UCS2612 Machine Learning Laboratory

A9. Applications of dimensionality reductiontechniques

Name: Mega V

Roll No : 3122 21 5001 051

CSE-A

Description

The two datasets are related to red and white variants of the Portuguese "Vinho Verde" wine. For more details, consult: http://www.vinhoverde.pt/en/ or the reference [Cortez et al., 2009]. Due to privacy and logistic issues, only physicochemical (inputs) and sensory (the output) variables are available (e.g. there is no data about grape types, wine brand, wine selling price, etc.). These datasets can be viewed as classification or regression tasks. The classes are ordered and not balanced (e.g. there are many more normal wines than excellent or poor ones). Outlier detection algorithms could be used to detect the few excellent or poor wines. Also, we are not sure if all input variables are relevant. So it could be interesting to test feature selection methods. The data can be used to test (ordinal) regression or classification (in effect, this is a multi-class task, where the clases are ordered) methods. Other research issues are feature selection and outlier detection. The data includes two datasets:

- winequality-red.csv red wine preference samples;
- winequality-white.csv white wine preference samples;

Aim

Develop a python program to perform dimensionality reduction using PCA and LDA. Visualize the features from the dataset and interpret the results obtained by the model using Matplotlib library.

Dataset:- http://www3.dsi.uminho.pt/pcortez/wine/winequality.zip

Import libraries

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, roc auc score
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, MinMaxScaler
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier,
GradientBoostingClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score, classification report,
confusion matrix
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Load dataset

```
# importing or loading the dataset
data1 = pd.read csv("C:\Users\SSN\Desktop\ML
Lab\A9\winequality.zip", sep=";")
data1.head()
   fixed acidity volatile acidity citric acid residual sugar
chlorides \
0
             7.0
                               0.27
                                            0.36
                                                             20.7
0.045
             6.3
                               0.30
                                            0.34
                                                              1.6
0.049
             8.1
                               0.28
                                             0.40
                                                              6.9
0.050
             7.2
                                             0.32
                               0.23
                                                              8.5
0.058
             7.2
                               0.23
                                             0.32
                                                              8.5
0.058
   free sulfur dioxide total sulfur dioxide density pH sulphates
0
                   45.0
                                        170.0 1.0010 3.00
                                                                     0.45
1
                   14.0
                                        132.0
                                                0.9940 3.30
                                                                     0.49
```

2	30	.0	9	7.0	0.9951	3.26	0.44
3		.0		6.0	0.9956	3.19	0.40
3	4 /	. 0	18	0.0	0.9956	3.19	0.40
4	47	.0	18	6.0	0.9956	3.19	0.40
7 7	7 7 7 7						
alcoho							
1 9. 2 10.							
3 9.	9 6						
4 9.	9 6						
data1.des	cribe()						
		volatile ac	1			sidual s	_
count mean	4898.000000 6.854788		000000 4 278241		00000 34192	4898.0	91415
std	0.843868	0.	100795	0.12	21020	5.0	72058
min 25%	3.800000 6.300000		080000 210000		00000		00000
50%	6.800000		260000		20000		00000
75%	7.300000		320000		0000	9.9	
max	14.200000	1.	100000	1.66	50000	65.8	00000
		free sulfur	dioxide	total	sulfur o	dioxide	
density count 48	98.00000	4898	.000000		4898	.000000	
4898.0000 mean	0.045772	3 5	.308085		138	.360657	
0.994027	0.043772	33	. 300003		130	. 300037	
std 0.002991	0.021848	17	.007137		42	.498065	
min	0.009000	2	.000000		9	.000000	
0.987110 25%	0.036000	2.3	.000000		108	.000000	
0.991723							
50% 0.993740	0.043000	34	.000000		134	.000000	
75%	0.050000	46	.000000		167	.000000	
0.996100 max	0.346000	289	.000000		440	.000000	
1.038980							
	рН	sulphates	alco		qual	_	
	3.188267	4898.000000 0.489847	4898.000 10.514		1898.000 5.877		
mean std	0.151001	0.489847	1.230		0.885		

Data pre-processing

Data pro proce	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
data1.corr()	_		
fixed acidity volatile acidity citric acid residual sugar chlorides free sulfur dioxide total sulfur dioxide density pH sulphates alcohol	fixed acidity	volatile acidity -0.022697 1.000000 -0.149472 0.064286 0.070512 -0.097012 0.089261 0.027114 -0.031915 -0.035728 0.067718	citric acid \ 0.289181 -0.149472 1.000000 0.094212 0.114364 0.094077 0.121131 0.149503 -0.163748 0.062331 -0.075729
quality	-0.120881	-0.194723	-0.075729
dioxide \	_	chlorides free su	
fixed acidity	0.089021	0.023086	-0.049396
volatile acidity	0.064286	0.070512	-0.097012
citric acid	0.094212	0.114364	0.094077
residual sugar	1.000000	0.088685	0.299098
chlorides	0.088685	1.000000	0.101392
free sulfur dioxide	0.299098	0.101392	1.000000
total sulfur dioxide	0.401439	0.198910	0.615501
density	0.838966	0.257211	0.294210
РН	-0.194133	-0.090439	-0.000618
sulphates	-0.026664	0.016763	0.059217
alcohol	-0.450631	-0.360189	-0.250104
quality	-0.097577	-0.209934	0.008158

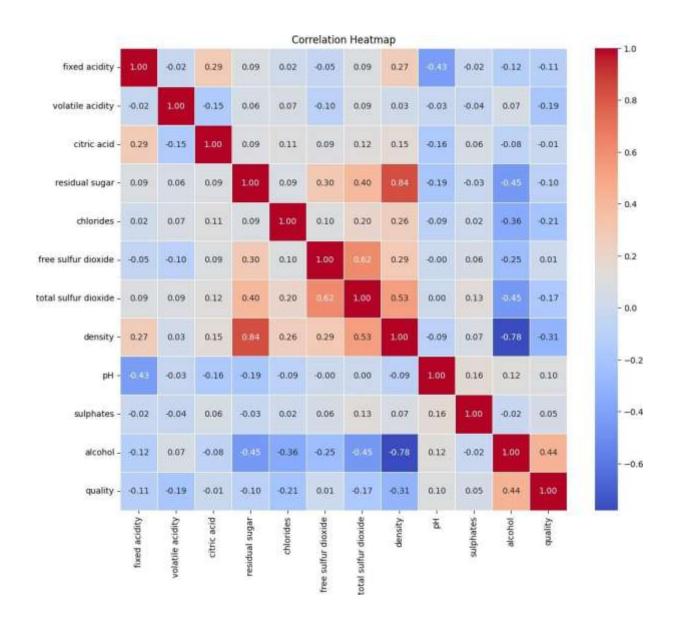
```
total sulfur dioxide density pH
sulphates \
fixed acidity
                                  0.091070 0.265331 -0.425858 -
0.017143
volatile acidity
                                  0.089261 0.027114 -0.031915 -
0.035728
citric acid
                                  0.121131 0.149503 -0.163748
0.062331
                                  0.401439 0.838966 -0.194133 -
residual sugar
0.026664
chlorides
                                  0.198910 0.257211 -0.090439
0.016763
                                  0.615501 0.294210 -0.000618
free sulfur dioxide
0.059217
total sulfur dioxide
                                  1.000000 0.529881 0.002321
0.134562
density
                                  0.529881 1.000000 -0.093591
0.074493
                                  0.002321 -0.093591 1.000000
На
0.155951
                                  0.134562 0.074493 0.155951
sulphates
1.000000
alcohol
                                 -0.448892 -0.780138 0.121432 -
0.017433
                                 -0.174737 -0.307123 0.099427
quality
0.053678
                       alcohol quality
                     -0.120881 -0.113663
fixed acidity
volatile acidity
                     0.067718 - 0.194723
citric acid
                     -0.075729 -0.009209
residual sugar
                     -0.450631 - 0.097577
chlorides
                     -0.360189 -0.209934
free sulfur dioxide -0.250104 0.008158
total sulfur dioxide -0.448892 -0.174737
density
                     -0.780138 - 0.307123
                     0.121432 0.099427
рН
sulphates
                     -0.017433 0.053678
                      1.000000 0.435575
alcohol
                     0.435575 1.000000
quality
data1.dropna(inplace=True)
scaler standard = StandardScaler()
data1 standardized = scaler standard.fit transform(data1)
scaler normal = MinMaxScaler()
data1 normalized = scaler normal.fit transform(data1)
```

```
data1 standardized = pd.DataFrame(data1 standardized,
columns=data1.columns)
data1 normalized = pd.DataFrame(data1 normalized,columns=data1.columns)
data1 standardized.head()
  fixed acidity volatile acidity citric acid residual sugar
chlorides \
   0.172097
                      -0.081770 0.213280
                                                  2.821349 -
0.035355
     -0.657501
                        0.215896 0.048001
                                                   -0.944765
0.147747
       1.475751
                        0.017452 0.543838
                                                    0.100282
0.193523
      0.409125
                       -0.478657 -0.117278
                                                    0.415768
0.559727
4 0.409125
                       -0.478657 -0.117278
                                                    0.415768
0.559727
 free sulfur dioxide total sulfur dioxide density pH
sulphates \
             0.569932
                                0.744565 2.331512 -1.246921 -
0.349184
                                 -0.149685 -0.009154 0.740029
            -1.253019
0.001342
                                 -0.973336 0.358665 0.475102 -
            -0.312141
0.436816
                                  1.121091 0.525855 0.011480 -
             0.687541
0.787342
             0.687541
                                  1.121091 0.525855 0.011480 -
0.787342
  alcohol quality
0 -1.393152 0.13787
1 -0.824276 0.13787
2 -0.336667 0.13787
3 -0.499203 0.13787
4 -0.499203 0.13787
data1 normalized.head()
  fixed acidity volatile acidity citric acid residual sugar
chlorides \
       0.307692
                        0.186275
                                     0.216867
                                                    0.308282
0.106825
      0.240385
                        0.215686 0.204819
                                                    0.015337
0.118694
                        0.196078 0.240964
                                                    0.096626
      0.413462
0.121662
```

3	0.	326923	0.147059	0.1927	71	0.121166
0.	145401					
	0.	326923	0.147059	0.1927	71	0.121166
0.	145401					
	free su	lfur dioxide	total sulfur	dioxide	density	рН
0	267442	0.149826		0.373550	0.267785	0.254545
1	20/442	0.041812		0.285383	0.132832	0.527273
0.	313953					
2		0.097561		0.204176	0.154039	0.490909
	255814					
3		0.156794		0.410673	0.163678	0.427273
	209302					
4		0.156794		0.410673	0.163678	0.427273
0.	209302					
0 1 2 3 4	alcoho 0.12903 0.24193 0.33871 0.30645 0.30645	2 0.5 5 0.5 0 0.5 2 0.5				

EDA

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 10))
sns.heatmap(data1.corr(), annot=True, cmap='coolwarm', fmt='.2f',
linewidths=0.5)
plt.title('Correlation Heatmap')
plt.show()
```



Splitting the data into Testing and training

```
X_white = data1.iloc[:, 0:11].values
y_white = data1.iloc[:, 11].values

X_train_white, X_test_white, y_train_white, y_test_white =
train_test_split(X_white, y_white, test_size=0.2, random_state=0)
```

Feature selection and preprocessing

```
# performing preprocessing part
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
```

```
sc = StandardScaler()

X_train_white = sc.fit_transform(X_train_white)

X_test_white = sc.transform(X_test_white)
```

Model building(PCA)

```
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
PCa = PCA (n components = 2)
X train white = PCa.fit transform(X train white)
X test white = PCa.transform(X test white)
explained variance = PCa.explained variance ratio
from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
classifier 1 = LogisticRegression(random state = 0)
classifier 1.fit(X train white, y train white)
LogisticRegression(random state=0)
y pred white = classifier 1.predict(X test white)
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix as CM
c m white = CM(y test white, y pred white)
print(c m white)
accuracy_score(y_test_white,y_pred_white)
[[0 0 2 7 0 0]
[ 0 0 10 38 3 0]
 [ 0 0 77 216 2 0]
 [ 0 0 67 338 4 0]
 [ 0 0 16 161 6 0]
[ 0 0 1 32 0 0]]
0.42959183673469387
print("Accuracy score of PCA model is " ,
accuracy score (y test white, y pred white))
Accuracy score of PCA model is 0.42959183673469387
```

Result of PCA

```
# result through scatter plot
from matplotlib.colors import ListedColormap
```

```
X set, y set = X train white, y train white
X1, X2 = np.meshgrid(np.arange(start = X set[:, 0].min() - 1,
                     stop = X set[:, 0].max() + 1, step = 0.01),
                     np.arange(start = X set[:, 1].min() - 1,
                     stop = X set[:, 1].max() + 1, step = 0.01))
plt.contourf(X1, X2, classifier 1.predict(np.array([X1.ravel(),
             X2.ravel()]).T).reshape(X1.shape), alpha = 0.75,
             cmap = ListedColormap(('yellow', 'white', 'aquamarine')))
plt.xlim(X1.min(), X1.max())
plt.ylim(X2.min(), X2.max())
for i, j in enumerate(np.unique(y set)):
   plt.scatter(X set[y set == j, 0], X set[y set == j, 1],
                c = ListedColormap(('red', 'green', 'blue'))(i), label
= j)
plt.title('Logistic Regression (Training set)')
plt.xlabel('PC1') # for Xlabel
plt.ylabel('PC2') # for Ylabel
plt.legend() # to show legend
# show scatter plot
plt.show()
# Visualising the Test set results through scatter plot
from matplotlib.colors import ListedColormap
X set, y set = X test white, y test white
X1, X2 = np.meshgrid(np.arange(start = X_set[:, 0].min() - 1,
                     stop = X set[:, 0].max() + 1, step = 0.01),
                     np.arange(start = X set[:, 1].min() - 1,
                     stop = X set[:, 1].max() + 1, step = 0.01))
plt.contourf(X1, X2, classifier 1.predict(np.array([X1.ravel(),
             X2.ravel()]).T).reshape(X1.shape), alpha = 0.75,
             cmap = ListedColormap(('yellow', 'white', 'aquamarine')))
plt.xlim(X1.min(), X1.max())
plt.ylim(X2.min(), X2.max())
for i, j in enumerate(np.unique(y set)):
   plt.scatter(X set[y set == j, 0], X set[y set == j, 1],
                c = ListedColormap(('red', 'green', 'blue'))(i), label
= j)
# title for scatter plot
```

```
plt.title('Logistic Regression (Test set)')
plt.xlabel('PC1') # for Xlabel
plt.ylabel('PC2') # for Ylabel
plt.legend()

# show scatter plot
plt.show()
```

Model building(LDA)

```
from sklearn.discriminant_analysis import LinearDiscriminantAnalysis
as LDA
lda = LDA(n_components = 2)
X_train_red = lda.fit_transform(X_train_white, y_train_white)
X_test_red = lda.transform(X_test_white)

from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
classifier = LogisticRegression(random_state = 0)
classifier.fit(X_train_white, y_train_white)

y_pred_white = classifier_1.predict(X_test_white)
print(y_pred_white)
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test_white, y_pred_white)
print("Accuracy of LDA model:", accuracy)
Accuracy of LDA model: 0.42959183673469387
```

Result of LDA

```
= j)
plt.title('Logistic Regression (Test set)')plt.xlabel('LD1')
plt.ylabel('LD2')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
from matplotlib.colors import ListedColormap
X set, y set = X train white, y train white
X1, X2 = \text{np.meshgrid}(\text{np.arange}(\text{start} = X \text{ set}[:, 0].\text{min}() - 1, \text{stop} =
X \text{ set}[:, 0].max() + 1, step = 0.01), np.arange(start = X \text{ set}[:, 0].max()
1].min() - 1, stop = X set[:, 1].max() + 1, step = 0.01))
plt.contourf(X1, X2, classifier.predict(np.array([X1.ravel(), X2.ravel()]
).T).reshape(X1.shape), alpha = 0.75, cmap = ListedColormap(('red',
'green', 'blue')))
plt.xlim(X1.min(), X1.max())
plt.ylim(X2.min(), X2.max())
for i, j in enumerate(np.unique(y set)):
    plt.scatter(X set[y set == j, 0], X set[y set == j, 1],
                 c = ListedColormap(('red', 'green', 'blue'))(i), label
= \dot{j}
plt.title('Logistic Regression (Training set)')
plt.xlabel('LD1')
plt.ylabel('LD2')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

Inferences

- 1. After applying PCA, you can analyze the principal components to understand which original features contribute the most to the variance in the data. You can also visualize the data in reduced dimensions to explore patterns or clusters.
- 2. After applying LDA, you can interpret the learned linear discriminants to understand how the classes are separated in the reduced-dimensional space. LDA provides insight into which features are most discriminative for class separation.

Learning Outcomes

- 1. Implementation of Pre-processing, EDA and feature selection.
- 2. Implementation of PCA nad LDA models and visualising it.

- 3. Displaying the confusion matrix.
- 4. Understanding the techniques of dimentionality reduction.