

An Introduction to Quantum Natural Language Processing (QNLP)

Part 2 :

Basics of Quantum Machine Learning

Outline of the lecture

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- ❖ Brief Introduction to Machine Learning

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- ❖ Brief Introduction to Machine Learning
- ❖ Neural Network Basics

Outline of the lecture

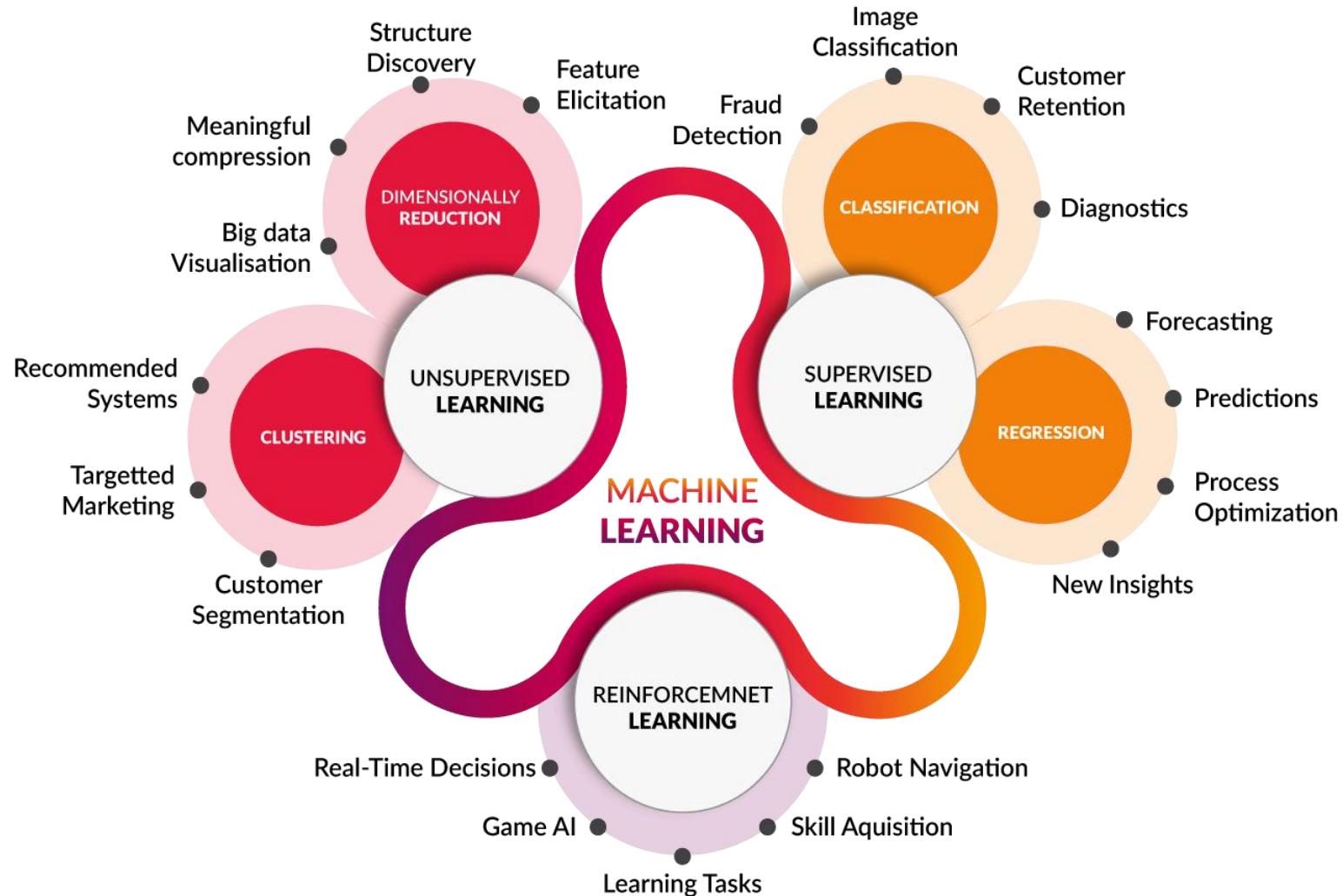
- ❖ Brief Introduction to Machine Learning
- ❖ Neural Network Basics
- ❖ Quantum Machine Learning (QML) – Variational Circuits & QML Architecture

Outline of the lecture

- ❖ Brief Introduction to Machine Learning
- ❖ Neural Network Basics
- ❖ Quantum Machine Learning (QML) – Variational Circuits & QML Architecture
- ❖ Quantum Neural Networks Briefly

Brief Introduction to Machine Learning

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Brief Introduction to Machine Learning

Machine Learning Algorithms

Brief Introduction to Machine Learning

Machine Learning Algorithms

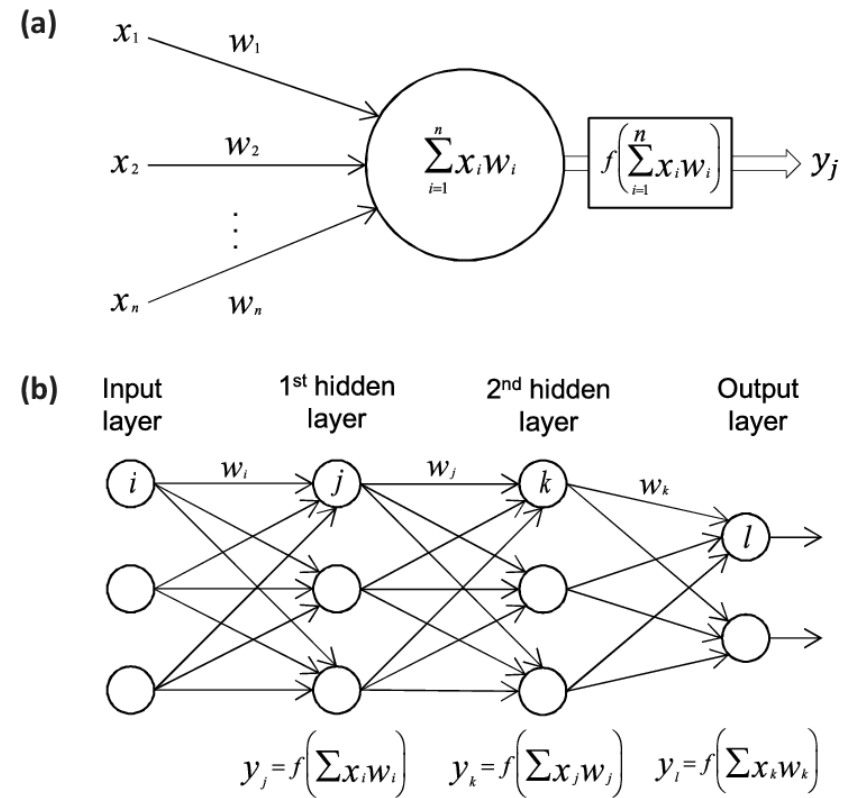
Data Type/Algorithm Type	Unsupervised	Supervised
Continuous	Clustering & Dimensionality Reduction <ul style="list-style-type: none">★ K-Means★ PCA	Regression <ul style="list-style-type: none">★ Linear★ Polynomial Decision TreesRandom ForestsNeural Networks
Categorical	Association Analysis <ul style="list-style-type: none">★ Apriori★ FP-Growth Hidden Markov Model	Classification <ul style="list-style-type: none">★ KNN★ Decision Trees★ Logistic Regression★ Naive Bayes★ SVM★ Neural Networks

Brief Introduction to Machine Learning

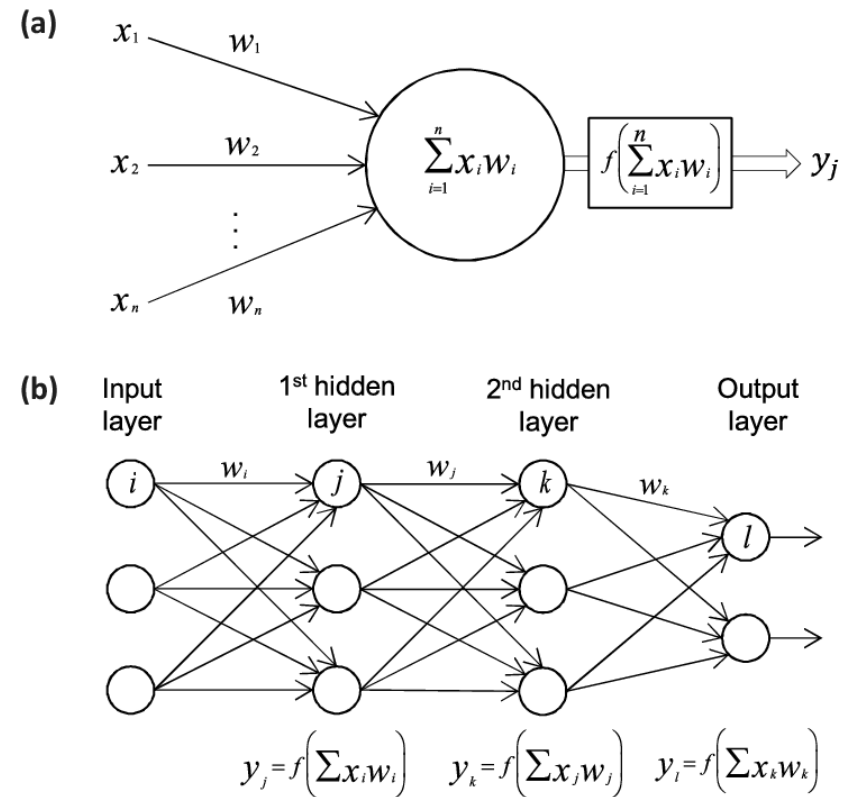
Introduction to Machine Learning Concludes

Neural Network Basics

Neural Network Basics

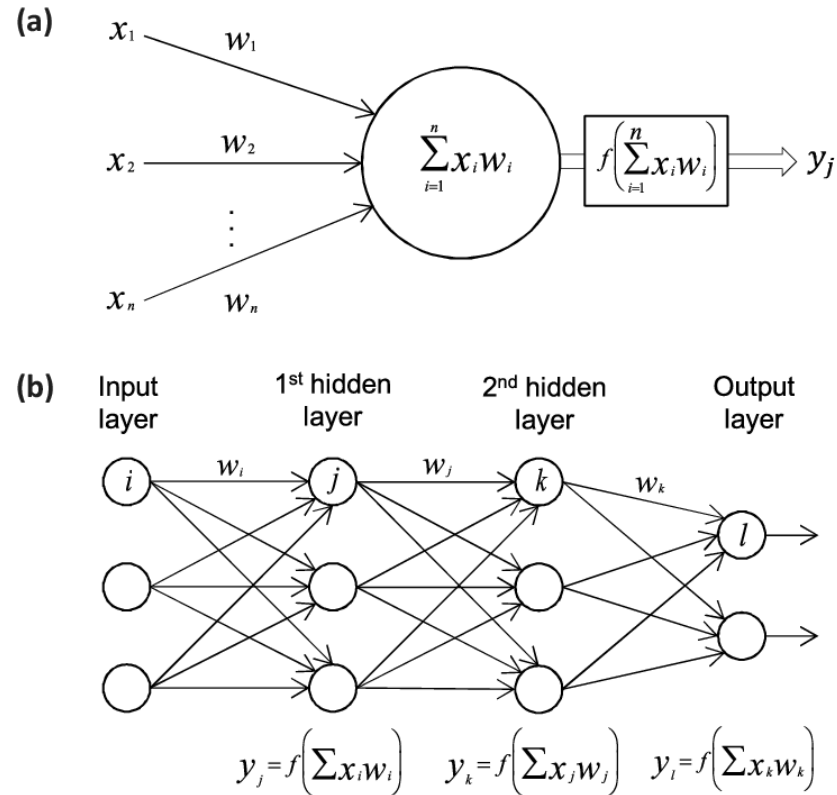


Neural Network Basics



- Neural networks have modifiable or trainable (variational) weights

Neural Network Basics



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- These weights are optimized by an optimizer and learned by the model

Neural Network Basics

Neural Network Basics Concludes

Quantum Machine Learning (QML)

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Type of Data/Type of Algorithm	Classical Algorithm	Quantum Algorithm
Classical Data	CC	CQ
Quantum Data	QC	QQ

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Variational Circuits - Circuits depend on tuneable (variational) parameters

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Quantum Machine Learning – Variational Circuits

Variational Circuits - Circuits depend on tuneable (variational) parameters



In this circuit θ_1 and θ_2 are the variational parameters. R_x and R_y are rotations around X and Y axis respectively. θ_1 and θ_2 are analogous to trainable weights of a neural network

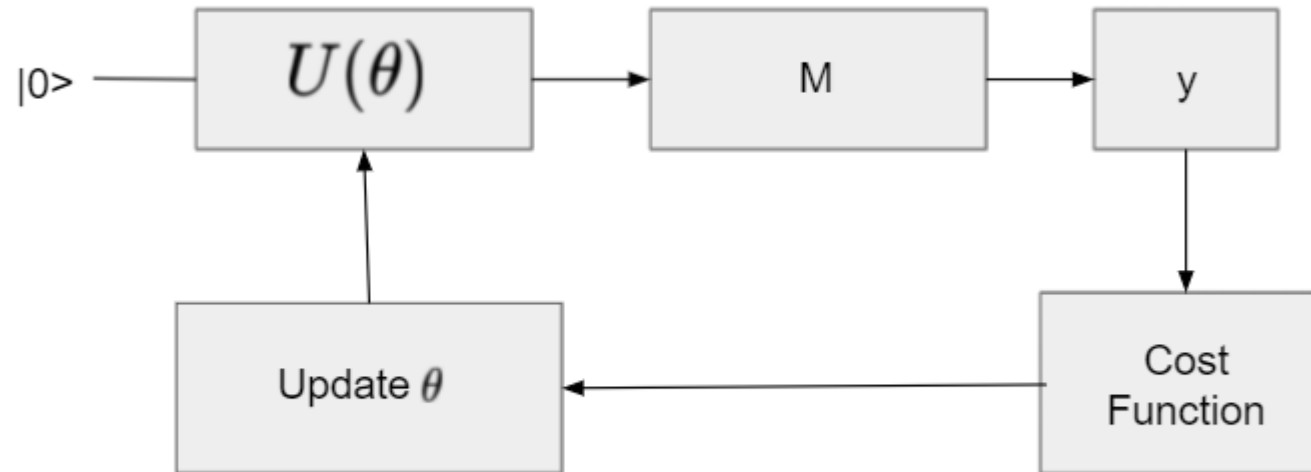
Basic Quantum Machine Learning (QML) Architecture

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The basic QML architecture is very similar to that of the classical machine learning models.

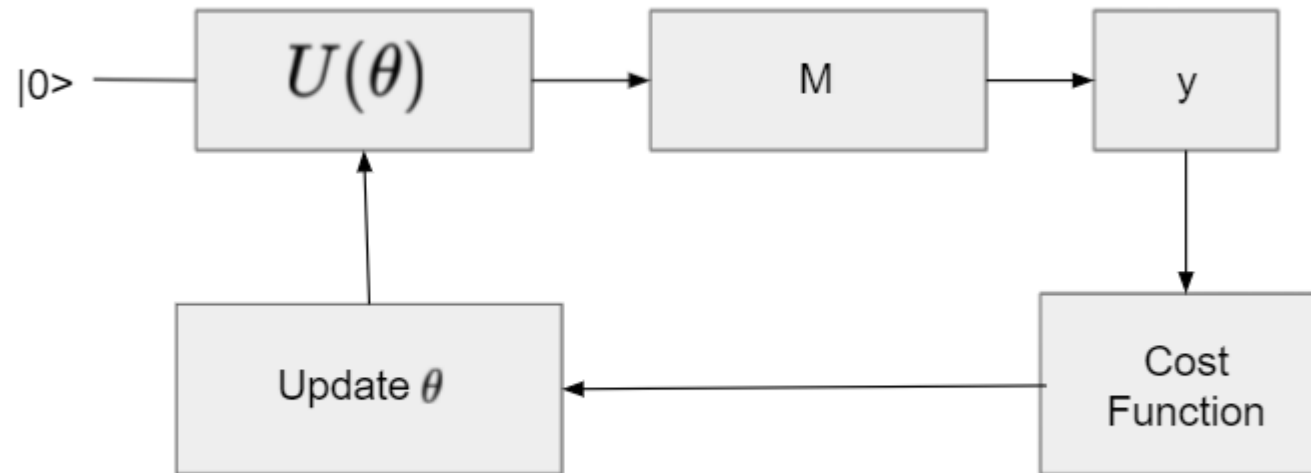
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Basic Quantum Machine Learning (QML) Architecture

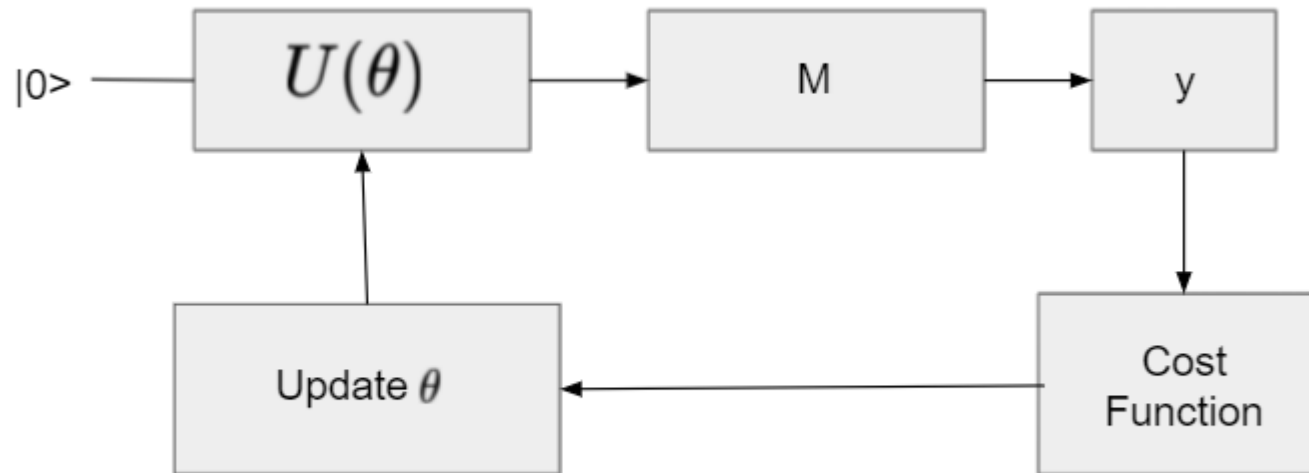
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Basic Quantum Machine Learning (QML) Architecture

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- Non linearity in a quantum setting can come from the measurements
- The parameters θ are learned by the model and optimized by a classical optimizer

Quantum Machine Learning (QML)

Quantum Machine Learning (QML) Concludes

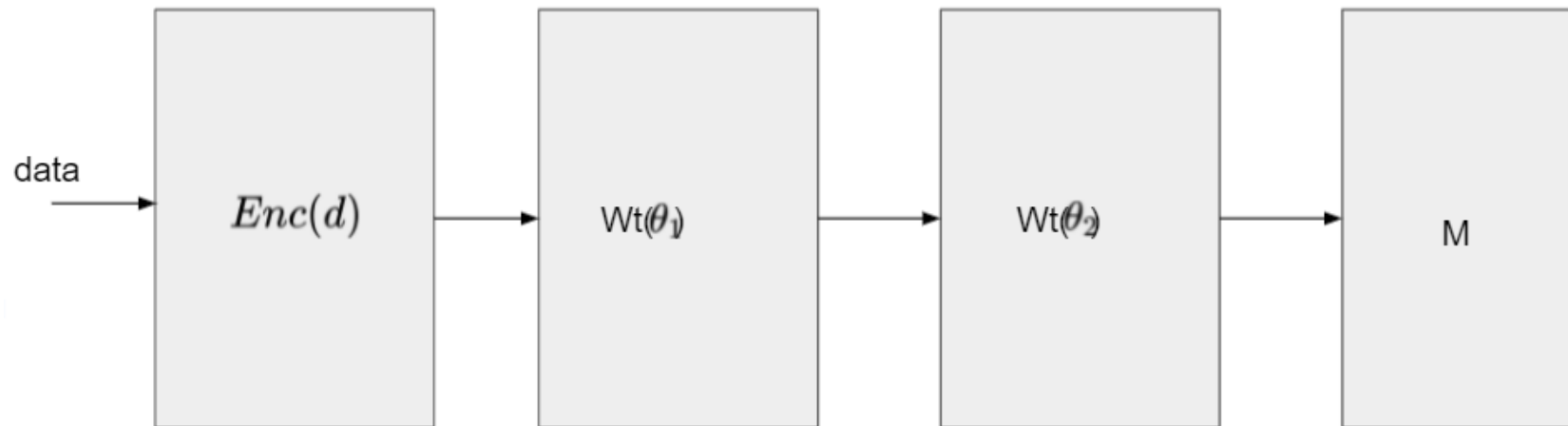
Quantum Neural Networks (QNNs)

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Quantum Neural Network architecture is similar to that of the classical neural networks.

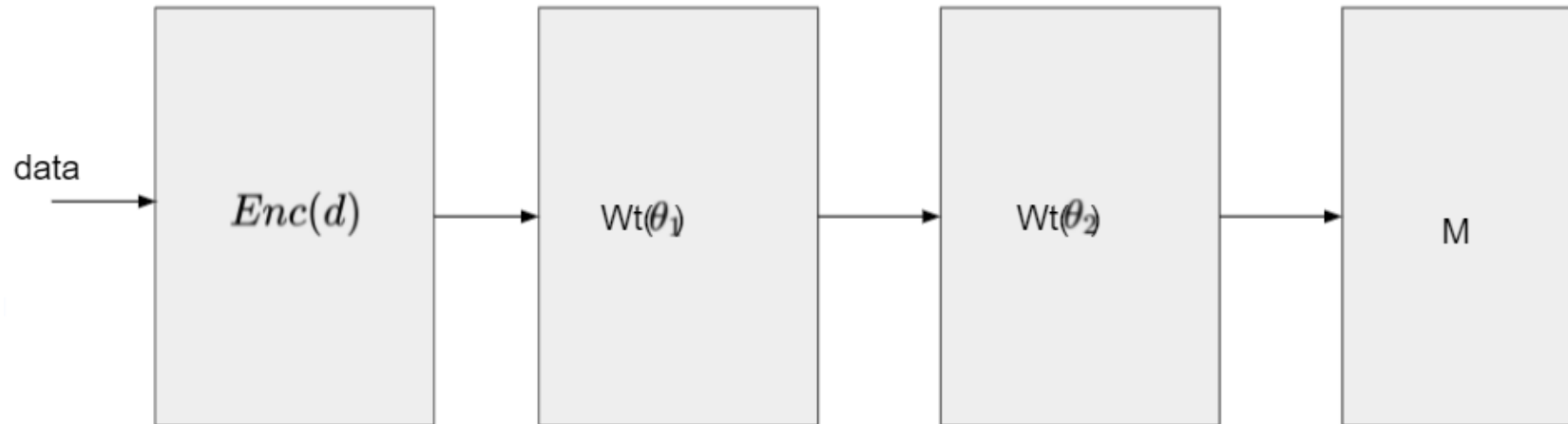
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- The encoder converts classical data into quantum states by using schemes such as amplitude encoding, phase encoding or basis encoding
- $Wt(\theta_1)$ & $Wt(\theta_2)$ are variational circuits analogous to weights present in hidden layers of classical neural networks.

Quantum Neural Networks (QNNs)

Quantum Neural Networks (QNNs) Concludes

References

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Thank you so much!