Chapter 4 Quiz 10/18/17

Questions:			A. nested
1.	An expression using the greater-than, less-than, greater-		B. expanded
	than-or-equal to, less-than-or-equal-to, equal, or not-equal		C. conditional
	to operator is called a(n) expression.		D. All of the above
	A. relational		
	B. logical	8.	Thelogical operator has higher precedence
	C. rational		than the other logical operators.
	D. None of the above		A.
			B. &&
2.	A relational expression is either or		C. !
	·		D.
	A. boolean or expression		
	B. true or false	9.	The logical operators have associativity.
	C. logical or rational		A. right-to-left
	D. All of the above		B. left-to-right
			C. left
3.	The if statement regards an expression with the value 0 as		D. right
	A. zero	10.	Thelogical operator works best when testing
	B. false		a number to determine if it is within a range.
	C. true		A. &&
	D. None of the above		B. !
			C.
4.	The if statement regards an expression with a nonzero		D. None of the above
	value as <u>true</u> .		
	A. True	11.	Thelogical operator works best when testing
	B. False		a number to determine if it is outside a range.
			A.
5.	For an if statement to conditionally execute a group of		B. &&
	statements, the statements must be enclosed in a set of		C. !
	·		D. None of the above
	A. parentheses ()		
	B. double quotes ""	12.	The scope of a variable is limited to the block in which it
	C. single quotes ' '		is defined.
	D. braces { }		A. True
			B. False
6.	The trailing else in an if/else if statement has a similar		
	purpose as thesection of a switch statement.	13.	The expression that is tested by a switch statement must
	A. case		have a(n) value.
	B. break;		A. floating point
	C. default		B. string
	D. None of the above		C. boolean
			D. integer
7.	The if/else if statement is actually a form of the		
	if statement.		