

# HW14

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## BACS HW - Week 14

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### Prerequisite

```
library(ggpubr)
library(ggplot2)
library(plot3D)
library(rgl)
library(factoextra)
library(FactoMineR)
library(magrittr)
library(psych)
```

```
path = 'data/security_questions.xlsx'
questions <- readxl::read_excel(path, sheet=1, col_names = c("Index", "Questions"))
data <- readxl::read_excel(path, sheet=2)
```

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### Question 1)

Parallel analysis

a. Show a single visualization with scree plot of data, scree plot of simulated noise, and a horizontal line showing the *eigenvalue* = 1 cutoff.

```
data_pca <- prcomp(data, scale.=TRUE)
data_pca |> sapply(head)
```

```
## $sdev
## [1] 3.0513855 1.2634603 1.0721745 0.8729123 0.8216697 0.7820893
##
## $rotation
```

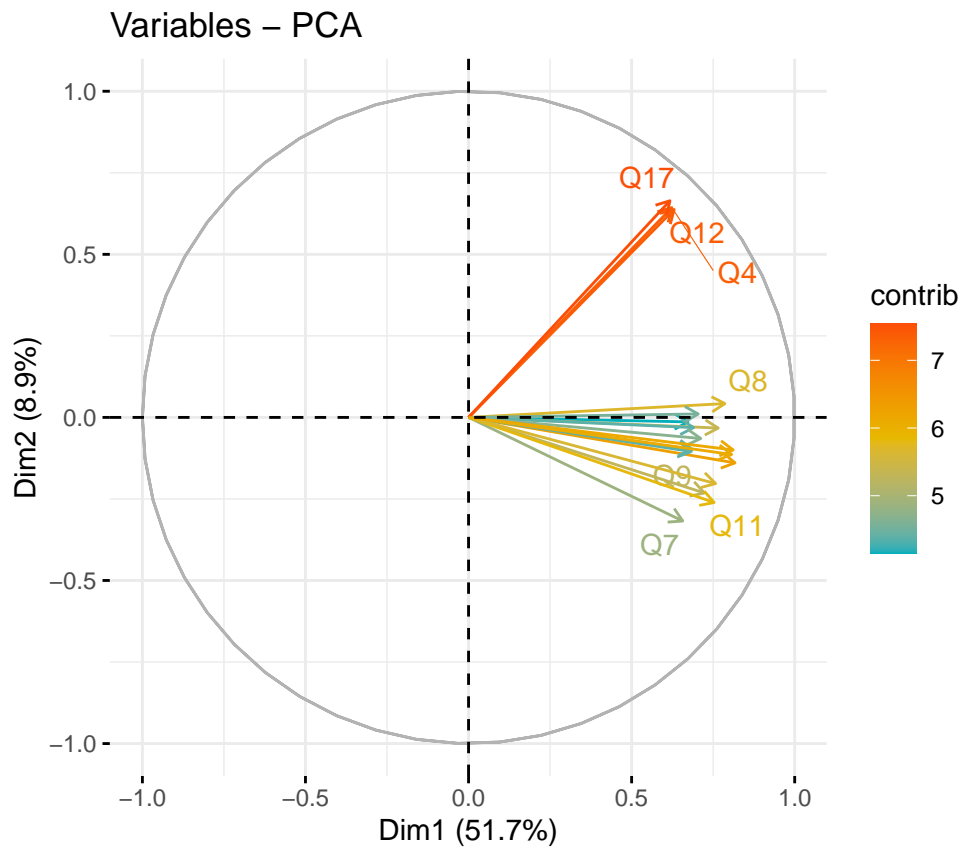
```

##          PC1          PC2          PC3          PC4          PC5          PC6
## Q1 -0.2677422  0.11034169 -0.001973491  0.126220668 -0.04846842  0.18267305
## Q2 -0.2204272  0.01088697  0.083171536  0.258122218  0.09388792  0.79729886
## Q3 -0.2508767  0.02587854  0.083648794 -0.399268076 -0.06176634  0.13431707
## Q4 -0.2042919 -0.50898177  0.100759585  0.040690031 -0.07291314 -0.06834342
## Q5 -0.2261544  0.02474527 -0.505845415  0.052574743 -0.19320785  0.14933383
## Q6 -0.2237681  0.08280509  0.193281966 -0.004209098  0.61134877  0.05513614
##          PC7          PC8          PC9          PC10         PC11         PC12
## Q1 -0.47564502  0.01187767 -0.15894574  0.02559547 -0.26143355  0.3655136121
## Q2  0.10381142  0.37048403  0.01890634 -0.01758985  0.14151163 -0.1423173350
## Q3  0.29794768 -0.04536194  0.04616097  0.62920376 -0.21541155  0.0711375730
## Q4  0.07323286 -0.08271823  0.03401181  0.13146697 -0.18277248  0.0001075882
## Q5  0.19273010 -0.18894882  0.21869003 -0.09878156  0.09015446  0.0962621836
## Q6 -0.06503361 -0.53842306  0.33147646  0.04348905  0.23018884  0.1679270706
##          PC13         PC14         PC15         PC16         PC17         PC18
## Q1 -0.09437152  0.2153828  0.107191422 -0.26663363 -0.15892454  0.49709414
## Q2 -0.01439656 -0.1415103 -0.124321587  0.04539846  0.01378516 -0.07954338
## Q3  0.07897104  0.3827506 -0.173199162  0.10905667 -0.08731092 -0.07451547
## Q4  0.32083974 -0.5371817 -0.009053271 -0.26266355 -0.39030988  0.02091260
## Q5  0.41176540  0.1377995  0.420108616 -0.20508811  0.26389562 -0.07356419
## Q6 -0.06866003 -0.1222959 -0.076584623 -0.04426883  0.11718533  0.02443898
##
## $center
##          Q1          Q2          Q3          Q4          Q5          Q6
## 5.604938 5.049383 5.306173 4.992593 5.760494 4.762963
##
## $scale
##          Q1          Q2          Q3          Q4          Q5          Q6
## 1.409647 1.653838 1.465810 1.592819 1.412259 1.451565
##
## $x
##          PC1          PC2          PC3          PC4          PC5          PC6
## [1,] -1.7754125 -2.0169459 -1.63959104  0.5352081 -0.08797596 -0.3728346
## [2,] -1.3437632 -0.8882234 -0.25368424 -0.4570310  0.23962874 -0.4268643
## [3,] -1.7933115 -0.4260365  0.07691544  0.4141432 -0.60889140  0.5624084
## [4,]  0.9013133 -0.2983700  0.36032074  0.7691251  0.40805995 -0.1145464
## [5,] -2.9135336 -1.3469746 -0.14286375 -0.1077017 -1.47129093  0.8579121
## [6,]  1.2061151 -0.3409259  1.94682489 -0.1299549  0.16378728 -0.1768219
##          PC7          PC8          PC9          PC10         PC11         PC12
## [1,] -0.79963845  0.31011634 -0.1350201 -0.18107617 -0.37536871 -0.07135772
## [2,]  0.25929669 -0.10719126 -0.6186849 -0.03219035  0.13518587 -0.28714217
## [3,]  0.29407731 -1.08068173  0.3747303 -0.02571319 -0.06443770  0.20395036
## [4,] -0.07167346 -0.08161187  0.4527110  0.15952336 -0.07864503 -0.12495990
## [5,] -0.33413881  0.28492699  0.2001644 -0.09883888 -0.56009509  0.05191722
## [6,] -1.44430904  1.24026221 -0.2124737 -0.28195730 -0.24564942 -0.04531787
##          PC13         PC14         PC15         PC16         PC17         PC18
## [1,]  0.001813884  0.25632295  0.2039214  0.05929609 -0.450507689  0.25009281
## [2,]  0.167932157 -0.05901637 -0.4252439  0.07265085  0.255354655 -0.48814544
## [3,] -0.320481103 -0.16741905 -0.2202692 -0.24785872  0.409204449 -0.37686973
## [4,]  0.133981171  0.24263900 -0.2105912  0.39901391 -0.343677682 -0.23329700
## [5,]  0.111733382  0.34393812 -0.6789966 -0.21330516  0.009084729 -0.39442816
## [6,]  0.618654281 -0.08565330  0.3726984 -0.36311736  0.616667407 -0.07356653

```

```
data_pca$rotation = -data_pca$rotation
```

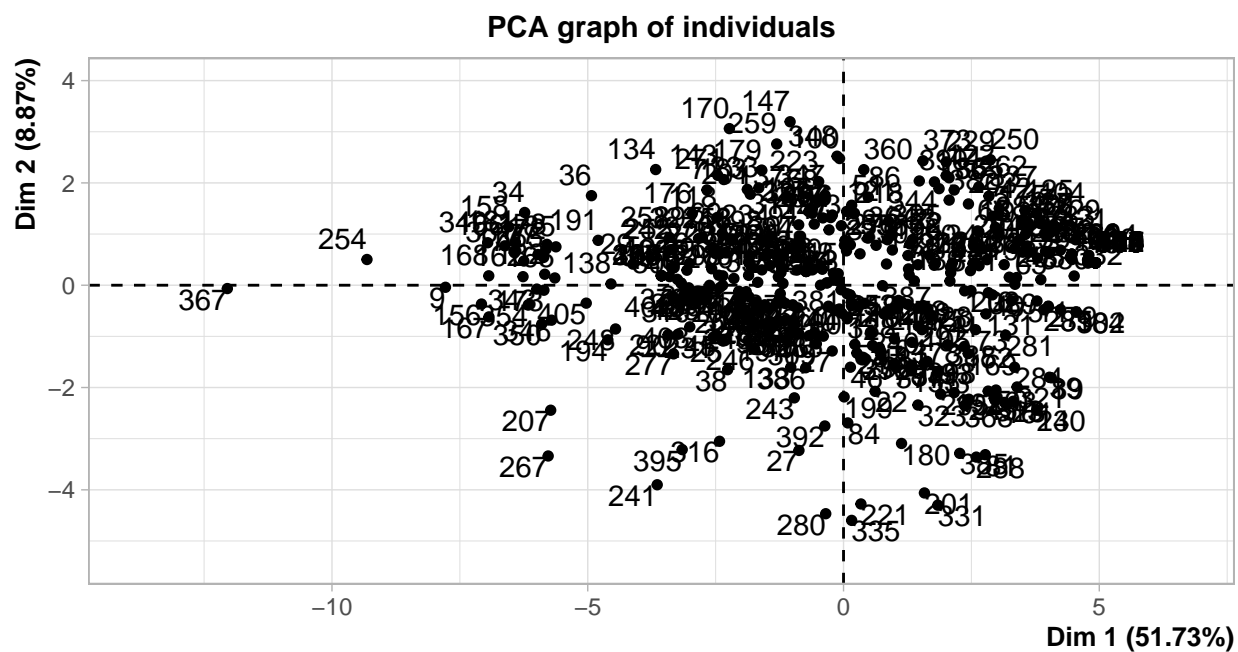
```
fviz_pca_var(data_pca,
  col.var = "contrib",
  gradient.cols = c("#00AFBB", "#E7B800", "#FC4E07"),
  repel = TRUE
)
```

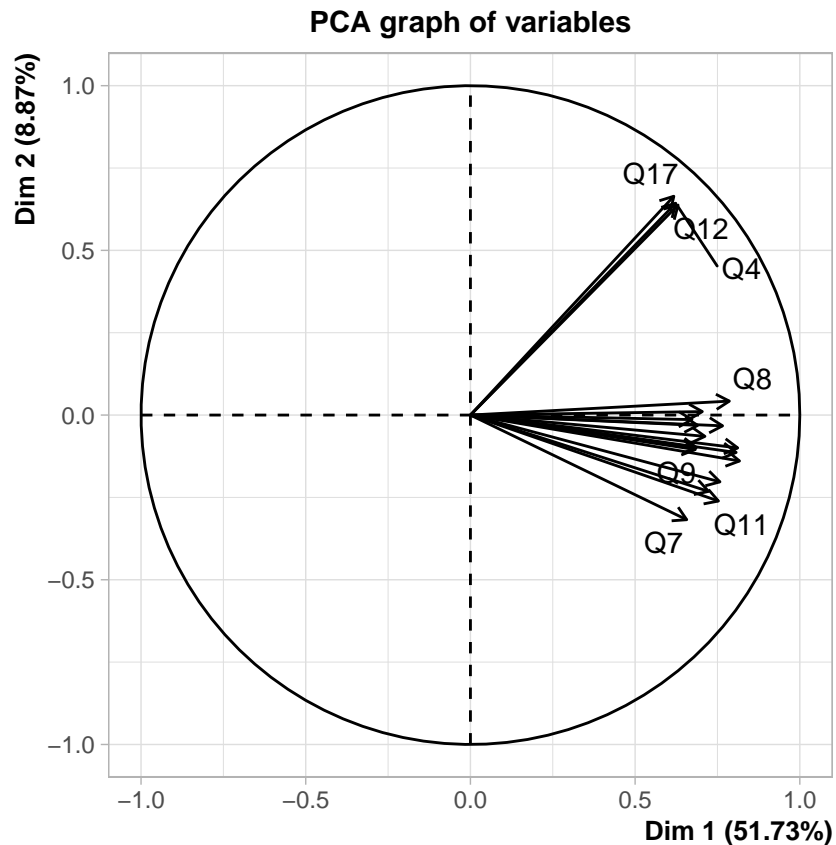


```
data_pca <- prcomp(data, scale.=TRUE)
```

```
# Simulating the noise and taking its eigenvalues
sim_noise <- function(n, p){
  noise <- data.frame(replicate(p, rnorm(n))) # 33*10
  correlation <- cor(noise) # 10*10
  eigen(correlation)$values # 10, how much variance can be explained from the noise.
}
eigen_noise <- replicate(100, sim_noise(33, 10)) #100*10
eigen_noise_mean <- apply(eigen_noise, 1, mean)

res.pca <- PCA(data)
```



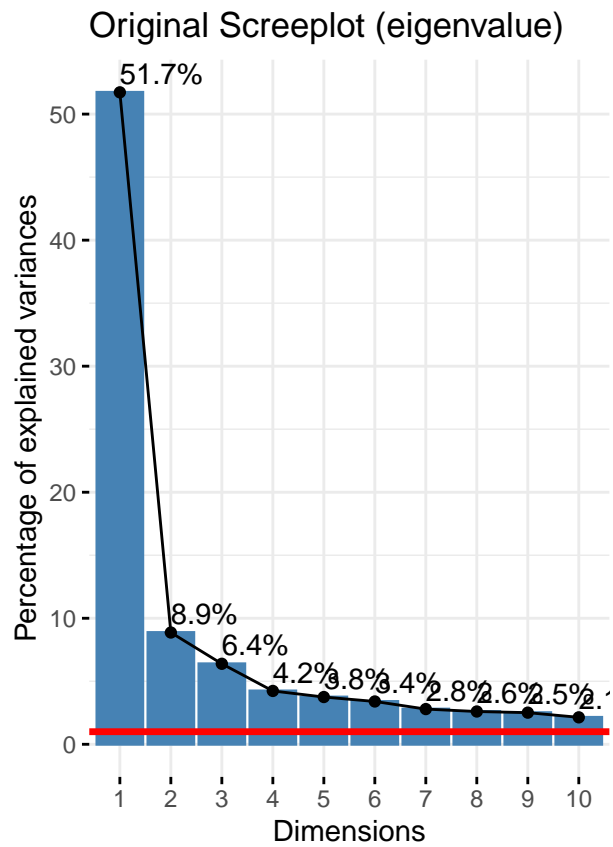
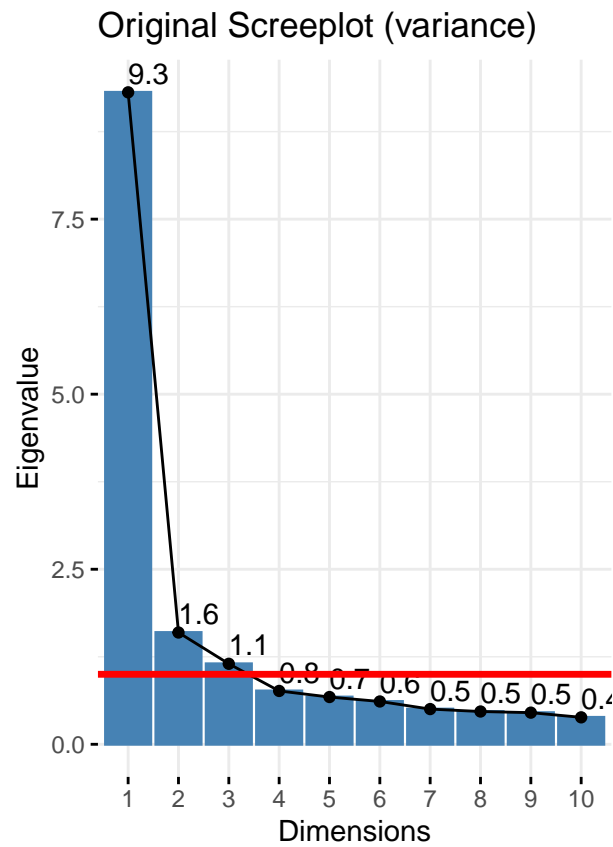


```
p1 <- fviz_eig(res.pca,
  choice = 'eigenvalue',
  addlabels=TRUE,
  main='Original Screeplot (variance)')
p1 <- p1+geom_hline(yintercept = 1,color="red", lwd=1.2)

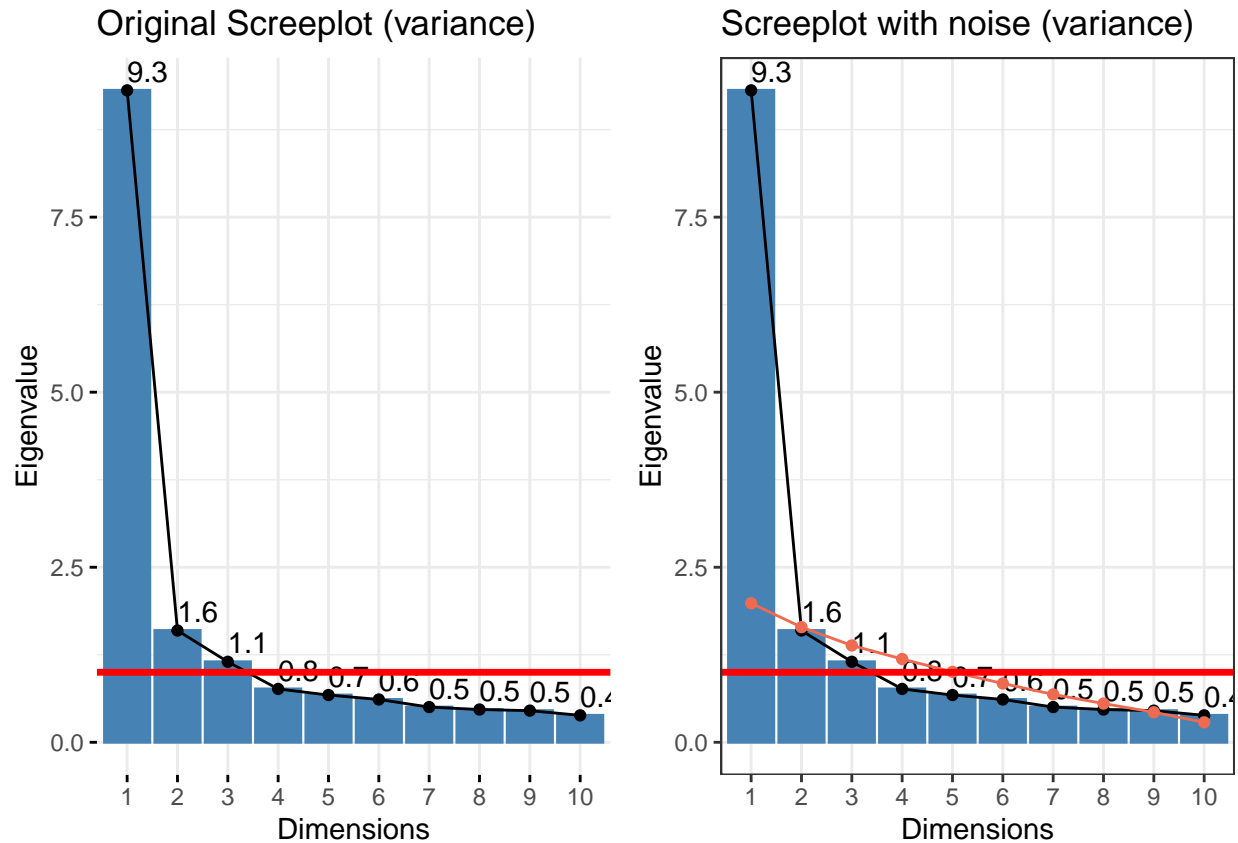
p2 <- fviz_eig(res.pca,
  choice = 'variance',
  addlabels=TRUE,
  main='Original Screeplot (eigenvalue)')
p2 <- p2+geom_hline(yintercept = 1,color="red", lwd=1.2)

color_list <- "coral2"
p3 <- fviz_eig(res.pca,
  choice = 'eigenvalue',
  addlabels=TRUE,
  main='Screeplot with noise (variance)')+
  geom_point(aes(x=1:10, y=eigen_noise_mean),color=color_list)+
  geom_line(aes(x=1:10, y=eigen_noise_mean),color=color_list)+
  theme_bw()
p3 <- p3+geom_hline(yintercept = 1,color="red", lwd=1.2)

ggarrange(p1, p2, ncol=2, nrow=1)
```



```
ggarrange(p1, p3, ncol=2, nrow=1)
```



b. How many dimensions would you retain if we used **Parallel Analysis**?

- After conducting *Horn's Parallel Analysis*, we can easily observe from the plot that the first PC is the only component with a higher eigenvalues compare to the average **noise**. As a result, by comparing variance extracted from the original data versus noise, we can conclude that only a single dimension, the first PC, will be retained in our model.

## Question 2) Factor model

### Composite measurement model vs. Factor model analysis

#### Comparison

- In simple terms, the main difference between composite model and factor model is that the latter tends to examine *model fitness* by interpreting whether the factors in our model are related to the answer to our question or not; whereas, composite models consist of a set of interrelated composites, all of which emerge as linear combinations of the observable variables.
- Furthermore, factor analysis requires a larger amount of data, while composite measurement model can be done with just few samples.

## Factor analysis - Principal

- The `principal` function in `r` is simply doing a PCA for  $n$  principal components of either a correlation or covariance matrix.
- Different from `princomp`, `principal` returns a subset of the *best  $n$  factors*, and the eigenvectors are rescaled by square root of the eigenvalues to produce the components' **loadings**.

```
data_principal <- principal(data, nfactor=ncol(data), rotate="none", scores=TRUE)
data_principal |> sapply(head)
```

```
## $values
## [1] 9.3109533 1.5963320 1.1495582 0.7619759 0.6751412 0.6116636
##
## $rotation
## [1] "none"
##
## $n.obs
## [1] 405
##
## $communality
## Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q5 Q6
## 1 1 1 1 1 1
##
## $loadings
##          PC1          PC2          PC3          PC4          PC5          PC6
## Q1 0.8169846 -0.13941235 -0.002115927 0.110179575 -0.03982503 0.14286663
## Q2 0.6726084 -0.01375526 0.089174403 0.225318062 0.07714486 0.62355887
## Q3 0.7655215 -0.03269651 0.089686106 -0.348526020 -0.05075153 0.10504794
## Q4 0.6233733 0.64307826 0.108031860 0.035518829 -0.05991052 -0.05345065
## Q5 0.6900841 -0.03126466 -0.542354570 0.045893140 -0.15875304 0.11679238
## Q6 0.6828029 -0.10462094 0.207232000 -0.003674174 0.50232679 0.04312138
##          PC7          PC8          PC9          PC10          PC11          PC12
## Q1 -0.33733445 -0.008127994 -0.10685731 -0.01588562 -0.15574104 -2.006357e-01
## Q2 0.07362459 -0.253525551 0.01271050 0.01091700 0.08430123 7.812005e-02
## Q3 0.21130888 0.031041586 0.03103346 -0.39051021 -0.12832484 -3.904844e-02
## Q4 0.05193782 0.056604827 0.02286573 -0.08159391 -0.10888112 -5.905673e-05
## Q5 0.13668703 0.129299377 0.14702268 0.06130797 0.05370677 -5.283971e-02
## Q6 -0.04612279 0.368447741 0.22284763 -0.02699113 0.13712796 -9.217760e-02
##          PC13          PC14          PC15          PC16          PC17          PC18
## Q1 0.051019769 -0.11027592 0.051916385 -0.12800198 0.072610801 0.223163787
## Q2 0.007783168 0.07245324 -0.060213096 0.02179430 -0.006298283 -0.035709939
## Q3 -0.042693857 -0.19596819 -0.083886137 0.05235450 0.039891358 -0.033452727
## Q4 -0.173454555 0.27503687 -0.004384802 -0.12609608 0.178328111 0.009388433
## Q5 -0.222611404 -0.07055330 0.203472631 -0.09845601 -0.120570886 -0.033025662
## Q6 0.037119449 0.06261547 -0.037092490 -0.02125200 -0.053540633 0.010971554
##
## $fit
## [1] 1
##
## $fit.off
## [1] 1
##
## $fn
```



```

## [1] "principal"
##
## $Call
## principal(r = data, nfactors = ncol(data), rotate = "none", scores = TRUE)
##
## $uniquenesses
##          Q1          Q2          Q3          Q4          Q5
## 2.220446e-16 1.776357e-15 2.220446e-16 4.440892e-16 -2.220446e-16
##          Q6
## 6.661338e-16
##
## $complexity
##          Q1          Q2          Q3          Q4          Q5          Q6
## 2.152023 2.756187 2.594462 3.027717 3.127357 3.285651
##
## $chi
## [1] 2.115614e-26
##
## $EPVAL
## [1] NA
##
## $R2
## PC1 PC2 PC3 PC4 PC5 PC6
## 1 1 1 1 1 1
##
## $objective
## [1] 0
##
## $residual
##          Q1          Q2          Q3          Q4          Q5
## Q1 1.110223e-16 -1.110223e-16 1.110223e-16 5.551115e-17 0.000000e+00
## Q2 -1.110223e-16 1.665335e-15 9.436896e-16 2.775558e-16 1.665335e-16
## Q3 1.110223e-16 9.436896e-16 3.330669e-16 2.220446e-16 3.330669e-16
## Q4 5.551115e-17 2.775558e-16 2.220446e-16 4.440892e-16 2.775558e-16
## Q5 0.000000e+00 1.665335e-16 3.330669e-16 2.775558e-16 -2.220446e-16
## Q6 2.220446e-16 4.440892e-16 1.110223e-16 5.551115e-17 1.665335e-16
##          Q6          Q7          Q8          Q9          Q10
## Q1 2.220446e-16 -2.220446e-16 1.110223e-16 1.110223e-16 2.220446e-16
## Q2 4.440892e-16 4.440892e-16 9.436896e-16 3.885781e-16 7.771561e-16
## Q3 1.110223e-16 2.775558e-16 7.771561e-16 7.771561e-16 7.771561e-16
## Q4 5.551115e-17 2.775558e-16 2.775558e-16 5.551115e-16 3.885781e-16
## Q5 1.665335e-16 7.216450e-16 3.330669e-16 2.220446e-16 2.220446e-16
## Q6 6.661338e-16 6.661338e-16 4.440892e-16 3.330669e-16 1.665335e-16
##          Q11          Q12          Q13          Q14          Q15
## Q1 0.000000e+00 2.220446e-16 0.000000e+00 3.330669e-16 1.110223e-16
## Q2 8.326673e-16 4.440892e-16 0.000000e+00 3.885781e-16 7.771561e-16
## Q3 4.440892e-16 2.775558e-16 1.110223e-16 4.440892e-16 8.326673e-16
## Q4 4.996004e-16 -3.330669e-16 0.000000e+00 1.110223e-16 5.551115e-17
## Q5 1.110223e-16 5.551115e-17 1.665335e-16 2.775558e-16 3.330669e-16
## Q6 1.665335e-16 6.661338e-16 2.220446e-16 4.440892e-16 1.110223e-16
##          Q16          Q17          Q18
## Q1 0.000000e+00 1.665335e-16 -1.110223e-16
## Q2 8.881784e-16 -1.110223e-16 3.885781e-16
## Q3 3.330669e-16 1.665335e-16 8.881784e-16

```

```

## Q4 4.996004e-16 -2.220446e-16 3.330669e-16
## Q5 3.330669e-16 3.885781e-16 5.551115e-16
## Q6 1.110223e-16 3.330669e-16 2.220446e-16
##
## $rms
## [1] 4.131712e-16
##
## $factors
## [1] 18
##
## $dof
## [1] -18
##
## $null.dof
## [1] 153
##
## $null.model
## [1] 12.40251
##
## $criteria
## objective
##      0      NA      NA
##
## $STATISTIC
## [1] 0
##
## $PVAL
## [1] NA
##
## $weights
##      PC1      PC2      PC3      PC4      PC5      PC6
## Q1 0.08774447 -0.08733293 -0.001840643 0.144597191 -0.05898771 0.23357059
## Q2 0.07223840 -0.00861679 0.077572759 0.295702345 0.11426479 1.01944740
## Q3 0.08221731 -0.02048228 0.078017889 -0.457397691 -0.07517173 0.17174136
## Q4 0.06695053 0.40284745 0.093976850 0.046614110 -0.08873777 -0.08738570
## Q5 0.07411530 -0.01958532 -0.471793912 0.060229123 -0.23514052 0.19094218
## Q6 0.07333329 -0.06553834 0.180270992 -0.004821903 0.74403222 0.07049853
##      PC7      PC8      PC9      PC10      PC11      PC12
## Q1 -0.67066434 -0.01735717 -0.23642509 -0.04124033 -0.4388535 -0.6658844490
## Q2 0.14637516 -0.54139874 0.02812238 0.02834138 0.2375474 0.2592705089
## Q3 0.42010927 0.06628869 0.06866249 -1.01379518 -0.3615990 -0.1295968250
## Q4 0.10325908 0.12087848 0.05059114 -0.21182420 -0.3068097 -0.0001960018
## Q5 0.27175141 0.27611623 0.32529220 0.15916032 0.1513371 -0.1753682735
## Q6 -0.09169806 0.78681278 0.49305726 -0.07007108 0.3864048 -0.3059257472
##      PC13      PC14      PC15      PC16      PC17      PC18
## Q1 0.17455946 -0.4206697 0.22131743 -0.55540931 0.34784094 1.10727007
## Q2 0.02662939 0.2763875 -0.25668597 0.09456695 -0.03017183 -0.17718173
## Q3 -0.14607311 -0.7475602 -0.35760318 0.22716973 0.19109894 -0.16598214
## Q4 -0.59345884 1.0491836 -0.01869223 -0.54713947 0.85427811 0.04658252
## Q5 -0.76164448 -0.2691398 0.86739552 -0.42720735 -0.57759300 -0.16386318
## Q6 0.12700079 0.2388593 -0.15812377 -0.09221387 -0.25648559 0.05443748
##
## $r.scores
##      PC1      PC2      PC3      PC4      PC5

```

```

## PC1 1.000000e+00 -4.163336e-17 0.000000e+00 1.457168e-16 -2.602085e-16
## PC2 -1.214306e-17 1.000000e+00 -1.309716e-16 -9.540979e-17 -5.204170e-17
## PC3 2.515349e-17 -1.188286e-16 1.000000e+00 -2.740863e-16 -2.634611e-16
## PC4 -1.023487e-16 -5.767956e-17 -3.582204e-16 1.000000e+00 3.382711e-17
## PC5 -2.302845e-16 -6.353425e-17 -1.758576e-16 5.659535e-17 1.000000e+00
## PC6 -1.773755e-16 4.165505e-16 2.645453e-16 -6.804453e-16 -5.031782e-16
## PC6 PC7 PC8 PC9 PC10
## PC1 -2.359224e-16 -6.661338e-16 2.775558e-16 -8.326673e-17 2.463307e-16
## PC2 4.362830e-16 -5.551115e-17 3.469447e-18 -1.249001e-16 -1.669671e-16
## PC3 3.812055e-16 2.289835e-16 -1.517883e-16 -1.040834e-16 -8.326673e-17
## PC4 -6.643991e-16 -7.008283e-16 5.204170e-17 -3.348016e-16 3.786034e-16
## PC5 -4.009380e-16 -4.163336e-16 1.409463e-16 5.204170e-17 1.008308e-16
## PC6 1.000000e+00 -1.977585e-16 5.412337e-16 -1.066855e-16 5.209591e-16
## PC11 PC12 PC13 PC14 PC15
## PC1 -2.775558e-16 -7.771561e-16 1.110223e-16 -6.938894e-17 1.665335e-16
## PC2 -1.457168e-16 -5.551115e-17 3.469447e-17 7.285839e-17 -8.326673e-17
## PC3 -3.955170e-16 -1.110223e-16 6.765422e-16 2.233456e-16 -5.551115e-16
## PC4 -2.706169e-16 3.885781e-16 -4.267420e-16 1.487525e-16 1.457168e-16
## PC5 -6.149595e-16 3.365364e-16 1.899522e-16 9.473759e-16 -1.539567e-16
## PC6 -3.642919e-16 -9.645063e-16 -6.713380e-16 -6.245005e-16 1.577731e-15
## PC16 PC17 PC18
## PC1 -1.110223e-16 2.498002e-16 5.551115e-16
## PC2 -2.498002e-16 7.632783e-17 -2.359224e-16
## PC3 8.187895e-16 4.510281e-16 4.024558e-16
## PC4 1.110223e-16 1.196959e-16 8.222589e-16
## PC5 -2.671474e-16 6.990936e-16 -6.591949e-17
## PC6 -5.759282e-16 6.765422e-17 8.604228e-16
##
## $Vaccounted
## PC1 PC2 PC3 PC4 PC5
## SS loadings 9.3109533 1.59633195 1.14955822 0.76197591 0.67514118
## Proportion Var 0.5172752 0.08868511 0.06386435 0.04233199 0.03750784
## Cumulative Var 0.5172752 0.60596029 0.66982464 0.71215663 0.74966447
## Proportion Explained 0.5172752 0.08868511 0.06386435 0.04233199 0.03750784
## Cumulative Proportion 0.5172752 0.60596029 0.66982464 0.71215663 0.74966447
## PC6 PC7 PC8 PC9 PC10
## SS loadings 0.61166360 0.50298552 0.46827880 0.45197111 0.3851964
## Proportion Var 0.03398131 0.02794364 0.02601549 0.02510951 0.0213998
## Cumulative Var 0.78364578 0.81158943 0.83760491 0.86271442 0.8841142
## Proportion Explained 0.03398131 0.02794364 0.02601549 0.02510951 0.0213998
## Cumulative Proportion 0.78364578 0.81158943 0.83760491 0.86271442 0.8841142
## PC11 PC12 PC13 PC14 PC15
## SS loadings 0.35488164 0.30130710 0.29227731 0.26214370 0.23457883
## Proportion Var 0.01971565 0.01673928 0.01623763 0.01456354 0.01303216
## Cumulative Var 0.90382986 0.92056915 0.93680678 0.95137031 0.96440247
## Proportion Explained 0.01971565 0.01673928 0.01623763 0.01456354 0.01303216
## Cumulative Proportion 0.90382986 0.92056915 0.93680678 0.95137031 0.96440247
## PC16 PC17 PC18
## SS loadings 0.23046423 0.20874714 0.2015441
## Proportion Var 0.01280357 0.01159706 0.0111969
## Cumulative Var 0.97720604 0.98880310 1.0000000
## Proportion Explained 0.01280357 0.01159706 0.0111969
## Cumulative Proportion 0.97720604 0.98880310 1.0000000
##

```

```
## $Structure
##          PC1          PC2          PC3          PC4          PC5          PC6
## Q1 0.8169846 -0.13941235 -0.002115927 0.110179575 -0.03982503 0.14286663
## Q2 0.6726084 -0.01375526 0.089174403 0.225318062 0.07714486 0.62355887
## Q3 0.7655215 -0.03269651 0.089686106 -0.348526020 -0.05075153 0.10504794
## Q4 0.6233733 0.64307826 0.108031860 0.035518829 -0.05991052 -0.05345065
## Q5 0.6900841 -0.03126466 -0.542354570 0.045893140 -0.15875304 0.11679238
## Q6 0.6828029 -0.10462094 0.207232000 -0.003674174 0.50232679 0.04312138
##          PC7          PC8          PC9          PC10          PC11          PC12
## Q1 -0.33733445 -0.008127994 -0.10685731 -0.01588562 -0.15574104 -2.006357e-01
## Q2 0.07362459 -0.253525551 0.01271050 0.01091700 0.08430123 7.812005e-02
## Q3 0.21130888 0.031041586 0.03103346 -0.39051021 -0.12832484 -3.904844e-02
## Q4 0.05193782 0.056604827 0.02286573 -0.08159391 -0.10888112 -5.905673e-05
## Q5 0.13668703 0.129299377 0.14702268 0.06130797 0.05370677 -5.283971e-02
## Q6 -0.04612279 0.368447741 0.22284763 -0.02699113 0.13712796 -9.217760e-02
##          PC13          PC14          PC15          PC16          PC17          PC18
## Q1 0.051019769 -0.11027592 0.051916385 -0.12800198 0.072610801 0.223163787
## Q2 0.007783168 0.07245324 -0.060213096 0.02179430 -0.006298283 -0.035709939
## Q3 -0.042693857 -0.19596819 -0.083886137 0.05235450 0.039891358 -0.033452727
## Q4 -0.173454555 0.27503687 -0.004384802 -0.12609608 0.178328111 0.009388433
## Q5 -0.222611404 -0.07055330 0.203472631 -0.09845601 -0.120570886 -0.033025662
## Q6 0.037119449 0.06261547 -0.037092490 -0.02125200 -0.053540633 0.010971554
##
## $scores
##          PC1          PC2          PC3          PC4          PC5          PC6
## [1,] 0.5818382 1.5963666 -1.5292203 0.6131293 -0.1070697 -0.4767162
## [2,] 0.4403780 0.7030085 -0.2366072 -0.5235704 0.2916363 -0.5458000
## [3,] 0.5877040 0.3371982 0.0717378 0.4744385 -0.7410415 0.7191103
## [4,] -0.2953784 0.2361530 0.3360654 0.8811024 0.4966228 -0.1464620
## [5,] 0.9548232 1.0660996 -0.1332467 -0.1233820 -1.7906111 1.0969491
## [6,] -0.3952680 0.2698351 1.8157724 -0.1488750 0.1993347 -0.2260891
##          PC7          PC8          PC9          PC10          PC11          PC12
## [1,] -1.1274984 -0.4531817 -0.2008367 0.29175628 -0.6301099 0.12999789
## [2,] 0.3656110 0.1566416 -0.9202677 0.05186623 0.2269288 0.52310913
## [3,] 0.4146520 1.5792306 0.5573955 0.04142999 -0.1081679 -0.37155216
## [4,] -0.1010603 0.1192617 0.6733886 -0.25702964 -0.1320169 0.22764912
## [5,] -0.4711391 -0.4163718 0.2977361 0.15925268 -0.9401995 -0.09458162
## [6,] -2.0364905 -1.8124301 -0.3160456 0.45429950 -0.4123576 0.08255907
##          PC13          PC14          PC15          PC16          PC17          PC18
## [1,] -0.00335515 -0.5006310 0.4210351 0.1235163 0.98603412 0.5570782
## [2,] -0.31062493 0.1152664 -0.8779982 0.1513349 -0.55889923 -1.0873370
## [3,] 0.59279546 0.3269905 -0.4547884 -0.5163004 -0.89563299 -0.8394719
## [4,] -0.24782563 -0.4739046 -0.4348062 0.8311631 0.75221340 -0.5196657
## [5,] -0.20667378 -0.6717545 -1.4019200 -0.4443238 -0.01988391 -0.8785831
## [6,] -1.14432785 0.1672917 0.7695079 -0.7563891 -1.34971082 -0.1638684
```

```
# ss_loadings = eigenvalues
ss_loadings <- sum(data_principal$loadings[, "PC1"]^2)
ss_loadings
```

```
## [1] 9.310953
```

```
data_principal$values[1]
```

```
## [1] 9.310953
```

a. To which components does each item seem to best belong? (3 components)

```
# function that find good loadings in each PC.
find_unique <- function(data_principal, n){
  for (i in 1:n){
    if (max(data_principal$loadings[,i]) > 0.7){
      important_ones <- data_principal$loadings[,i][data_principal$loadings[,i]>=0.7]
      important_ones <- sort(important_ones, decreasing=TRUE)
      cat("Component", i, "has good loadings:", names(important_ones))
    }else{
      important_ones <- sort(data_principal$loadings[,i], decreasing = TRUE)[1]
      cat("Component", i, "has good no loadings.\n")
      cat('The largest lambda value is: ', important_ones)
    }
    name <- names(important_ones)
    cat("\nBest fit:", name)
    cat('\n')
    cat('\n')
  }
}

head(data_principal$loadings[,1:3])
```

```
##          PC1          PC2          PC3
## Q1 0.8169846 -0.13941235 -0.002115927
## Q2 0.6726084 -0.01375526  0.089174403
## Q3 0.7655215 -0.03269651  0.089686106
## Q4 0.6233733  0.64307826  0.108031860
## Q5 0.6900841 -0.03126466 -0.542354570
## Q6 0.6828029 -0.10462094  0.207232000
```

```
data_principal$Vaccounted[, 1:5]
```

```
##          PC1          PC2          PC3          PC4          PC5
## SS loadings      9.3109533 1.59633195 1.14955822 0.76197591 0.67514118
## Proportion Var    0.5172752 0.08868511 0.06386435 0.04233199 0.03750784
## Cumulative Var    0.5172752 0.60596029 0.66982464 0.71215663 0.74966447
## Proportion Explained 0.5172752 0.08868511 0.06386435 0.04233199 0.03750784
## Cumulative Proportion 0.5172752 0.60596029 0.66982464 0.71215663 0.74966447
```

```
for (i in 1:18){
  cat(paste0('Best belong for Question ', i),': ')
  cat(names(sort(data_principal$loadings[i,], decreasing=TRUE))[1])
  cat('\n')
}
```

```

## Best belong for Question 1 : PC1
## Best belong for Question 2 : PC1
## Best belong for Question 3 : PC1
## Best belong for Question 4 : PC2
## Best belong for Question 5 : PC1
## Best belong for Question 6 : PC1
## Best belong for Question 7 : PC1
## Best belong for Question 8 : PC1
## Best belong for Question 9 : PC1
## Best belong for Question 10 : PC1
## Best belong for Question 11 : PC1
## Best belong for Question 12 : PC2
## Best belong for Question 13 : PC1
## Best belong for Question 14 : PC1
## Best belong for Question 15 : PC1
## Best belong for Question 16 : PC1
## Best belong for Question 17 : PC2
## Best belong for Question 18 : PC1

```

```
find_unique(data_principal, 18)
```

```

## Component 1 has good loadings: Q1 Q14 Q18 Q8 Q3 Q16 Q11 Q9 Q13 Q15
## Best fit: Q1 Q14 Q18 Q8 Q3 Q16 Q11 Q9 Q13 Q15
##
## Component 2 has good no loadings.
## The largest lambda value is: 0.6642605
## Best fit: Q17
##
## Component 3 has good no loadings.
## The largest lambda value is: 0.3241768
## Best fit: Q7
##
## Component 4 has good no loadings.
## The largest lambda value is: 0.2857201
## Best fit: Q7
##
## Component 5 has good no loadings.
## The largest lambda value is: 0.5023268
## Best fit: Q6
##
## Component 6 has good no loadings.
## The largest lambda value is: 0.6235589
## Best fit: Q2
##
## Component 7 has good no loadings.
## The largest lambda value is: 0.3219782
## Best fit: Q7
##
## Component 8 has good no loadings.
## The largest lambda value is: 0.3684477
## Best fit: Q6
##
## Component 9 has good no loadings.
## The largest lambda value is: 0.4005233

```

```

## Best fit: Q9
##
## Component 10 has good no loadings.
## The largest lambda value is: 0.3049279
## Best fit: Q13
##
## Component 11 has good no loadings.
## The largest lambda value is: 0.2356899
## Best fit: Q11
##
## Component 12 has good no loadings.
## The largest lambda value is: 0.2266301
## Best fit: Q11
##
## Component 13 has good no loadings.
## The largest lambda value is: 0.2943817
## Best fit: Q10
##
## Component 14 has good no loadings.
## The largest lambda value is: 0.2750369
## Best fit: Q4
##
## Component 15 has good no loadings.
## The largest lambda value is: 0.2034726
## Best fit: Q5
##
## Component 16 has good no loadings.
## The largest lambda value is: 0.2463264
## Best fit: Q17
##
## Component 17 has good no loadings.
## The largest lambda value is: 0.1783281
## Best fit: Q4
##
## Component 18 has good no loadings.
## The largest lambda value is: 0.2231638
## Best fit: Q1

```

- **Conclusion.** Items are either best belong to PC1 or PC2. Also, only the first PC has good loadings.

b. How much of the total variance of the security dataset do the first 3 PCs capture?

```
data_principal$Vaccounted['Cumulative Var','PC3']
```

```
## [1] 0.6698246
```

c. Which items are less than adequately explained by the first 3 principal components?

- **Tips.** Communality and Uniqueness.

```
# communality = h^2
data_pca3 <- principal(data, nfactor=3, rotate='none', scores=TRUE)

# variances of variables explained by a specified amount of principal components.
community <- data_pca3$communality
community
```

```
##          Q1          Q2          Q3          Q4          Q5          Q6          Q7          Q8
## 0.6869041 0.4605433 0.5951359 0.8138147 0.7713420 0.5201104 0.6371369 0.7375512
##          Q9          Q10         Q11          Q12          Q13          Q14          Q15          Q16
## 0.6178667 0.7642903 0.6648554 0.8185557 0.5181043 0.6930021 0.6063756 0.6485852
##          Q17          Q18
## 0.8347032 0.6679663
```

```
# 1-communality, unexplained variance of a certain variable.
data_pca3$uniquenesses
```

```
##          Q1          Q2          Q3          Q4          Q5          Q6          Q7          Q8
## 0.3130959 0.5394567 0.4048641 0.1861853 0.2286580 0.4798896 0.3628631 0.2624488
##          Q9          Q10         Q11          Q12          Q13          Q14          Q15          Q16
## 0.3821333 0.2357097 0.3351446 0.1814443 0.4818957 0.3069979 0.3936244 0.3514148
##          Q17          Q18
## 0.1652968 0.3320337
```

- Think we're dealing with an item with low *communality* and high *uniqueness* value.

```
temp = sort(data_pca3$communality)
names(temp[temp<=0.7])
```

```
## [1] "Q2" "Q13" "Q6" "Q3" "Q15" "Q9" "Q7" "Q16" "Q11" "Q18" "Q1" "Q14"
```

```
temp = sort(data_pca3$uniquenesses, decreasing = TRUE)
names(temp[temp>=0.3])
```

```
## [1] "Q2" "Q13" "Q6" "Q3" "Q15" "Q9" "Q7" "Q16" "Q11" "Q18" "Q1" "Q14"
```

- **Conclusion.** Q2 is the least to be adequately explained by the first 3 PC.

d. How many measurement items share similar loadings between 2 or more components?

```
data_principal <- principal(data, nfactor=ncol(data), rotate='none', scores=TRUE)
data_principal$loadings |> round(2)
```

```
##
## Loadings:
##   PC1  PC2  PC3  PC4  PC5  PC6  PC7  PC8  PC9  PC10  PC11  PC12
## Q1  0.82 -0.14      0.11      0.14 -0.34      -0.11      -0.16 -0.20
```



```

## Q2    0.67          0.23      0.62      -0.25
## Q3    0.77          -0.35      0.11  0.21          -0.39 -0.13
## Q4    0.62  0.64  0.11
## Q5    0.69          -0.54          -0.16  0.12  0.14  0.13  0.15
## Q6    0.68 -0.10  0.21          0.50          0.37  0.22          0.14
## Q7    0.66 -0.32  0.32  0.29          0.32  0.16 -0.16  0.20 -0.26
## Q8    0.79          -0.34          0.17 -0.16          -0.14 -0.16          -0.13 -0.17
## Q9    0.72 -0.23  0.20 -0.11          -0.21          -0.31  0.40  0.16
## Q10   0.69 -0.10 -0.53          -0.20          0.11  0.17
## Q11   0.75 -0.26  0.17  0.23 -0.17 -0.15          0.12 -0.19          0.24  0.23
## Q12   0.63  0.64  0.12
## Q13   0.71          -0.53          -0.19  0.30  0.18
## Q14   0.81 -0.10  0.16 -0.32          -0.15          0.13
## Q15   0.70          -0.33          0.42 -0.20  0.11 -0.21 -0.17 -0.12  0.11
## Q16   0.76 -0.20  0.18  0.18 -0.28 -0.17          -0.13          -0.13  0.23 -0.26
## Q17   0.62  0.66  0.11          -0.13
## Q18   0.81 -0.11          -0.41          0.12          -0.14  0.21
##      PC13  PC14  PC15  PC16  PC17  PC18
## Q1          -0.11          -0.13          0.22
## Q2
## Q3          -0.20
## Q4   -0.17  0.28          -0.13  0.18
## Q5   -0.22          0.20 -0.10 -0.12
## Q6
## Q7
## Q8          -0.25          -0.14 -0.14
## Q9          0.10
## Q10  0.29          -0.13          0.11
## Q11 -0.12          -0.15 -0.14
## Q12  0.21 -0.24          -0.14          -0.17
## Q13 -0.11          0.12
## Q14  0.16  0.20  0.16          -0.23
## Q15          0.16          0.10  0.10
## Q16          -0.12
## Q17          0.25 -0.18  0.19
## Q18 -0.11          0.20          -0.14
##
##      PC1  PC2  PC3  PC4  PC5  PC6  PC7  PC8  PC9  PC10
## SS loadings  9.319 1.587 1.137 0.775 0.667 0.607 0.500 0.470 0.450 0.383
## Proportion Var 0.518 0.088 0.063 0.043 0.037 0.034 0.028 0.026 0.025 0.021
## Cumulative Var 0.518 0.606 0.669 0.712 0.749 0.783 0.811 0.837 0.862 0.883
##      PC11  PC12  PC13  PC14  PC15  PC16  PC17  PC18
## SS loadings  0.358 0.303 0.287 0.268 0.232 0.233 0.206 0.199
## Proportion Var 0.020 0.017 0.016 0.015 0.013 0.013 0.011 0.011
## Cumulative Var 0.903 0.920 0.936 0.951 0.963 0.976 0.988 0.999

```

```

x<- unname(data_pca3$loadings[,1])
y<- unname(data_pca3$loadings[,2])
z<- unname(data_pca3$loadings[,3])

scatter3D(x, y, z,
          phi=0,
          bty='g',
          main="Dimension Comparison",

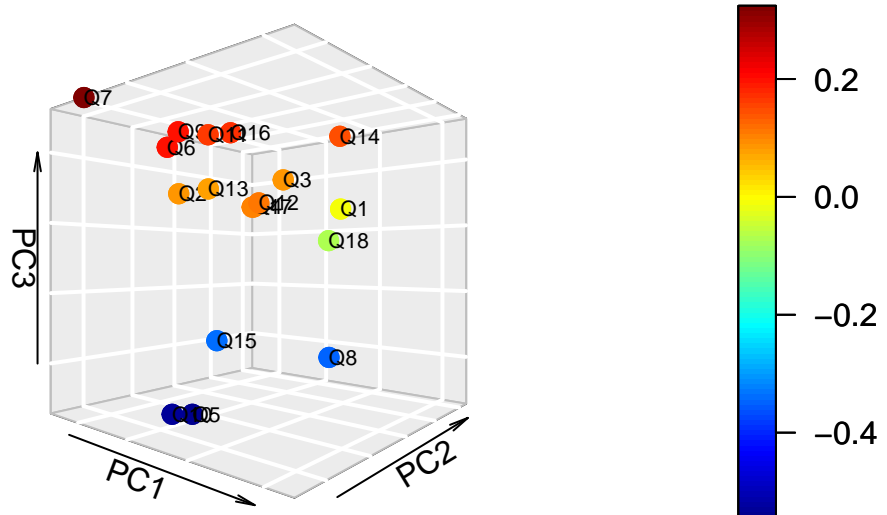
```

```

xlab='PC1', ylab='PC2', zlab='PC3',
cex=2, pch=20,
ticktype="simple")
text3D(x, y, z, labels=paste0("Q", 1:18), add=TRUE, colkey = FALSE, cex=0.7)

```

## Dimension Comparison



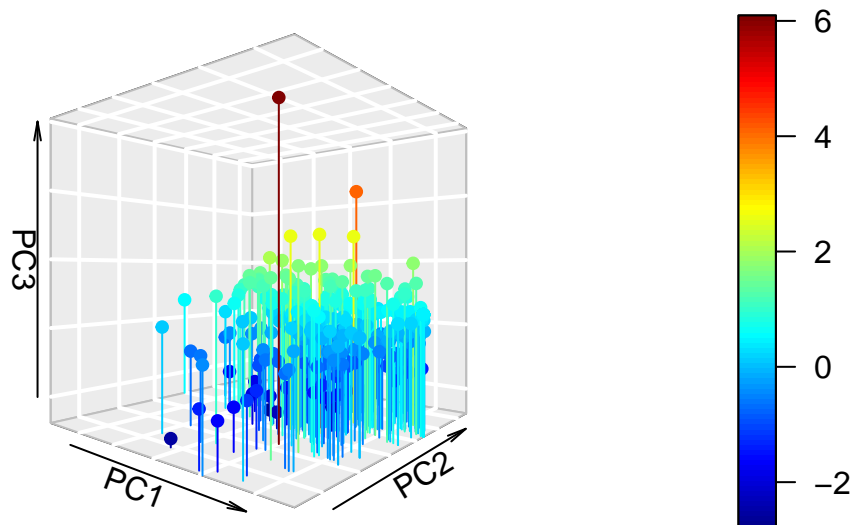
```

x<- unname(data_pca3$scores[,1])
y<- unname(data_pca3$scores[,2])
z<- unname(data_pca3$scores[,3])

scatter3D(x, y, z,
  phi=0,
  bty='g',
  main="Subjects scores",
  xlab='PC1', ylab='PC2', zlab='PC3',
  cex=1.2, pch=20,
  ticktype="simple",
  type="h")

```

## Subjects scores



- **Ans.** Q4, Q12 and Q17 share similar loadings since about the same amount of variance is explained by each PC.

e. Can you interpret a meaning behind the first principal component from the items that load best upon it?

```
find_unique(data_principal, 1)
```

```
## Component 1 has good loadings: Q1 Q14 Q18 Q8 Q3 Q16 Q11 Q9 Q13 Q15
## Best fit: Q1 Q14 Q18 Q8 Q3 Q16 Q11 Q9 Q13 Q15
```

```
best_fit_PC1 <- sort(c(1, 14, 18, 8, 3, 16, 11, 9, 13, 15))
questions[best_fit_PC1,]
```

```
## # A tibble: 10 x 2
##   Index Questions
##   <chr> <chr>
## 1 Q1     I am convinced that this site respects the confidentiality of the tran~
## 2 Q3     This site checks the information communicated with me for accuracy
## 3 Q8     This site ascertains my identity before processing the transactions re~
## 4 Q9     I can remove my personal information from this site when I want to
## 5 Q11    This site devotes time and effort to preventing unauthorized access to~
```

```
## 6 Q13 This site provides me with some evidence to protect against its denial~
## 7 Q14 This site devotes time and effort to verify the accuracy of the inform~
## 8 Q15 This site ascertains my identity before sending any messages to me
## 9 Q16 Databases that contain my personal information are protected from unau~
## 10 Q18 This site uses some security controls for the confidentiality of the t~
```

- **Ans.** I'm guessing that consumers perceive the security of e-commerce websites largely on its functionality and security.

### Question 3) Rotated Components

a. Does each rotated component (RC) explain the same, or different, amount of variance than the corresponding PCs?

```
data_principal <- principal(data, nfactor=3, rotate='none', scores=TRUE)
data_r_principal <- principal(data, nfactor=3, rotate='varimax', scores=TRUE)

data_principal$Vaccounted["Proportion Var",]
```

```
##          PC1          PC2          PC3
## 0.51727518 0.08868511 0.06386435
```

```
data_r_principal$Vaccounted["Proportion Var",]
```

```
##          RC1          RC3          RC2
## 0.3118416 0.1938966 0.1640864
```

- **Ans.** They are all different from the original PC. RC1 is less than the first PC.

b. Do the 3 RCs explain the same, more, or less cumulative variance as the 3 PCs combined?

```
data_principal$Vaccounted["Cumulative Var",]
```

```
##          PC1          PC2          PC3
## 0.5172752 0.6059603 0.6698246
```

```
data_r_principal$Vaccounted["Cumulative Var",]
```

```
##          RC1          RC3          RC2
## 0.3118416 0.5057382 0.6698246
```

- **Ans.** They give the same cumulative variance eventually.

c. Refer to Question 2 (d), do those items have more clearly differentiated loadings among rotated components?

```
best_fit_PC1
```

```
## [1] 1 3 8 9 11 13 14 15 16 18
```

```
apply(data_principal$loadings[,1:3], 1, sum)
```

```
##          Q1          Q2          Q3          Q4          Q5          Q6          Q7
## 0.67545634 0.74802751 0.82251113 1.37448338 0.11646488 0.78541392 0.66316968
##          Q8          Q9          Q10          Q11          Q12          Q13          Q14
## 0.48525232 0.69493938 0.05479378 0.66448296 1.38940461 0.73160603 0.86855457
##          Q15          Q16          Q17          Q18
## 0.38207531 0.73791584 1.39185527 0.62793493
```

```
apply(data_r_principal$loadings[,1:3], 1, sum)
```

```
##          Q1          Q2          Q3          Q4          Q5          Q6          Q7          Q8
## 1.3306176 1.1180147 1.2681355 1.2653345 1.2339059 1.0856569 0.9486593 1.3930230
##          Q9          Q10          Q11          Q12          Q13          Q14          Q15          Q16
## 1.1090290 1.2019089 1.1537269 1.2731707 1.1670301 1.3121035 1.2415778 1.1805769
##          Q17          Q18
## 1.2626960 1.3317078
```

- **Ans.** Looking at the table, almost every measurement items increased, instead of Q4, Q12 and Q17, which are the only 3 items that are not best belong to PC1 originally.

d. Can you now more easily interpret the meaning of the 3 RCs from the items that load best upon each of them?

```
for (i in 1:18){
  cat(paste0('Best belong for Question ', i),': ')
  cat(names(sort(data_r_principal$loadings[i,], decreasing=TRUE))[1])
  cat('\n')
}
```

```
## Best belong for Question 1 : RC1
## Best belong for Question 2 : RC1
## Best belong for Question 3 : RC1
## Best belong for Question 4 : RC2
## Best belong for Question 5 : RC3
## Best belong for Question 6 : RC1
## Best belong for Question 7 : RC1
## Best belong for Question 8 : RC3
## Best belong for Question 9 : RC1
## Best belong for Question 10 : RC3
## Best belong for Question 11 : RC1
## Best belong for Question 12 : RC2
## Best belong for Question 13 : RC1
## Best belong for Question 14 : RC1
## Best belong for Question 15 : RC3
```

```
## Best belong for Question 16 : RC1
## Best belong for Question 17 : RC2
## Best belong for Question 18 : RC1
```

```
find_unique(data_r_principal, 3)
```

```
## Component 1 has good loadings: Q7 Q11 Q16 Q9 Q14
## Best fit: Q7 Q11 Q16 Q9 Q14
##
## Component 2 has good loadings: Q5 Q10 Q8
## Best fit: Q5 Q10 Q8
##
## Component 3 has good loadings: Q17 Q12 Q4
## Best fit: Q17 Q12 Q4
```

```
find_unique(data_principal, 3)
```

```
## Component 1 has good loadings: Q1 Q14 Q18 Q8 Q3 Q16 Q11 Q9 Q13 Q15
## Best fit: Q1 Q14 Q18 Q8 Q3 Q16 Q11 Q9 Q13 Q15
##
## Component 2 has good no loadings.
## The largest lambda value is: 0.6642605
## Best fit: Q17
##
## Component 3 has good no loadings.
## The largest lambda value is: 0.3241768
## Best fit: Q7
```

- **Ans.** Yes.

e. If we reduced the number of extracted and RCs to 2, does the meaning of our RCs change?

- RC1: concerns of the sites security. (unauthorized access)
- RC2: concerns of transaction transmission.
- RC3: concerns of transaction evidential protection.

## Ungraded Question

**Q.** How many components (1-3) do you believe we should extract and analyze to understand this dataset?

## Additional Practice

Reproducing data

```

# reproduce data from various pc dimensions
reproduce_data <- function(original, num_pc){
  pca_results <- prcomp(original, scale=TRUE)
  scores <- pca_results$x[, 1:num_pc]
  weights <- pca_results$rotation[, 1:num_pc]
  reproduction <- scores %*% t(weights)
  return(reproduction)
}

residual_plt <- function(original, reproduction, ndim){
  residual <- as.data.frame(original-reproduction)
  ggplot()+
    aes(x=1:nrow(data_scale), y=residual$Q1)+
    geom_point(alpha=0.7, size=2)+
    ylim(-2,2)+
    geom_hline(yintercept = 0,
              col='salmon',
              lwd=1.2,
              lty=2)+
    ggtitle(paste0("Dimension Reduction: ", ndim))
}

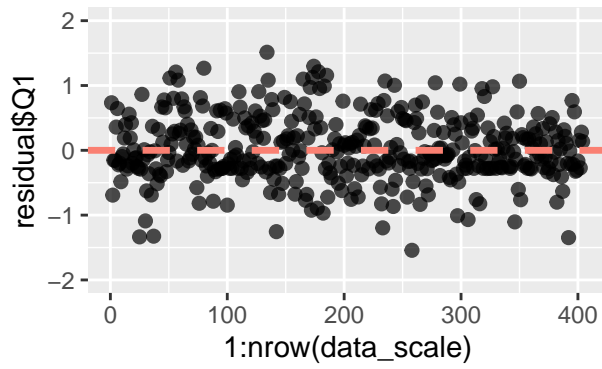
data_scale <- scale(data)
ndim=3
temp = reproduce_data(data_scale, ndim)
p1 <- residual_plt(data_scale, temp, ndim=ndim)
ndim=9
temp = reproduce_data(data_scale, ndim)
p2 <- residual_plt(data_scale, temp, ndim=ndim)
ndim=12
temp = reproduce_data(data_scale, ndim)
p3 <- residual_plt(data_scale, temp, ndim=ndim)
ndim=18
temp = reproduce_data(data_scale, ndim)
p4 <- residual_plt(data_scale, temp, ndim=ndim)

ggarrange(p1, p2, p3, p4, ncol=2, nrow=2)

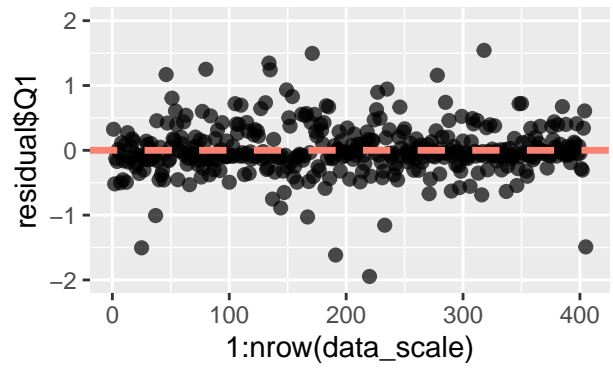
```

```
## Warning: Removed 3 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```

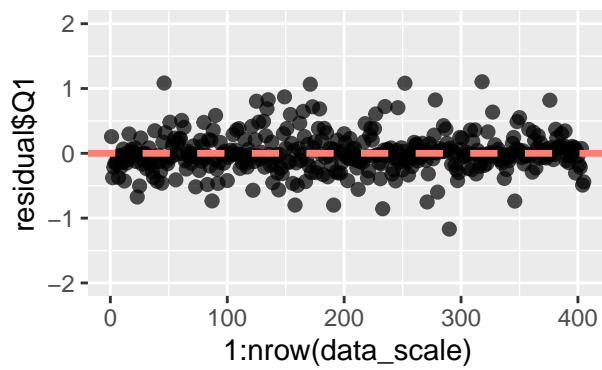
Dimension Reduction: 3



Dimension Reduction: 9



Dimension Reduction: 12



Dimension Reduction: 18

