```
363 The SAS data set WORK.ONE contains a numeric variable named Num and a
                                                                                                     (3)
character variablenamed Char:
WORK . ONE
Num
     Char
      23
23
77
 1
3
1
The following SAS program is submitted:
    proc print data=WORK.ONE;
    where Num='1';
run;
What is output?
  Num
        Char
   1
        23
  Num
       Char
   1
1
        23
77
  Num Char --- 1 23 3 23 1 77
                                                                                                      3
  No output is generated
```

186 The following SAS program is submitted:	(4)
<pre>data work.test; set work.staff (keep = jansales febsales marsales); array diff_sales{3} difsales1 - difsales3; array monthly{3} jansales febsales marsales; run;</pre> What new variables are created?	
JANSALES, FEBSALES and MARSALES	0
MONTHLY1, MONTHLY2 and MONTHLY3	1
DIFSALES1, DIFSALES2 and DIFSALES3	2
DIFF_SALES1, DIFF_SALES2 and DIFF_SALES3	3

56 You have acquired an existing program from a coworker which uses a macro. It is not immediately clear to you what this macro is doing. Which OPTION can be used to put the SAS statements generated by the macro execution into the LOG?

MPRINT	0
SYMBOLGEN	1
MLOGIC	2
MRECALL	3

48	The following SAS program is submitted:	(4)
W	data WORK.DATE; X="01Jan1960"d; run; hich value does variable X contain?	
	the numeric value 0	0
	the character value "01Jan1960"	1
	the date value 01011960	2
	the code contains a syntax error and does not execute.	3

3	59 The following SAS program is submitted:	(4)	
	ata WORK.INFO; infile 'DATAFILE.TXT'; input @1 Company \$20. @25 State \$2. @; if State=' ' then input @30 City Year; input NumEmployees; un;		
Н	How many raw data records are read during each iteration of the DATA step?		
	1	0	
	<u>2</u>	1	
	4	3	

123 How can you tell whether you have specified an invalid option in a SAS program?		(4)
	A log message indicates an error in a statement that seems to be valid.	0
	A log message indicates that an option is not valid or not recognized.	1
	The message "PROC running" or "DATA step running" appears at the top of the active window.	2
	You can't tell until you view the output from the program.	3

## 29 Given the following data set DEMOG: (4) SITE **PATID SEXCD** RACECD TRTMNT 11/25/1946 11/01/1972 10/13/1969 05/18/1958 05/24/1999 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 ī 1 1 1 10 03/15/1974 01/04/1983 12/22/1963 2 2 1 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 4 5 10 12/28/1976 10/04/1958 1 1 1 9 2 1 2 1 07/05/1969 Which selection below would be considered hard-coding? if sexcd eq 1 then sex = "Male"; else if sexcd eq 2 then sex = "Female"; 0 if site eq 1 then sexcd = 2; else if site eq 2 then sexcd = 1; 1 2 if site eq 1 and sexcd ne 2 then check = 1; else if site eq 2 and sexcd ne 1 then check = 2;

3

birthdt = input(dob, mmddyy10.);

305 The following SAS program is submitted:	(4)
<pre>data work.staff; JobCategory = 'FA'; JobLevel = '1'; JobCategory = JobCategory    JobLevel; run;</pre>	
Which one of the following is the value of the variable JOBCATEGORY in the output data set?	
FA	0
FA1	1
FA 1	2
'' (missing character value)	3

```
318 A raw data file is listed below:
                                                                                                                (4)
-----30
        McCloskey 35 71
Rosesette 10 43
Jones 9 37
John
June
Tineke Jones
The following SAS program is submitted using the raw data file as input:
data work.homework;
infile 'file-specification';
input name $ age height;
if age LE 10;
How many observations will the WORK. HOMEWORK data set contain?
                                                                                                                 0
   2
                                                                                                                  1
   3
                                                                                                                  2
                                                                                                                  3
   No data set is created as the program fails to execute due to errors.
```

3	40 The following SAS program is submitted:	(4)	
rı pı	roc print data = sasuser.houses; un; roc means data = sasuser.shoes; un;		
	Which one of the following OPTIONS statements resets the page number to 1 for the second report?		
	options pageno = 1;	0	
П	options pagenum = 1;	1	
	options reset pageno = 1;	2	
Т	options reset pagenum = 1;	3	

## 199 Read the table The following SAS program is submitted: (4) procfreq data = sales; <insert TABLES statement here> run; The following output is created by the FREQUENCY procedure: The FREQ Procedure Table of region by product region product Frequency Percent Row Pct Col Pct **Total** corn cotton oranges 22.22 11.11 $\frac{1}{11.11}$ 4 44.44 **EAST** 25.00 33.33 25.00 50.00 50.00 50.00 2 22.22 40.00 22.22 40.00 **SOUTH** 5 55.56 $\frac{11.11}{20.00}$ 50.00 66.67 50.00 Total 100.00 44.44 33.33 22.22 Which TABLES statement(s) completed the program and produced the output? tables region product; 0 tables region \* product; 1

2

3

tables product \* region;

tables product; tables region;

```
(4)
237 The following code was modified to generate the results further below:
proc format;
    Value agegrp
low-12 ='Pre-Teen'
13-high = 'Teen';
run;
proc means data=SASHELP.CLASS;
    Var Height;
    class Sex Age;
    format Age agegrp.;
run;
The following results were generated to display only specific statistics and limit
the decimals with the modification: Which statement below was modified or
```

added to generate the results above:

```
Analysis Variable : Height N
                      obs
                              Minimum
                                         Maximum
                                                    Mean
    Sex Age
                                         59.8
66.5
64.8
           Pre-Teen
                                                     55.8
    F
                              51.3
                              56.5
57.3
                       6
                                                     63.0
59.7
           Teen
           Pre-Teen
                       6
                              62.5
                                         72.0
                                                     66.8
           Teen
```

```
var Height / nobs min max mean maxdec=1;
proc means data=SASHELP.CLASS maxdec=1;
                                                                                                                   1
                                                                                                                   2
proc means data=SASHELP.CLASS min max mean maxdec=1;
                                                                                                                   3
output nobs min max mean maxdec=1;
```