

Linux Programming for Robotics

Open Terminal: alt+ ctrl + t

Close Terminal ctrl+ d

Linux File System:

- How to navigate through a Linux file system
- How to interact with a Linux files system
- How to edit files using Shell (gedit editor)
- Manage access to files (permissions)
- Create simple Linux programs (Bash Scripts)
- Manage execution of Linux programs (processes)
- How to connect to the remote computer of a robot (ssh)
- Perception with ROS

Source: \url{https://www.hostinger.in/tutorials/linux-commands}

`pwd`

`pwd` command to find out the path of the current working directory (folder) you're in.

`cd`

`cd` command is used to navigate through the Linux files and directories. It requires either the full path or the name of the directory.

`cd ..` (with space and two dots) to move one directory up

`cd ~` (with tilde) to go straight to the home folder

`cd-` (with a hyphen) to move to your previous directory

`ls`

`ls` command is used to view the contents of a directory. By default, this command will display the contents of your current working directory.

`ls -R` will list all the files in the sub-directories as well

`ls -a` will show the hidden files

`ls -al` will list the files and directories with detailed information like the permissions, size, owner, etc.

`cat`

`cat` command is used to display the contents of a file on the standard on screen.

`cat > filename` creates a new file

`cat filename1 filename2>filename3` joins two files (1 and 2) and stores the output of them in a new file (3)

`cp`

`cp <file/folder we want to copy> <name of the new file/folder>`

`cp -r my_scripts/ my_scripts_copy/`

`cp --help`

`cp` command to copy files from the current directory to a different directory.

`mv` command

`mv` command is used to move files and rename files.

To rename files, the Linux command is `mv oldname.ext newname.ext`

`mv <file/folder we want to move> <destination>`

`mkdir`

`mkdir` command is used to make a new directory

There are extra `mkdir` commands as well:

`mkdir dirName`

use the `p` (parents) option to create a directory in between two existing directories. For example,

`mkdir -p Music/2020/Newfile` will create the new “2020” file.

`rmdir`

`rmdir` command is used to delete a directory. However, `rmdir` only allows you to delete empty directories.

`rm`

`rm` command is used to delete directories and the contents within them. If you only want to delete the directory — as an alternative to `rmdir` — use `rm -r`.

`touch`

`touch` command allows you to create a blank new file through the Linux command line.

Example: `touch /home/newfile.txt`

`locate`

locate command is used to locate a file, just like the search command in Windows. Use -i for case insensitive.

locate -i word1*word2 to search for a file that contains two or more words.

find

find is used to search for files and directories. The difference is, you use the find command to locate files within a given directory.

As an example, find /home/ -name notes.txt command will search for a file called notes.txt within the home directory and its sub directories.

Other variations when using the find are:

To find files in the current directory use, find . -name notes.txt

To look for directories use, V -type d -name notes.txt

grep

grep is used to search through all the text in each file.

To illustrate, grep blue notepad.txt will search for the word blue in the notepad file. Lines that contain the searched word will be displayed fully.

sudo

Short for “SuperUser Do”, sudo command is used to perform tasks that require administrative or root permissions.

df

df command to get a report on the system's disk space usage, shown in percentage and kilo bytes. If you want to see the report in megabytes, type df -m.

du

du (Disk Usage) command is to check how much space a file or a directory takes. However, the disk usage summary will show disk block numbers instead of the usual size format. If you want to see it in bytes, kilobytes, and megabytes, add the -h argument to the command line.

head

head command is used to view the first lines of any text file. By default, it will show the first ten lines, but you can change this number to your liking. For example, if you only want to show the first five lines, type head -n 5 filename.ext.

tail

tail command will display the last ten lines of a text file. For example, tail -n filename.ext

diff

diff command compares the contents of two files line by line. After analyzing the files, it will output the lines that do not match. Programmers often use this command when they need to make program alterations instead of rewriting the entire source code.

The simplest form of this command is diff file1.ext file2.ext

tar

tar command is used to archive multiple files into zip format, with compression being optional.

chmod

chmod is used to change the read, write, and execute permissions of files and directories.

chmod octal file – change the permissions of file to octal, which can be found separately for user, group, and world by adding:

4 – read (r)

2 – write (w)

1 – execute (x)

Examples:

chmod 777 – read, write, execute for all

chmod 755 – rwx for owner, rx for group and world

chmod +x read.py give permission to file read.py for execution.

chown

chown command enables you to change or transfer the ownership of a file to the specified username. For instance, chown linuxuser2 file.ext will make linuxuser2 as the owner of the file.ext.

jobs

jobs command will display all current jobs along with their statuses. A job is basically a process that is started by the shell.

kill

kill is used to terminate unresponsive program. It will send a certain signal to the misbehaving app and instructs the app to terminate itself.

SIGTERM (15) — requests a program to stop running and gives it some time to save all of its progress. If you don't specify the signal when entering the kill command, this signal will be used.

SIGKILL (9) — forces programs to stop immediately. Unsaved progress will be lost.

Besides knowing the signals, you also need to know the process identification number (PID) of the program you want to kill. If you don't know the PID, simply run the command ps ux.

After knowing what signal you want to use and the PID of the program, enter the following syntax:
kill [signal option] PID.

ping

ping command is used to check your connectivity status to a server. For example, by simply entering ping google.com, the command will check whether you're able to connect to Google and also measure the response time.

wget

wget command line is used to download files from the internet. Simply type wget followed by the download link.

uname

uname command, short for Unix Name, will print detailed information about your Linux system like the machine name, operating system, kernel, and so on.

top

top is equivalent to Task Manager in Windows, the top command will display a list of running processes and how much CPU each process uses. It's very useful to monitor system resource usage, especially knowing which process needs to be terminated because it consumes too many resources.

history

When you have been using Linux for a certain period of time, you will quickly notice that you can run hundreds of commands every day. As such, running history command is particularly useful if you want to review the commands you have entered before.

man

man gives the detail of manual instruction of the command. Example man tail will show the manual instruction of the tail command.

echo

echo command is used to move some data into a file. For example, if you want to add the text, "Hello, my name is John" into a file called name.txt, you would type echo Hello, my name is John >> name.txt

zip, unzip

Use the zip command to compress your files into a zip archive, and use the unzip command to extract the zipped files from a zip archive.

hostname

If you want to know the name of your host/network simply type hostname. Adding a -i to the end will display the IP address of your network.

useradd, userdel

Since Linux is a multi-user system, this means more than one person can interact with the same system at the same time. useradd is used to create a new user, while passwd is adding a password to that user's account. To add a new person named John type, useradd John and then to add his password type, passwd 123456789.

To remove a user is very similar to adding a new user. To delete the users account type, userdel UserName

Use the clear command to clean out the terminal if it is getting cluttered with too many past commands.

Try the TAB button to autofill what you are typing.

Ctrl+C and Ctrl+Z are used to stop any command that is currently working.

Ctrl+C will stop and terminate the command, while Ctrl+Z will simply pause the command.

If you accidental freeze your terminal by using Ctrl+S, simply undo this with the unfreeze Ctrl+Q.

Ctrl+A moves you to the beginning of the line while Ctrl+E moves you to the end.

You can run multiple commands in one single command by using the ";" to separate them. For example Command1; Command2; Command3. Or use if you only want the next command to run when the first one is successful.

Tab Completion

```
$ls -l Do
$clear
ctrl + a -beginning of the line
ctrl + e -End of the line
ctrl + ←
ctrl + →
ctrl + u - delete cursor to start
ctrl + k - delete cursor to end
ctrl + shift + c - copy to clipboard
ctrl + shift + v - copy from clipboard
ctrl + r - search command history
ctrl + c - cancel the command
uparrow - previous command
downarrow - next command
```

Type and note down the operations

```
$ ls  
$ ls -l  
long list for more details  
$ ls -lh  
{command}[options][argument]  
$ls -lah /opt  
$ls -a - list all  
$ls -F list.txt  
$man ls  
$ls --help  
$ls -l --human-readable  
q to quit
```

apropos list - lists all those commands

```
$file myfile.txt - determines file type  
$stat myfile.txt - display ownership  
$cd Document/  
$pwd - print working directory  
$cd .. - previous directory  
$cd ~ - goes to home folder
```

```
$echo Hello  
$echo "Hello"  
$cal  
$cal 2017  
$cal 12 2017  
$cal -A 1 12 2021 - after one month  
$cal -B 1 12 2021 - before one month  
$cal -A 1 -B 1 12 2021 - after and before one month  
$cal -y  
$date  
$date -u - universal time  
$date --universal (long names preceded by --)  
$history  
$!1 - executes first command  
$!! - executes previous command  
$history -c; history -w clears history  
$exit  
$echo $PATH - gives the shell script path  
$which cal  
$which echo
```

```
$which which  
$cat 1>output.txt - deletes the data written before
```

```
standard input - keyboard- 0  
standard output - monitor - 1  
error - 2
```

```
$cat >>output.txt - appends to the data written before  
$cat 2>>error.txt - writes the error to error.txt  
$cat -k xyz 2>error.txt - writes the error to error.txt  
$cat input.txt  
"Hello World!"  
$cat 0<input.txt  
$cat <input.txt  
$cat <input.txt 1>output.txt  
$tty - gives dev/pts/l  
$date 1>date.txt  
$cat 0<date.txt --delimiter = " " --fields 1  
$date | cut --delimiter = " " --fields 1  
$date | cut --delimiter = " " --fields 1 > today.txt  
$date | cut >today.txt --delimiter = " " --fields 1  
$date | tee full.txt | cut --delimiter = " " --fields 1 > today.txt  
tee stores in the file full.txt also pipe helps to store data in today.txt  
$date | echo "hello"  
$date | xargs echo "hello"  
$date | cut --delimiter = " " --fields 1 > today.txt  
$date | cut --delimiter = " " --fields 1 | xargs echo
```

```
$rm file.txt  
$cat file.txt | xargs rm  
Aliases - nicknames for pipelines  
$cd \texttildelow  
$gedit .bash_aliases - shows hidden files
```

```
alias getdate = 'date | tee /home/asha/text.txt | cut --delimiter = " " --fields 1 |  
tee /home/asha/date.txt | xargs echo hello'  
save - close - open terminal  
$getdates
```

```
open .bashrc_aliases  
add the following lines  
alias calmagic = "cal -A 1 -B 1 2021 > /home/asha/thing.txt"  
save and close
```

ctrl+alt+t
\$echo 12 2017 | calmagic

wild cards *

ls *
ls D*
ls Do*
ls *.txt - all that ends with .txt
ls ?.txt - ? single letter.txt
ls ???.txt
ls file[1234567890].txt
ls file*.txt
ls file[0-9]/txt
ls file[A-Z].txt
ls file[0-9][0-9].txt
ls file[0-9][A-Z][a-z].txt
ls file[0-9ABC].txt
cd Desktop/
touch file.txt
touch ~/Documents/asha.txt
echo "Hello" > hello.txt
mkdir fodername
mkdir ~/Pictures/myPics
mkdir -p myFolder
cd ~/Desktop/
mkdir \{jan, feb, mar\}_\{2020, 2021\}
mkdir \{jan, feb, mar\}_\{2020 .. 2025\}
touch \{jan, feb, mar\}_\{2020 .. 2025\}/file\{1 .. 10\}.txt
ls \{jan, feb, mar\}_\{2020 .. 2025\}/file\{1 .. 10\} > output.txt
touch file\{A,B,C\}.txt
touch file\{A .. C\}.txt

Delete files and Folders

rm
rm asha.txt
rm Documents/asha.txt
touch file\{1 .. 3\}.txt
rm *.txt - removes all those ends with .txt
rm file*
rm *2*
rm *.jpg
rm *[2,3]*
rm -r folderName

```
mkdir -p folder/file\{1,2,3\}
touch folder/file\{1,2,3\}/file\{1,2,3\}.txt
rm -r folder
rm -ri folder
```

Copy files and Folders

```
cp file1.txt file2.txt
rm file*
. - this folder
.. - previous folder
```

Rename files and folders

```
cd Desktop/
mv oldfile.txt newfile.txt
mv oldfolder newfolder
mv file* newfolder
mv newfolder/ ~ /Documents/
```

```
sudo apt install mlocate
locate *.conf
locate *.CONF
locate -i *.CONF
locate -i --limit 3 *.CONF
locate -S
locate -S >~/Desktop/data.txt
locate -i --limit 3 *.CONF>~/Desktop/list.txt
locate -e .com
locate -e .conf
locate --existing .conf
locate --follow .conf
locate --follow *.conf
locate --existing --follow -i --limit 5 *.conf
touch findme.txt
locate findme.txt
updatedb
man updatedb
sudo updatedb
locate findme.txt
cd ..
locate findme.txt
```

```
cd Desktop/
locate -S
locate -S > data_after.txt
locate --existing --follow findme.txt
find
find /home
find /etc
find /home/asha
cd Desktop/
mkdir asha.txt
mkdir asha
cd asha
touch asha.txt
cd ..
cd asha2
mkdir asha2
cd asha2
find
cd ..
find
cd ~/Documents/
mkdir level1
cd level1/
mkdir level2
cd level2
mkdir level3
cd level3
touch level.txt
cd ~/Documents/
find
find . -maxdepth 1
find . -maxdepth 2
find . -maxdepth 3
find . -maxdepth 4
find .
find . -type f
find . -type d
find . -type d -maxdepth 1
find . -maxdepth 1 -type d
find . -maxdepth 1 -type f
find . -name "5.txt"
find . -name "level3.txt"
find . -name "level4.txt"
find . -name "*.txt"
```

```
find . --maxdepth 3 -name "*.txt"
find . -maxdepth 3 -name "*.txt"
find . -maxdepth 2 -name "*.txt"
find . -maxdepth 2 -name "??.txt"
find . -maxdepth 2 -iname "*.*"
find /-type f -size +1000k
find /-type f -size +100k
find / -type f -size +100k
find / -type f -size +1000k
sudo find / -type f -size +1000k
sudo find / -type f -size +1000k |wc -l
sudo find / -type f -size +1000k | wc -l
sudo find / -type f -size +100k | wc -l
find / -type f -size +100k | wc -l
find / -type f -size +100k -size -5M
find / -type f -size -100k -size +5M
find / -type f -size -100k -o -size +5M
find / -type f -size -100k -o -size +5M | wc -l
cd Desktop/
mkdir copy
sudo find / -type f -size +100k ssize -5M
sudo find / -type f -size +100k size -5M
sudo find / -type f -size +100k -size -5M
sudo find / -type f -size +100k -size -5M |wc -l
sudo find / -type f -size +100k -size -5M | wc -l
sudo find / -type f -size +100k -size -5M -exec cp WHT WHERE
sudo find / -type f -size +100k -size -5M -exec cp {} ~/Desktop/copy
sudo find / -type f -size +100k -size -5M -exec cp {} ~/Desktop/copy \;
sudo find / -maxdepth 3 -type f -size +100k -size -5M -exec cp {}
~/Desktop/copy \;
cd copy/
ls
cd ..
sudo find / -maxdepth 3 -type f -size +100k -size -5M -ok cp {}
~/Desktop/copy \;
touch haystack/folder{1..500}/files{1..500}.txt
touch haystack/folder{1..500}/files{1..500}.txt
touch haystack/folder${shuf -i 1-500 -n 1}/needle.txt
find haystack/ -type f -name "needle.txt"
find haystack/ -type f -name "needle.txt" -exec mv {} ~/Desktop \;
```

```
echo "Hello" >file1.txt
echo "there" >file2.txt
```

```
echo "Welcome" >file3.txt
cat file1.txt file2.txt file3.txt
cat file1.txt file2.txt file3.txt > file.txt
cat file.txt
cat file[1-3].txt > file.txt
ls
echo "abc" >>new.txt
echo "def" >>new.txt
cat new.txt
tac new.txt
cat file[1-3].txt | tac
cat file[1-3].txt | tac > reverse.txt
cat file[1-3].txt | rev
cat file[1-3].txt | rev | tac
cat file.txt | head
head file.txt | head -n 2
find | head -n 5
find | head -n 5 | tac
cat /etc/cups/cups-browsed.conf
cat /etc/cups/cups-browsed.conf | wc -l
head -n 20 /etc/cups/cups-browsed.conf | wc -l
head -n 20 /etc/cups/cups-browsed.conf
head -n 20 | cat /etc/cups/cups-browsed.conf
head file.txt | tail -n 2
tail -n 20 cat /etc/cups/cups-browsed.conf | wc -l
tail -n 20 /etc/cups/cups-browsed.conf | wc -l
tail -n 20 /etc/cups/cups-browsed.conf
head -n 1 file.txt | tail -n 1
find | tail -n 3
find | tail -n 3 > export.txt
cat export.txt
```

```
echo "asha" >> file.txt
echo "vihan" >> file.txt
echo "laxmi" >> file.txt
sort file.txt > sorted.txt
cat sorted.txt
sort file.txt | tac rev_sorted.txt
sort file.txt | tac > rev_sorted.txt
cat rev_sorted.txt
sort -r file.txt | less (sort the text)
sort -r numbers.txt | less (wrong output )
```

```
sort -n numbers.txt | less (n- number)
sort -nr numbers.txt | less (nr- number and reverse)
sort number.txt
sort -u number.txt | less (u- unique_
ls -l /etc/
ls -l /etc | head -n 20
ls -l /etc | head -n 20 | sort -k 5n
ls -l /etc | head -n 20 | sort -k 5nr (n number)
ls -l /etc | head -n 20 | sort -k 6hr (h human readable)
ls -l /etc | head -n 20 | sort -k 5hr
ls -lh /etc | head -n 20 | sort -k 5hr
ls -lh /etc | head -n 20 | sort -k 6M (M-month)
ls -lh /etc | head -n 20 | sort -k 6Mr (Mr-Month reverse)
ls -lh /etc | head -n 20 | sort -k 7r
ls -lh /etc | head -n 20 | sort -k 7nr
ls -lh /etc | head -n 20 | sort -k 2n
ls -lh /etc | head -n 20 | sort -k 2nr
```

```
echo "hello world" > file.txt
cat file.txt
grep e file.txt (search e)
grep -c e file.txt
wc -l file.txt
grep -i hello file.txt (i case insensitive)
grep -i a file.txt
grep -ic a file.txt
grep -i "hello world" file.txt
grep -iv a file.txt (v search without a)
grep -iv o file.txt
grep -iv h file.txt
grep -cv h file.txt
cat file.txt
grep -i "e" file1.txt file.txt
grep -ci "e" file1.txt file.txt
mkdir file
mv hello.txt hello
mv file.txt file
ls file/ | grep file.txt
ls -F
ls -F /etc | grep -v
ls -F /etc | grep -v / >files.txt
ls -F /etc | grep -v / sort -r > files.txt
```

```
ls -F /etc
ls -F /etc | grep magic
ls -F /etc | grep -v magic
ls -F /etc | grep -v magic >files.txt
ls -F /etc | grep -v magic| sort -r >files.txt
ls -F /etc | grep -v/ | sort -r >files.txt
ls -F /etc | grep -v / | sort -r >files.txt
ls -F /etc | grep -v /
man -k print | grep files
```

Archive and Compressing

```
ls
ls -lh
tar -cvf archive.tar file1.txt files.txt (c for create)
ls
ls -l | grep .tar
file archive.tar
mv archive.tar new.odt
file new.odt
mv new.odt new.tar
ls
tar -tf new.tar
rm file?.txt
ls
tar -xvf new.tar (x for extract)
ls
gzip new.tar
ls
ls -lh
gunzip new.tar.gz
ls
ls -lh
bzip2 new.tar
ls
ls -lh
bunzip2 new.tar.bz2
ls
zip other.zip file1.txt files.txt
ls
unzip other.zip
rm other.zip new.tar
```

```
ls  
tar -cvf new.tar *.txt  
ls  
tar -cvzf new.tar.gz *.txt  
ls  
file new.tar.gz  
tar -cvjf new.tar.bz2 *.txt  
ls  
rm *.txt | tar -xvf new.tar  
rm *.txt  
ls  
tar -xvzf new.tar.gz  
tar -xvjf new.tar.bz2
```

Introduction to Editors

Bash Scripting

```
nano our_script.sh  
file our_script.sh  
nano our_script.sh  
which bash  
nano our_script.sh  
  
#!/bin/bash  
  
echo "Welcome to bash scripting!!"  
  
mkdir ~/Desktop/files  
cd ~/Desktop/files  
touch file{1..100}.txt  
ls -lh ~/Desktop/files > ~/Desktop/file.log  
  
file our_script.sh  
nano our_script.sh  
which python3  
nano our_script.sh  
bash our_script.sh  
nano our_script.sh  
  
nano backup.sh  
which bash  
nano backup.sh
```

```
#!/bin/bash
tar -cvzf backup.tar.gz ~/Pictures} 2>/dev/null

cd ~
mkdir bin
mv ~/Desktop/backup.sh /bin
mv ~/Desktop/backup.sh ~/bin/
cd ~/bin/
ls
chmod +x backup.sh
nano backup.sh
ls
bash backup.sh
ls
cd ..
nano .bashrc
echo $PATH
backup
nano .bashrc
Add the following line at the end
PATH="$PATH:$HOME/bin"

crontab -e

# 20 11 1 1(JUN) 0(SUN)
* * * * * echo "Hello World" >> ~/Desktop/hello.txt

cd Desktop/
ls
cat hello.txt

crontab -e

# m h dom mon dow command
# 20 11 1 1(JUN) 0(SUN)
# * * * * * echo "Hello World" >> ~/Desktop/hello.txt

# 0,15,30,45 * * * * echo "Hello World" >> ~/Desktop/hello.txt

*/15 */3 * * echo "Hello World"
59 23 * JAN,DEC SUN echo "we can"
```

```
cd bin
nano backup.sh

#!/bin/bash

tar -cvzf ~/backup/backup.tar.gz ~/Desktop,Pictures,Videos} 2>/dev/null

date >> ~/backup/backup.log
```

```
ls backup/
backup
bash backup.sh
```

```
crontab -e

# */15 * * * * echo "Hello World"
# 59 23 * JAN,DEC SUN echo "we can"

* * * * * bash ~/bin/backup.sh
```

```
cat backup.log
uname -o
www.GNU.org
```

Download, install, compile from GNU.org

<https://ftp.gnu.org/gnu/coreutils/>

```
cd /Documents
cd ~/Documents
ls
file coreutils-9.0.tar.xz
tar -xJf coreutils-9.0.tar.xz
ls
cd coreutils-9.0/
ls
cd src
ls
nano ls.c
```

```
add after main() {
```

```
printf("Hello\n");
ls | less
sudo apt-get install gcc
cd ..
bash configure
ls
sudo apt-get install make
ls
make
sudo make install

reverting back
cd ~/Documents/coreutils-9.0/src
nano ls.c
cd ..
make && sudo make install
www.ubuntu.com
lsb_release -a
uname -m
https://packages.ubuntu.com/focal/
apt-cache search docx
apt-cache search docx | grep text
apt-cache show docx2txt
apt-cache search "web server" | less
apt-cache show apache2
apt-cache search textt
apt-cache show apache2
cd /var/lib/apt/lists
ls
ls | less
ls | less -N
cd ~
apt-cache show gcc
cd /var/lib/apt/lists/
ls | less -N
nano archive.ubuntu.com_ubuntu_dists_focal_main_binary-
amd64_Packages
```

Visual Studio

Open terminal
Install Visual Studio using the command
\$sudo snap install --classic code

Refer \url{https://linuxhint.com/install_use_vs_code_ubuntu/} for more details.

Install extensions

1. Python
2. XML
3. Terminal

Python Programming for Robotics

>>python

or

>>python3

```
print("Hello")
print(4)
```

```
and del from None True
as elif global nonlocal try
assert else if not while
break except import or with
class False in pass yield
continue finally is raise async
def for lambda return await
```

| | | |
|---|----------------|--------------|
| + | Addition | $1 + 1 = 2$ |
| - | Subtraction | $2 - 1 = 1$ |
| * | Multiplication | $2 * 2 = 4$ |
| / | Division | $5 / 2 = 2$ |
| % | Modulus | $5 \% 2 = 1$ |

| | | |
|----|----------|--------------|
| = | $x = 5$ | $x = 5$ |
| += | $x += 3$ | $x = x + 3$ |
| -= | $x -= 3$ | $x = x - 3$ |
| *= | $x *= 3$ | $x = x * 3$ |
| /= | $x /= 3$ | $x = x / 3$ |
| %= | $x %= 3$ | $x = x \% 3$ |

Expressions

An expression is a combination of values, variables, and operators. A value all by itself is considered an expression, and so is a variable, so the following are all legal expressions.

Order of operations

When more than one operator appears in an expression, the order of evaluation depends on the rules of precedence. For mathematical operators, Python follows mathematical convention. The acronym PEMDAS is a useful way to remember the rules: Parentheses, Exponentiation, Multiplication and Division.

Modulus operator

The modulus operator works on integers and yields the remainder when the first operand is divided by the second. In Python, the modulus operator is a percent sign (%).

String operations

The + operator works with strings, but it is not addition in the mathematical sense. Instead, it performs concatenation, which means joining the strings by linking them end to end.

Asking the user for input

Sometimes we would like to take the value for a variable from the user via their keyboard. Python provides a built-in function called `input` that gets input from the keyboard. When this function is called, the program stops and waits for the user to type something. When the user presses Return or Enter, the program resumes and `input` returns what the user typed as a string.

Comments

For this reason, it is a good idea to add notes to your programs to explain in natural language what the program is doing. These notes are called comments, and in Python they start with the # symbol.

Conditional execution

Boolean expressions

A Boolean expression is an expression that is either true or false. The following examples use the operator ==, which compares two operands and produces True if they are equal and False otherwise:

| | | |
|----|--------------------------|--------|
| == | Equal | 5 == 5 |
| != | Not Equal | 4 != 5 |
| > | Greater than | 5 > 4 |
| < | Less than | 4 < 5 |
| >= | Greater than or equal to | 5 >= 4 |
| <= | Less than or equal to | 4 <= 5 |

if loop

```
i=1
if i==1:
    print('first')
elif 4==4:
    print('second')
elif 3==3:
    print('middle')
else:
    print('last')
```

while loop

```
count = 0
while True:
    print(count)
    count += 1
    if count >= 5:
        break
print("ROS")
```

for loop

```
for x in range(5):
    print(x)
```

```
while (1):
    print('enter a digit')
    num=input()
    var=str(num)
    if (ord(var) in range (48,58)):
        break
print('you entered BCD')
```

```
for x in range(10):
    if x % 2 == 0:
        continue
    print(x)
```

Exception Handling in Python

```
print('num')
num=input()
print('den')
den=input()
try:
    res= int(num)/int(den)
except:
    print("den cannot be 0")
else:
    print(res)
```

Functions

Built-in functions

Python provides a number of important built-in functions that we can use without needing to provide the function definition. The creators of Python wrote a set of functions to solve common problems and included them in Python for us to use.

int
len
max
min
type
float
str

Math functions

```
import math
math.sin()
math.sqrt()
math.log10
```

Random numbers

```
import random
random.random()
```

```

random.randint()

def my_func(num):
    return num*2

seq=[2,3,4,5,6,7]
map(my_func,seq)
a= list(map(my_func,seq))
print(a)

main()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    # execute only if run as a script
    main()

```

Classes

```

class Number:
    def __init__(self, val):
        self.val = val

obj = Number(2)
obj.val

```

Practice the codes from following Libraries:

numpy
 matplotlib
 math
 random

Experiment 2: Introduction ROS2 Programming

Installation:

Step 1:

<https://docs.ros.org/en/foxy/Installation/Ubuntu-Install-Debians.html>

Step 2:

<https://docs.ros.org/en/foxy/Tutorials/Colcon-Tutorial.html>

Before creating your first node you need to:

- Create a ROS2 workspace and source it.
- Create a Python package.

ROS organizes the program using packages. A package contains Cpp, Python, setup, compilation, and parameters files. They are:

- package.xml file containing meta-information about the package
- setup.py containing instructions for how to install the package
- setup.cfg is required when a package has executable so that ros2 run can find them
- /<package_name> a directory with the same name as the package, used by ROS2 tools to find the package that contains __init__.py

When you want to create packages, you need to work in a particular ROS workspace known as **ROS workspace**. The ROS2 workspace is the directory in your hard disk where your **ROS2. packages reside to be usable by ROS2. Usually, the ROS2 workspace directory is called ros2_ws**

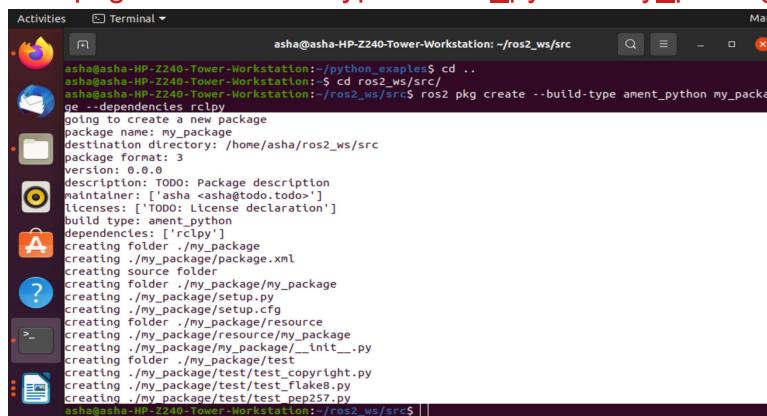
Execute in Terminal #1

mkdir -p ~/ros2_ws/src

Inside this workspace, there is a directory called **src**. This folder contains all the packages created. Every time you create a package, you have to be in the directory **ros2_ws/src**.

cd ~/ros2_ws/src

ros2 pkg create --build-type ament_python my_package --dependencies rclpy



The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "Terminal" with the command "ash@asha-HP-Z240-Tower-Workstation:~/ros2_ws/src\$". The user runs the command "ros2 pkg create --build-type ament_python my_package --dependencies rclpy". The terminal output shows the creation of the package structure:

```
ash@asha-HP-Z240-Tower-Workstation:~/ros2_ws/src$ cd ..
ash@asha-HP-Z240-Tower-Workstation:~$ cd ros2_ws/src/
ash@asha-HP-Z240-Tower-Workstation:~/ros2_ws/src$ ros2 pkg create --build-type ament_python my_package --dependencies rclpy
going to create a new package
package name: my_package
destination directory: /home/asha/ros2_ws/src
package format: 3
version: 0.0.0
description: TODO: Package description
maintainer: ['asha <asha@todo.todo>']
licenses: ['TODO: License declaration']
build type: ament_python
dependencies: ['rclpy']
creating folder ./my_package
creating ./my_package/package.xml
creating source folder
creating folder ./my_package/my_package
creating ./my_package/setup.py
creating ./my_package/setup.cfg
creating folder ./my_package/resource
creating ./my_package/resource/my_package
creating ./my_package/my_package/__init__.py
creating folder ./my_package/test
creating ./my_package/test/test_copyright.py
creating ./my_package/test/test_flake8.py
creating ./my_package/test/test_pep257.py
ash@asha-HP-Z240-Tower-Workstation:~/ros2_ws/src$
```

ros pkg create <package_name> --build-type ament_python my_package --dependencies <package_dependencies>

The **package_name** is the name of the package you want to create, and **package_dependencies** are the names of other ROS packages that your package depends on.

Execute in Terminal #1

```
gedit ~/.bashrc
```

```
source /opt/ros/foxy/setup.bash  
source ~/ros2_ws/install/setup.bash  
source /usr/share/colcon_argcomplete/hook/colcon-argcomplete.bash
```

Execute in Terminal #1

```
ros2 pkg list  
ros2 pkg list | grep my_package
```

ros2 pkg list: Gives you a list with all packages in your ROS system.

ros2 pkg list | grep my_package: Filters, from all of the packages located in the ROS system, the package is named my_package.

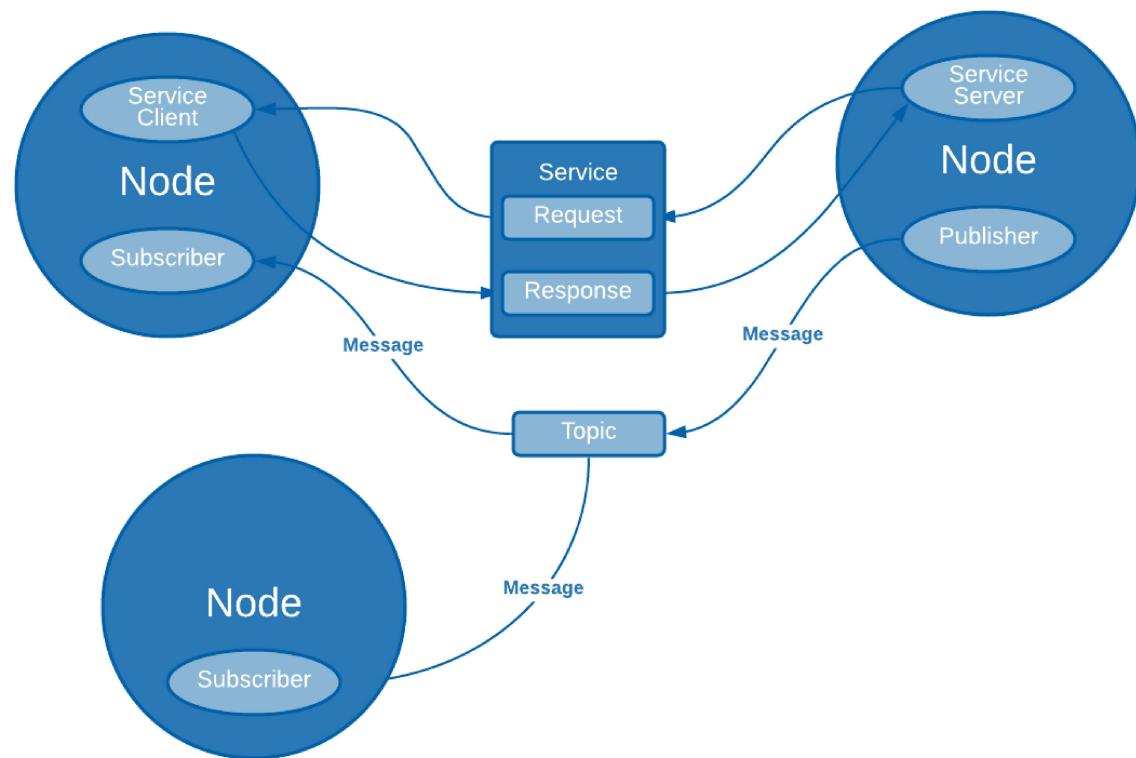
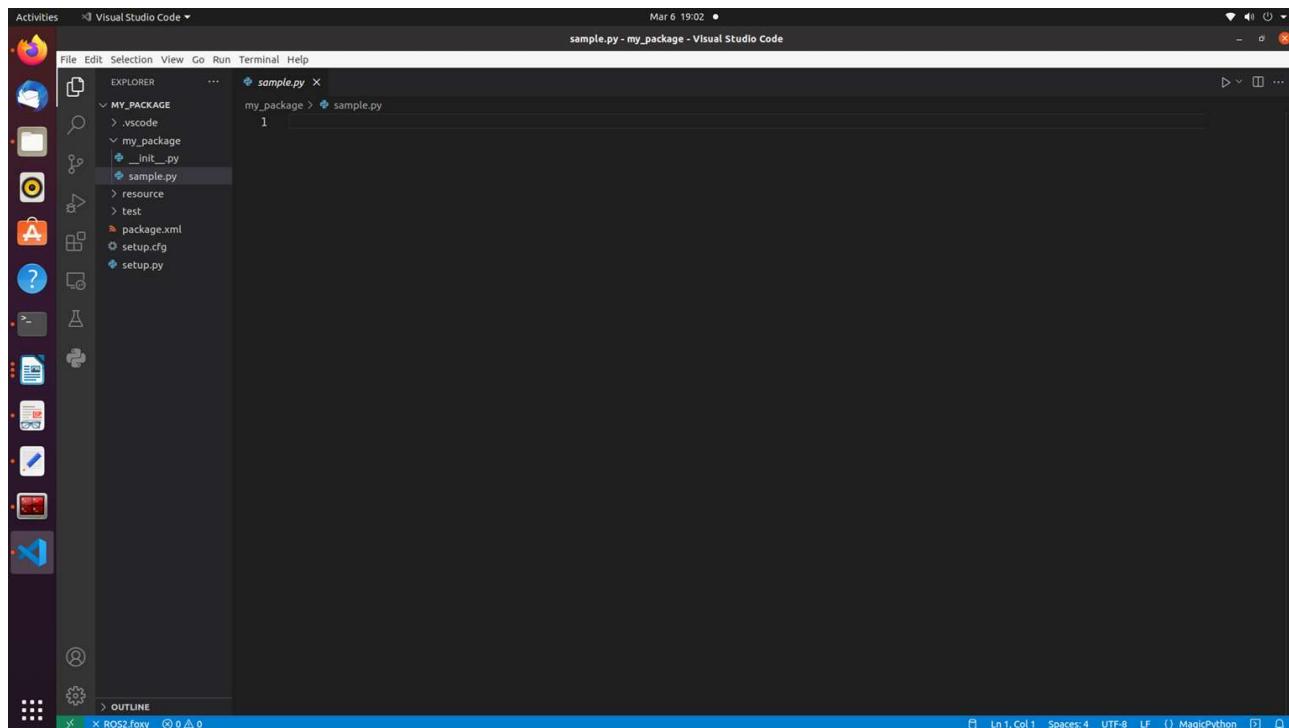
```
cd ~/ros2_ws  
colcon build  
colcon build --packages-select <package_name>  
colcon build --packages-select my_package
```

1. Create a Python file that will be executed in the **my_package** (all Python scripts) directory inside **my_package** folder.

Execute in Terminal #1

```
src/my_package/my_package  
touch sample.py  
chmod +x sample.py
```

Right click on the folder my_package and open with Visual Studio Application



Type the following code

```

#!/usr/bin/env python3
import rclpy
from rclpy.node import Node

class MyNode(Node): #MIDIFY NAME OF THE CLASS
    def __init__(self):
        # call super() in the constructor in order to initialize the Node object
        # the parameter we pass is the node name
        super().__init__('sample') #MIDIFY NAME OF THE NODE
        # create a timer sending two parameters:
        # - the duration between 2 callbacks (0.2 seeconds)
        # - the timer function (timer_callback)
        self.create_timer(0.2, self.timer_callback)

    def timer_callback(self):
        # print a ROS2 log on the terminal with a great message!
        self.get_logger().info("Congratulation for starting your Robot Operating System Lab!!")

def main(args=None):
    # initialize the ROS communication
    rclpy.init(args=args)
    # declare the node constructor
    node = MyNode() #MIDIFY NAME OF THE NODE
    # pause the program execution, waits for a request to kill the node (ctrl+c)
    rclpy.spin(node)
    # shutdown the ROS communication
    rclpy.shutdown()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()

```

Execute in Terminal #2

```

cd ~/ros2_ws/src/my_package
mkdir launch
cd launch
touch my_package_launch_file.launch.py
chmod +x my_package_launch_file.launch.py

```

Type the following in the my_package_launch_file.launch.py

```

from launch import LaunchDescription
from launch_ros.actions import Node

```

```
def generate_launch_description():
    return LaunchDescription([
        Node(
            package='my_package',
            executable='sample',
            output='screen'),
    ])
```

Modify the setup.py file to generate an executable from the Python file you just created.

```
from setuptools import setup
from glob import glob
import os

package_name = 'my_package'

setup(
    name=package_name,
    version='0.0.0',
    packages=[package_name],
    data_files=[
        ('share/ament_index/resource_index/packages',
         ['resource/' + package_name]),
        ('share/' + package_name, ['package.xml']),
        (os.path.join('share', package_name), glob('launch/*')),
    ],
    install_requires=['setuptools'],
    zip_safe=True,
    maintainer='asha',
    maintainer_email='asha@todo.todo',
    description='TODO: Package description',
    license='TODO: License declaration',
    tests_require=['pytest'],
    entry_points={
        'console_scripts': [
            'sample = my_package.sample:main'
        ],
    },
)
```

The main objective of this code is to add an entry point to the script you created a few moments ago. To do that, work with a dictionary named `entry_points`. Inside it, you find an array called `console_scripts`. Add the node information to generate the executable. The objective of this code is to install the launch files. For example, with the package named "my_package", this will install all the launch files from the launch/folder, into `~/ros2_ws/install/my_python_pkg/share/my_python_pkg/launch/`.

```
import os
from glob import glob
```

```

from setuptools import setup
package_name = 'my_package'
setup(
    #code
    ...
    data_files=[
        ('share/ament_index/resource_index/packages',
            ['resource/' + package_name]),
        ('share/' + package_name, ['package.xml']),
        (os.path.join('share', package_name), glob('launch/*.launch.py'))
    ],
    #code
)

```

Compile your package file as was previously explained.

Execute in Terminal #1

```

cd ~/ros2_ws
colcon build
source ~/ros2_ws/install/setup.bash

```

Finally, Now you must execute it. Use the following command that you already know. Execute the roslaunch command in the terminal to launch your program.

Execute in Terminal #1

```
ros2 launch my_package my_package_launch_file.launch.py
```

ctrl+C

Execute in Terminal #1

```
ros2 run my_package sample
```

In main function declare the MyNode class, which you will use to start the node as such. Within this, you have the `__init__` method and the `timer_callback` method.

```

super().__init__('<node_name>')
timer_callback method creates a message with the counter value appended and publishes it to the console with get_logger().info.
self.get_logger().info("your message to be printed")

```

Execute in Terminal #2

```
ros2 node list
```

```
ros2 node info <node_name>  
ros2 node info /sample
```

```
ashah@asha-HP-Z240-Tower-Workstation: ~/ros2_ws  
ashah@asha-HP-Z240-Tower-Workstation: ~/ros2_ws$ ros2 node list  
ashah@asha-HP-Z240-Tower-Workstation: ~/ros2_ws$ ros2 node info /sample  
Subscribers:  
Publishers:  
  parameter_events: rcl_interfaces/msg/ParameterEvent  
  /rosout: rcl_interfaces/msg/Log  
Service Servers:  
  /sample/describe_parameters: rcl_interfaces/srv/DescribeParameters  
  /sample/get_parameter_types: rcl_interfaces/srv/GetParameterTypes  
  /sample/get_parameters: rcl_interfaces/srv/GetParameters  
  /sample/list_parameters: rcl_interfaces/srv/ListParameters  
  /sample/set_parameters: rcl_interfaces/srv/SetParameters  
  /sample/set_parameters_atomically: rcl_interfaces/srv/SetParametersAtomically  
Service Clients:  
Action Servers:  
Action Clients:  
ashah@asha-HP-Z240-Tower-Workstation: ~/ros2_ws$
```

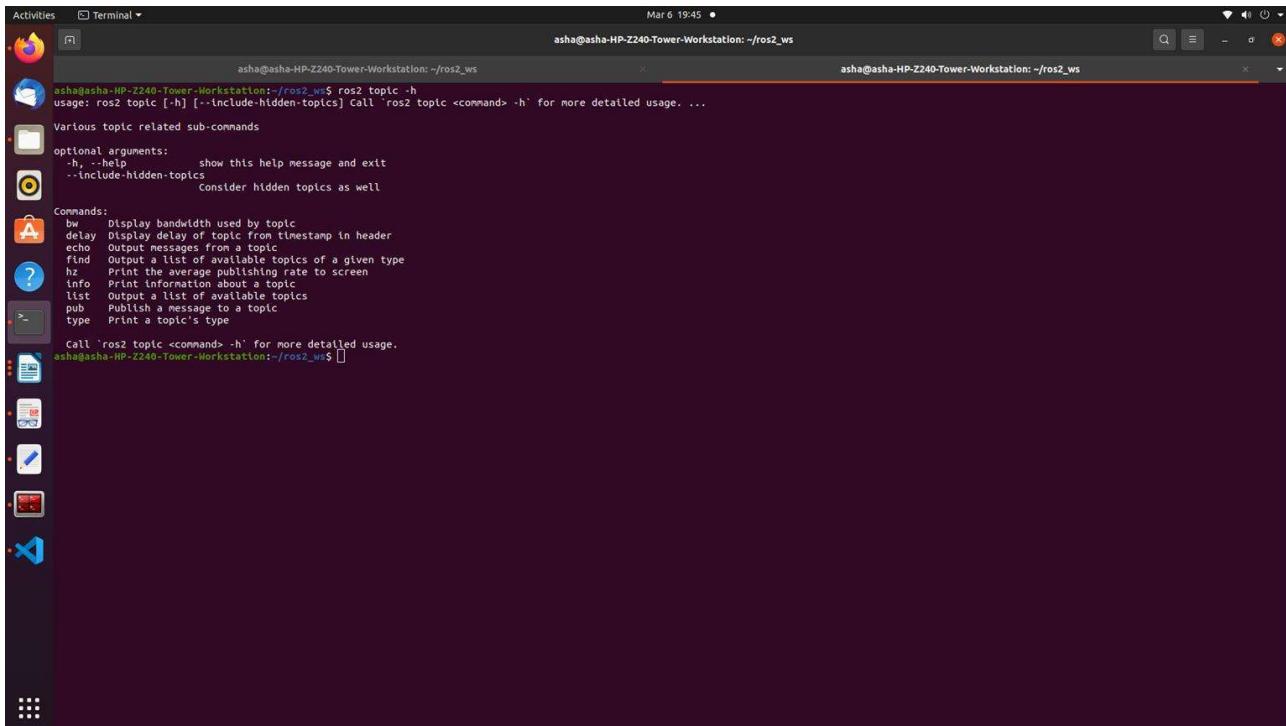
Understanding ROS2 Topics: Publishers & Subscribers

What will you learn about in this unit?

- Topics
- Basic topic commands
- Topic publishers
- Topic subscribers

Execute in Terminal #1

```
source /opt/ros/foxy/setup.bash  
ros2 topic -h
```



OOP Python Code Template for Nodes

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
import rclpy
from rclpy.node import Node

class MyCustomNode(Node): # MODIFY NAME
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__("node_name") # MODIFY NAME

def main(args=None):
    rclpy.init(args=args)
    node = MyCustomNode() # MODIFY NAME
    rclpy.spin(node)
    rclpy.shutdown()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

Execute in Terminal #1

```
cd ros2_ws/src/my_package/my_package/
touch robot_publisher.py
chmod +x robot_publisher.py
ros2 interface show example_interfaces/msg/String
```

open the my_package using Visual Studio and edit the file robot_publisher.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
import rclpy
from rclpy.node import Node
from example_interfaces.msg import String

class RobotPublisher(Node):

    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__("robot_publisher")
        self.robot_name_ = "ROBOT"
        self.publisher_ = self.create_publisher(String, "robot_news", 10)
        self.timer_ = self.create_timer(0.5, self.publish_news)
        self.get_logger().info("Node Started")

    def publish_news(self):
        msg = String()
        msg.data = "Hello " + str(self.robot_name_)
        self.publisher_.publish(msg)

    def main(args=None):
        rclpy.init(args=args)
        node = RobotPublisher()
        rclpy.spin(node)
        rclpy.shutdown()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
```

Edit the setup.py

```
from setuptools import setup

package_name = 'my_package'

setup(
    name=package_name,
    version='0.0.0',
    packages=[package_name],
    data_files=[
        ('share/ament_index/resource_index/packages',
         ['resource/' + package_name]),
        ('share/' + package_name, ['package.xml']),
```

```
],
install_requires=['setuptools'],
zip_safe=True,
maintainer='asha',
maintainer_email='asha@todo.todo',
description='TODO: Package description',
license='TODO: License declaration',
tests_require=['pytest'],
entry_points={
    'console_scripts': [
        'sample = my_package.sample:main',
        'robot_publisher = my_package.robot_publisher:main'
    ],
},
)
```

Execute in Terminal #1

```
colcon build --packages-select my_package --symlink-install
```

Execute in Terminal #2

```
source ~/.bashrc
ros2 run my_package robot_publisher
```

Execute in Terminal #3

```
source ~/.bashrc
ros2 topic echo /robot_news
```

Subscriber node

Execute in Terminal #1

```
cd ros2_ws/src/my_package/my_package /
touch robot_subscriber.py
chmod +x robot_subscriber.py
```

Edit the file `robot_subscriber.py` using Visual Studio Editor

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
import rclpy
from rclpy.node import Node
from example_interfaces.msg import String

class RobotSubscriber(Node):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__("robot_subscriber")
        self.subscriber_ = self.create_subscription(String, "robot_news",
self.callback_robot_news, 10)
        self.get_logger().info("robot_subscriber Node Started")
```

```
def callback_robot_news(self, msg):
    self.get_logger().info(msg.data)
```

```
def main(args=None):
    rclpy.init(args=args)
    node = RobotSubscriber()
    rclpy.spin(node)
    rclpy.shutdown()
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

Edit the setup.py

```
from setuptools import setup
package_name = 'my_package'

setup(
    name=package_name,
    version='0.0.0',
    packages=[package_name],
    data_files=[
        ('share/ament_index/resource_index/packages',
         ['resource/' + package_name]),
        ('share/' + package_name, ['package.xml']),
    ],
    install_requires=['setuptools'],
    zip_safe=True,
    maintainer='asha',
    maintainer_email='asha@todo.todo',
    description='TODO: Package description',
    license='TODO: License declaration',
    tests_require=['pytest'],
    entry_points={
        'console_scripts': [
            'sample = my_package.sample:main',
            "robot_publisher = my_package.robot_publisher:main",
            'robot_subscriber = my_package.robot_subscriber:main'
        ],
    },
)
```

Execute in Terminal #1

```
colcon build --packages-select my_package --symlink-install
```

Execute in Terminal #2

```
source ~/bashrc
ros2 run my_package robot_publisher
```

Execute in Terminal #3

```
source ~/bashrc  
ros2 run my_package robot_subscriber
```

Execute in Terminal #4

```
ros2 node list  
ros2 topic list
```

Try: Modify the subscriber code to publish number at 1Hz on the topic /number

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3  
import rclpy  
from rclpy.node import Node  
from example_interfaces.msg import String, Int32  
global count  
  
class RobotSubscriber(Node):  
    def __init__(self):  
        super().__init__("robot_subscriber")  
        self.count_ = 0  
        self.subscriber_ = self.create_subscription(String, "robot_news",  
self.callback_robot_news, 10)  
        self.publisher_ = self.create_publisher(Int32, "robot_number", 10)  
        self.timer_ = self.create_timer(1, self.send_number)  
        self.get_logger().info("robot_subscriber and publisher Node Started")  
  
    def callback_robot_news(self, msg):  
        self.get_logger().info(msg.data)  
  
    def send_number(self):  
        number = Int32()  
        number.data = self.count_  
        self.count_ +=1  
        self.publisher_.publish(number)  
  
    def main(args=None):  
        rclpy.init(args=args)  
        node = RobotSubscriber()  
        rclpy.spin(node)  
        rclpy.shutdown()  
  
    if __name__ == "__main__":  
        main()
```

Post Lab Exercises - Marks: 4 [CO – 1, LO – 1, 2, 12, PO- 1,2,3, BL – 3,4,5]

Exercise 1: Write a launch file pub_sub.launch.py to run the publisher and subscriber node.

Exercise 2: Create 2 nodes from scratch. First node has 1 publisher, the second has 1 publisher & 1 subscriber.

- The `number_publisher` node publishes a number on the “/number” topic, with the existing type `example_interfaces/msg/Int32`.
- The `number_counter` node subscribes to the “/number” topic. It keeps a counter variable. Every time a new number is received, it's added to the counter. The node also has a publisher on the “/number_count” topic. When the counter is updated, the publisher directly publishes the new value on the topic.

A few hints:

- Check what to put into the `example_interfaces/msg/Int32` with the “`ros2 interface show`” command line tool.
- Use the order as follows: first create the `number_publisher` node, check that the publisher is working with “`ros2 topic`”. Then create the `number_counter`, focus on the subscriber. And finally create the last publisher. In the `number_counter` node, the publisher will publish messages directly from the subscriber callback.

More About Launch File

```
from launch import LaunchDescription
from launch_ros.actions import Node
```

```
def generate_launch_description():
    return LaunchDescription([
        launch_ros.actions.Node(
            package='turtlebot3_teleop',
            executable='teleop_keyboard',
            output='screen'),
    ])
```

```
from launch import LaunchDescription
import launch_ros.actions
```

```
def generate_launch_description():
    return LaunchDescription([
        launch_ros.actions.Node(
            package='teleop_twist_keyboard',
            executable='teleop_twist_keyboard',
    ])
```

```
        output='screen'),  
])
```

Within the LaunchDescription object, generate a node where you will provide the following parameters:

- 1 package='package_name' Name of the package that contains the code of the ROS program to execute
- 2 executable='cpp_executable_name' Name of the cpp executable file that you want to execute
- 3 output='type_of_output' Through which channel you will print the output of the program

Create Custom Message

To publish the data that contains multiple data types, one can create a new one.

Create a custom interface in a CMake package and then use it in a Python node.

To create a new message, do the following:

- .1 Create a directory in the src folder
- .2 Create a directory named **msg** inside your package Inside the directory, create a file named **Name_of_message.msg**. Modify the CMakeLists.txt file
- .3 Modify package.xml file
- .4 Compile and source
- .5 Use in code

Create an interface to send the Manufacture date of the robot.

Execute in Terminal #1

```
cd ros2_ws/src  
ros2 pkg create my_robot_interface  
ls  
cd my_robot_interface/  
rm -rf include/  
rm -rf src/  
mkdir msg  
cd msg  
touch ManufactureDate.msg
```

open src with visual studio application:

Enter the following data in **ManufactureDate.msg** (**It should have the pattern '^[A-Z][A-Za-z0-9]*\$')

```
int32 date  
string month  
int64 year
```

In CmakeLists.txt

Edit two functions inside CMakeLists.txt:

`find_package()`

This is where all the packages required to COMPILE the messages for the topics, services, and actions go. In package.xml, state them as **build_depend** and **exec_depend**.

`find_package(ament_cmake REQUIRED)`

`find_package(rclcpp REQUIRED)`

`find_package(std_msgs REQUIRED)`

`find_package(rosidl_default_generators REQUIRED)`

`rosidl_generate_interfaces()`

This function includes all of the messages for this package (in the msg folder) to be compiled. The function should look similar to the following:

`rosidl_generate_interfaces(${PROJECT_NAME})`

`"msg/ManufactureDate.msg"`

`)`

```
cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 3.5)
```

```
project(my_robot_interface)
```

```
# Default to C++14
```

```
if(NOT CMAKE_CXX_STANDARD)
    set(CMAKE_CXX_STANDARD 14)
endif()
```

```
if(CMAKE_COMPILER_IS_GNUCXX OR CMAKE_CXX_COMPILER_ID MATCHES
"Clang")
```

```
    add_compile_options(-Wall -Wextra -Wpedantic)
endif()
```

```
# find dependencies
```

```
find_package(ament_cmake REQUIRED)
```

```
find_package(rclcpp REQUIRED)
```

```
find_package(std_msgs REQUIRED)
```

```
find_package(rosidl_default_generators REQUIRED)
```

```
rosidl_generate_interfaces(my_robot_interface
```

```
"msg/ManufactureDate.msg"
```

```
)
```

```
ament_package()
```

Modify package.xml

Add the following lines to the package.xml

```
<build_depend>rosidl_default_generators</build_depend>
<exec_depend>rosidl_default_runtime</exec_depend>
<member_of_group>rosidl_interface_packages</member_of_group>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<?xml-model href="http://download.ros.org/schema/package_format3.xsd"
schematypens="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"?>
<package format="3">
  <name>my_robot_interface</name>
  <version>0.0.0</version>
  <description>TODO: Package description</description>
  <maintainer email="asha@todo.todo">asha</maintainer>
  <license>TODO: License declaration</license>

  <buildtool_depend>ament_cmake</buildtool_depend>

  <depend>rclcpp</depend>
  <depend>std_msgs</depend>
  <build_depend>rosidl_default_generators</build_depend>
  <exec_depend>rosidl_default_runtime</exec_depend>
  <member_of_group>rosidl_interface_packages</member_of_group>

  <test_depend>ament_lint_auto</test_depend>
  <test_depend>ament_lint_common</test_depend>

  <export>
    <build_type>ament_cmake</build_type>
  </export>
</package>
```

Execute in Terminal #1

```
cd ~/ros2_ws
colcon build --packages-select my_robot_interface
cd install/my_robot_interface/lib/python3.8/site-packages/my_robot_interface/msg
```

This executes this bash file that sets, among other things, the newly generated messages created through the colcon build. If you don't do this, it might give you an import error, saying it doesn't find the message generated.

```
source install/setup.bash
ros2 interface show my_robot_interface/msg/ManufactureDate
```

Modify robot_publisher.py to transmit the manufacturing date to the subscriber node

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
import rclpy
from rclpy.node import Node
from my_robot_interface.msg import ManufactureDate

class RobotDatePublisher(Node):

    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__("robot_date_publisher")
        self.robot_name_ = "ROBOT"
        self.publisher_ = self.create_publisher(ManufactureDate,
"robot_manufacturing_date", 10)
        self.timer_ = self.create_timer(0.5, self.publish_news)
        self.get_logger().info("Node Started")

    def publish_news(self):
        msg = ManufactureDate()
        msg.date = 12
        msg.month = "March"
        msg.year = 2022
        self.publisher_.publish(msg)

def main(args=None):
    rclpy.init(args=args)
    node = RobotDatePublisher()
    rclpy.spin(node)
    rclpy.shutdown()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
```

Execute in Terminal #1

```
colcon build --packages-select my_package
```

Execute in Terminal #2

```
ros2 run my_package robot_publisher
```

Execute in Terminal #3

```
ros2 run my_package robot_subscriber
```

Edit package.xml

```
<depend>rclpy</depend>
<depend>example_interfaces</depend>
<depend>my_robot_interface</depend>
```

Edit robot_subscriber.py code

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
import rclpy
from rclpy.node import Node
from my_robot_interface.msg import ManufactureDate

class RobotDateSubscriber(Node):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__("robot_date_subscriber")
        self.subscriber_ = self.create_subscription(ManufactureDate,
"robot_manufacturing_date", self.callback_robot_news, 10)
        self.get_logger().info("robot_subscriber Node Started")

    def callback_robot_news(self, msg):
        information ="Manufacturing Date of the ROBOT is " + str(msg.date) + " " +
str(msg.month) + " " + str(msg.year)
        self.get_logger().info(information)

def main(args=None):
    rclpy.init(args=args)
    node = RobotDateSubscriber()
    rclpy.spin(node)
    rclpy.shutdown()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

Experiment 3: TurtleSim Programming, Publisher, Subscriber, Services, Actions

Recap:

Setup for launch files:

- Create a new package
- Create a launch/ folder at the root of the package.
- Configure CMakeLists.txt to install files from this launch/ folder.
- Create any number of files you want inside the launch/ folder, ending with .launch.py.

Run a launch file:

- use “colcon build” to install the file.
- source your environment
- launch file with “ros2 launch <package> <name_of_the_file>

First try to design the application by yourself. Don’t write code! Just take a piece of paper and make the design. What nodes should you create? How do the nodes communicate between each other? Which functionality should you add, and where to put them? Etc.

- Directly start on your own (Use the template to start with)
- Work step by step on each functionality/communication.

Client – Server Nodes

Execute in Terminal #1

```
ros2 interface show example_interfaces/srv/AddTwoInts
```

Execute in Terminal #1

```
cd ros2_ws/src/my_package/my_package
touch add_two_ints_server.py
chmod +x add_two_ints_server.py
```

Edit add_two_ints_server.py in visual studio editor

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
import rclpy
from rclpy.node import Node
```

```

from example_interfaces.srv import AddTwoInts

class AddTwoIntsServerNode(Node):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__("add_two_ints_server")
        self.server_ = self.create_service(AddTwoInts, "add_two_ints",
                                          self.callback_add_two_ints)
        self.get_logger().info("Add two ints server has been started")

    def callback_add_two_ints(self, request, response):
        response.sum = request.a + request.b
        self.get_logger().info(str(request.a) + " + " + str(request.b) + " = " +
                               str(response.sum))
        return response

def main(args=None):
    rclpy.init(args=args)
    node = AddTwoIntsServerNode()
    rclpy.spin(node)
    rclpy.shutdown()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()

```

Add executable name in setup.py

```

entry_points={
    'console_scripts': [
        'sample = my_package.sample:main',
        'robot_publisher = my_package.robot_publisher:main',
        'robot_subscriber = my_package.robot_subscriber:main',
        'add_two_ints_server = my_package.add_two_ints_server:main'
    ],
}

```

Execute in Terminal #1

colcon build --packages-select my_package

Execute in Terminal #2

ros2 run my_package add_two_ints_server

Execute in Terminal #3

```
ros2 service call /add_two_ints example_interfaces/srv/AddTwoInts "{a: 3, b: 4}"
```

Ctrl + C in all terminal windows.

Execute in Terminal #1

```
cd ros2_ws/src/my_package/my_package/
touch add_two_ints_client.py
chmod +x add_two_ints_client.py
```

Edit `add_two_ints_client.py` using visual studio editor

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
import rclpy
from rclpy.node import Node
from example_interfaces.srv import AddTwoInts
from functools import partial

class AddTwoIntClientNode(Node):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__("add_two_ints_client")
        self.call_add_two_int_server(6, 7)

    def call_add_two_int_server(self, a, b):
        client = self.create_client(AddTwoInts, "add_two_ints")
        while not client.wait_for_service(1.0):
            self.get_logger().warn("Waiting for Server Add Two Ints")
        request = AddTwoInts.Request()
        request.a = a
        request.b = b
        future = client.call_async(request)
        future.add_done_callback(
            partial(self.callback_call_two_ints, a=a, b=b))

    def callback_call_two_ints(self, future, a, b):
        try:
            response = future.result()
            self.get_logger().info(str(a) + " + " + str(b) + " = " + str(response.sum))

        except Exception as e:
            self.get_logger().error("Service call failed %r" % (e,))

def main(args=None):
    rclpy.init(args=args)
    node = AddTwoIntClientNode()
    rclpy.spin(node)
    rclpy.shutdown()

if __name__ == "__main__":
```

main()

Add executable name in setup.py

```
entry_points={  
    'sample = my_package.sample:main',  
    'robot_publisher = my_package.robot_publisher:main',  
    'robot_subscriber = my_package.robot_subscriber:main',  
    'add_two_ints_server = my_package.add_two_ints_server:main',  
    'add_two_ints_client = my_package.add_two_ints_client:main'  
},
```

Execute in Terminal #1

```
colcon build --packages-select my_package --symlink-install
```

Execute in Terminal #2

```
ros2 run my_package add_two_int_server
```

Execute in Terminal #3

```
ros2 run my_package add_two_ints_client
```

Execute in Terminal #4

```
ros2 node list
```

Execute in Terminal #5

```
ros2 service list
```

```
ros2 service type /add_two_ints
```

```
ros2 interface show example_interfaces/srv/AddTwoInts
```

```
ros2 service call /add_two_int example_interfaces/srv/AddTwoInts
```

```
ros2 service call /add_two_int example_interfaces/srv/AddTwoInts "{a: 3, b: 4}"
```

```
rqt
```

```
plugins→services→service caller
```

```
service - /add_two_ints
```

```
Enter the values under Expression for a and b
```

```
Click call
```

Response is viewed in the second window

Exercise 1: Create a service-client operation to reset the counter value in the number_counter nodes.

The node “number_publisher” publishes a number on the “/number” topic.

The node “number_counter” gets the number, adds it to a counter, and publishes the counter on the “/number_count” topic.

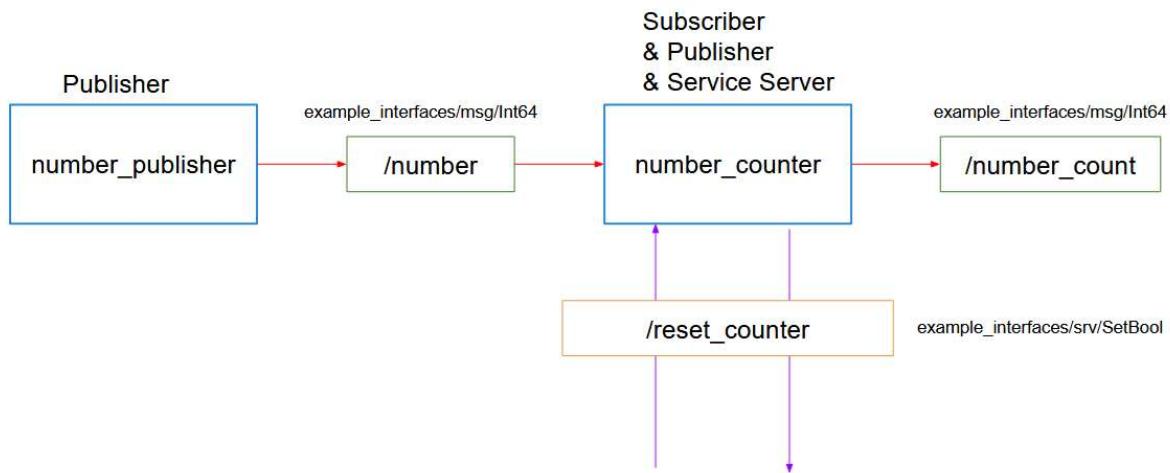
Add the following ros2 services

Add a functionality to reset the counter to zero:

- Create a service server inside the “number_counter” node.
- Service name: “/reset_counter”
- Service type: example_interfaces/srv/SetBool. Use “ros2 interface show” to discover what’s inside!
- When the server is called, you check the boolean data from the request. If true, you set the counter variable to 0.

We will then call the service directly from the command line. You can also decide - for more practice - to create your own custom node to call this “/reset_counter” service.

ROS2 - Services



Add a functionality to reset the counter to zero:

- Create a service server inside the “number_counter” node.
- Service name: “/reset_counter”
- Service type: example_interfaces/srv/SetBool. Use “ros2 interface show” to discover what’s inside!
- When the server is called, you check the boolean data from the request. If true, you set the counter variable to 0.

We will then call the service directly from the command line. You can also decide - for more practice - to create your own custom node to call this “/reset_counter” service.

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
```

```

import rclpy
from rclpy.node import Node
from example_interfaces.msg import Int64
from example_interfaces.srv import SetBool

class NumberCounterNode(Node):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__("number_counter")
        self.counter_ = 0
        self.number_count_publisher_ = self.create_publisher(Int64, "number_count", 10)
        self.number_subscriber_ = self.create_subscription(Int64, "number",
self.callback_number, 10)
        self.reset_counter_service_ = self.create_service(SetBool, "reset_counter",
self.callback_reset_counter)
        self.get_logger().info("Node started")

    def callback_number(self, msg):
        self.counter_ += msg.data
        new_msg = Int64()
        new_msg.data = self.counter_
        self.number_count_publisher_.publish(new_msg)
        self.get_logger().info(str(self.counter_))

    def callback_reset_counter(self, request, response):
        if request.data:
            self.counter_ = 0
            response.success = True
            response.message = "Counter is reset"
        else:
            response.success = False
            response.message = "Counter is not reset"
        return response

def main(args=None):
    rclpy.init(args=args)
    node = NumberCounterNode()
    rclpy.spin(node)
    rclpy.shutdown()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()

```

Execute in Terminal #1

ros2 interface show example_interfaces/srv/SetBool

Execute in Terminal #1

cd ros2_ws/

colcon build --packages-select my_package

Execute in Terminal #1

```
ros2 run my_package number_publisher
```

Execute in Terminal #2

```
ros2 run my_package number_counter
```

Execute in Terminal #3

```
ros2 topic list  
ros2 topic echo /number_count
```

Execute in Terminal #4

```
ros2 service call /reset_counter example_interfaces/srv/SetBool "{data: False}"  
ros2 service call /reset_counter example_interfaces/srv/SetBool "{data: True}"
```

Custom Services

```
cd ros2_ws/src/my_robot_interface  
mkdir srv  
cd srv  
touch SetDate.srv
```

SetDate.srv

```
string robot_name  
int64 date  
---  
bool success
```

Change CmakeLists.txt as

```
rosidl_generate_interfaces(my_robot_interface  
"msg/ManufactureDate.msg"  
"srv/SetDate.srv"  
)
```

```
colcon build --packages-select my_robot_interface
```

Change robot_publisher.py code as

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3  
import rclpy  
from rclpy.node import Node  
from my_robot_interface.msg import ManufactureDate  
from my_robot_interface.srv import SetDate  
  
class RobotDatePublisher(Node):  
  
    def __init__(self):  
        super().__init__("robot_date_publisher")
```

```

    self.robot_name_ = "ROBOT"
    self.publisher_ = self.create_publisher(ManufactureDate,
"robot_manufacturing_date", 10)
    self.timer_ = self.create_timer(0.5, self.publish_news)
    self.set_date_ = self.create_service(SetDate, "set_date", self.callback_set_date)
    self.get_logger().info("Node Started")

def callback_set_date(self, request, response):
    name = request.robot_name
    date = request.date

    if (name == "ROBOT") and (date == 12):
        response.success = True
    else:
        response.success = False
    return response

def publish_news(self):
    msg = ManufactureDate()
    msg.date = 12
    msg.month = "March"
    msg.year = 2022
    self.publisher_.publish(msg)

def main(args=None):
    rclpy.init(args=args)
    node = RobotDatePublisher()
    rclpy.spin(node)
    rclpy.shutdown()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()

```

Execute in Terminal #1

colcon build --packages-select my_package

Execute in Terminal #1

ros2 run my_package robot_publisher

Execute in Terminal #2

ros2 service list

ros2 service call /set_date my_robot_interface/srv/SetDate "{name: \"ROBOT\", date: 12}"

change robot_subscriber.py code as

```

#!/usr/bin/env python3
import rclpy
from rclpy.node import Node
from example_interfaces.msg import String, Int32

```

```

from my_robot_interface.msg import ManufactureDate
from my_robot_interface.srv import SetDate
from functools import partial

class RobotDateSubscriber(Node):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__("robot_date_subscriber")
        self.subscriber_ = self.create_subscription(ManufactureDate,
"robot_manufacturing_date", self.callback_robot_news, 10)
        self.get_logger().info("robot_subscriber Node Started")

    def callback_robot_news(self, msg):
        information ="Manufacturing Date of the ROBOT is " + str(msg.date) + " " +
str(msg.month) + " " + str(msg.year)
        self.get_logger().info(information)
        self.check_date_server("ROBOT", 12)

    def check_date_server(self, robot_name, date):
        client = self.create_client(SetDate, "set_date")
        while not client.wait_for_service(1.0):
            self.get_logger().warn("Waiting for Server")
        request = SetDate.Request()
        request.robot_name = robot_name
        request.date = date
        future = client.call_async(request)
        future.add_done_callback(partial(self.callback_date_response,
robot_name=robot_name, date=date))

    def callback_date_response(self, future, robot_name, date):
        try:
            response = future.result()
            self.get_logger().info(str(response.success))
        except Exception as e:
            self.get_logger().error("Service call failed %r" % (e,))

def main(args=None):
    rclpy.init(args=args)
    node = RobotDateSubscriber()
    rclpy.spin(node)
    rclpy.shutdown()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()

```

Execute in Terminal #1

ros2 run colcon build --packages-select my_package

Execute in Terminal #2

ros2 run my_package robot_publisher

Execute in Terminal #3

```
ros2 run my_package robot_subscriber
```

TurtleSim Programming

Execute in Terminal #1

```
ros2 run turtlesim turtlesim_node
```

Execute in Terminal #2

```
ros2 run turtlesim turtle_teleop_key
```

Execute in Terminal #3

```
ros2 service list
```

```
ros2 service type /clear
```

```
ros2 interface show std_srvs/srv/Empty
```

```
ros2 service call /clear std_srvs/srv/Empty
```

```
ros2 service type /spawn
```

```
ros2 interface show turtlesim/srv/Spawn
```

```
ros2 service call /spawn turtlesim/srv/Spawn
```

```
ros2 service call /spawn turtlesim/srv/Spawn "{x: 5.0, y: 5.0, theta: 0.0, name: "my_turtle"}"
```

The screenshot displays three terminal windows side-by-side, each showing a different stage of the ROS2 TurtleSim setup process:

- Terminal 1 (Left):** Shows the output of the command `ros2 service list`, listing various ROS services including `/clear` and `/spawn`.
- Terminal 2 (Middle):** Shows the output of the command `ros2 run turtlesim turtle_teleop_key`. It prompts for keyboard input and provides instructions for moving the turtle using arrow keys and rotating it using GIBV[C|D|E|R|T] keys.
- Terminal 3 (Right):** Shows the output of the command `ros2 service call /spawn turtlesim/srv/Spawn` with parameters `{x: 5.0, y: 5.0, theta: 0.0, name: "my_turtle"}`. The response is a `turtlesim.srv.Spawn_Response` message with the name set to `"my_turtle"`.

ROS2 interfaces:

https://github.com/ros2/example_interfaces

https://github.com/ros2/common_interfaces

You will use 3 nodes:

- The `turtlesim_node` from the `turtlesim` package

- A custom node to control the turtle (named “turtle1”) which is already existing in the turtlesim_node. This node can be called turtle_controller.
- A custom node to spawn turtles on the window. This node can be called turtle_spawner.

Execute in Terminal #1

```
cd ~/ros2_ws/src/my_package/my_package
```

Execute in Terminal #2

```
touch turtle_controller.py
```

```
chmod + turtle_controller.py
```

Open src with Visual Studio Application

Enter the code in turtle_controller.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
import rclpy
from rclpy.node import Node
from turtlesim.msg import Pose
from geometry_msgs.msg import Twist
import math

class TurtleControllerNode(Node):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__("turtle_controller")
        self.target_x = 8.0
        self.target_y = 4.0
        self.pose_ = None
        self.cmd_vel_publisher_ = self.create_publisher(Twist, "turtle1/cmd_vel", 10)
        self.pose_subscriber_ = self.create_subscription(Pose, "turtle1/pose",
        self.callback_turtle_pose, 10)
        self.control_loop_timer_ = self.create_timer(0.01, self.control_loop)

    def callback_turtle_pose(self,msg):
        self.pose_ = msg

    def control_loop(self):
        if self.pose_ == None:
            return
        dist_x = self.target_x - self.pose_.x
```

```

dist_y = self.target_y - self.pose_.y
distance = math.sqrt(dist_x * dist_x + dist_y * dist_y)
msg = Twist()
if distance > 0.5:
    msg.linear.x = distance
    goal_theta = math.atan2(dist_y, dist_x)
    diff = goal_theta - self.pose_.theta

    if diff > math.pi:
        diff -= 2*math.pi
    elif diff < -math.pi:
        diff += 2*math.pi

    msg.angular.z = diff
else:
    msg.linear.x = 0.0
    msg.angular.z = 0.0

self.cmd_vel_publisher_.publish(msg)

```

```

def main(args=None):
    rclpy.init(args=args)
    node = TurtleControllerNode()
    rclpy.spin(node)
    rclpy.shutdown()

```

```

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()

```

Modify entry_points setup.py as

```

entry_points={
    'console_scripts': [
        'sample = my_package.sample:main',
        'robot_publisher = my_package.robot_publisher:main',
        'robot_subscriber = my_package.robot_subscriber:main',
        'turtlesim_controller = my_package.turtle_controller:main'
    ],
}

```

)

Modify he package.xml as

```
<depend>rclpy</depend>
<depend>example_interfaces</depend>
<depend>my_robot_interface</depend>
<depend>turtlesim</depend>
```

Execute in Terminal #1

```
ros2 run turtlesim turtlesim_node
```

Execute in Terminal #2

```
colcon build --packages-select my_package --symlink-install
```

Execute in Terminal #3

```
ros2 run my_package turtlesim_controller
```

Execute in Terminal #4

```
ros2 service list
ros2 service type /spawn
ros2 interface show turtlesim/srv/Spawn
```

Execute in Terminal #1

```
cd ros2_ws/my_robot_interface/srv
touch MoveLocation.srv
```

Edit MoveLocation.srv

```
float32 loc_x
float32 loc_y
---
float32 distance
```

Change CmakeLists.txt as

```
rosidl_generate_interfaces(my_robot_interface
"msg/ManufactureDate.msg"
"srv/SetDate.srv"
"srv/MoveLocation.srv"
)
```

Execute in Terminal #1

```
cd ~/ros2_ws
colcon build --packages-select my_robot_interface
```

Send the service request to find the distance between current location and new location.

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
import rclpy
from rclpy.node import Node
from turtlesim.msg import Pose
from geometry_msgs.msg import Twist
from my_robot_interface.srv import MoveLocation
import math

class TurtleControllerNode(Node):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__("turtle_controller")
        self.target_x = 9.0
        self.target_y = 9.0
        self.pose_ = None
        self.cmd_vel_publisher_ = self.create_publisher(Twist, "turtle1/cmd_vel", 10)
        self.pose_subscriber_ = self.create_subscription(Pose, "turtle1/pose",
        self.callback_turtle_pose, 10)
        self.control_loop_timer_ = self.create_timer(0.01, self.control_loop)
        self.service_ = self.create_service(MoveLocation, "move_location",
        self.callback_get_distance)
    def callback_turtle_pose(self,msg):
        self.pose_ = msg

    def control_loop(self):
        if self.pose_ == None:
            return
        dist_x = self.target_x - self.pose_.x
        dist_y = self.target_y - self.pose_.y
        distance = math.sqrt(dist_x * dist_x + dist_y * dist_y)
        msg = Twist()
        if distance > 0.5:
            msg.linear.x = distance
            goal_theta = math.atan2(dist_y, dist_x)
            diff = goal_theta - self.pose_.theta
            if diff > math.pi:
                diff -= 2*math.pi
            elif diff < -math.pi:
                diff += 2*math.pi
            msg.angular.z = diff
        else:
            msg.linear.x = 0.0
```

```

        msg.angular.z = 0.0

        self.cmd_vel_publisher_.publish(msg)

def callback_get_distance(self, request, response):
    x = request.loc_x - self.pose_.x
    y = request.loc_y - self.pose_.y

    response.distance = math.sqrt(x * x + y * y)
    return response

def main(args=None):
    rclpy.init(args=args)
    node = TurtleControllerNode()
    rclpy.spin(node)
    rclpy.shutdown()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()

```

Execute in Terminal #1

colcon build –packages-select my_package

Execute in Terminal #2

ros2 run turtlesim turtlesim_node

Execute in Terminal #3

ros2 run my_package turtlesim_controller

Execute in Terminal #1

ros2 service call /move_location my_robot_interface/srv/MoveLocation "{loc_x: 5.0, loc_y: 5.0}"

Exercise2: Create two new files named movement_server.py and movement_client.py.

- 1 Create a directory named **srv** inside **my_robot_interface** package
- 2 Inside this directory, create a file named **MyCustomServiceMessage.srv**

```

string move # Signal to define movement
            # "Turn right" to make the robot turn in right direction.
            # "Turn left" to make the robot turn in left direction.
            # "Stop" to make the robot stop the movement.

---
bool success
3 Modify CMakeLists.txt file
4 Modify package.xml file
5 Compile and source

```

6 Use in code

```
ros2 interface show my_robot_interface/srv/MyCustomServiceMessage
```

Action Server – Action Client Nodes

Execute in Terminal #1

```
cd ~/ros2_ws/src/my_robot_interface  
mkdir action  
touch Navigate2D.action
```

```
#Goal  
int32 secs  
---  
#Result  
string status  
---  
#Feedback  
string feedback
```

```
package.xml
```

```
<depend>rclcpp</depend>  
<depend>std_msgs</depend>  
<depend>action_msgs</depend>
```

```
CMakeLists.txt
```

```
rosidl_generate_interfaces(my_robot_interface  
"msg/ManufactureDate.msg"  
"srv/SetDate.srv"  
"srv/MoveLocation.srv"  
"action/Navigate2D.action"  
)
```

Execute in Terminal #1

```
colcon build --packages-select my_robot_interface
```

Execute in Terminal #1

```
cd ~/ros2_ws/src/my_package/my_package  
touch action_client.py  
chmod +x action_client.py
```

```
import rclpy  
from rclpy.action import ActionClient  
from rclpy.node import Node  
from rclpy.executors import MultiThreadedExecutor  
from my_robot_interface.action import Navigate2D
```

```

class MyActionClient(Node):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__('action_client')
        self._action_client = ActionClient(self, Navigate2D, "navigate")

    def send_goal(self, secs):
        goal_msg = Navigate2D.Goal()
        goal_msg.secs = secs
        self._action_client.wait_for_server()
        self._send_goal_future = self._action_client.send_goal_async(goal_msg,
self.feedback_callback)
        self._send_goal_future.add_done_callback(self.goal_response_callback)

    def goal_response_callback(self, future):
        goal_handle = future.result()
        if not goal_handle.accepted:
            self.get_logger().info("Goal rejected")
            return
        self.get_logger().info('Goal accepted')
        self._get_result_future = goal_handle.get_result_async()
        self._get_result_future.add_done_callback(self.get_result_callback)

    def get_result_callback(self, future):
        result = future.result().result
        self.get_logger().info('Result: {}'.format(result.status))
        rclpy.shutdown()

    def feedback_callback(self, feedback_msg):
        feedback = feedback_msg.feedback
        self.get_logger().info('Received feedback: {}'.format(feedback.feedback))

def main(args=None):
    rclpy.init(args=args)
    action_client = MyActionClient()
    future = action_client.send_goal(5)
    executor = MultiThreadedExecutor()
    rclpy.spin(action_client, executor=executor)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()

```

Execute in Terminal #1

```

cd ~/ros2_ws/src/my_package/my_package
touch action_server.py
chmod +x action_server.py

```

Edit the file `action_server.py`

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
```

```

import rclpy
from rclpy.node import Node
from turtlesim.msg import Pose
from geometry_msgs.msg import Twist
from rclpy.action import ActionServer
import time
from my_robot_interface.action import Navigate2D

class NavigateAction(Node):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__("action_server")
        self.action_server_ = ActionServer(
            self, Navigate2D, "navigate", self.navigate_callback)
        self.cmd = Twist()
        self.publisher_ = self.create_publisher(Twist, "turtle1/cmd_vel", 10)

    def navigate_callback(self, goal_handle):
        self.get_logger().info('Executing goal...')
        feedback_msg = Navigate2D.Feedback()
        feedback_msg.feedback = "Moving to the left ..."
        for i in range(1, goal_handle.requestsecs):
            self.get_logger().info(feedback_msg.feedback)
            goal_handle.publish_feedback(feedback_msg)
            self.cmd.linear.x = 0.3
            self.cmd.angular.z = 0.3
            self.publisher_.publish(self.cmd)
            time.sleep(1)
        goal_handle.succeed()
        self.cmd.linear.x = 0.0
        self.cmd.angular.z = 0.0
        self.publisher_.publish(self.cmd)
        feedback_msg.feedback = "Finished action server. Robot moved during 5 seconds"
        result = Navigate2D.Result()
        result.status = feedback_msg.feedback
        return result

def main(args=None):
    rclpy.init(args=args)
    node = NavigateAction()
    rclpy.spin(node)
    rclpy.shutdown()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()

Edit CmakeLists.txt

entry_points={
```

```
'console_scripts': [  
    'sample = my_package.sample:main',  
    'robot_publisher = my_package.robot_publisher:main',  
    'robot_subscriber = my_package.robot_subscriber:main',  
    'add_two_int_server = my_package.add_two_int_server:main',  
    'add_two_ints_client = my_package.add_two_ints_client:main',  
    'turtlesim_controller = my_package.turtle_controller:main',  
    'action_client = my_package.action_client:main',  
    'action_server = my_package.action_server:main'  
],
```

Execute in Terminal #1

```
ros2 run turtlesim turtlesim_node
```

Execute in Terminal #2

```
ros2 run my_package action_client
```

Execute in Terminal #3

```
ros2 run my_package action_server
```

Introduction to URDF: Mobile Robot Design and Control

Install the necessary packages required

Execute in Terminal #1

```
sudo apt-get install ros-foxy-teleop-twist-keyboard  
sudo apt-get install ros-foxy-joint-state-publisher*
```

```
sudo apt install gazebo11 libgazebo11-dev  
sudo apt install ros-foxy-gazebo-ros-pkgs  
sudo apt install ros-foxy-robot-state-publisher*
```

Execute in Terminal #1

```
cd ros2_ws/src  
ros2 pkg create lab4 --build-type ament_python --dependencies rclpy  
cd src/lab4/  
mkdir urdf  
mkdir launch  
cd urdf  
touch three_wheeled_robot.urdf
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" ?>

<robot name = "three_wheeled_robot">

    <link name="base">
        <visual>
            <geometry>
                <box size="0.75 0.4 0.1"/>
            </geometry>
            <material name="gray">
                <color rgba=".2 .2 .2 1" />
            </material>
        </visual>

        <inertial>
            <mass value="1" />
            <inertia ixx="0.01" ixy="0.0" ixz="0" iyy="0.01" iyz="0" izz="0.01" />
        </inertial>

        <collision>
            <geometry>
                <box size="0.75 0.4 0.1"/>
            </geometry>
        </collision>
    </link>

    <link name="wheel_right_link">
        <inertial>
            <mass value="2" />
            <inertia ixx="0.01" ixy="0.0" ixz="0"
                    iyy="0.01" iyz="0" izz="0.01" />
        </inertial>

        <visual>
            <geometry>
                <cylinder radius="0.15" length="0.1"/>
            </geometry>
            <material name="white">
                <color rgba="1 1 1 1"/>
            </material>
        </visual>

        <collision>
            <geometry>
                <cylinder radius="0.15" length="0.1"/>
            </geometry>
            <contact_coefficients mu="1" kp="1e+13" kd="1.0"/>
        </collision>
    </link>
```

```

<joint name="wheel_right_joint" type="continuous">
  <origin xyz="0.2 0.25 0.0" rpy="1.57 0.0 0.0"/>
  <parent link="base"/>
  <child link="wheel_right_link"/>
  <axis xyz="0.0 0.0 1.0"/>
</joint>

<link name="wheel_left_link">
  <inertial>
    <mass value="2" />
    <inertia ixx="0.01" ixy="0.0" ixz="0"
             iyy="0.01" iyz="0" izz="0.01" />
  </inertial>

  <visual>
    <geometry>
      <cylinder radius="0.15" length="0.1"/>
    </geometry>
    <material name="white">
      <color rgba="1 1 1 1"/>
    </material>
  </visual>

  <collision>
    <geometry>
      <cylinder radius="0.15" length="0.1"/>
    </geometry>
    <contact_coefficients mu="1" kp="1e+13" kd="1.0"/>
  </collision>
</link>

<joint name="wheel_left_joint" type="continuous">
  <origin xyz="0.2 -0.25 0.0" rpy="1.57 0.0 0.0"/>
  <parent link="base"/>
  <child link="wheel_left_link"/>
  <axis xyz="0.0 0.0 1.0"/>
</joint>

<link name="caster">
  <inertial>
    <mass value="1" />
    <inertia ixx="0.01" ixy="0.0" ixz="0"
             iyy="0.01" iyz="0" izz="0.01" />
  </inertial>

  <visual>
    <geometry>

```

```

        <sphere radius=".08" />
    </geometry>
    <material name="white" />
</visual>

<collision>
    <origin/>
    <geometry>
        <sphere radius=".08" />
    </geometry>
</collision>
</link>

<joint name="caster_joint" type="continuous">
    <origin xyz="-0.3 0.0 -0.07" rpy="0.0 0.0 0.0"/>
    <axis xyz="0 0 1" />
    <parent link="base"/>
    <child link="caster"/>
</joint>

<link name="camera">
    <inertial>
        <mass value="0.1" />
        <inertia ixx="0.01" ixy="0.0" ixz="0"
            iyy="0.01" iyz="0" izz="0.01" />
    </inertial>

    <visual>
        <geometry>
            <box size="0.1 0.1 0.05"/>
        </geometry>
        <material name="white">
            <color rgba="1 1 1 1"/>
        </material>
    </visual>

    <collision>
        <geometry>
            <box size="0.1 0.1 0.05"/>
        </geometry>
    </collision>
</link>

<joint name="camera_joint" type="fixed">
    <origin xyz="-0.35 0 0.01" rpy="0 0.0 3.14"/>
    <parent link="base"/>
    <child link="camera"/>
    <axis xyz="0.0 0.0 1.0"/>
</joint>

<link name="lidar">

```

```

<inertial>
  <mass value="0.5" />
  <inertia ixx="0.01" ixy="0.0" ixz="0"
    iyy="0.01" iyz="0" izz="0.01" />
</inertial>

<visual>
  <geometry>
    <cylinder radius="0.1" length="0.05"/>
  </geometry>
  <material name="white">
    <color rgba="1 1 1 1"/>
  </material>
</visual>

<collision>
  <geometry>
    <box size="0.1 0.1 0.1"/>
  </geometry>
</collision>
</link>

<joint name="lidar_joint" type="fixed">
  <origin xyz="-0.285 0 0.075" rpy="0 0.0 1.57"/>
  <parent link="base"/>
  <child link="lidar"/>
  <axis xyz="0.0 0.0 1.0"/>
</joint>

<!--http://wiki.ros.org/simulator_gazebo/Tutorials/ListOfMaterials-->
<gazebo reference="base">
  <material>Gazebo/WhiteGlow</material>
</gazebo>
<gazebo reference="wheel_left_link">
  <material>Gazebo/SkyBlue</material>
</gazebo>
<gazebo reference="wheel_right_link">
  <material>Gazebo/SkyBlue </material>
</gazebo>
<gazebo reference="caster">
  <material>Gazebo/Grey</material>
</gazebo>
<gazebo reference="lidar">
  <material>Gazebo/Blue</material>
</gazebo>
<gazebo reference="camera">
  <material>Gazebo/Red</material>
</gazebo>

```

```

<!-- differential robot-->
<gazebo>
  <plugin filename="libgazebo_ros_diff_drive.so" name="gazebo_base_controller">
    <odometry_frame>odom</odometry_frame>
    <commandTopic>cmd_vel</commandTopic>
    <publish_odom>true</publish_odom>
    <publish_odom_tf>true</publish_odom_tf>
    <update_rate>15.0</update_rate>

    <left_joint>wheel_left_joint</left_joint>
    <right_joint>wheel_right_joint</right_joint>

    <wheel_separation>0.5</wheel_separation>
    <wheel_diameter>0.3</wheel_diameter>
    <max_wheel_acceleration>0.7</max_wheel_acceleration>
    <max_wheel_torque>8</max_wheel_torque>
    <robotBaseFrame>base</robotBaseFrame>
  </plugin>
</gazebo>

<!-- camera plugin-->
<gazebo reference="camera">
  <sensor type="camera" name="camera1">
    <visualize>true</visualize>
    <update_rate>30.0</update_rate>
    <camera name="head">
      <horizontal_fov>1.3962634</horizontal_fov>
      <image>
        <width>800</width>
        <height>800</height>
        <format>R8G8B8</format>
      </image>
      <clip>
        <near>0.02</near>
        <far>300</far>
      </clip>
    </camera>
  <plugin name="camera_controller" filename="libgazebo_ros_camera.so">
    <alwaysOn>true</alwaysOn>
    <updateRate>60.0</updateRate>
    <cameraName>/camera1</cameraName>
    <imageTopicName>image_raw</imageTopicName>
    <cameraInfoTopicName>info_camera</cameraInfoTopicName>
    <frameName>camera</frameName>
    <hackBaseline>0.07</hackBaseline>
  </plugin>
  </sensor>
</gazebo>

<!--lidar plugin-->

```

```

<gazebo reference="lidar">
  <sensor name="lidar" type="ray">
    <visualize>true</visualize>
    <update_rate>12.0</update_rate>
    <plugin filename="libgazebo_ros_ray_sensor.so" name="gazebo_lidar">
      <output_type>sensor_msgs/LaserScan</output_type>
      <frame_name>lidar</frame_name>
    </plugin>
    <ray>
      <scan>
        <horizontal>
          <samples>360</samples>
          <resolution>1</resolution>
          <min_angle>0.00</min_angle>
          <max_angle>3.14</max_angle>
        </horizontal>
      </scan>
      <range>
        <min>0.120</min>
        <max>3.5</max>
        <resolution>0.015</resolution>
      </range>
    </ray>
  </sensor>
</gazebo>

</robot>

```

```

cd ..
cd launch
touch gazebo.launch.py

```

```

from launch import LaunchDescription
from launch_ros.actions import Node
from launch.actions import ExecuteProcess
def generate_launch_description():
  urdf = '/home/asha/ros2_ws/src/lab4/urdf/three_wheeled_robot.urdf'
  return LaunchDescription([
    Node(
      package='robot_state_publisher',
      executable='robot_state_publisher',
      name='robot_state_publisher',
      output='screen',
      arguments=[urdf]),
    Node(
      package='joint_state_publisher',
      executable='joint_state_publisher',
      name='joint_state_publisher',
      arguments=[urdf]),
  # Gazebo related stuff required to launch the robot in simulation

```

```

ExecuteProcess(
    cmd=['gazebo', '--verbose', '-s', 'libgazebo_ros_factory.so'],
    output='screen'),
Node(
    package='gazebo_ros',
    executable='spawn_entity.py',
    name='urdf_spawner',
    output='screen',
    arguments=["-topic", "/robot_description", "-entity", "lab4"])
])

```

touch rviz.launch.py

```

from launch import LaunchDescription
from launch_ros.actions import Node

def generate_launch_description():
    urdf = '/home/asha/ros2_ws/src/lab4/urdf/three_wheeled_robot.urdf'
    # rviz_config_file=os.path.join(package_dir,'config.rviz')

    return LaunchDescription([
        Node(
            package='robot_state_publisher',
            executable='robot_state_publisher',
            name='robot_state_publisher',
            output='screen',
            arguments=[urdf]),
        Node(
            package='joint_state_publisher_gui',
            executable='joint_state_publisher_gui',
            name='joint_state_publisher_gui',
            arguments=[urdf]),
        Node(
            package='rviz2',
            executable='rviz2',
            name='rviz2',
            # arguments=['-d',rviz_config_file],
            output='screen'),
    ])

```

Edit the setup.py file as

```

from setuptools import setup
import os
from glob import glob
package_name = 'lab4'

```

```
setup(  
    name=package_name,  
    version='0.0.0',  
    packages=[package_name],  
    data_files=[  
        ('share/ament_index/resource_index/packages',  
         ['resource/' + package_name]),  
        ('share/' + package_name, ['package.xml']),  
        (os.path.join('share', package_name), glob('urdf/*')),  
        (os.path.join('share', package_name), glob('launch/*'))  
    ],  
    install_requires=['setuptools'],  
    zip_safe=True,  
    maintainer='asha',  
    maintainer_email='asha@todo.todo',  
    description='TODO: Package description',  
    license='TODO: License declaration',  
    tests_require=['pytest'],  
    entry_points={  
        'console_scripts': [  
            ],  
    },  
)
```

Execute in Terminal #1

```
colcon build --packages-select lab4  
ros2 launch lab4 rviz.launch.py
```

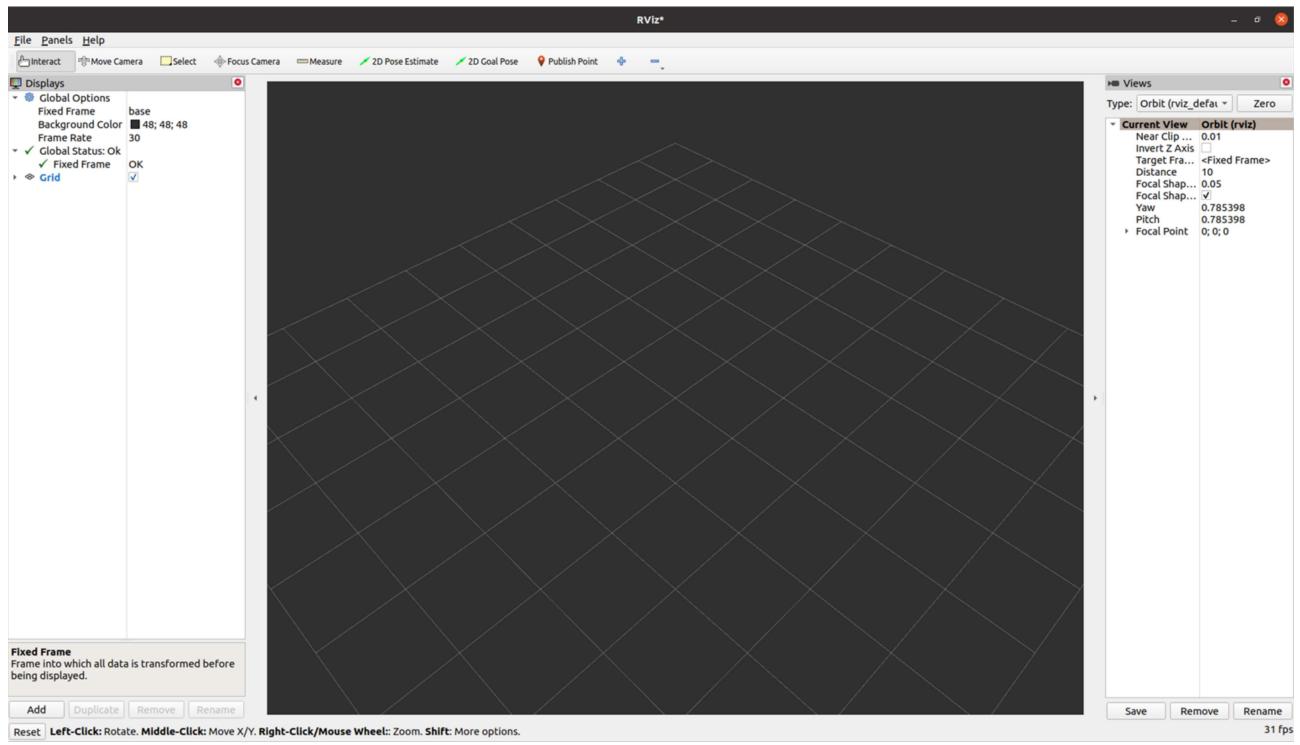
Execute in Terminal #2

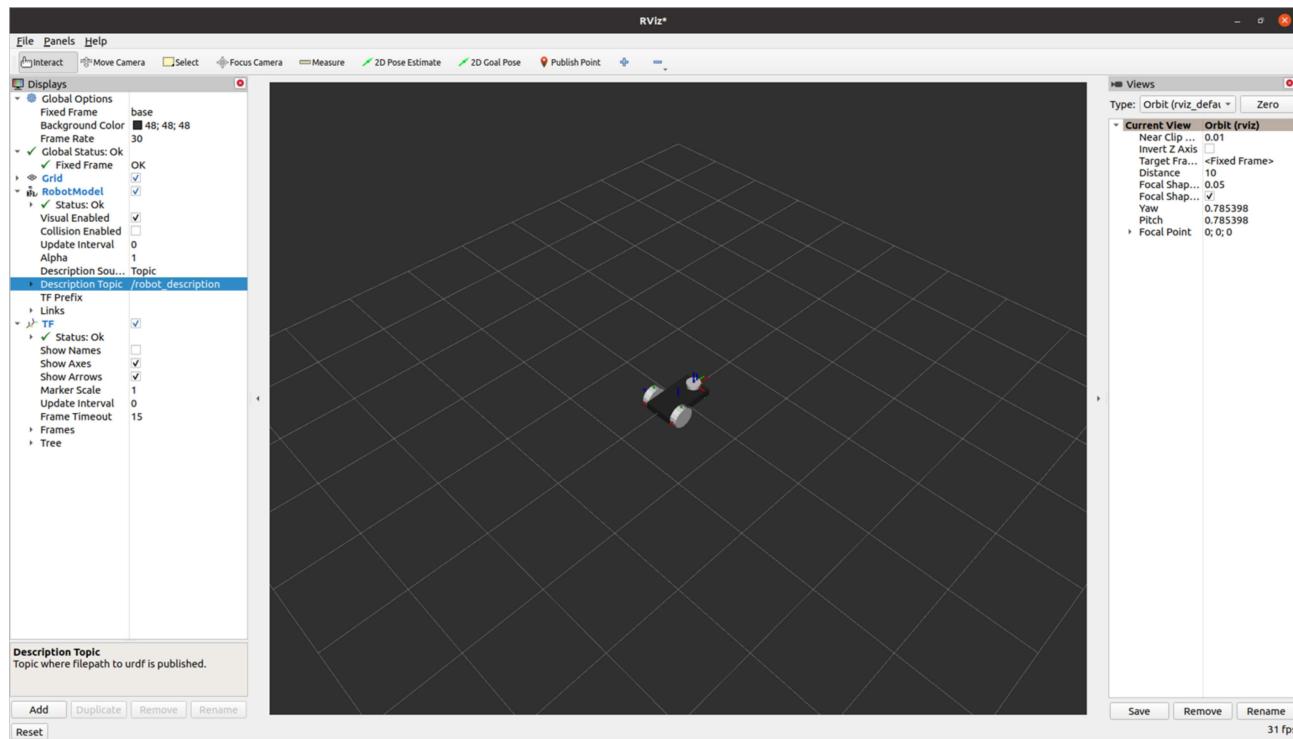
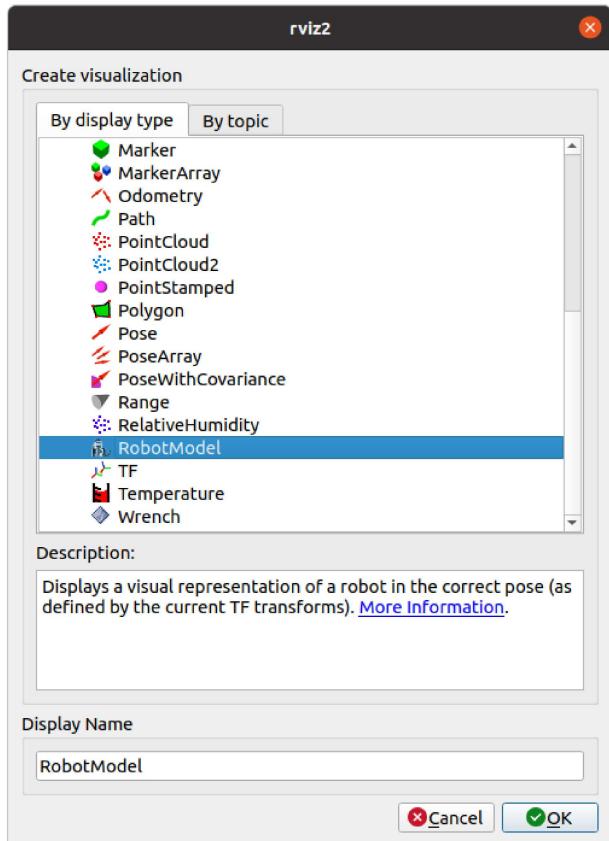
```
killall gzserver  
ros2 launch lab4 gazebo.launch.py
```

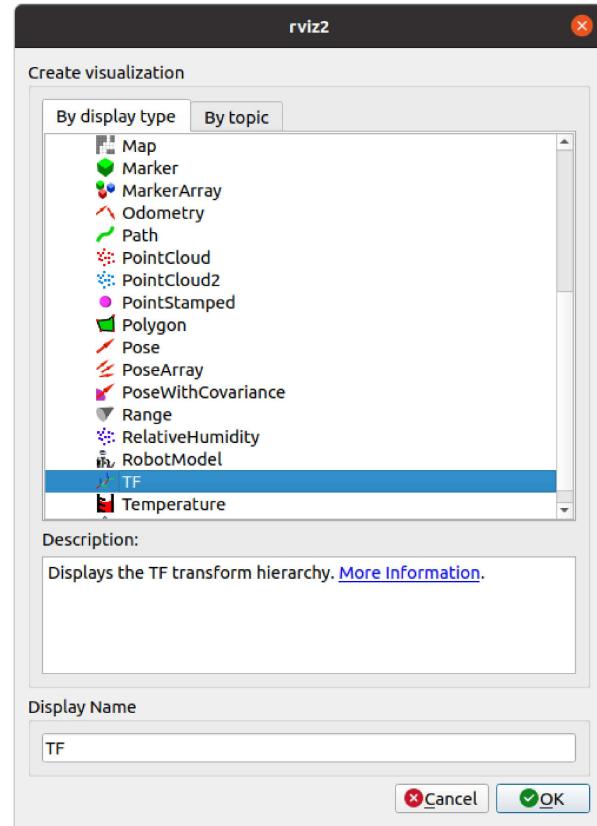
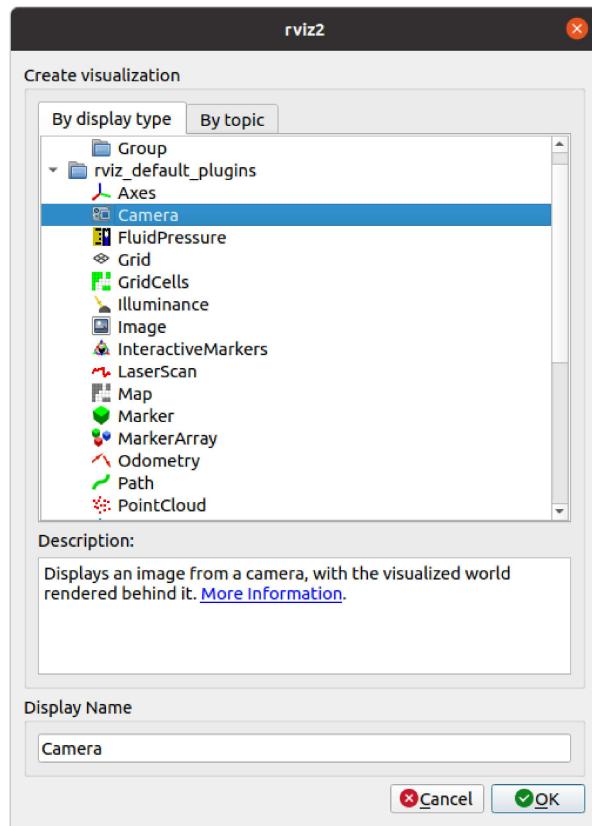
Execute in Terminal #3

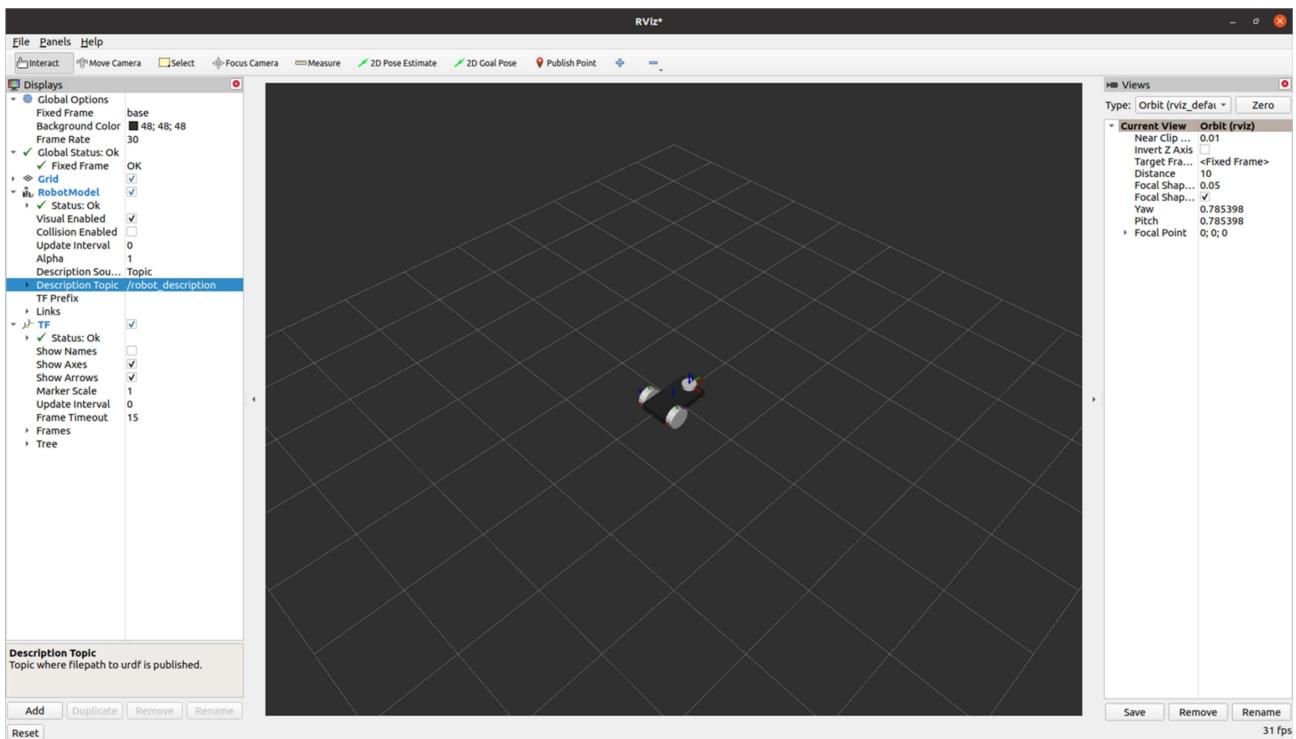
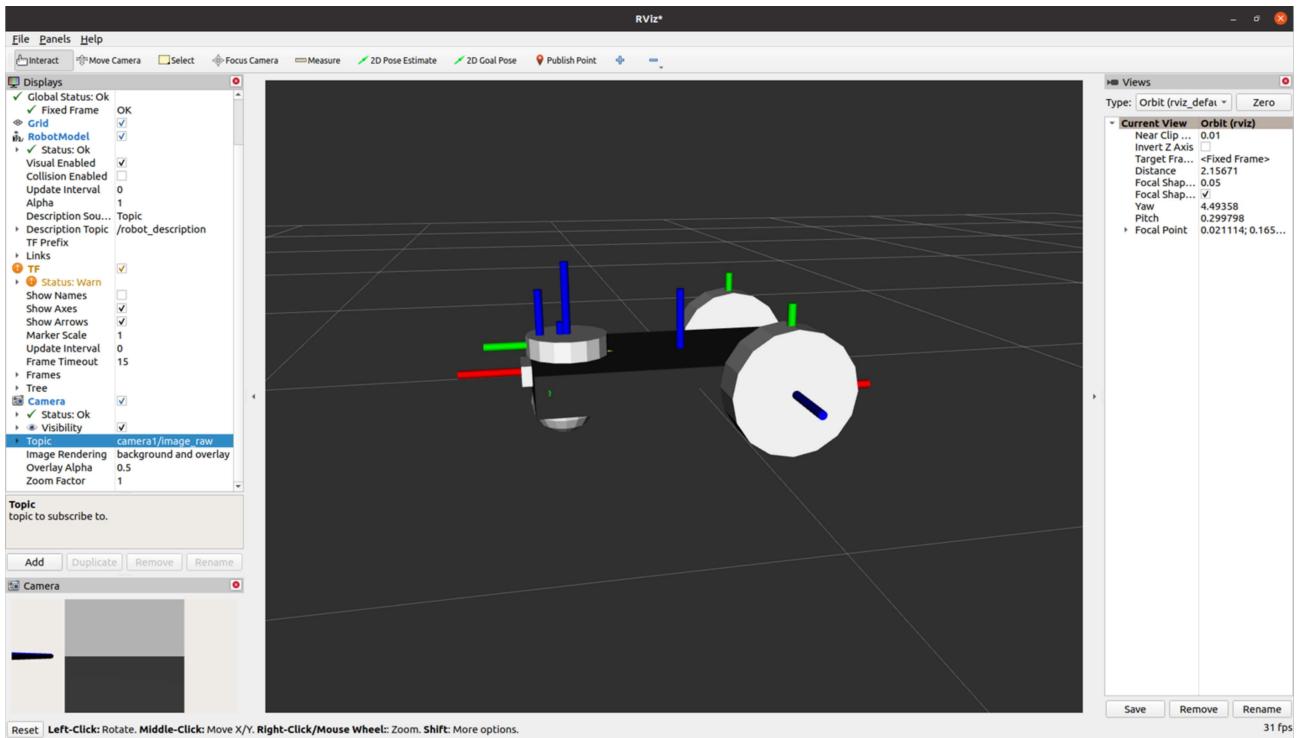
```
ros2 run teleop_twist_keyboard teleop_twist_keyboard
```

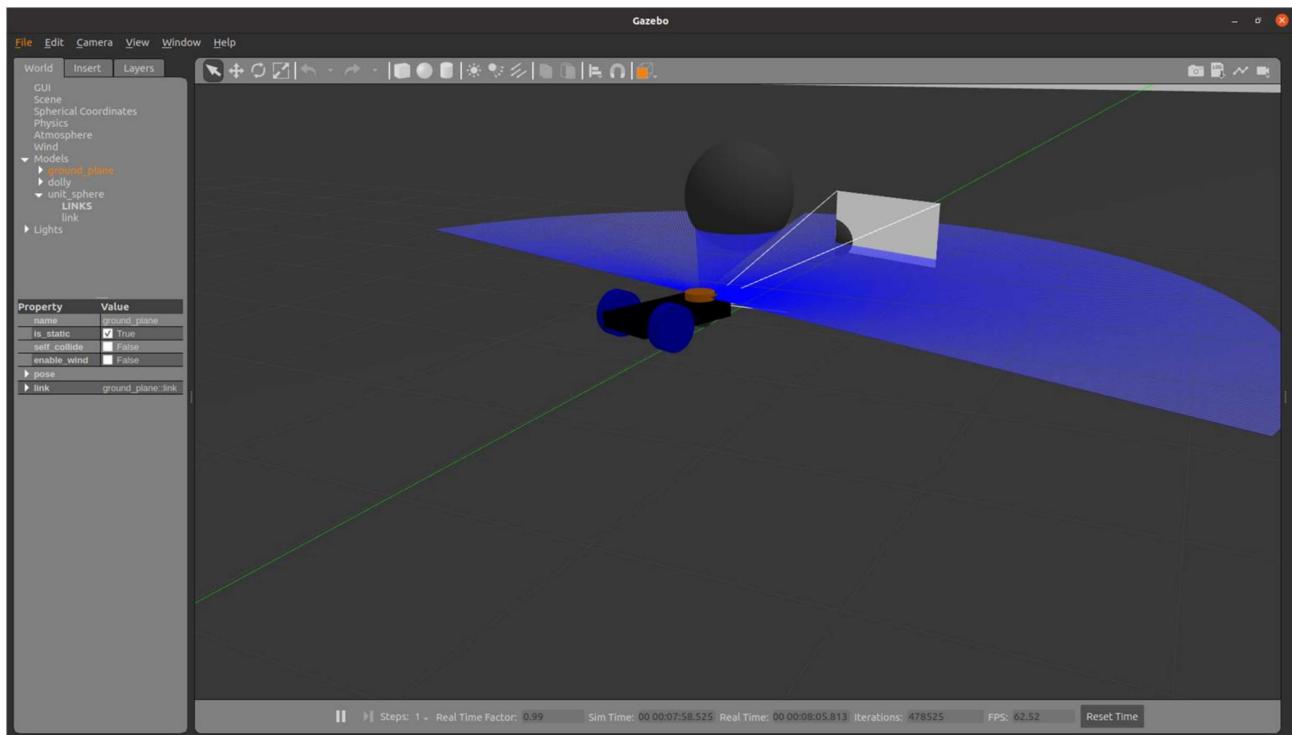
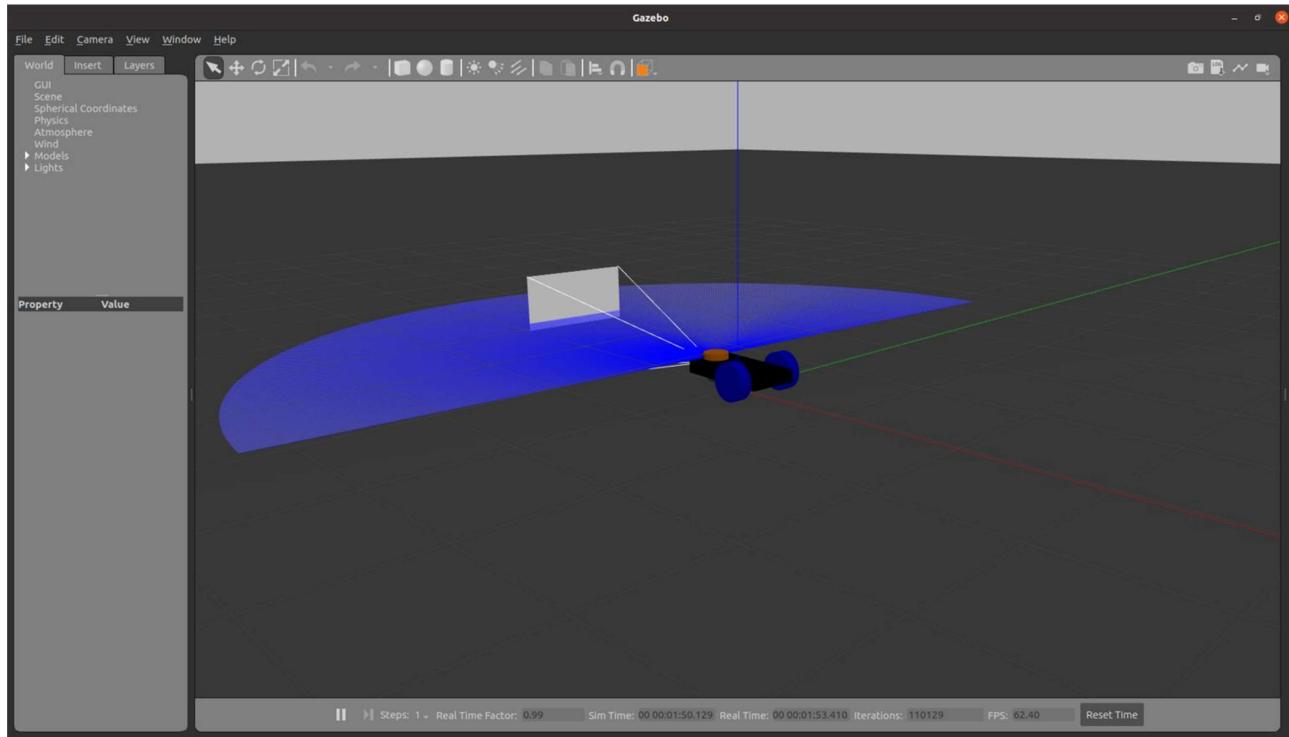
Do these changes in the rviz window:











```
sudo apt-get install python3-pip  
pip3 install transforms3d
```

Edit move_robot.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3  
import rclpy  
from rclpy.node import Node  
from geometry_msgs.msg import Twist  
from nav_msgs.msg import Odometry  
import transforms3d  
import math  
  
class GotoGoalNode(Node):  
    def __init__(self):  
        super().__init__("move_robot")  
        self.target_x = 2  
        self.target_y = 2  
        self.publisher = self.create_publisher(Twist, "cmd_vel", 10)  
        self.subscriber = self.create_subscription(Odometry, "odom", self.control_loop, 10)  
  
    def control_loop(self, msg):  
  
        dist_x = self.target_x - msg.pose.pose.position.x  
        dist_y = self.target_y - msg.pose.pose.position.y  
        print('current position: {}  
{}'.format(msg.pose.pose.position.x, msg.pose.pose.position.y))  
        distance = math.sqrt(dist_x * dist_x + dist_y * dist_y)  
        print('distance : {}'.format(round(distance, 3)))  
  
        goal_theta = math.atan2(dist_y, dist_x)  
        quat = msg.pose.pose.orientation  
        roll, pitch, yaw = transforms3d.euler.quat2euler([quat.w, quat.x, quat.y, quat.z])  
        diff = math.pi - round(yaw, 2) + round(goal_theta, 2)  
        print('yaw: {}'.format(round(yaw, 2)))  
        print('target angle: {}'.format(round(goal_theta, 2)))  
  
        if diff > math.pi:  
            diff -= 2*math.pi  
        elif diff < -math.pi:  
            diff += 2*math.pi  
        print('orientation : {}'.format(round(diff, 2)))  
  
        vel = Twist()  
  
        if abs(diff) > 0.2:  
            vel.linear.x = 0.0  
            vel.angular.z = 0.4*round(diff, 2)
```

```

else:
    if abs(distance) > 0.2:
        vel.linear.x = 0.3*round(distance, 3)
        vel.angular.z = 0.0

    else:
        vel.linear.x = 0.0
        vel.angular.z = 0.0

print('speed : {}'.format(vel))
self.publisher.publish(vel)

def main(args=None):
    rclpy.init(args=args)
    node = GotoGoalNode()
    rclpy.spin(node)
    rclpy.shutdown()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()

```

Execute in Terminal #1

colcon build --packages-select lab4
ros2 launch lab4 rviz.launch.py

Execute in Terminal #2

killall gzserver
ros2 launch lab4 gazebo.launch.py

Execute in Terminal #3

ros2 run lab4 controller

Edit setup.py

```

entry_points={
    'console_scripts': [
        'controller = lab4.move_robot:main'
    ],
}

```

Exercise 1: Write a python code to move the robot to along the wall using the laser scan data.

Exercise 2: Modify the URDF code to change to 4 wheeled robot and run the program.

MANIPULATOR DESIGN AND CONTROL

<http://wiki.ros.org/urdf/Tutorials/Adding%20Physical%20and%20Collision%20Properties%20to%20a%20URDF%20Model>

Execute in Terminal #1

```
sudo apt-get install ros-foxy-teleop-twist-keyboard
sudo apt-get install ros-foxy-joint-state-publisher*
sudo apt-get install ros-foxy-joint-trajectory-controller
sudo apt-get install ros-foxy-controller-manager
sudo apt install ros-foxy-gazebo-*
sudo apt install ros-foxy-gazebo-msgs
sudo apt install ros-foxy-gazebo-ros
sudo apt install ros-foxy-gazebo-ros2-control-demos
sudo apt install ros-foxy-ros2 control
sudo apt install ros-foxy-ros2-control
sudo apt install ros-foxy-ros2-controllers
sudo apt install ros-foxy-ros2controlcli
sudo apt install ros-foxy-xacro
sudo apt install ros-foxy-gazebo-dev
sudo apt install ros-foxy-gazebo-plugins
```

```
cd ros2_ws/src/urdf_tutorial/urdf
touch manipulator.urdf
```

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<robot name="arm">

    <link name="world"/>
    <link name="base_link">
        <visual>
            <geometry>
                <cylinder length="0.05" radius="0.2"/>
            </geometry>
            <material name="Black">
                <color rgba="0 0 0 1"/>
            </material>
            <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0 0 0.025"/>
        </visual>

        <collision>
            <geometry>
                <cylinder length="0.05" radius="0.2"/>
            </geometry>
            <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0 0 0.025"/>
```

```

</collision>

<inertial>
  <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0 0 0.025"/>
  <mass value="5.0"/>
  <inertia ixx="0.0135" ixy="0.0" ixz="0.0" iyy="0.0135" iyz="0.0" izz="0.05"/>
</inertial>
</link>

<joint name="fixed" type="fixed">
  <parent link="world"/>
  <child link="base_link"/>
  <dynamics damping="10" friction="1.0"/>
</joint>

<link name="link_1">
  <visual>
    <geometry>
      <cylinder length="0.5" radius="0.08"/>
    </geometry>
    <material name="blue">
      <color rgba="0 0 0.8 1"/>
    </material>
    <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0 0 0.25"/>
  </visual>

  <collision>
    <geometry>
      <cylinder length="0.5" radius="0.08"/>
    </geometry>
    <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0 0 0.25"/>
  </collision>

  <inertial>
    <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0 0 0.25"/>
    <mass value="5.0"/>
    <inertia ixx="0.107" ixy="0.0" ixz="0.0" iyy="0.107" iyz="0.0" izz="0.0125"/>
  </inertial>

  </link>

<joint name="joint_1" type="continuous">
  <axis xyz="0 0 1"/>
  <parent link="base_link"/>
  <child link="link_1"/>
  <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0.0 0.0 0.05"/>
  <dynamics damping="10" friction="1.0"/>
</joint>

<link name="link_2">
  <inertial>

```

```

<origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0 0 0.2"/>
<mass value="2.0"/>
<inertia ixx="0.027" ixy="0.0" ixz="0.0" iyy="0.027" iyz="0.0" izz="0.0025"/>
</inertial>

<visual>
  <geometry>
    <cylinder length="0.1" radius="0.08"/>
  </geometry>
  <material name="Red">
    <color rgba="1 0 0 1"/>
  </material>
</visual>

<collision>
  <geometry>
    <cylinder length="0.1" radius="0.08"/>
  </geometry>
</collision>
</link>

<joint name="joint_2" type="continuous">
  <axis xyz="0 0 1"/>
  <parent link="link_1"/>
  <child link="link_2"/>
  <origin rpy="0 1.5708 0" xyz="0.0 -0.005 0.58"/>
  <limit lower="-0.25" upper="3.34" effort="10" velocity="0.5"/>
  <dynamics damping="10" friction="1.0"/>
</joint>

<link name="link_3">
  <inertial>
    <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0 0 0.2"/>
    <mass value="0.01"/>
    <inertia ixx="0.027" ixy="0.0" ixz="0.0" iyy="0.027" iyz="0.0" izz="0.0025"/>
  </inertial>

  <visual>
    <geometry>
      <cylinder length="0.4" radius="0.05"/>
    </geometry>
    <material name="blue">
      <color rgba="0.5 0.5 0.5 1"/>
    </material>
  </visual>

  <collision>
    <geometry>
      <cylinder length="0.4" radius="0.05"/>
    </geometry>
  </collision>

```

```

</link>

<joint name="joint_3" type="fixed">
  <parent link="link_2"/>
  <child link="link_3"/>
  <origin rpy="1.57 0 0" xyz="0.0 0.2 0 "/>
  <dynamics damping="10" friction="1.0"/>
</joint>

<link name="link_4">
  <inertial>
    <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0 0 0.2"/>
    <mass value="0.01"/>
    <inertia ixx="0.027" ixy="0.0" ixz="0.0" iyy="0.027" iyz="0.0" izz="0.0025"/>
  </inertial>

  <visual>
    <geometry>
      <cylinder length="0.1" radius="0.06"/>
    </geometry>
    <material name="Red">
      <color rgba="1 0 0 1"/>
    </material>
  </visual>

  <collision>
    <geometry>
      <cylinder length="0.1" radius="0.06"/>
    </geometry>
  </collision>
</link>

<joint name="joint_4" type="continuous">
  <parent link="link_3"/>
  <child link="link_4"/>
  <origin rpy="1.57 0 0" xyz=" 0 0 -0.25"/>
  <axis xyz=" 0 0 1"/>
  <limit lower="-1.92" upper="1.92" effort="10" velocity="0.5"/>
  <dynamics damping="10" friction="1.0"/>
</joint>

<link name="link_5">
  <inertial>
    <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0 0 0.2"/>
    <mass value="0.01"/>
    <inertia ixx="0.027" ixy="0.0" ixz="0.0" iyy="0.027" iyz="0.0" izz="0.0025"/>
  </inertial>

  <visual>
    <geometry>

```

```
<cylinder length="0.3" radius="0.03"/>
</geometry>
<material name="yello">
    <color rgba="0 1 0.5 1"/>
</material>
</visual>

<collision>
<geometry>
    <cylinder length="0.3" radius="0.03"/>
</geometry>
<dynamics damping="0.0" friction="0.0"/>

</collision>
</link>

<joint name="joint_5" type="fixed">
    <parent link="link_4"/>
    <child link="link_5"/>
    <origin rpy="1.57 0 0" xyz="0.0 -0.2 0 "/>
    <dynamics damping="10" friction="1.0"/>
</joint>

<gazebo reference="base_link">
    <material>Gazebo/Black</material>
</gazebo>

<gazebo reference="link_1">
    <material>Gazebo/White</material>
</gazebo>

<gazebo reference="link_3">
    <material>Gazebo/White</material>
</gazebo>

<gazebo reference="link_2">
    <material>Gazebo/Blue</material>
</gazebo>

<gazebo reference="link_4">
    <material>Gazebo/Blue</material>
</gazebo>

<gazebo reference="link_5">
    <material>Gazebo/White</material>
</gazebo>

<gazebo>
<plugin filename="libgazebo_ros2_control.so" name="gazebo_ros2_control">
```

```

<robot_sim_type>gazebo_ros2_control/GazeboSystem</robot_sim_type>
<parameters>/home/asha/ros2_ws/src/urdf_tutorial/config/control.yaml</parameters>
  </plugin>
</gazebo>

<ros2_control name="GazeboSystem" type="system">
  <hardware>
    <plugin>gazebo_ros2_control/GazeboSystem</plugin>
  </hardware>

<joint name="joint_1">
  <command_interface name="position">
    <param name="min">-3.14</param>
    <param name="max">3.14</param>
  </command_interface>
  <state_interface name="position"/>
  <param name="initial_position">0.0</param>
</joint>
<joint name="joint_2">
  <command_interface name="position">
    <param name="min">-3.14</param>
    <param name="max">3.14</param>
  </command_interface>
  <state_interface name="position"/>
  <param name="initial_position">-1.57</param>
</joint>
<joint name="joint_4">
  <command_interface name="position">
    <param name="min">-3.14</param>
    <param name="max">3.14</param>
  </command_interface>
  <state_interface name="position"/>
  <param name="initial_position">0.0</param>
</joint>

</ros2_control>

</robot>

```

```

cd ..
cd launch
touch arm_rviz.launch.py

```

```

from launch import LaunchDescription
from launch_ros.actions import Node
import os

```

```

def generate_launch_description():

    urdf_file = urdf = '/home/asha/ros2_ws/src/urdf_tutorial/urdf/manipulator.urdf'

    joint_state_publisher_node = Node(
        package="joint_state_publisher_gui",
        executable="joint_state_publisher_gui",
    )
    robot_state_publisher_node = Node(
        package="robot_state_publisher",
        executable="robot_state_publisher",
        output="both",
        arguments=[urdf_file]
    )
    rviz_node = Node(
        package="rviz2",
        executable="rviz2",
        name="rviz2",
        output="log"
    )
    nodes_to_run = [
        joint_state_publisher_node,
        robot_state_publisher_node,
        rviz_node
    ]
    return LaunchDescription(nodes_to_run)

```

touch arm_gazebo.launch.py

```

import os
from launch import LaunchDescription
from launch.actions import ExecuteProcess
from launch_ros.actions import Node

def generate_launch_description():
    urdf_file = '/home/asha/ros2_ws/src/urdf_tutorial/urdf/manipulator.urdf'

    return LaunchDescription([
        ExecuteProcess(
            cmd=["gazebo", "-s", "libgazebo_ros_factory.so"],
            output="screen",
        ),
        Node(
            package="gazebo_ros",
            executable="spawn_entity.py",

```

```

        arguments=["-entity","urdf_tutorial","-b","-file", urdf_file],
),
Node(
    package="robot_state_publisher",
    executable="robot_state_publisher",
    output="screen",
    arguments=[urdf_file],
),
)

]
)

```

```

cd ~/ros2_ws/src/urdf_tutorial
mkdir config
cd config
touch control.yaml

```

```

controller_manager:
ros__parameters:
  update_rate: 100
  joint_state_broadcaster:
    type: joint_state_broadcaster/JointStateBroadcaster
  joint_trajectory_controller:
    type: joint_trajectory_controller/JointTrajectoryController

joint_trajectory_controller:
ros__parameters:
  joints:
    - joint_1
    - joint_2
    - joint_4

  command_interfaces:
    - position

  state_interfaces:
    - position

  state_publish_rate: 50.0
  action_monitor_rate: 20.0

  allow_partial_joints_goal: false
  open_loop_control: true
  constraints:
    stopped_velocity_tolerance: 0.01
    goal_time: 0.0
    joint1:
      trajectory: 0.05
      goal: 0.03

```

```
touch arm_control.launch.py
Edit arm_control.launch.py

import os
from launch import LaunchDescription
from launch.actions import ExecuteProcess, IncludeLaunchDescription,
RegisterEventHandler
from launch_ros.actions import Node
from launch.event_handlers import OnProcessExit
from launch.launch_description_sources import PythonLaunchDescriptionSource
from ament_index_python.packages import get_package_share_directory

import xacro

def generate_launch_description():

    urdf_file = '/home/asha/ros2_ws/src/lab5/urdf/manipulator.urdf'
    controller_file = '/home/asha/ros2_ws/src/lab5/config/control.yaml'
    robot_description = {"robot_description": urdf_file}

    gazebo = IncludeLaunchDescription(
        PythonLaunchDescriptionSource([os.path.join(
            get_package_share_directory('gazebo_ros'), 'launch'), 'gazebo.launch.py']),
    )

    doc = xacro.parse(open(urdf_file))
    xacro.process_doc(doc)
    params = {'robot_description': doc.toxml()}

    node_robot_state_publisher = Node(
        package='robot_state_publisher',
        executable='robot_state_publisher',
        output='screen',
        parameters=[params]
    )

    spawn_entity = Node(package='gazebo_ros', executable='spawn_entity.py',
        arguments=["-entity","lab5","-b","-file", urdf_file],
        output='screen'
    )

    load_joint_state_controller = ExecuteProcess(
        cmd=['ros2', 'control', 'load_controller', '--set-state', 'start',
            'joint_state_broadcaster'],
        output='screen'
    )

    load_joint_trajectory_controller = ExecuteProcess(
        cmd=['ros2', 'control', 'load_controller', '--set-state', 'start',
            'joint_trajectory_controller'],
        output='screen'
    )
```

```

        'joint_trajectory_controller'],
        output='screen'
    )

return LaunchDescription(
    [
        RegisterEventHandler(
            event_handler=OnProcessExit(
                target_action=spawn_entity,
                on_exit=[load_joint_state_controller],
            )
        ),
        RegisterEventHandler(
            event_handler=OnProcessExit(
                target_action=load_joint_state_controller,
                on_exit=[load_joint_trajectory_controller],
            )
        ),
    ],
    gazebo,
    node_robot_state_publisher,
    spawn_entity,
    Node(
        package="controller_manager",
        executable="ros2_control_node",
        parameters=[robot_description, controller_file],
        output="screen"
    )
)
)

```

Add extensions in Visual Studio

ros
ros snippet
xml
xml tools
urdf
xml complete
icons

Execute in Terminal #1

colcon build --packages-select urdf_tutorial

Execute in Terminal #1

```

ros2 launch urdf_tutorial arm_rviz.launch.py
Execute in Terminal #2
ros2 launch urdf_tutorial arm_gazebo.launch.py
Execute in Terminal #3
ros2 launch urdf_tutorial arm_control.launch.py

cd ros2_ws/src/urdf_tutorial/urdf_tutorial/
touch controller.py
chmod +x controller.py

#!/usr/bin/env python3

import rclpy
from rclpy.node import Node
from builtin_interfaces.msg import Duration
from trajectory_msgs.msg import JointTrajectory, JointTrajectoryPoint

class TrajectoryPublisher(Node):

    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__('trajectory_node')
        topic_ = "/joint_trajectory_controller/joint_trajectory"
        self.publisher_ = self.create_publisher(JointTrajectory, topic_, 10)
        self.timer_ = self.create_timer(1,self.timer_callback)
        self.joints = ['joint_1', 'joint_2', 'joint_4']
        self.goal_ =[1.5, 0.5, 1.2]

    def timer_callback(self):
        msg = JointTrajectory()
        msg.joint_names = self.joints
        point = JointTrajectoryPoint()
        point.positions = self.goal_
        point.time_from_start = Duration(sec=2)
        msg.points.append(point)
        self.publisher_.publish(msg)

    def main(args=None):
        rclpy.init(args=args)
        node = TrajectoryPublisher()
        rclpy.spin(node)
        node.destroy_node()
        rclpy.shutdown()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()

```

Edit setup.py as

```

from setuptools import setup
import os
from glob import glob
package_name = 'urdf_tutorial'

setup(
    name=package_name,
    version='0.0.0',
    packages=[package_name],
    data_files=[
        ('share/ament_index/resource_index/packages',
            ['resource/' + package_name]),
        ('share/' + package_name, ['package.xml']),
        (os.path.join('share', package_name), glob('urdf/*')),
        (os.path.join('share', package_name), glob('launch/*')),
        (os.path.join('share', package_name), glob('config/*'))
    ],
    install_requires=['setuptools'],
    zip_safe=True,
    maintainer='asha',
    maintainer_email='asha@todo.todo',
    description='TODO: Package description',
    license='TODO: License declaration',
    tests_require=['pytest'],
    entry_points={
        'console_scripts': [
            'controller = urdf_tutorial.controller:main'
        ],
    },
)

```

Execute in Terminal #1

colcon build --packages-select urdf_tutorial

Execute in Terminal #1

ros2 launch urdf_tutorial arm_rviz.launch.py

Execute in Terminal #2

ros2 launch urdf_tutorial arm_control.launch.py

Execute in Terminal #3

ros2 run urdf_tutorial controller

Activities > Visual Studio Code

File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help

arm_gazebo.launch.py - urdf_tutorial - Visual Studio Code

Apr 1 11:13

URDF_TUTORIAL

EXPLORER

launch > arm_gazebo.launch.py > generate_launch_description

```
1 import os
2 from launch import LaunchDescription
3 from launch.actions import ExecuteProcess
4 from launch_ros.actions import Node
5
6 def generate_launch_description():
7     urdf_file = '/home/asha/foxy_ws/src/urdf_tutorial/urdf/manipulator.urdf'
8
9     return LaunchDescription([
10         ExecuteProcess(
11             cmd=['gazebo', "-s", "libgazebo_ros_factory.so",
12                 output="screen",
13             ),
14         Node(
15             package="gazebo_ros",
16             executable="spawn_entity.py",
17             arguments=["-entity", "urdf_tutorial", "-b", "-f",
18             ],
19         ),
20     ])
```

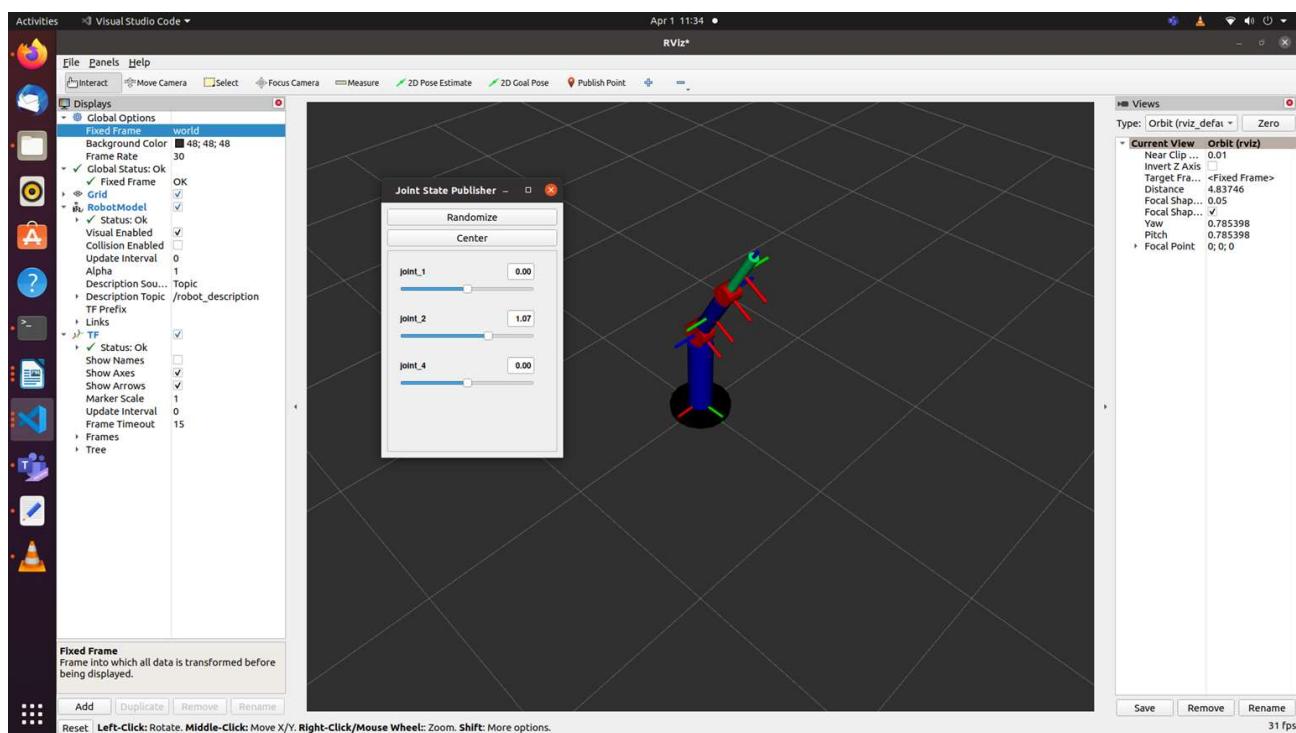
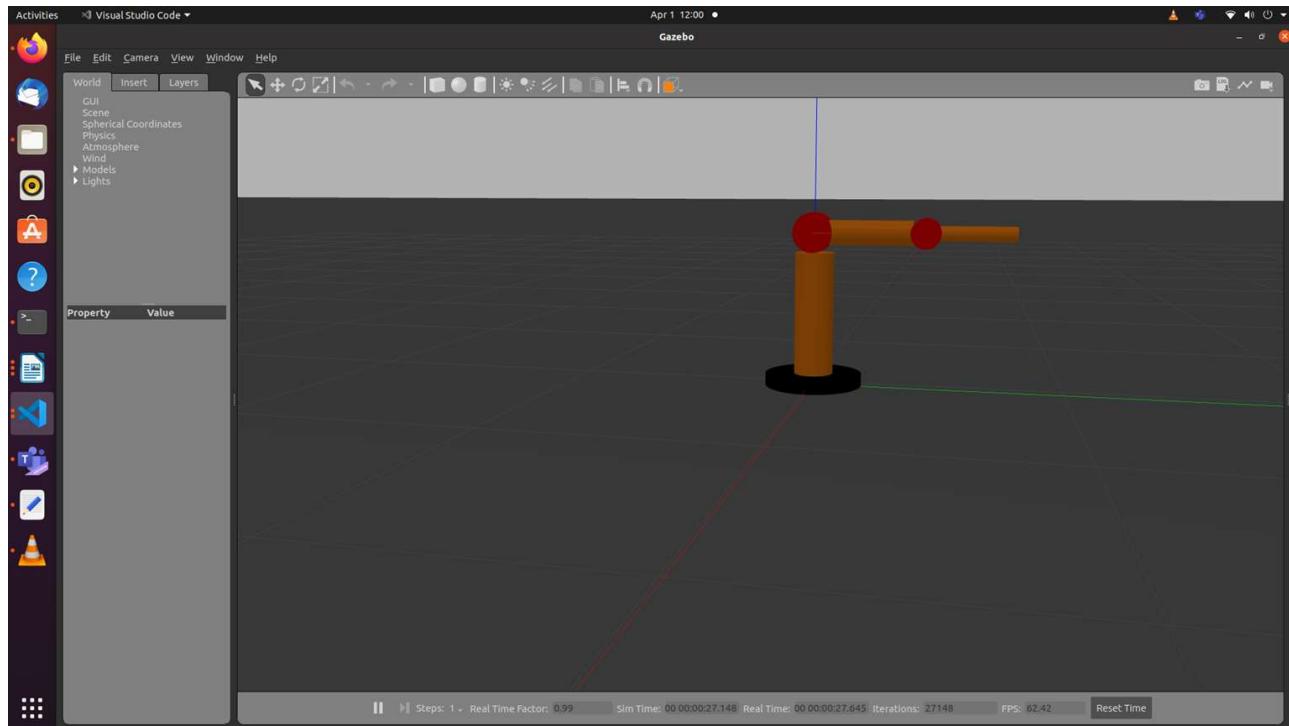
URDF Preview

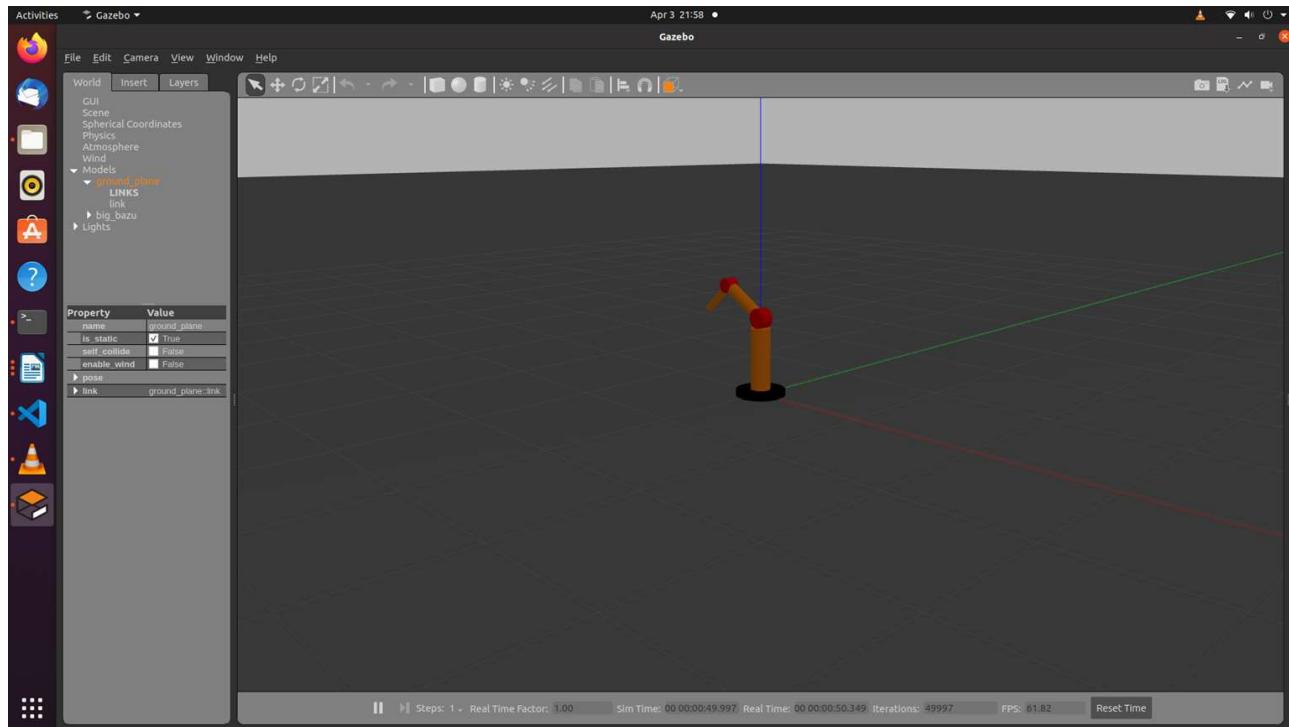
python3 - foxy

PROBLEMS OUTPUT TERMINAL DEBUG CONSOLE

```
[robot_state_publisher-2] Link link_5 had 0 children
[robot_state_publisher-2] [INFO] [1648790596.825099071] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment base_link
[robot_state_publisher-2] [INFO] [1648790595.825140332] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment link_1
[robot_state_publisher-2] [INFO] [1648790595.825148868] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment link_2
[robot_state_publisher-2] [INFO] [1648790595.825155568] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment link_3
[robot_state_publisher-2] [INFO] [1648790595.825162275] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment link_4
[robot_state_publisher-2] [INFO] [1648790595.825168346] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment link_5
[robot_state_publisher-2] [INFO] [1648790595.825174823] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment world
[rviz2-3] [INFO] [1648790596.1988076468] [rviz2]: Stereo is NOT SUPPORTED
[rviz2-3] [INFO] [1648790596.199996743] [rviz2]: OpenGL version: 4.6 (GLSL 4.6)
[rviz2-3] [INFO] [1648790596.235979217] [rviz2]: Stereo is NOT SUPPORTED
[joint_state_publisher_gui-1] [INFO] [1648790596.555303056] [joint_state_publisher]: Waiting for robot_description to be published on the robot_descripti
on topic...
[joint_state_publisher_gui-1] [INFO] [1648790596.561212840] [joint_state_publisher]: Centering
[joint_state_publisher_gui-1] [INFO] [1648790596.809080287] [joint_state_publisher]: Centering
[rviz2-3] Parsing robot urdf xml string.
```

Ln 9, Col 1 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF MagicPython 3.8.10 64-bit





ROS2 parameters:

Parameters help to provide the values while running the code.

ros2 param list

Edit the controller.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
```

```
#colcon build --packages-select urdf_tutorial  
#ros2 run urdf_tutorial controller --ros-args -p end_location:=[3.5,1.5,-1.2]
```

```
import rclpy  
from rclpy.node import Node  
from builtin_interfaces.msg import Duration  
from trajectory_msgs.msg import JointTrajectory, JointTrajectoryPoint
```

```

class TrajectoryPublisher(Node):

    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__('trajectory_node')
        topic_ = "/joint_trajectory_controller/joint_trajectory"
        self.joints = ['joint_1', 'joint_2', 'joint_4']
        #self.goal_ =[1.5, 0.5, 1.2]
        self.declare_parameter("joint_angles", [1.5, 0.5, 1.2])
        self.goal_=self.get_parameter("joint_angles").value
        self.publisher_ = self.create_publisher(JointTrajectory, topic_, 10)
        self.timer_ = self.create_timer(1,self.timer_callback)

    def timer_callback(self):
        msg = JointTrajectory()
        msg.joint_names = self.joints
        point = JointTrajectoryPoint()
        point.positions = self.goal_
        point.time_from_start = Duration(sec=2)
        msg.points.append(point)
        self.publisher_.publish(msg)

    def main(args=None):
        rclpy.init(args=args)
        node = TrajectoryPublisher()
        rclpy.spin(node)
        node.destroy_node()
        rclpy.shutdown()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()

```

Execute in Terminal #1

```
#colcon build --packages-select urdf_tutorial
```

Execute in Terminal #2

```
ros2 launch urdf_tutorial arm_control.launch.py
```

```
ros2 control load_controller --set-state start joint_state_broadcaster
```

```
ros2 control load_controller --set-state start joint_trajectory_controller
```

Execute in Terminal #3

```
#ros2 run urdf_tutorial controller --ros-args -p joint_angles:=[3.5,1.5,-1.2]
```

Exercise 1: Replicate the process for UR5e robot given its urdf file.

Exercise 2: Write a python code to move the manipulator to end location using inverse kinematics.

Viva Questions: Compute the inertia parameters for the each block used in the three_wheeled_robot and manipulator.

References

<https://docs.ros.org/en/foxy/Tutorials/URDF/Using-URDF-with-Robot-State-Publisher.html>

https://github.com/benbongalon/ros2-urdf-tutorial/tree/master/urdf_tutorial

https://github.com/cra-ros-pkg/robot_localization/tree/foxy-devel

https://github.com/ros/robot_state_publisher/tree/foxy

https://github.com/ros/joint_state_publisher/tree/foxy

http://gazebosim.org/tutorials?tut=ros_urdf

Lab6: ROS2 Perception – Line Follower

- How to use OpenCV in ROS2
- How to follow a line
- How to find different elements based on color
- Track multiple paths and decide
- Create a basic PID for the line following

OpenCV is the most extensive and complete library for image recognition. With it, you can work with images like never before: applying filters, post-processing, and working with images in any way you want. OpenCV is not a ROS2 library, but it's been integrated nicely into ROS with http://wiki.ros.org/cv_bridge. This package allows the ROS imaging topics to use the OpenCV image variable format.

For example, OpenCV images come in BGR image format, while regular ROS images are in the more standard RGB encoding. OpenCV_bridge provides a nice feature to convert between them. Also, there are many other functions to transfer images to OpenCV variables transparently.

If gazebo is stuck use the following command
killall -9 gzserver
sudo apt install libopencv-dev python3-opencv

```
cd ros2_ws/src
ross pkg create lab6 --build-type ament_python --dependencies rclpy std_msgs
cd ..
colcon build
open lab6 with visual studio application
create urdf folder
create a file car.urdf inside the urdf folder
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" ?>

<robot name = "car">

<link name="base">
  <visual>
    <geometry>
      <box size="0.75 0.4 0.1"/>
    </geometry>
    <material name="pink">
```

```

        <color rgba="1 0 1 1" />
    </material>
</visual>

<inertial>
    <mass value="1" />
    <inertia ixx="0.01" ixy="0.0" ixz="0" iyy="0.01" iyz="0" izz="0.01" />
</inertial>

<collision>
<geometry>
    <box size="0.75 0.4 0.1"/>
</geometry>
</collision>

</link>

<link name="wheel_right_link">
    <inertial>
        <mass value="2" />
        <inertia ixx="0.01" ixy="0.0" ixz="0"
                 iyy="0.01" iyz="0" izz="0.01" />
    </inertial>

    <visual>
        <geometry>
            <cylinder radius="0.15" length="0.1"/>
        </geometry>
        <material name="blue">
            <color rgba="0 0 1 1"/>
        </material>
    </visual>

    <collision>
        <geometry>
            <cylinder radius="0.15" length="0.1"/>
        </geometry>
        <contact_coefficients mu="1" kp="1e+13" kd="1.0"/>
    </collision>
</link>

<joint name="wheel_right_joint" type="continuous">
    <origin xyz="0.2 0.25 0.0" rpy="1.57 0.0 0.0"/>
    <parent link="base"/>
    <child link="wheel_right_link"/>
    <axis xyz="0.0 0.0 1.0"/>
</joint>

<link name="wheel_left_link">
```

```

<inertial>
  <mass value="2" />
  <inertia ixx="0.01" ixy="0.0" ixz="0"
    iyy="0.01" iyz="0" izz="0.01" />
</inertial>

<visual>
  <geometry>
    <cylinder radius="0.15" length="0.1"/>
  </geometry>
  <material name="blue">
    <color rgba="0 0 1 1"/>
  </material>
</visual>

<collision>
  <geometry>
    <cylinder radius="0.15" length="0.1"/>
  </geometry>
  <contact_coefficients mu="1" kp="1e+13" kd="1.0"/>
</collision>
</link>

<joint name="wheel_left_joint" type="continuous">
  <origin xyz="0.2 -0.25 0.0" rpy="1.57 0.0 0.0"/>
  <parent link="base"/>
  <child link="wheel_left_link"/>
  <axis xyz="0.0 0.0 1.0"/>
</joint>

<link name="caster">
  <inertial>
    <mass value="1" />
    <inertia ixx="0.01" ixy="0.0" ixz="0"
      iyy="0.01" iyz="0" izz="0.01" />
  </inertial>

  <visual>
    <geometry>
      <sphere radius=".08" />
    </geometry>
    <material name="white" />
  </visual>

  <collision>
    <origin/>
    <geometry>
      <sphere radius=".08" />
    </geometry>
  </collision>

```

```

        </collision>
    </link>

<joint name="caster_joint" type="continuous">
    <origin xyz="-0.3 0.0 -0.07" rpy="0.0 0.0 0.0"/>
    <axis xyz="0 0 1" />
    <parent link="base"/>
    <child link="caster"/>
</joint>

<link name="camera">
    <inertial>
        <mass value="0.5" />
        <inertia ixx="0.01" ixy="0.0" ixz="0"
            iyy="0.01" iyz="0" izz="0.01" />
    </inertial>

    <visual>
        <geometry>
            <box size="0.1 0.1 0.1"/>
        </geometry>
        <material name="red">
            <color rgba="1 0 0 1"/>
        </material>
    </visual>

    <collision>
        <geometry>
            <box size="0.1 0.1 0.1"/>
        </geometry>
    </collision>
</link>

<joint name="camera_joint" type="fixed">
    <origin xyz="-0.32 0 0.1" rpy="0 0.0 3.14"/>
    <parent link="base"/>
    <child link="camera"/>
    <axis xyz="0.0 0.0 1.0"/>
</joint>

<!--http://wiki.ros.org/simulator_gazebo/Tutorials/ListOfMaterials-->
<gazebo reference="base">
    <material>Gazebo/WhiteGlow</material>
</gazebo>
<gazebo reference="wheel_left_link">
    <material>Gazebo/SkyBlue</material>

```

```

</gazebo>
<gazebo reference="wheel_right_link">
  <material>Gazebo/SkyBlue </material>
</gazebo>
<gazebo reference="caster">
  <material>Gazebo/Grey</material>
</gazebo>
<gazebo reference="camera">
  <material>Gazebo/Blue</material>
</gazebo>

<!-- differential robot-->
<gazebo>
  <plugin filename="libgazebo_ros_diff_drive.so" name="gazebo_base_controller">
    <odometry_frame>odom</odometry_frame>
    <commandTopic>cmd_vel</commandTopic>
    <publish_odom>true</publish_odom>
    <publish_odom_tf>true</publish_odom_tf>
    <update_rate>15.0</update_rate>

    <left_joint>wheel_left_joint</left_joint>
    <right_joint>wheel_right_joint</right_joint>

    <wheel_separation>0.5</wheel_separation>
    <wheel_diameter>0.3</wheel_diameter>
    <max_wheel_acceleration>0.7</max_wheel_acceleration>
    <max_wheel_torque>8</max_wheel_torque>
    <robotBaseFrame>base</robotBaseFrame>
  </plugin>
</gazebo>

<!-- camera plugin-->

<gazebo reference="camera">
  <sensor type="camera" name="camera1">
    <visualize>true</visualize>
    <update_rate>30.0</update_rate>
    <camera name="head">
      <horizontal_fov>1.3962634</horizontal_fov>
      <image>
        <width>512</width>
        <height>512</height>
        <format>R8G8B8</format>
      </image>
      <clip>
        <near>0.02</near>
        <far>500</far>
      </clip>
    </camera>
  </sensor>
</gazebo>

```

```

<plugin name="camera_controller" filename="libgazebo_ros_camera.so">
  <alwaysOn>true</alwaysOn>
  <updateRate>0.0</updateRate>
  <cameraName>/camera</cameraName>
  <imageTopicName>image_raw</imageTopicName>
  <cameraInfoTopicName>camera_info</cameraInfoTopicName>
  <frameName>camera_link</frameName>
  <hackBaseline>0.07</hackBaseline>
</plugin>
</sensor>
<material>Gazebo/Blue</material>
</gazebo>

</robot>
```

Create a launch folder
Create a launch file rviz.launch.py

```

import os
from ament_index_python.packages import get_package_share_directory
from launch import LaunchDescription
from launch_ros.actions import Node

def generate_launch_description():
    package_dir = '/home/asha/ros2_ws/src/lab6/urdf'
    urdf = os.path.join(package_dir,'car.urdf')

    return LaunchDescription([
        Node(
            package='robot_state_publisher',
            executable='robot_state_publisher',
            name='robot_state_publisher',
            output='screen',
            arguments=[urdf]),

        Node(
            package='joint_state_publisher_gui',
            executable='joint_state_publisher_gui',
            name='joint_state_publisher_gui',
            arguments=[urdf]),

        Node(
            package='rviz2',
            executable='rviz2',
            name='rviz2',
            output='screen'),
    ])
```

Create a launch folder
Create a launch file gazebo.launch.py inside the launch folder

```

import os
from ament_index_python.packages import get_package_share_directory
from launch import LaunchDescription
from launch.actions import DeclareLaunchArgument, ExecuteProcess
from launch.substitutions import LaunchConfiguration
from launch_ros.actions import Node
from launch.launch_description_sources import PythonLaunchDescriptionSource

def generate_launch_description():
    urdf = '/home/asha/ros2_ws/src/lab6/urdf/car.urdf'
    return LaunchDescription([
        # publishes TF for links of the robot without joints
        Node(
            package='robot_state_publisher',
            executable='robot_state_publisher',
            name='robot_state_publisher',
            output='screen',
            arguments=[urdf]),
        # publish TF for Joints only links
        Node(
            package='joint_state_publisher',
            executable='joint_state_publisher',
            name='joint_state_publisher',
            output='screen',
            ),
        # open gazebo
        ExecuteProcess(
            cmd=['gazebo', '--verbose', '-s', 'libgazebo_ros_factory.so'],
            output='screen'),
        Node(
            package='gazebo_ros',
            executable='spawn_entity.py',
            name='urdf_spawner',
            output='screen',
            arguments=["-topic", "/robot_description", "-entity", "lab6"])
    ])

```

- **Height and width:** These are the dimensions in camera pixels. In this case, it's **512 x 512**.
- **Encoding:** How these pixels are encoded. This means what each value in the data array will mean. In this case, it's **rgb8**. This means that the data values will be a color value represented as red/green/blue in 8-bit integers.
- **Data:** The image data.

Terminal 1:

```

ros2 launch lab6 rviz.launch.py
ros2 launch lab6 gazebo.launch.py

```

ctrl + c to kill the rviz and gazebo window

create a file capture_image.py inside the lab 6 folder

```
import rclpy
import cv2
from rclpy.node import Node
from cv_bridge import CvBridge
from sensor_msgs.msg import Image

class Capture(Node):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__('video_subscriber')
        self.subscriber =
        self.create_subscription(Image,'/camera1/image_raw',self.process_data,10)
        self.out =
#cv2.VideoWriter('/home/asha/output.avi',cv2.VideoWriter_fourcc('M','J','P','G'), 10,
(512,512))
        self.bridge = CvBridge()

    def process_data(self, data):

        frame = self.bridge.imgmsg_to_cv2(data)
        self.out.write(frame)
        self.img = cv2.imwrite('/home/asha/shot.png', frame)
        cv2.imshow("output", frame)
        cv2.waitKey()
        cv2.destroyAllWindows()

def main(args=None):
    rclpy.init(args=args)
    node = Capture()
    rclpy.spin(node)
    rclpy.shutdown()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
```

Terminal 1:

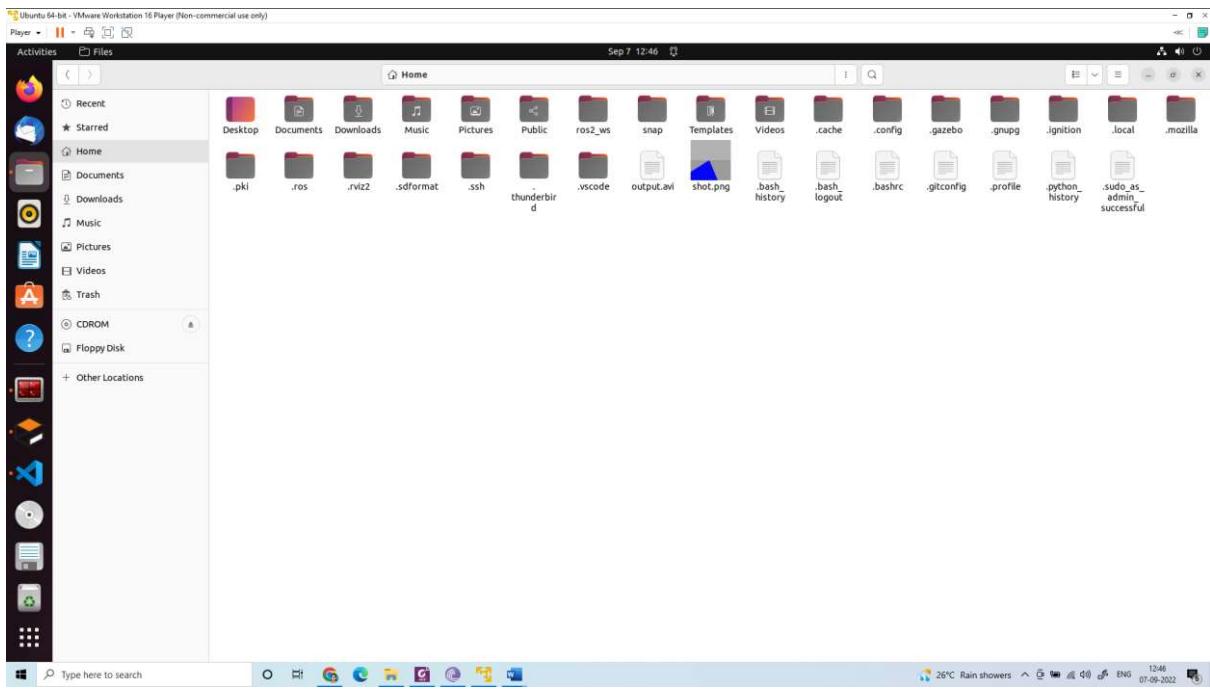
```
ros2 launch lab6 gazebo.launch.py
```

draw a line and place the robot on the line (insert→yellow line)

Terminal 2:

```
ros2 run lab6 capture
```

Press ctrl + c to capture the image of the road



create a file extract_road.py inside the lab 6 folder

```
import cv2
import numpy

image = cv2.imread('/home/asha/shot.png')

def mouse(event,x,y,flags,param):
    if event==cv2.EVENT_LBUTTONDOWN:
        h=image[y,x,0]
        s=image[y,x,1]
        v=image[y,x,2]
        print("H:",h)
        print("S:",s)
        print("V:",v)

cv2.namedWindow('mouse')
cv2.setMouseCallback('mouse',mouse)

cv2.imshow("original image", image)
cv2.imshow("mouse", image)
cv2.waitKey(0)
cv2.destroyAllWindows()

light_line = numpy.array([250,0,0])
dark_line = numpy.array([255,10,10])
mask = cv2.inRange(image, light_line,dark_line)
cv2.imshow('mask', mask)
cv2.waitKey(0)
```

```
cv2.destroyAllWindows()

canny= cv2.Canny(mask,30,5)
cv2.imshow('edge', canny)
cv2.waitKey(0)
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
print(canny.shape)

r1=200;c1=0
img = canny[r1:r1+200,c1:c1+512]
cv2.imshow('crop', img)
cv2.waitKey(0)
cv2.destroyAllWindows()

edge=[]
row =150

for i in range (512):
    if(img[row,i]==255):
        edge.append(i)
print(edge)

if(len(edge)==4):
    left_edge=edge[0]
    right_edge=edge[2]
    print(edge)
if(len(edge)==3):
    if(edge[1]-edge[0] > 5):
        left_edge=edge[0]
        right_edge=edge[1]
    else:
        left_edge=edge[0]
        right_edge=edge[2]

road_width=(right_edge-left_edge)
frame_mid = left_edge + (road_width/2)
mid_point = 512/2
img[row,int(mid_point)]=255
print(mid_point)
error=mid_point-frame_mid

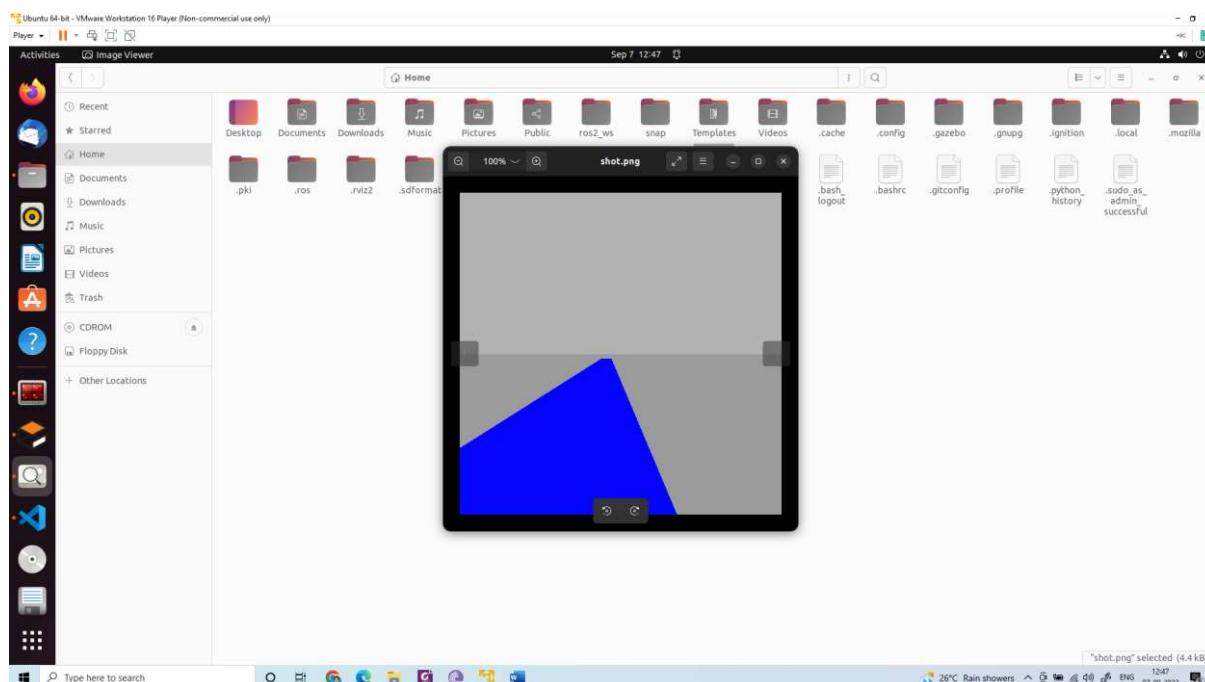
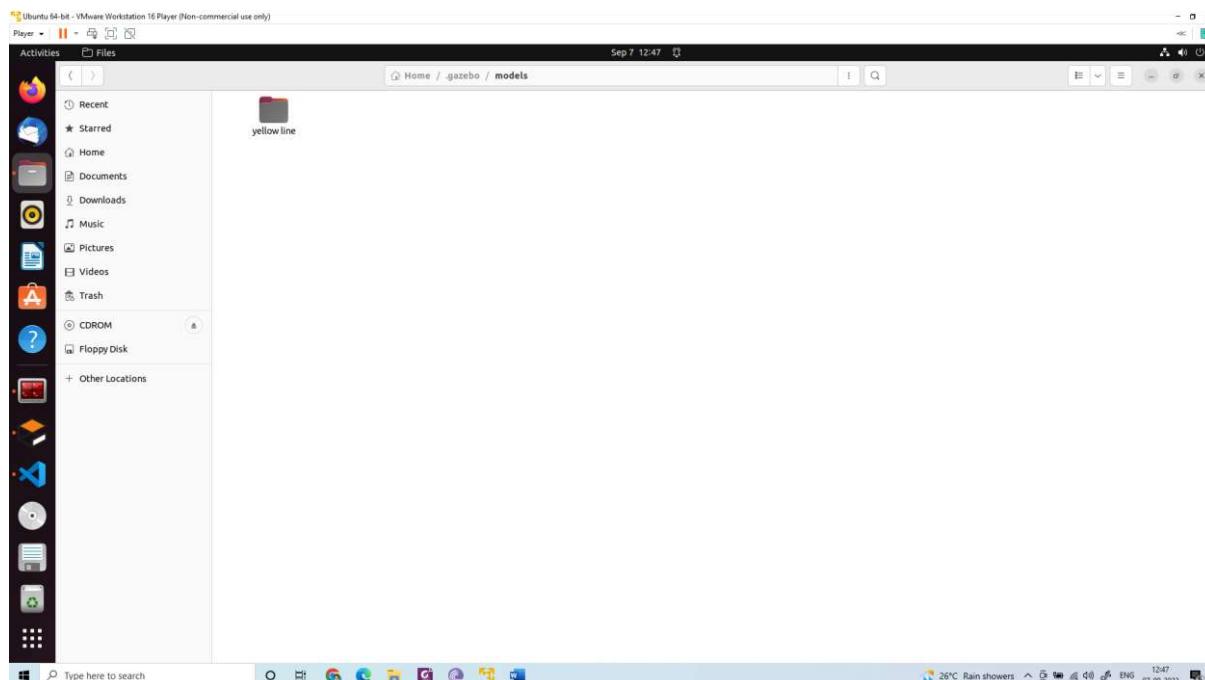
if(error < 0):
    action="Go Right"
else :
    action="Go Left"

print("error", error)

img[row,int(frame_mid)]=255
```

```
print("mid point of the frame", frame_mid)
```

```
f_image = cv2.putText(img, action, (50,50), cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 1,  
(255,0,0), 1, cv2.LINE_AA)  
cv2.imshow('final image',f_image)  
cv2.waitKey(0)  
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```



Create a line_follow.py inside the folder lab 6

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3

import sys
import cv2
import numpy
import rclpy
from rclpy.node import Node
from cv_bridge import CvBridge
from sensor_msgs.msg import Image
from geometry_msgs.msg import Twist

class LineFollower(Node):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__('line_follower')
        self.bridge = CvBridge()
        self.subscriber =
        self.create_subscription(Image,'/camera1/image_raw',self.process_data, 10)
        self.publisher = self.create_publisher(Twist, '/cmd_vel', 40)
        timer_period = 0.2
        self.timer = self.create_timer(timer_period, self.send_cmd_vel)
        self.velocity=Twist()
        self.empty = False
        self.error = 0
        self.action=""
        self.get_logger().info("Node Started!")

    def send_cmd_vel(self):

        if(self.empty):
            self.velocity.linear.x=0.0
            self.velocity.angular.z= 0.0
            self.action="Stop"

        else:
            if(self.error > 0):
                self.velocity.linear.x=0.1
                self.velocity.angular.z=0.1
                self.action="Go Left"
            elif(self.error < 0):
                self.velocity.linear.x=0.1
                self.velocity.angular.z=-0.1
                self.action="Go Right"
            elif(self.error==0):
                self.velocity.linear.x=0.1
                self.velocity.angular.z= 0.0
                self.action="Go Straight"
```

```
    self.publisher.publish(self.velocity)
```

Subscriber Call Back

```
def process_data(self, data):
    self.get_logger().info("Image Received!")
    frame = self.bridge.imgmsg_to_cv2(data)
    light_line = numpy.array([250,0,0])
    dark_line = numpy.array([255,10,10])
    mask = cv2.inRange(frame, light_line,dark_line)
    cv2.imshow('mask', mask)
```

```
canny= cv2.Canny(mask,30,5)
cv2.imshow('edge', canny)
```

```
r1=200;c1=0
img = canny[r1:r1+200,c1:c1+512]
cv2.imshow('crop', img)
```

```
edge=[]
row =150
```

```
for i in range(512):
    if(img[row,i]==255):
        edge.append(i)
print(edge)
```

```
if(len(edge)==0):
    left_edge=512//2
    right_edge=512//2
    self.empty = True
```

```
if(len(edge)==1):
    if edge[0]>512//2:
        left_edge=0
        right_edge=edge[0]
        self.empty = False
    else:
        left_edge=edge[0]
        right_edge=512
        self.empty = False
```

```
if(len(edge)==2):
    left_edge=edge[0]
```

```

        right_edge=edge[1]
        self.empty = False

    if(len(edge)==3):
        if(edge[1]-edge[0]>5):
            left_edge=edge[0]
            right_edge=edge[1]
            self.empty = False
        else:
            left_edge=edge[0]
            right_edge=edge[2]
            self.empty = False

    if(len(edge)==4):
        left_edge=edge[0]
        right_edge=edge[2]
        self.empty = False

    if(len(edge)>=5):
        left_edge=edge[0]
        right_edge=edge[len(edge)-1]
        self.empty = False

    road_width=(right_edge-left_edge)
    frame_mid = left_edge + (road_width/2)
    mid_point = 512/2
    img[row,int(mid_point)]=255
    print(mid_point)
    self.error=mid_point-frame_mid
    img[row,int(frame_mid)]=255
    print(self.action)
    f_image = cv2.putText(img, self.action, (100,100), cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX,
1, (255,0,), 2, cv2.LINE_AA)

def main(args=None):
    rclpy.init(args=args)
    node = LineFollower()
    rclpy.spin(node)
    rclpy.shutdown()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()

```

edit setup.py file

```

from setuptools import setup
import os

```

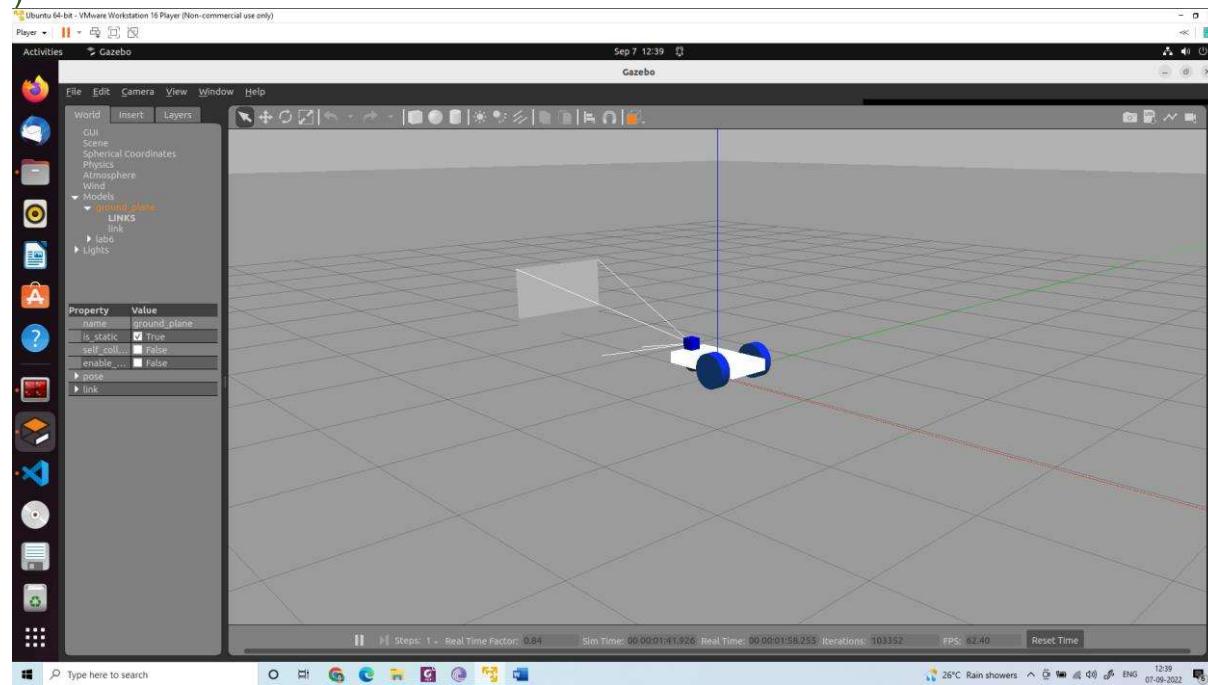
```

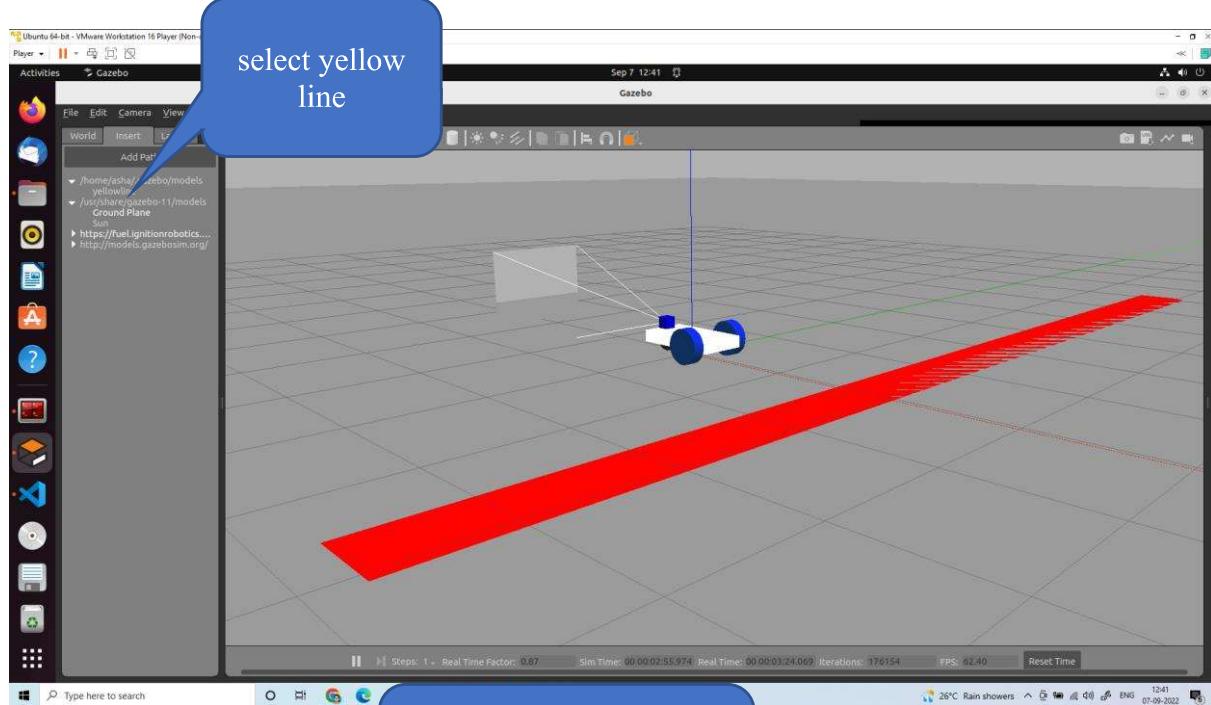
from glob import glob

package_name = 'lab6'

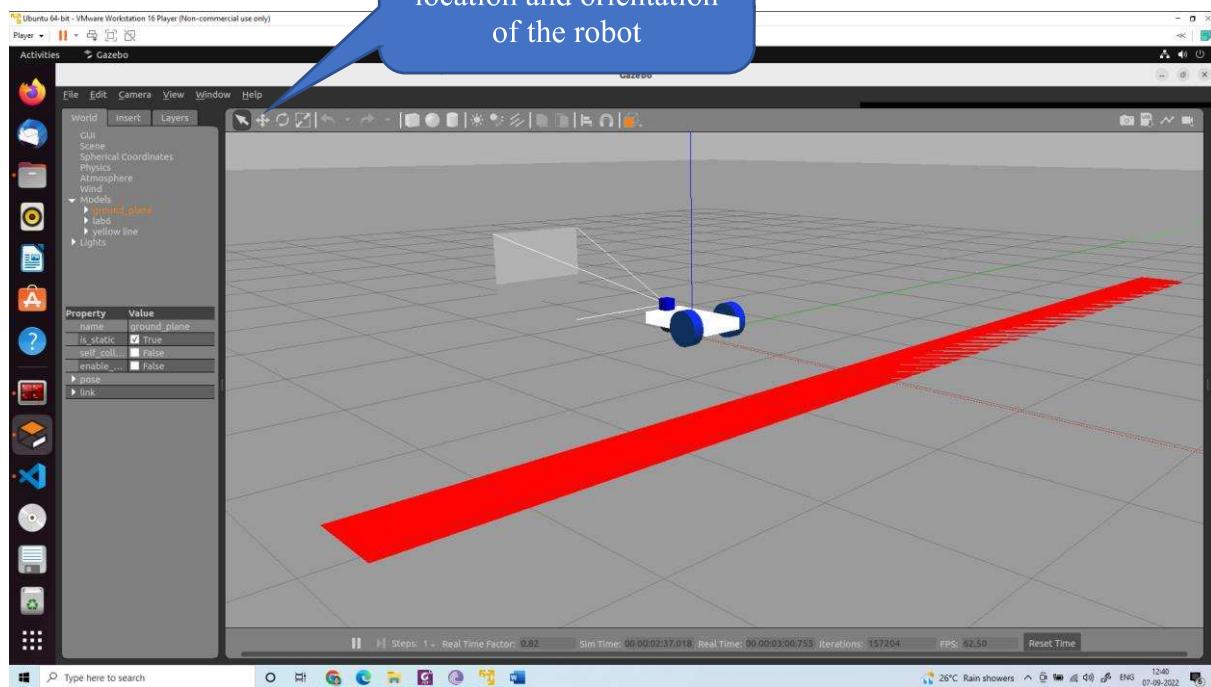
setup(
    name=package_name,
    version='0.0.0',
    packages=[package_name],
    data_files=[
        ('share/ament_index/resource_index/packages',
         ['resource/' + package_name]),
        ('share/' + package_name, ['package.xml']),
        (os.path.join('share', package_name), glob('launch/*')),
        (os.path.join('share', package_name), glob('urdf/*'))
    ],
    install_requires=['setuptools'],
    zip_safe=True,
    maintainer='asha',
    maintainer_email='asha.cs12@gmail.com',
    description='TODO: Package description',
    license='TODO: License declaration',
    tests_require=['pytest'],
    entry_points={
        'console_scripts': [
            'capture = lab6.capture_image:main',
            'line = lab6.line_follow:main'
        ],
    },
)

```

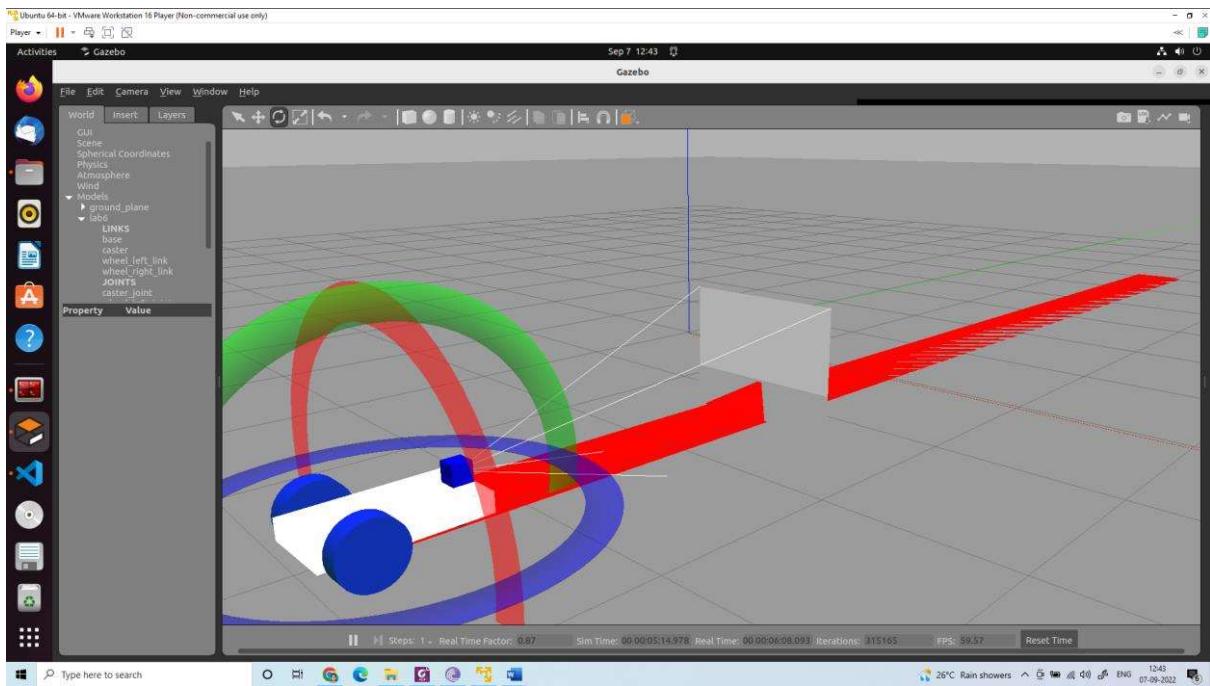




select yellow
line



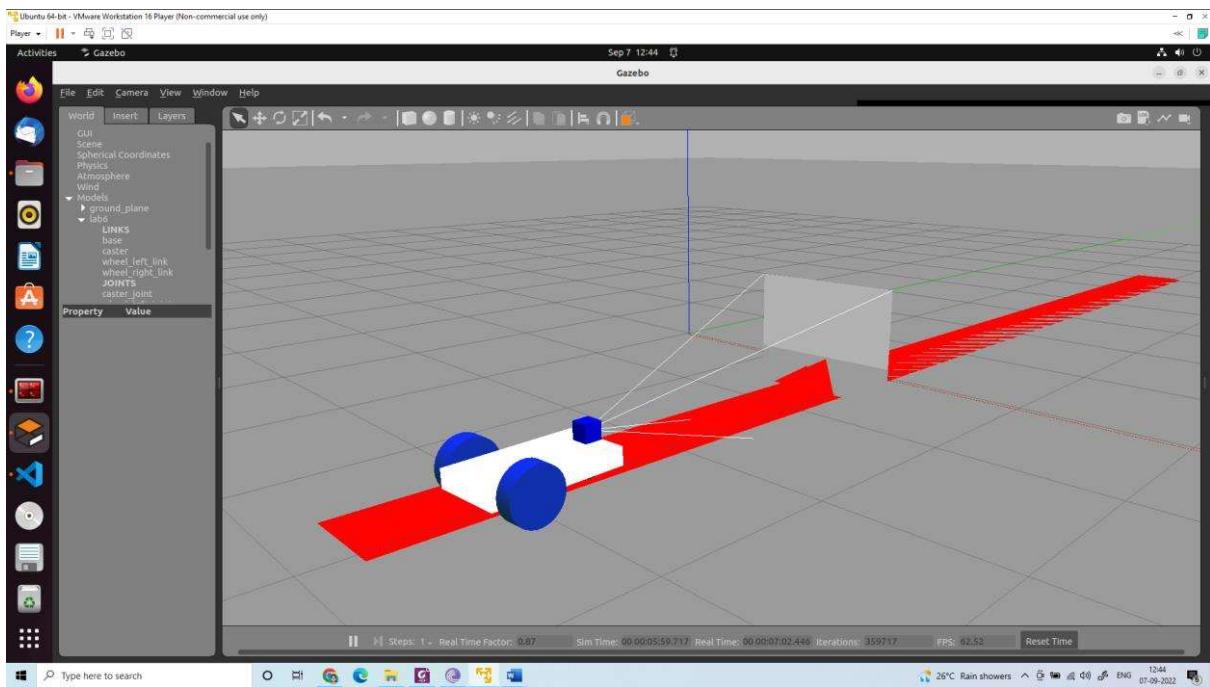
Use these to change the
location and orientation
of the robot

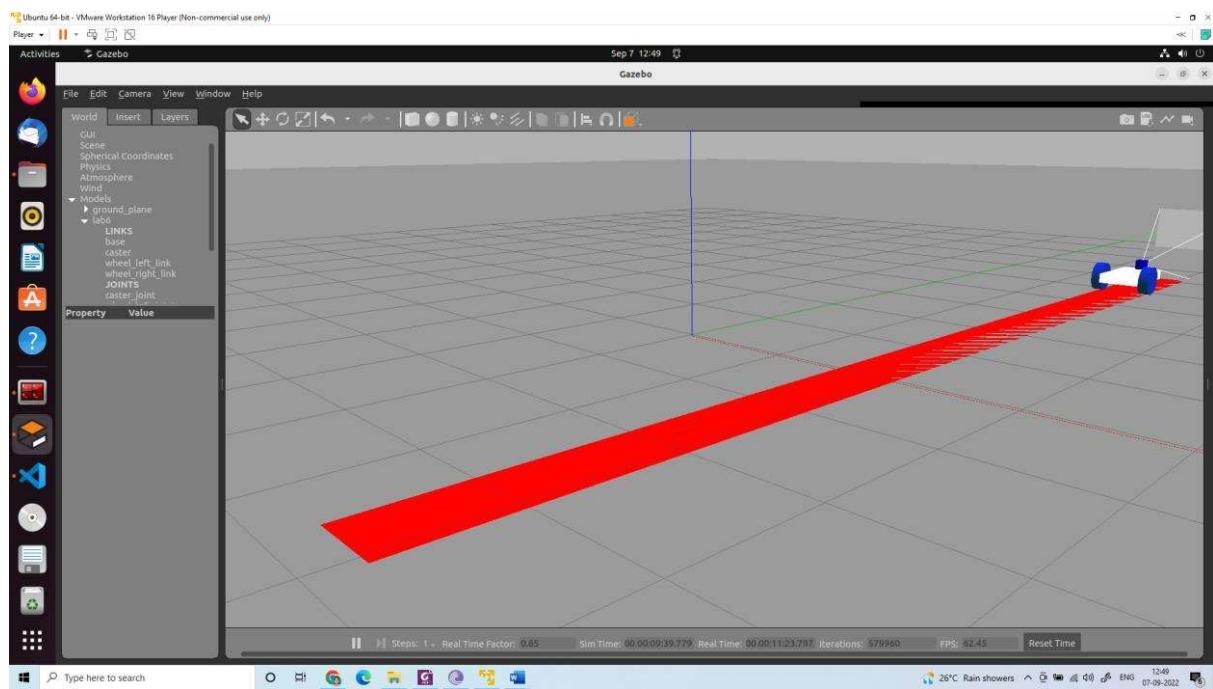


Terminal 1:
`ros2 launch lab6 gazebo.launch.py`

Terminal 2:
`ros2 topic list`

Terminal 3:
`ros2 run lab6 line`





Create a red line

Create a world folder

Create a yellow line folder

Supplementary material:

Create a model.config

```
<?xml version="1.0" ?>
<model>
  <name>yellowline</name>
  <version>1.0</version>
  <sdf version="1.6">model.sdf</sdf>
  <author>
    <name></name>
    <email></email>
  </author>
  <description></description>
</model>
```

Create a model.sdf

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<sdf version="1.6">
<model name="yellow line">
  <static>true</static>
  <link name="link_ground">
    <collision name="collision">
```

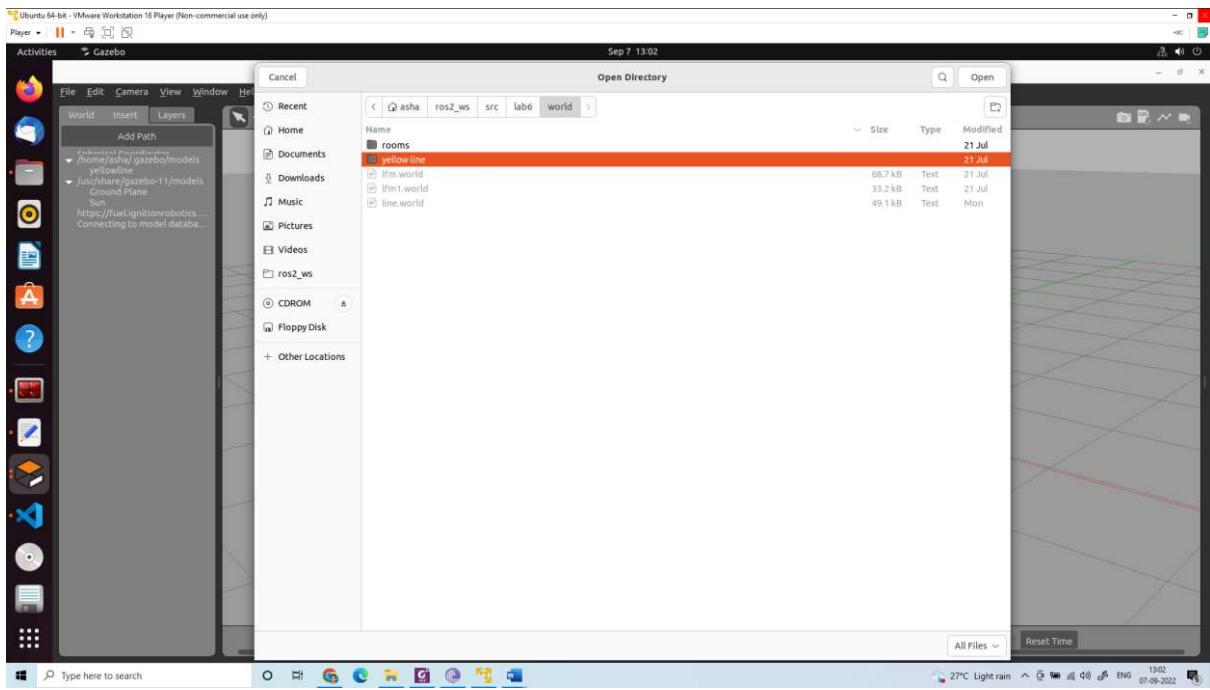
```

<geometry>
  <plane>
    <normal>0 0 1</normal>
    <size>0.1 3.2</size>
  </plane>
</geometry>

<surface>
  <friction>
    <ode>
      <mu>100</mu>
      <mu2>50</mu2>
    </ode>
  </friction>
</surface>
</collision>
<visual name="visual_ground">
  <cast_shadows>false</cast_shadows>
  <geometry>
    <plane>
      <normal>0 0 1</normal>
      <size>0.5 10</size>
    </plane>
  </geometry>
  <material>
    <script>
      <uri>file:///media/materials/scripts/gazebo.material</uri>
      <name>Gazebo/Red</name>
    </script>
  </material>
</visual>
</link>
</model>
</sdf>

```

Copy the folder into /home/asha/.gazebo/models/
 In the gazebo window (gazebo)
 Insert→/home/asha/.gazebo/models/→yellow line→all files
 close gazebo (killall 9 gzserver) and open again (gazebo)



Insert → /home/asha/.gazebo/models/ → yellow line

Exercise: Write a code to track the red ball in the gazebo simulation.

ROS2 control for Turtlebot 2

```
sudo apt-get install ros-foxy-teleop-twist-keyboard  
sudo apt-get install ros-foxy-joint-state-publisher  
sudo apt-get install ros-foxy-xacro  
sudo apt-get install ros-foxy-kobuki-*  
  
ros2 launch turtlebot_interface interface.launch.py  
ros2 run teleop_twist_keyboard teleop_twist_keyboard  
sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get upgrade -y && sudo apt-get dist-upgrade -y
```

Open Terminal

hostname -l
or ifconfig

note down the IP address

From a remote computer you can connect to turtlebot Laptop

Using PuTTY (in windows)

Remmina (in Ubuntu)

ssh username@ipaddress (in terminal)

Connect camera USB and Kubuki USB and switch on Kubuki.

Switch on the netbook.

Use Remmina to connect to turtlebot from Ubuntu/mtputty from windows

See that the turtlebot laptop and remote laptop are connected to same WiFi

Find the address of netbook placed on turtlebot

Open terminal and type

\$ifconfig

Copy the address inet addr: ----(For example 172.16.65.109)

Open Remmina

Establish SSH connection

Type Name (for example turtlebot)

Server Name: 172.16.65.109

User name: mahe or robolab

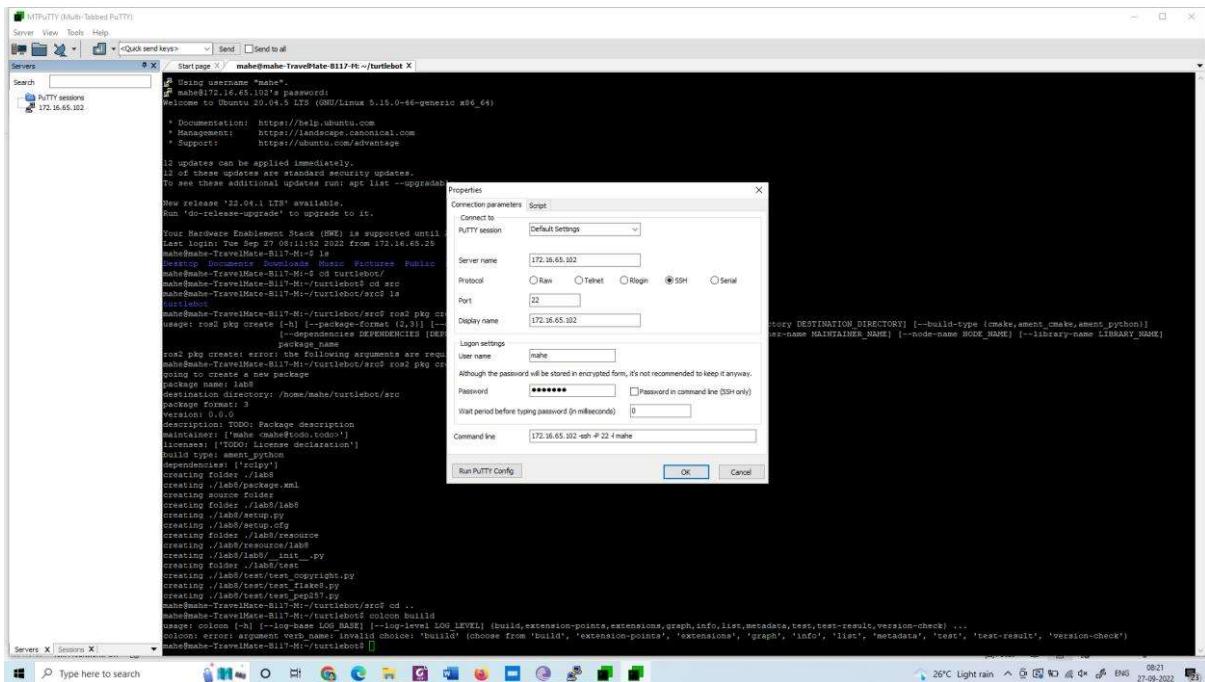
Password:robofab

Open the terminal and type

```
$ ros2 launch turtlebot_interface interface.launch.py
```

Open another terminal and type

```
$ ros2 run teleop_twist_keyboard teleop_twist_keyboard
```



```
cd turtlebot
```

```
cd src
```

```
ros2 pkg create lab8 --build-type ament_python --dependencies rclpy
```

```
cd ..
```

```
colcon build
```

```
Open lab8 using visual studio
```

```
Create a python file move_robot.py inside lab8 folder
```

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
import rclpy
from geometry_msgs.msg import Twist
from nav_msgs.msg import Odometry
from rclpy.node import Node
import sys
```

```
class MoveRobot(Node):
```

```
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__("move_robot")
```

```

        self.lin_vel = 0.1
        self.ang_vel = 0.0
        self.distance = 1.0
        self.publisher = self.create_publisher(Twist, "/cmd_vel", 10)
        self.subscriber = self.create_subscription(Odometry, "odom", self.control_loop,
10)

def control_loop(self, msg):
    X=msg.pose.pose.position.x
    print("position", X)
    vel = Twist()
    if abs(X) < self.distance:
        vel.linear.x = self.lin_vel
        vel.angular.z = 0.0
    else:
        vel.linear.x = 0.0
        vel.angular.z = 0.0
    print('speed : {}'.format(vel))
    self.publisher.publish(vel)

def main(args=None):
    rclpy.init(args=args)
    node = MoveRobot()
    rclpy.spin(node)
    rclpy.shutdown()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()

```

Edit setup.py as follows

```

from setuptools import setup

package_name = 'gotogoal'

setup(
    name=package_name,
    version='0.0.0',
    packages=[package_name],
    data_files=[
        ('share/ament_index/resource_index/packages',
         ['resource/' + package_name]),
        ('share/' + package_name, ['package.xml']),
    ],
    install_requires=['setuptools'],
)

```

```
zip_safe=True,
maintainer='mahe',
maintainer_email='mahe@todo.todo',
description='TODO: Package description',
license='TODO: License declaration',
tests_require=['pytest'],
entry_points={
    'console_scripts': [
        'move = lab8.move_robot:main'
    ],
},
)
```

```
cd ~/turtlebot/
colcon build
```

Terminal 1:

```
ros2 launch turtlebot_interface interface.launch.py
```

Terminal 2:

```
ros2 topic list
```

Terminal 2:

```
ros2 run lab8 move
```

Example 2:

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
import rclpy
from geometry_msgs.msg import Twist
from nav_msgs.msg import Odometry
from rclpy.node import Node
import math
import time
from std_srvs.srv import Empty
import sys

class MoveRobot(Node):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__("move_robot")
        self.lin_vel = 0.1
        self.ang_vel = 0.0
        self.distance = 1.0
        self.publisher = self.create_publisher(Twist, "/cmd_vel", 10)
        self.move(0.1, 5, True)
        time.sleep(2)
```

```

        self.rotate(30,125,False)
        self.stop()

    def move(self, speed, time, is_forward):
        t0= self.get_clock().now()
        self.velocity = Twist()
        if(is_forward):
            self.velocity.linear.x = abs(speed)
            self.get_logger().info("Turtlebot moving forward")

        else:
            self.velocity.linear.x =-abs(speed)
            self.get_logger().info("Turtlebot moving backward")
            t1= self.get_clock().now()
            if (t1-t0)>time:
                self.get_logger().info("Time closed")
                self.get_logger().warn("Stopping the robot")
                self.velocity.linear.x =0

        self.publisher.publish(self.velocity)

    def stop(self):
        self.velocity = Twist()
        self.velocity.linear.x=0
        self.publisher.publish(self.velocity)

    def rotate(self, ang_speed_deg,relative,speed_deg,clockwise):
        self.velocity = Twist()
        self.velocity.linear.x=0
        ang_speed=math.radians(abs(ang_speed_deg))
        if(clockwise):
            self.velocity.angular.z=-abs(ang_speed)
        else:
            self.velocity.angular.z=abs(ang_speed)
        angle_moved = 0
        t0= self.get_clock().now()
        while(True):
            self.publisher.publish(self.velocity)
            self.get_logger().info("Turtlebot rotates")
            t1= self.get_clock().now()
            current_ang = (t1-t0)*ang_speed_degree
            if(current_ang > relative_speed_deg):
                self.get_logger().info("Reached")
                break
        self.velocity.angular.z=0
        self.publisher.publish(self.velocity)

```

```
def main(args=None):
    rclpy.init(args=args)
    node = MoveRobot()
    rclpy.spin(node)
    rclpy.shutdown()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

UR5 control using ROS2

```
sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get upgrade -y && sudo apt-get dist-upgrade -y
sudo apt-get install python3-colcon-ros
sudo apt-get install python3-colcon-bash
sudo apt update && sudo apt install curl gnupg2 lsb-release
sudo curl -sSL https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ros/rosdistro/master/ros.key -o
/usr/share/keyrings/ros-archive-keyring.gpg
echo "deb [arch=$(dpkg --print-architecture) signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/ros-archive-
keyring.gpg] http://packages.ros.org/ros2/ubuntu $(source /etc/os-release && echo
$UBUNTU_CODENAME) main" | sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/ros2.list > /dev/null
sudo apt update
sudo apt-get upgrade
sudo apt install ros-foxy-desktop
sudo apt install ros-foxy-moveit
sudo apt install ros-foxy-ros2-control
sudo apt install ros-foxy-rqt-service-caller
sudo apt install ros-foxy-warehouse-ros-mongo

mkdir ur5
cd ur5
mkdir ros2
cd ros2
mkdir src
cd src

git clone --recurse-submodules -j8 https://github.com/ashacs2/ur5_interface.git -b ros2
git clone --recurse-submodules -j8 https://github.com/ashacs2/ur5_ros2_interface.git -b
ros2
gedit ~/.bashrc
source ~/ur5/ros2/install/setup.bash

cd ur5/ros2/
```

```
rosdep install --from-paths src --ignore-src -r -y
```

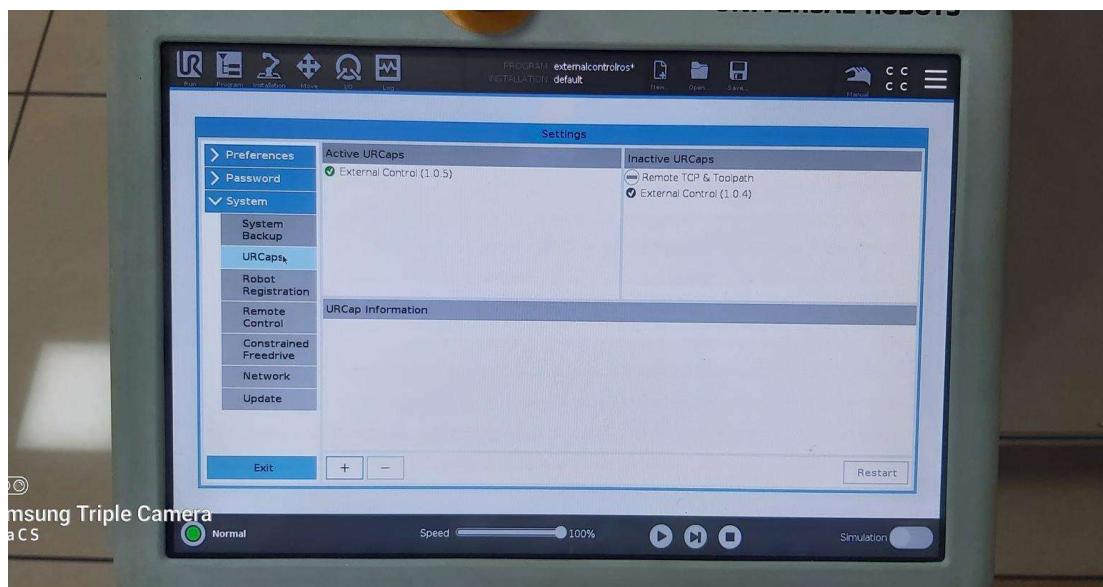
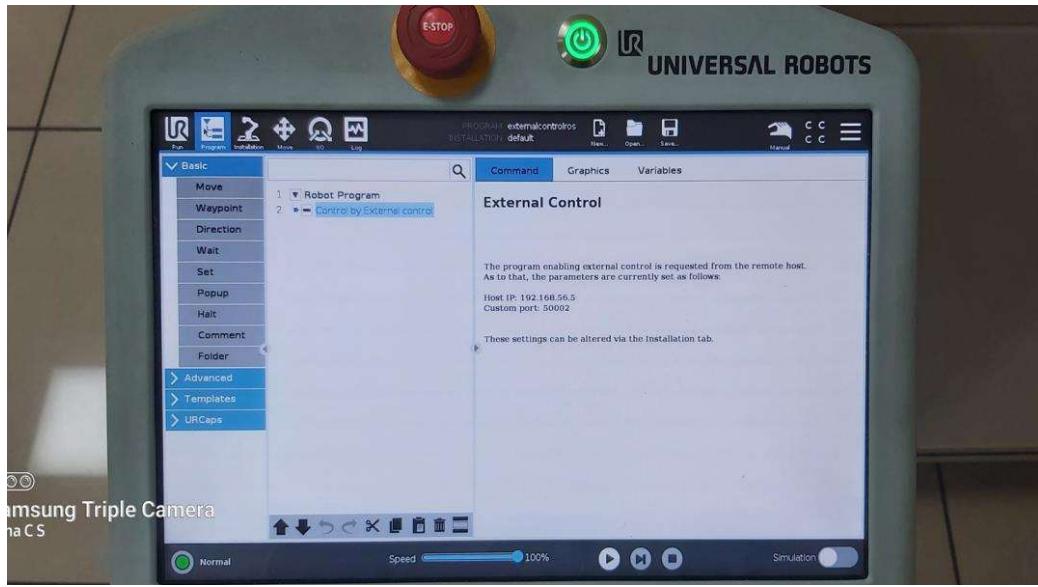
```
cd ..  
colcon build --symlink-install --cmake-args -  
DCMAKE_EXPORT_COMPILE_COMMANDS=1
```

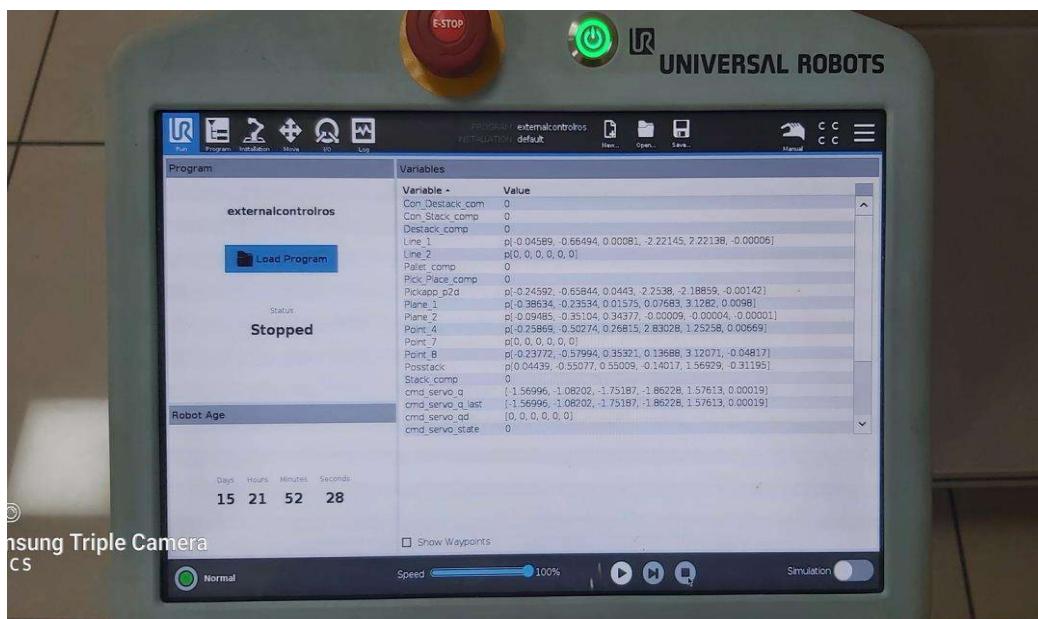
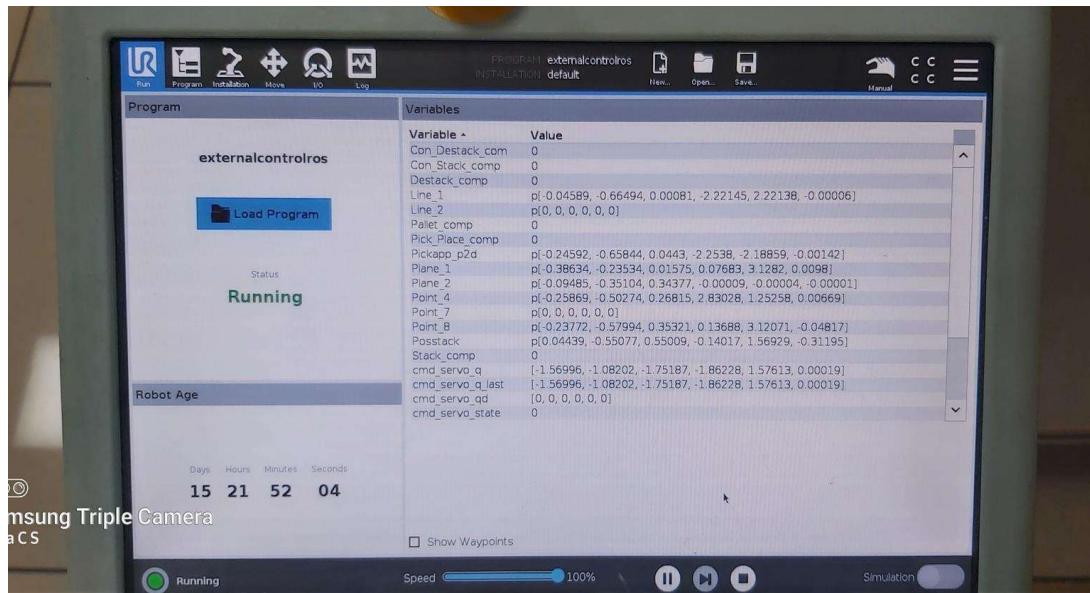
Connect an ethernet cable from UR5 to PC.

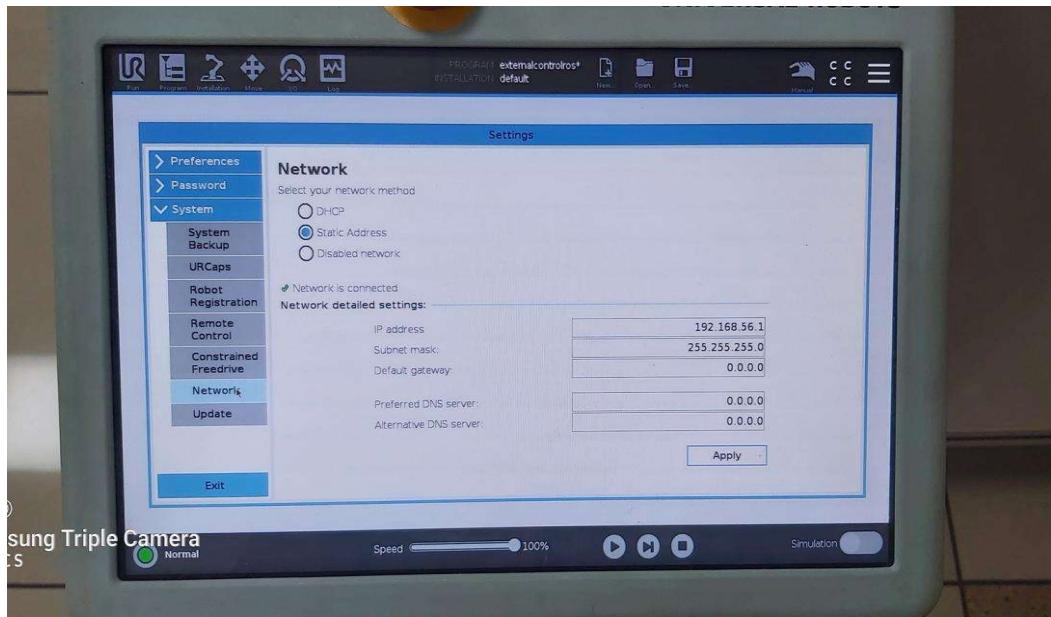


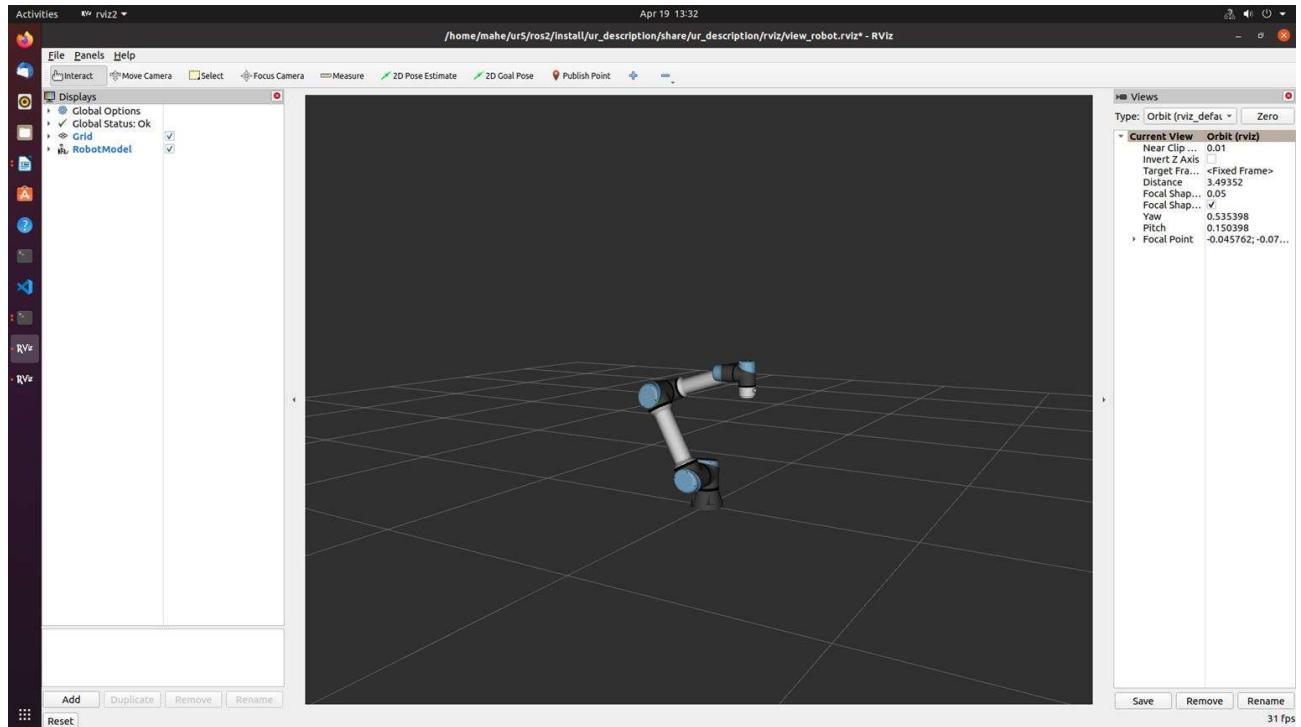
Settings in Teach Pendant:









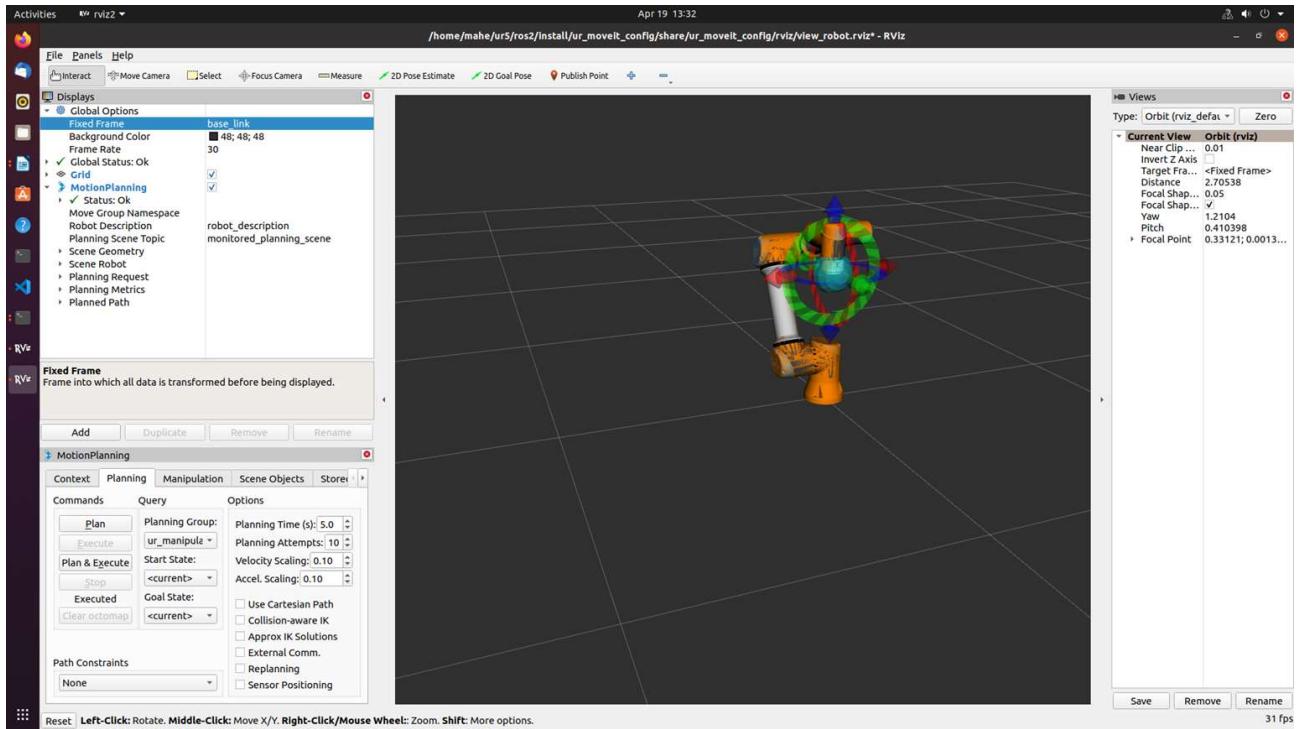


Set in manual mode (1234)
 Open externalcontrolros program
 Run the program

ros2 launch ur_bringup ur_moveit.launch.py ur_type:=ur5e robot_ip:=192.168.56.1

```
Activities Terminal ▾ Apr 19 13:33
mahe@mahe-HP-Z230-SFF-Workstation:~
```

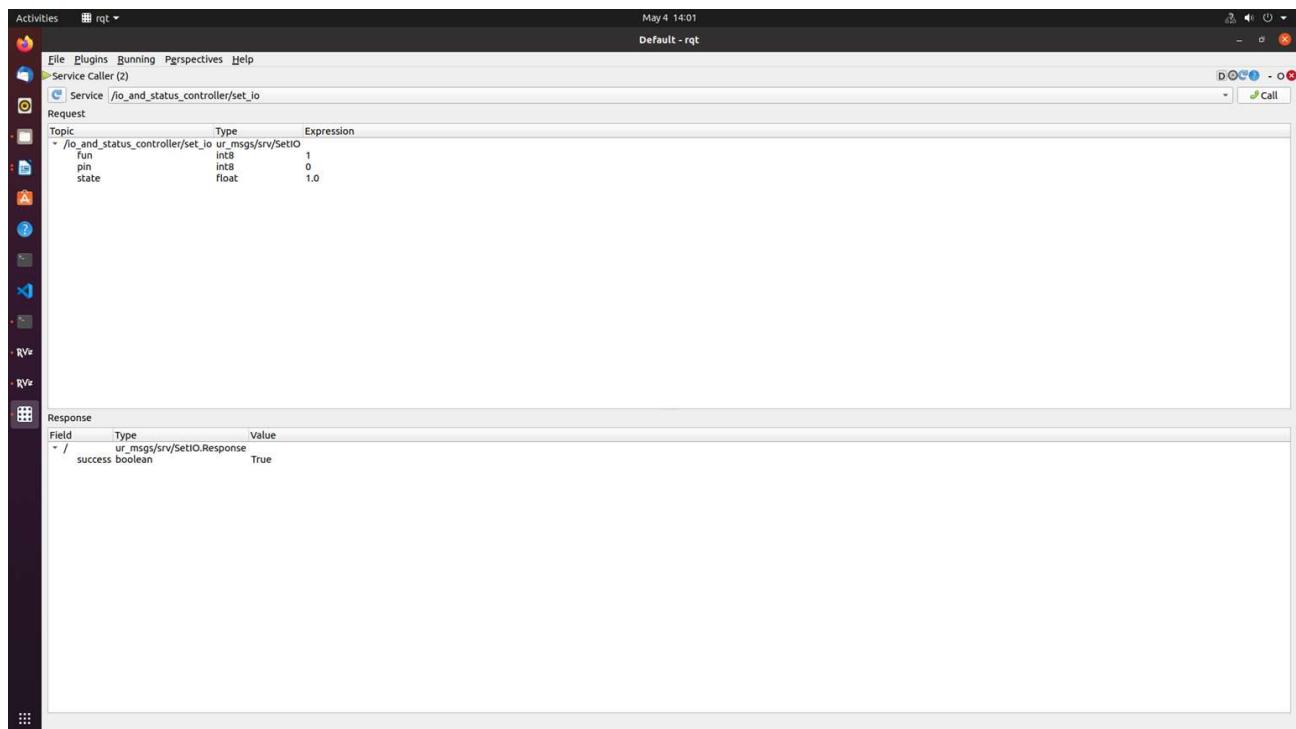
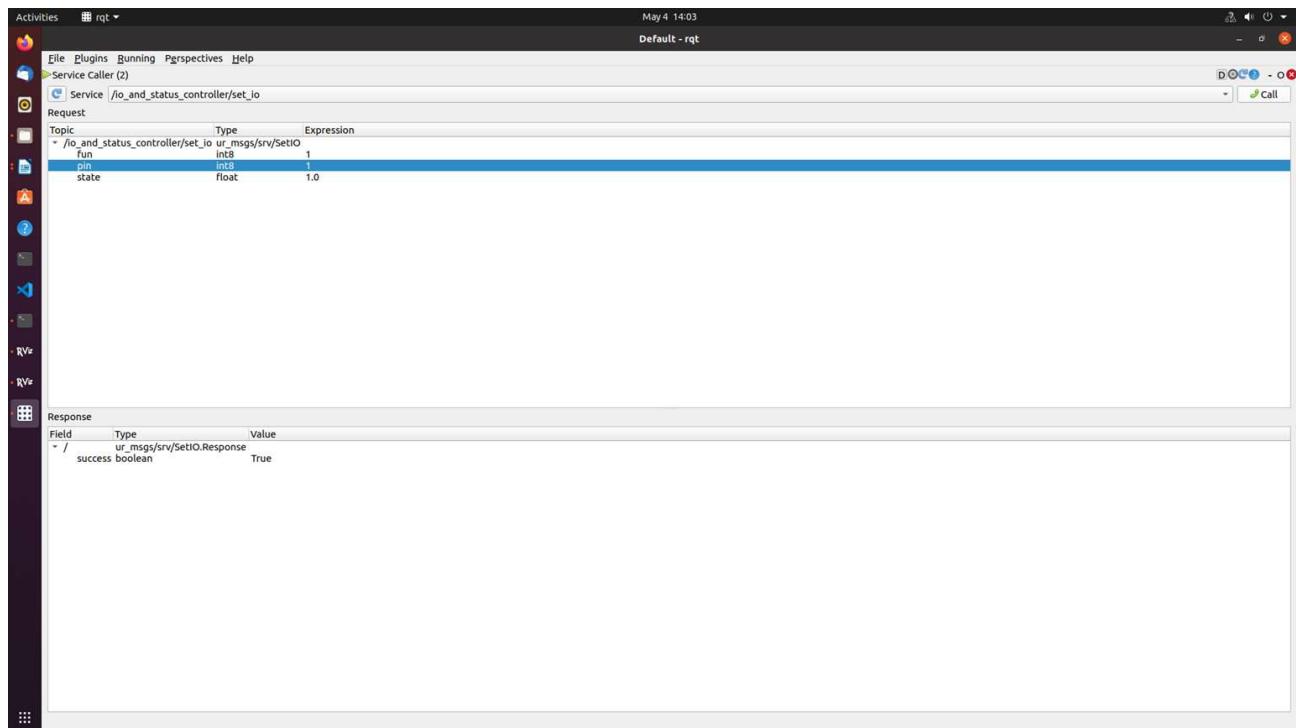
```
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355115.195789282] [ompl]: /tmp/binarydeb/ros_foxy-ompl-1.5.0/src/ompl/geometric/planners/rrt/src/RRTConnect.cpp:220 - ur_manipulator/ur_manipulator: Starting planning with 1 state
s already in datastructure
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355115.196170482] [ompl]: /tmp/binarydeb/ros_foxy-ompl-1.5.0/src/ompl/geometric/planners/rrt/src/RRTConnect.cpp:354 - ur_manipulator/ur_manipulator: Created 4 states (2 start + 2 goal)
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355115.196482472] [ompl]: /tmp/binarydeb/ros_foxy-ompl-1.5.0/src/ompl/geometric/planners/rrt/src/RRTConnect.cpp:220 - ur_manipulator/ur_manipulator: Starting planning with 1 state
s already in datastructure
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355115.197536559] [ompl]: /tmp/binarydeb/ros_foxy-ompl-1.5.0/src/ompl/geometric/planners/rrt/src/RRTConnect.cpp:354 - ur_manipulator/ur_manipulator: Starting planning with 1 state
goal
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355115.198066650] [ompl]: /tmp/binarydeb/ros_foxy-ompl-1.5.0/src/ompl/geometric/planners/rrt/src/RRTConnect.cpp:354 - ur_manipulator/ur_manipulator: Created 4 states (2 start + 2 goal)
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355115.206111880] [ompl]: /tmp/binarydeb/ros_foxy-ompl-1.5.0/src/ompl/geometric/planners/rrt/src/RRTConnect.cpp:354 - ur_manipulator/ur_manipulator: Created 4 states (2 start + 2 goal)
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355115.206193765] [ompl]: /tmp/binarydeb/ros_foxy-ompl-1.5.0/src/ompl/tools/multiplan/src/ParallelPlan.cpp:135 - ParallelPlan:solve(): Solution found by one or more threads in 0.011187 seconds
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355115.206391710] [ompl]: /tmp/binarydeb/ros_foxy-ompl-1.5.0/src/ompl/geometric/planners/rrt/src/RRTConnect.cpp:220 - ur_manipulator/ur_manipulator: Starting planning with 1 state
s already in datastructure
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355115.206691074] [ompl]: /tmp/binarydeb/ros_foxy-ompl-1.5.0/src/ompl/geometric/planners/rrt/src/RRTConnect.cpp:220 - ur_manipulator/ur_manipulator: Starting planning with 1 state
goal
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355115.207103525] [ompl]: /tmp/binarydeb/ros_foxy-ompl-1.5.0/src/ompl/geometric/planners/rrt/src/RRTConnect.cpp:220 - ur_manipulator/ur_manipulator: Starting planning with 1 state
goal
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355115.207421258] [ompl]: /tmp/binarydeb/ros_foxy-ompl-1.5.0/src/ompl/geometric/planners/rrt/src/RRTConnect.cpp:354 - ur_manipulator/ur_manipulator: Created 4 states (2 start + 2 goal)
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355115.207437667] [ompl]: /tmp/binarydeb/ros_foxy-ompl-1.5.0/src/ompl/geometric/planners/rrt/src/RRTConnect.cpp:354 - ur_manipulator/ur_manipulator: Created 5 states (3 start + 2 goal)
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355115.207531984] [ompl]: /tmp/binarydeb/ros_foxy-ompl-1.5.0/src/ompl/geometric/planners/rrt/src/RRTConnect.cpp:220 - ur_manipulator/ur_manipulator: Starting planning with 1 state
goal
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355115.208848779] [ompl]: /tmp/binarydeb/ros_foxy-ompl-1.5.0/src/ompl/geometric/planners/rrt/src/RRTConnect.cpp:354 - ur_manipulator/ur_manipulator: Created 5 states (2 start + 3 goal)
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355115.209853743] [ompl]: /tmp/binarydeb/ros_foxy-ompl-1.5.0/src/ompl/geometric/planners/rrt/src/RRTConnect.cpp:354 - ur_manipulator/ur_manipulator: Created 4 states (2 start + 2 goal)
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355115.210215606] [ompl]: /tmp/binarydeb/ros_foxy-ompl-1.5.0/src/ompl/tools/multiplan/src/ParallelPlan.cpp:135 - ParallelPlan:solve(): Solution found by one or more threads in 0.003951 seconds
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355115.210348921] [ompl]: /tmp/binarydeb/ros_foxy-ompl-1.5.0/src/ompl/geometric/planners/rrt/src/RRTConnect.cpp:220 - ur_manipulator/ur_manipulator: Starting planning with 1 state
s already in datastructure
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355115.211793692] [ompl]: /tmp/binarydeb/ros_foxy-ompl-1.5.0/src/ompl/geometric/planners/rrt/src/RRTConnect.cpp:354 - ur_manipulator/ur_manipulator: Created 5 states (3 start + 2 goal)
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355115.211947862] [ompl]: /tmp/binarydeb/ros_foxy-ompl-1.5.0/src/ompl/geometric/planners/rrt/src/RRTConnect.cpp:220 - ur_manipulator/ur_manipulator: Starting planning with 1 state
goal
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355115.212983118] [ompl]: /tmp/binarydeb/ros_foxy-ompl-1.5.0/src/ompl/geometric/planners/rrt/src/RRTConnect.cpp:354 - ur_manipulator/ur_manipulator: Created 5 states (3 start + 2 goal)
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355115.213072402] [ompl]: /tmp/binarydeb/ros_foxy-ompl-1.5.0/src/ompl/tools/multiplan/src/ParallelPlan.cpp:135 - ParallelPlan:solve(): Solution found by one or more threads in 0.002805 seconds
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355115.216736828] [ompl]: /tmp/binarydeb/ros_foxy-ompl-1.5.0/src/ompl/geometric/src/SimpleSetup.cpp:179 - SimpleSetup: Path simplification took 0.003629 seconds and changed from 3 to 2 states
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355115.218459227] [moveit_ros_trajectory_execution_manager]: Validating trajectory with allowed_start_tolerance 0.01
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355115.220191262] [moveit_ros_trajectory_execution_manager]: Starting trajectory execution ...
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355115.220240162] [moveit_simple_controller_manager]: moveit_controller_manager following joint_trajectory_controller handle: sending trajectory to joint_trajectory_controller
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355115.220256758] [moveit_simple_controller_manager]: moveit_controller_manager following joint_trajectory_controller handle: joint_trajectory_controller started execution
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355115.221852779] [moveit_simple_controller_manager]: moveit_controller_manager following joint_trajectory_controller handle: goal request accepted!
[rviz2-3] [INFO] [1650355115.493672144] [move_group_interface]: Plan and Execute request accepted
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355116.791853548] [moveit_simple_controller_manager]: moveit_simple_controller_manager following joint_trajectory_controller handle: Controller joint_trajectory_controller successfully finished
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355116.799255061] [moveit_ros_trajectory_execution_manager]: Completed trajectory execution with status SUCCESSFUL ...
[move_group-1] [INFO] [1650355116.800302224] [move_group_group_default_capabilities]: move_action_capability: Solution was found and executed.
[rviz2-3] [INFO] [1650355117.095315225] [move_group_interface]: Plan and Execute request complete!
```



```

type >>
rqt
plugins->service caller
select io_and_status_controller/set_io
set the pin as 0 for gripper
state as 1.0 to set the gripper off
state as 0.0 to set the gripper off

```



```

Activities Terminal May 4 14:01
mahe@mahe-HP-Z230-SFF-Workstation: ~/ur5
mahe@mahe-HP-Z230-SFF-Workstation: ~/ur5
mahe@mahe-HP-Z230-SFF-Workstation: ~/ur5

static_transform_publisher/get_parameters
static_transform_publisher/list_parameters
static_transform_publisher/set_parameters
static_transform_publisher/set_parameters_atomically
mahe@mahe-HP-Z230-SFF-Workstation:~/ur5$ ros2 service type /io_and_status_controller/set_io
ur_msgs/srv/SetIO
# Service allows setting digital (DIO) and analog (AIO) IO, as well as flags
# and configuring tool voltage.
#
# This service has three request fields (see below).
#
# When setting DIO or AIO pins to new values:
#   fun    The function to perform
#   pin   Numeric ID of the pin to set
#   state Desired pin state [signal level for analog or STATE_(ON|OFF) for DIO and flags]
#
# When configuring tool voltage:
#   fun    Set to FUN_SET_TOOL_VOLTAGE
#   pin   Ignored
#   state Desired tool voltage (use STATE_TOOL_VOLTAGE constants)
#
# constants
#
# Valid function values
#
# Note: 'fun' is short for 'function' (ie: the function the service should perform).
int8 FUN_SET_DIGITAL_OUT = 1
int8 FUN_SET_FLAG = 2
int8 FUN_SET_ANALOG_OUT = 3
int8 FUN_SET_TOOL_VOLTAGE = 4
#
# valid values for 'state' when setting digital IO or flags
int8 STATE_OFF = 0
int8 STATE_ON = 1
#
# valid 'state' values when setting tool voltage
int8 STATE_TOOL_VOLTAGE_0V = 0
int8 STATE_TOOL_VOLTAGE_12V = 12
int8 STATE_TOOL_VOLTAGE_24V = 24
#
# request fields
int8 fun
int8 pin
float32 state
...
bool success
mahe@mahe-HP-Z230-SFF-Workstation:~/ur5$ mahe@mahe-HP-Z230-SFF-Workstation:~/ur5$ ros2 run rqt_service_caller rqt_service_caller
mahe@mahe-HP-Z230-SFF-Workstation:~/ur5$ rqt

```

Edit test_goal_publishers_config file as

publisher_scaled_joint_trajectory_controller:
ros__parameters:

```

controller_name: "scaled_joint_trajectory_controller"
wait_sec_between_publish: 6

```

```

goal_names: ["pos1", "pos2", "pos3", "pos4"]
pos1: [-1.76, -2.129, -1.117, -1.483, 1.57, 0.1745]
pos2: [-1.76, -2.3911, -1.448, -0.8726, 1.57, 0.17]
pos3: [-1.76, -2.129, -1.117, -1.483, 1.57, 0.1745]
pos4: [-1.76, -2.3911, -1.448, -0.8726, 1.57, 0.17]

```

```

joints:
- shoulder_pan_joint
- shoulder_lift_joint
- elbow_joint
- wrist_1_joint
- wrist_2_joint
- wrist_3_joint

```

```

check_starting_point: true
starting_point_limits:
  shoulder_pan_joint: [-3.14,3.14]
  shoulder_lift_joint: [-3.14,3.14]
  elbow_joint: [-3.14,3.14]
  wrist_1_joint: [-3.14,3.14]
  wrist_2_joint: [-3.14,3.14]
  wrist_3_joint: [-3.14,3.14]

publisher_joint_trajectory_controller:
ros__parameters:

  controller_name: "joint_trajectory_controller"
  wait_sec_between_publish: 6

  goal_names: ["pos1", "pos2", "pos3", "pos4"]
  pos1: [-1.76, -2.129, -1.117, -1.483, 1.57, 0.1745]
  pos2: [-1.76, -2.3911, -1.448, -0.8726, 1.57, 0.17]
  pos3: [-1.76, -2.129, -1.117, -1.483, 1.57, 0.1745]
  pos4: [-1.76, -2.3911, -1.448, -0.8726, 1.57, 0.17]

joints:
  - shoulder_pan_joint
  - shoulder_lift_joint
  - elbow_joint
  - wrist_1_joint
  - wrist_2_joint
  - wrist_3_joint

check_starting_point: true
starting_point_limits:
  shoulder_pan_joint: [-3.14,3.14]
  shoulder_lift_joint: [-3.14,3.14]
  elbow_joint: [-3.14,3.14]
  wrist_1_joint: [-3.14,3.14]
  wrist_2_joint: [-3.14,3.14]
  wrist_3_joint: [-3.14,3.14]

```

```

cd ur5
colcon build --packages-select ur_bringup
ros2 launch ur_bringup test_joint_trajectory_controller.launch.py

```