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jupyter Final Assignment Last Checkpoint: 10 hours ago

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Open in... Python 3 (ipykernel)

Question 2: Use Webscraping to Extract Tesla Revenue Data

Use the `requests` library to download the webpage <https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/revenue.htm>. Save the text of the response as a variable named `html_data`.

```
[9]: import requests

# URL of the revenue webpage
url = "https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/revenue.htm"

# Download the webpage using requests
response = requests.get(url)

# Save the text of the response as html_data
html_data = response.text
```

Parse the html data using `beautiful_soup` using parser i.e. `html5lib` or `html.parser`.

```
[10]: from bs4 import BeautifulSoup

# Parse the HTML data with BeautifulSoup using html.parser
soup = BeautifulSoup(html_data, "html.parser")
```

Using `BeautifulSoup` or the `read_html` function extract the table with `Tesla Revenue` and store it into a dataframe named `tesla_revenue`. The dataframe should have columns `Date` and `Revenue`.

- ▶ Step-by-step instructions
- ▶ Click here if you need help locating the table

```
[11]: import pandas as pd
```

```

for row in table.find_all("tr"):
    cols = row.find_all("td")
    if len(cols) == 2:
        date = cols[0].text.strip()
        revenue = cols[1].text.strip()
        tesla_revenue = pd.concat(
            [tesla_revenue, pd.DataFrame({"Date": [date], "Revenue": [revenue]})],
            ignore_index=True
        )

```

Execute the following line to remove the comma and dollar sign from the `Revenue` column.

```
[12]: tesla_revenue["Revenue"] = tesla_revenue['Revenue'].str.replace(',|\$', "", regex=True)
```

Execute the following lines to remove an null or empty strings in the Revenue column.

```

*[13]: tesla_revenue.dropna(inplace=True)
tesla_revenue = tesla_revenue[tesla_revenue['Revenue'] != ""]

```

Display the last 5 row of the `tesla_revenue` dataframe using the `tail` function. Take a screenshot of the results.

```
*[14]: tesla_revenue.tail()
```

```
[14]:
```

	Date	Revenue
48	2010-09-30	31
49	2010-06-30	28
50	2010-03-31	21
52	2009-09-30	45
53	2009-06-30	27