

## 3.2.11 Editors - 3D View - 3D Cursor

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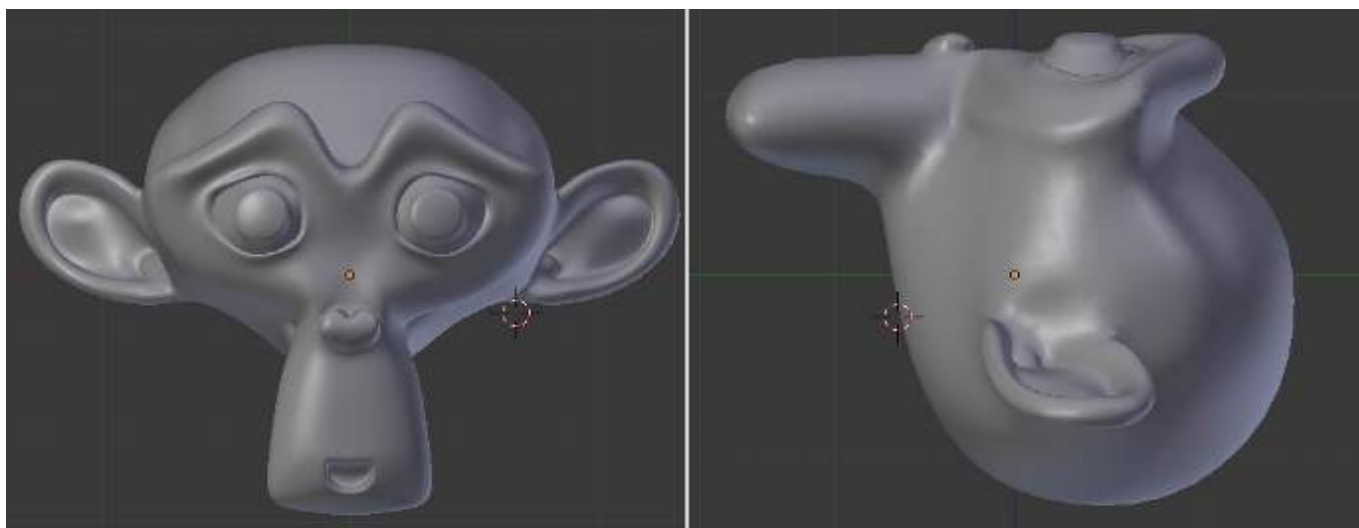
### 3D Cursor

The 3D Cursor is simply a point in 3D space which can be used for a number of purposes

### Placement

There are a few methods to position the 3D cursor.

#### Direct Placement with the Mouse



Positioning the 3D cursor with two orthogonal views.

Using LMB in the 3D area will place the 3D cursor directly under your mouse pointer.

For accuracy you should use two perpendicular orthogonal 3D views, i.e. any combination of top (Numpad7), front (Numpad1) and side (Numpad3). That way you can control the positioning along two axes in one view and determine depth in the second view.

To place the 3D Cursor on the surface of geometry, enable *Cursor Depth* in the *User Preferences*

### Using the Snap Menu

The *Snap* menu (Shift-S or Object/Mesh ▸ Snap) will allow you to snap the cursor in the following ways:

#### Cursor to Selected

Snaps the cursor to the center of the current selection.

#### Cursor to Center

Snaps the cursor to the origin of the scene (location 0,0,0).

### **Cursor to Grid**

Snaps the cursor to the nearest *visible* grid lines.

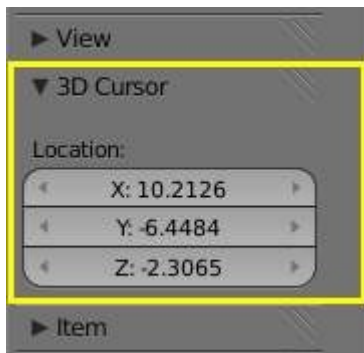
### **Cursor to Active**

Snaps the cursor to the *active* (last selected) object, edge, face or vertex.

The *Cursor to Selected* option is also affected by the current Pivot Point. For example:

- With the *Bounding Box Center* pivot point active, the *Cursor to Selected* option will snap the 3D cursor to the center of the bounding box surrounding the objects' centers.
- When the *Median Point* pivot point is selected, *Cursor to Selected* will snap the 3D cursor to the median of the object centers.

## **Numeric Input**



The 3D Cursor panel of the Properties shelf.