# GitHub.io Manual Deployment

Understanding Static Site Hosting by Deploying Hugo's Public Folder

# **Learning Objectives**

By the end of this session, you will:

- ✓ Understand what GitHub Pages hosts (static files)
- ✓ **Deploy** Hugo's public/ folder manually to GitHub Pages
- Learn the fundamentals of static site hosting
- ✓ Create your first live portfolio URL
- ▼ Troubleshoot common deployment issues

Goal: Get your Hugo portfolio live by understanding exactly what gets deployed!

# What is GitHub Pages?

### **Simple Definition:**

GitHub Pages = A **free web hosting service** that serves static files from your GitHub repository

### **Key Concepts:**

- Free service: No hosting costs for public repositories
- Fast delivery: Global CDN (Content Delivery Network)
- HTTPS included: Automatic SSL certificates
- **Mobile optimized**: Works on all devices

# **Understanding Static vs Dynamic Sites**

### **Dynamic Sites (Traditional):**

```
User Request → Web Server → Database → PHP/Python → HTML Response
```

- Examples: WordPress, Laravel applications
- **Requires**: Server, database, runtime environment
- Cost: \$10-50/month hosting

### **Static Sites (GitHub Pages):**

```
User Request → Pre-built HTML Files → Instant Response
```

- Examples: Hugo sites, documentation, portfolios
- Requires: Only HTML, CSS, JS files

# What Hugo Generates: The Public Folder

### **Hugo Build Process:**

```
# Your Hugo source code
hugo

# Generates a static website in the public/ folder
```

### What's in public/ folder:

```
public/
    index.html  # Homepage
    about/
    index.html  # About page
    projects/
    index.html  # Projects listing
    student-api/
    index.html  # Individual project
    css/  # Stylesheets
```

# **GitHub Pages Repository Types**

### **User/Organization Pages (What We'll Use):**

```
Repository name: yourusername.github.io
URL: https://yourusername.github.io
Content: Main website (portfolio, company site)
```

### **Project Pages:**

```
Repository name: any-project-name
URL: https://yourusername.github.io/project-name
Content: Documentation for specific projects
```

Today's Focus: User pages for your main portfolio

# **Prerequisites Check**

### **Required Before We Start:**

```
# 1. Hugo site built successfully
cd my-portfolio
hugo
ls public/ # Should show HTML files

# 2. GitHub account ready
# Visit github.com and sign in

# 3. Git configured
git config --global user.name "Your Name"
git config --global user.email "your.email@example.com"
```

# **Step 1: Build Your Hugo Site**

#### **Clean Build Process:**

```
# Navigate to your Hugo site
cd my-portfolio

# Remove old build (if exists)
rm -rf public/

# Build fresh static site
hugo

# Verify build success
ls public/
```

## **Expected Output:**

#### **Common Build Issues:**

- **Draft content**: Set draft = false in front matter
- Base URL: Check baseURL in hugo.toml
- Missing images: Verify paths in static/ folder

#### Add markdown files

- Use the hugo new command to add markdown files.
- Use the hugo command to generate files in the public directory to share.

#### **Test Your Build Locally:**

```
# Serve the built site (not Hugo server)
cd public
python -m http.server 8000

# Visit: http://localhost:8000
# This is exactly what GitHub Pages will serve!
```

#### What to Check:

- ✓ Homepage loads correctly
- ✓ All pages accessible via navigation
- ✓ Images display properly
- ✓ Styling works completely
- ✓ Links function between pages

# **Step 2: Create GitHub Repository**

## **Repository Creation:**

- 1. Go to GitHub: Sign in to github.com
- 2. Click "New Repository"
- 3. Repository Name: yourusername.github.io
  - Must match your username exactly
  - Example: If username is johndoe, repo must be johndoe.github.io
- 4. Visibility: Public (required for free GitHub Pages)
- 5. Initialize: Add a README file
- 6. Click "Create Repository"

### Why This Specific Name?

```
Repository: johndoe.github.io
GitHub automatically recognizes this pattern
Creates a user page at: https://johndoe.github.io
Serves content from the main branch root directory
```

#### **Important Notes:**

- Case sensitive: Must match your username exactly
- Public required: Private repos need GitHub Pro for Pages
- One per account: You get one user page per GitHub account

# **Step 3: Clone Your Repository**

### **Clone to Your Computer:**

```
# Clone the empty repository
git clone https://github.com/yourusername/yourusername.github.io.git

# Navigate into the repository
cd yourusername.github.io

# Check what's there
ls -la
# Should see: README.md and .git/ folder
```

## **Repository Structure (Initial):**

```
yourusername.github.io/
— .git/ # Git version control
— README.md # Repository description
```

# Step 4: Copy Hugo's Public Folder

#### **Manual Copy Method:**

```
# From your Hugo site directory
cd ../my-portfolio

# Copy everything from public/ to your GitHub repo
cp -r public/* ../yourusername.github.io/

# Navigate to GitHub repo
cd ../yourusername.github.io

# Verify copy worked
ls -la
```

#### What You Should See:

```
yourusername.github.io/
├─ .git/
```

#### **Alternative: Organized Copy**

```
# More careful approach
cd yourusername.github.io
# Remove default README (optional)
rm README.md
# Copy public folder contents
cp -r ../my-portfolio/public/* .
# Create custom README for your portfolio
echo "# My Professional Portfolio" > README.md
echo "Live site: https://yourusername.github.io" >> README.md
```

# **Step 5: Deploy to GitHub**

#### Add, Commit, and Push:

```
# Check what files are ready to commit
git status
# Add all files
git add .
# Create descriptive commit message
git commit -m "Deploy Hugo portfolio site

    Add a complete static website

    Include homepage, projects, and about pages

    All images and styling included

- Ready for GitHub Pages hosting"
# Push to GitHub
git push origin main
```

### **Understanding What Happens:**

```
Local Computer → GitHub Repository → GitHub Pages

↓

Static files Files stored in repo Live website
(public/) (version controlled) (served to users)
```

#### Timeline:

- Git push: Immediate (uploads files)
- Pages deployment: 1-5 minutes (processing)
- Global propagation: 5-10 minutes (worldwide)

# **Step 6: Enable GitHub Pages**

### **Configure GitHub Pages:**

- 1. Go to your repository on GitHub
- 2. Click "Settings" tab (top menu)
- 3. Scroll to "Pages" in left sidebar
- 4. Source section:
  - Select "Deploy from a branch"
  - Branch: main
  - Folder: / (root)
- 5. Click "Save"

### **GitHub Pages Configuration Options:**

```
Source Options:

--- Deploy from a branch (what we're using)
--- Branch: main, gh-pages, or any branch
--- Folder: / (root) or /docs
--- GitHub Actions (advanced - next lesson)
```

## Our Setup:

• **Source**: Deploy from a branch

• Branch: main

• Folder: / (root)

• Content: Static HTML files from Hugo's public/

# **Step 7: Verify Your Live Site**

#### **Access Your Website:**

```
URL: https://yourusername.github.io
Example: https://johndoe.github.io
```

### **First Deployment:**

- **Processing time**: 1-5 minutes
- Status check: Repository Settings > Pages
- Green checkmark: Deployment successful
- Error message: Check build logs

## **Testing Checklist:**

- ✓ Homepage loads without errors
- ✓ Navigation menu links work correctly
- About page displays your information
- Projects section shows your work
- Images load properly
- ✓ Mobile responsive on phone/tablet
- ✓ HTTPS works (should be automatic)
- ✓ Professional appearance matches local version

# **Step 8: Understanding File Structure**

#### **What GitHub Pages Serves:**

```
GitHub Repository Root:

— index.html → https://yourusername.github.io/
— about/
— index.html → https://yourusername.github.io/about/
— projects/
— index.html → https://yourusername.github.io/projects/
— student-api/
— index.html → https://yourusername.github.io/projects/student-api/
— css/
— style.css → https://yourusername.github.io/css/style.css
```

## **URL Mapping:**

- Repository file → Website URL
- Root index.html → Homepage
- Folder/index.html → Clean URLs (no .html)

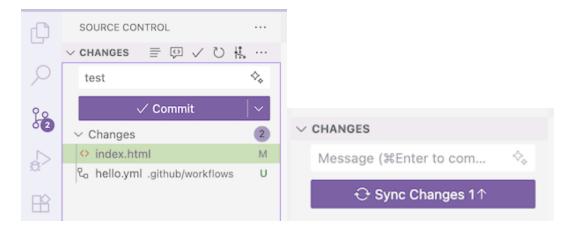
# **Step 9: Making Updates**

### When You Change Your Hugo Site:

```
# 1. Edit content in the Hugo site
cd my-portfolio
# Make changes to content/, themes/, etc.
# 2. Build updated site
hugo
# 3. Copy new build to GitHub repo
cp -r public/* ../yourusername.github.io/
# 4. Commit and push changes (Manual)
cd ../yourusername.github.io
git add .
git commit -m "Update portfolio: added new project"
git push origin main
```

### **Use VSCode for commit & push (recommended)**

- 1. Open the cloned GitHub.io directory using VSCode.
- 2. Commit & Push (Sync) so VSCode takes care of everything



## Each update requires this manual process!

(Next lesson: We'll automate this with GitHub Actions)

# **Understanding GitHub Pages Limitations**

### **What GitHub Pages Can Host:**

- ✓ Static HTML/CSS/JS files
- ✓ Images, fonts, documents
- Client-side applications (React, Vue after build)
- Static site generators (Hugo, Jekyll, Gatsby)

### **What GitHub Pages Cannot Host:**

- X Server-side code (PHP, Python, Node.js)
- X Databases (MySQL, PostgreSQL)
- X Server processing (form handling, APIs)
- X File uploads or user authentication

## **Performance and Best Practices**

### **Optimizing Your Site:**

```
# Minify HTML/CSS/JS (Hugo can do this)
hugo --minify

# Optimize images before adding to Hugo
# Use WebP format, compress large images
# Recommended: <500KB per image

# Use CDN for external resources
# Google Fonts, jQuery, etc.</pre>
```

#### **Professional Checklist:**

- ✓ Fast loading (< 3 seconds)
  </p>
- ✓ Mobile responsive design
- ✓ Professional content and imagery
- Working contact information
- ✓ Error-free links and navigation
- SEO optimized (titles, descriptions)

# **Sharing Your Portfolio**

#### **Professional Uses:**

```
Resume/CV: Include your GitHub Pages URL Email Signature: https://yourusername.github.io Business Cards: Print your professional domain LinkedIn Profile: Add website link Job Applications: Live portfolio demonstration
```

## **Social Sharing:**

- Easy to remember: Short, clean URL
- Professional appearance: Custom domain look
- Always accessible: 24/7 global availability
- No hosting costs: Free professional presence