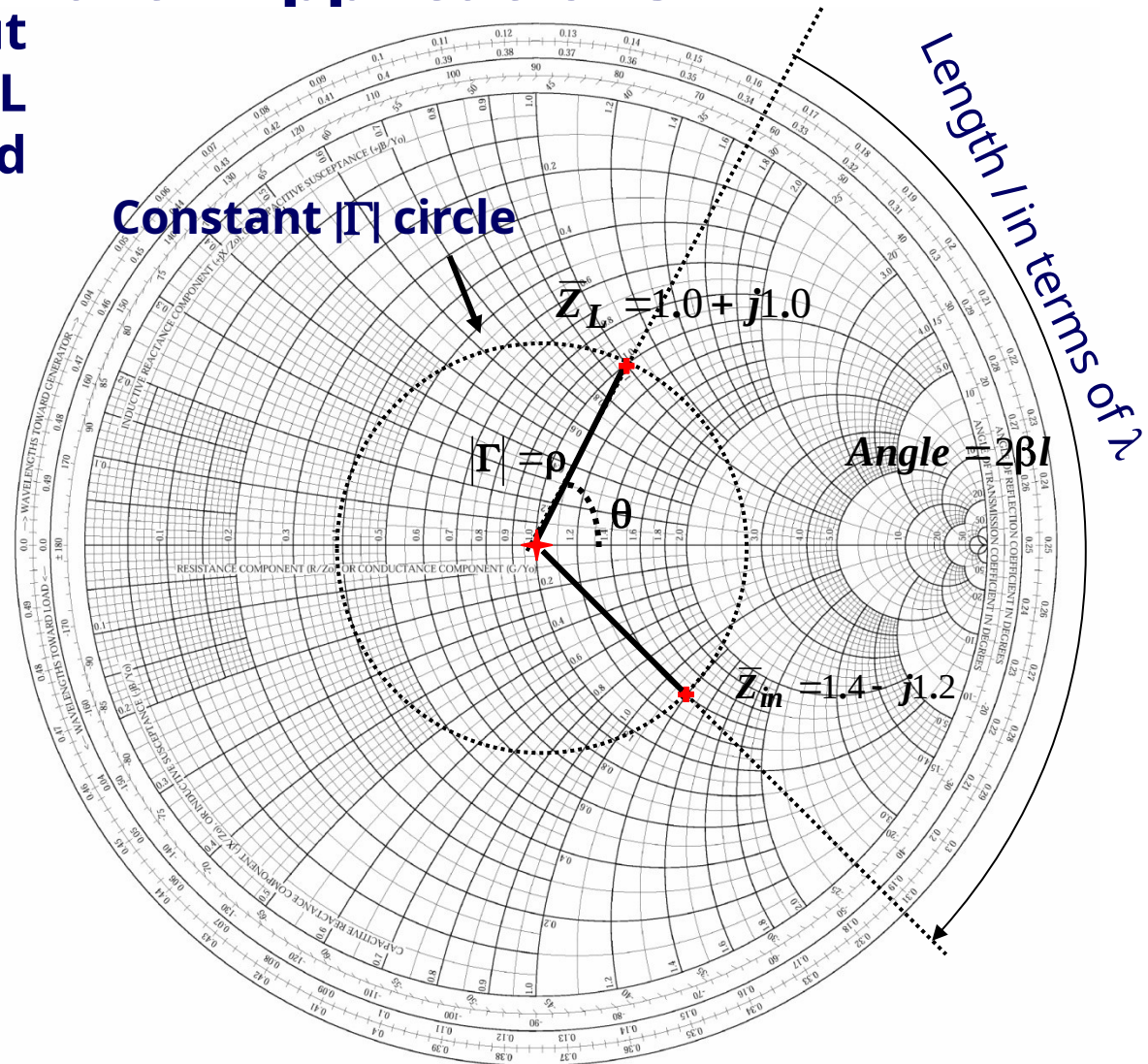


$$\bar{Z}_L = 1.0 + j1.0$$

$$l = 0.148\lambda$$

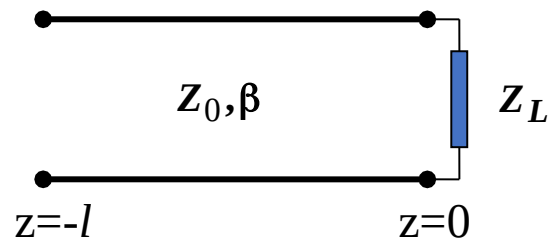
$$\bar{Z}_{in} = \frac{1 + \Gamma_{in}}{1 - \Gamma_{in}} = \frac{1 + \Gamma_L e^{-j2\beta l}}{1 - \Gamma_L e^{-j2\beta l}}$$

$$\bar{Z}_{in} = \frac{1 + \rho e^{j(\theta - 2\beta l)}}{1 - \rho e^{j(\theta - 2\beta l)}}$$



Smith Chart - Applications

❖ Find the SWR, voltage maxima and minima.

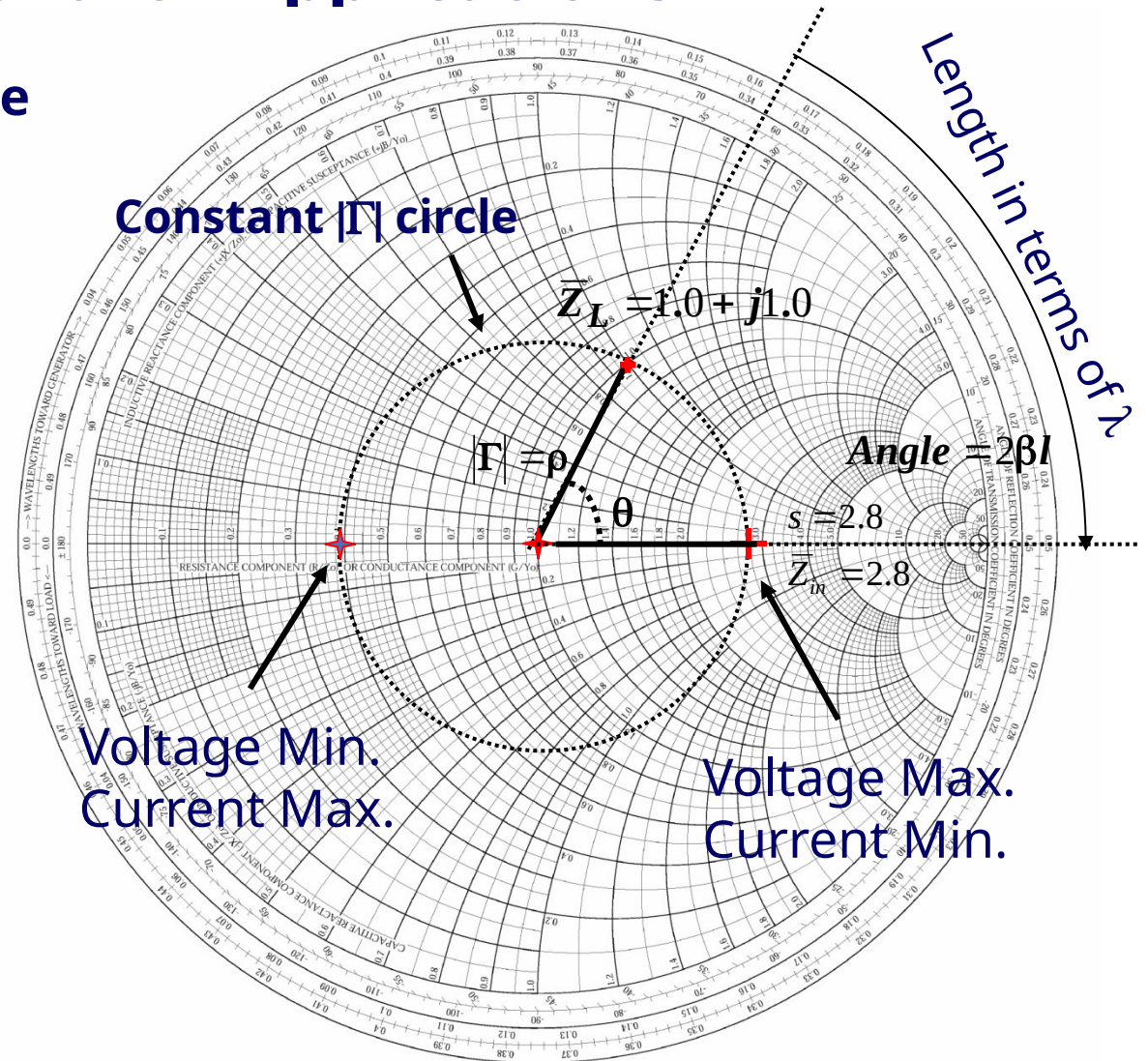


$$\bar{Z}_L = 1.0 + j1.0$$

$$l = 0.148\lambda$$

$$VSWR = s = \frac{1 + |\Gamma|}{1 - |\Gamma|}$$

Voltage Max.
Current Min.



Smith Chart - Applications

Example: A 5.2 cm long, lossless $100\ \Omega$ line is terminated in a load impedance $Z_L = 30 + j50\ \Omega$.

a) Calculate $|\Gamma_L|$, ϕ_L , and VSWR:

$$\bar{Z}_L = \frac{30 + j50}{100} = 0.3 + j0.5$$

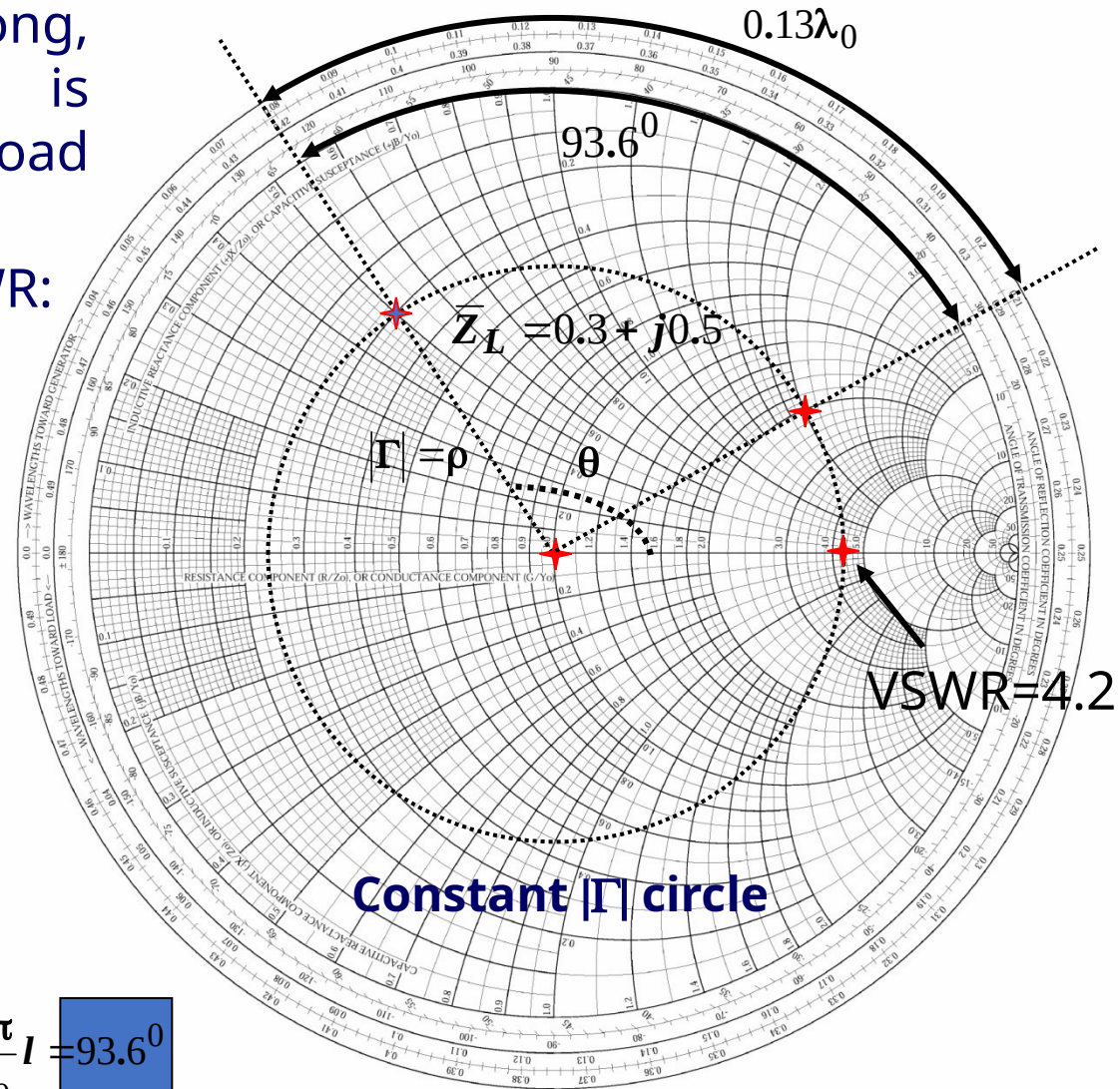
$$\Gamma_L = \frac{\bar{Z}_L - 1}{\bar{Z}_L + 1} = 0.62 \angle 123.5^\circ$$

$$VSWR = \frac{1 + 0.62}{1 - 0.62} = 4.2$$

b) Determine the impedance at the input for the frequency of 750 MHz and $\lambda = \lambda_0$:

$$\lambda_0 = \frac{c}{f} = \frac{3.0 \times 10^{10} \text{ cm/s}}{750 \times 10^6 / \text{s}} = 40 \text{ cm}$$

$$l = 5.2 \text{ cm} = \frac{5.2}{40} \lambda_0 = 0.13 \lambda_0 \Rightarrow 2\beta l = 2 \frac{2\pi}{\lambda_0} l = 93.6^\circ$$



Smith Chart - Applications

1. Locate Z_{in} on the S.C.;
2. Draw the constant $|\Gamma|$ circle;
3. Starting from Z_{in} move toward load by 0.1λ on constant $|\Gamma|$ circle;

$$\bar{Z}_L = 0.6 - j0.4$$

$$Z_L = \bar{Z}_L \times 50\Omega = (30 - j20)\Omega$$

