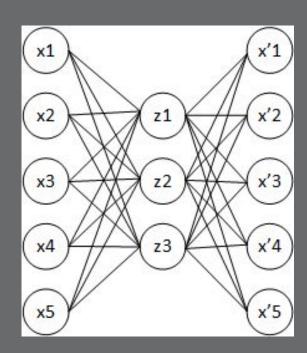
Autoencoders

Brent Lemieux







Resources for Further Study

More resources:

https://blog.keras.io/building-autoencoders-in-keras.html (Examples w/ code)

http://www.deeplearningbook.org/contents/autoencoders.html (Conceptual)

http://kvfrans.com/variational-autoencoders-explained/ (Generative models)



Objectives

- 1. Introduce autoencoders
- 2. Draw an example of a standard autoencoder
- 3. State some other uses



What is an Autoencoder?

Autoencoders are a type of data compression algorithm.

More well known compression algorithms: JPEG, MP3, etc.

Are Autoencoders good at compression?



What is an Autoencoder?

Autoencoders are a type of data compression algorithm.

More common compression algorithms: JPEG, MP3, etc.

Are Autoencoders good at compression?

No, not really...

But that is okay for our purposes -- in fact it's a feature



Autoencoders - Why use them?

Reduce the dimensions of our feature space to:

- Learn latent features
- Increase efficiency



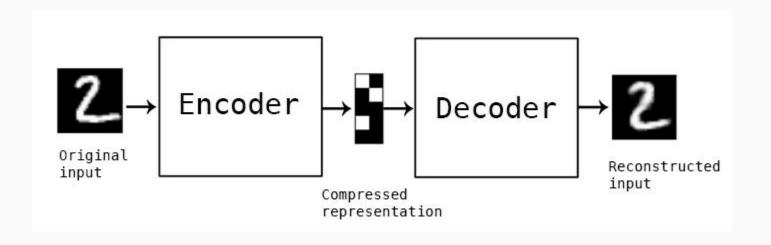
Terminology

- Embed (in lower dimensional feature space)
- Encode
- Compress

All of these terms are referring to the same thing... Don't confuse with word embeddings which Adam will talk about tomorrow.



Autoencoder - Basic Functionality





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Autoencoders are self-supervised machine learning -- what does that mean?

The data is degraded when encoded into lower dimensions.

They work much better when trained on similar data.

They train themselves by learning from the reconstruction error.



Objectives



Introduce autoencoders

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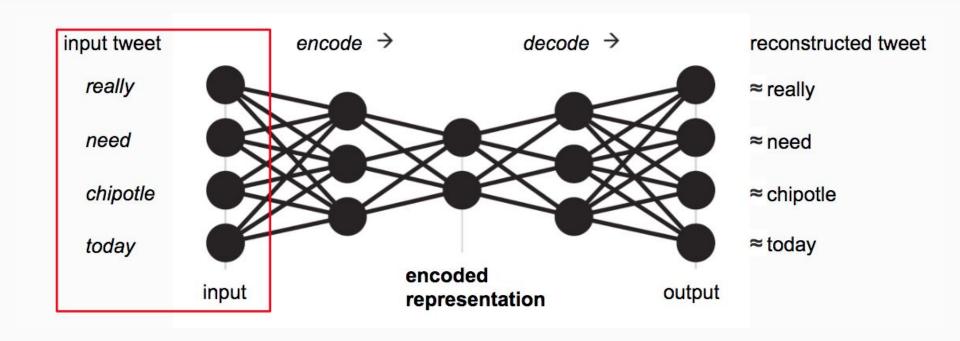
Dimensionality Reduction

We are primarily focused on how they can reduce dimensionality to learn latent features.

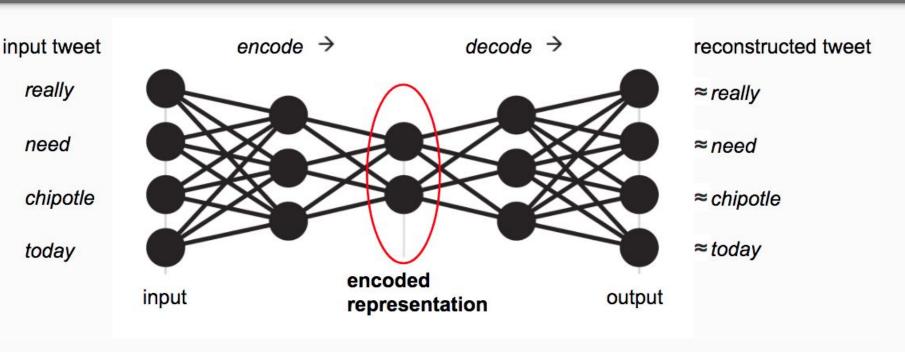
This is accomplished by embedding inputs into lower dimensional feature space.

Note: Don't give them too much capacity.

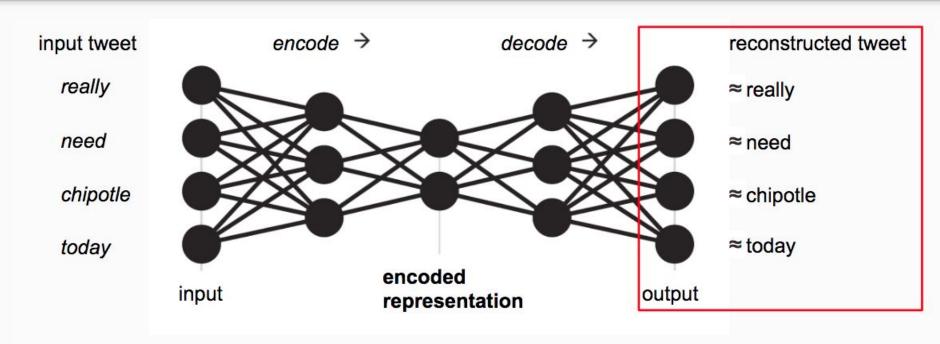
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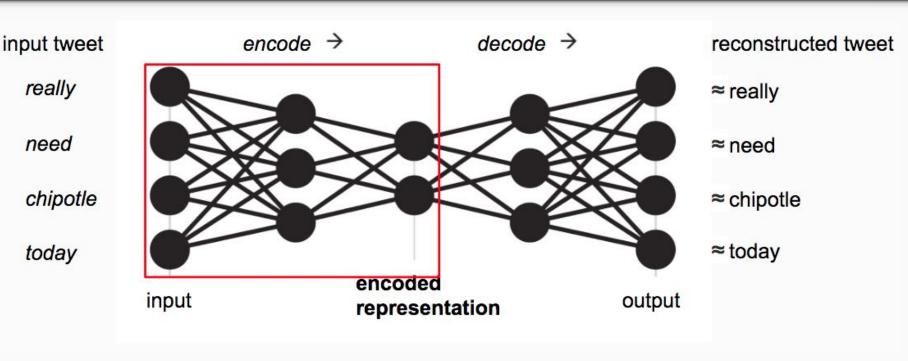
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Objectives



Introduce autoencoders



Show an example of a standard autoencoder

3. State some other uses



Are they only used for text?

No!

Autoencoders can be used for images, audio and other data types, as well.

They can also be used for tasks other than dimensionality reduction.



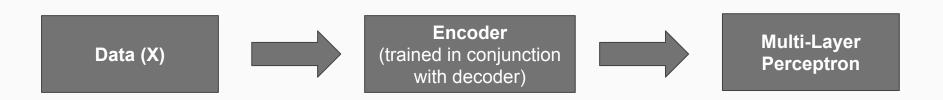
Other types explained...

- Sparse Autoencoders
- Denoising Autoencoders
- Variational Autoencoders



Other Applications

The encoded representation can be fed into another supervised neural net -- or other machine learning algorithm



Note: can feed into other types of models as well...



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The **encoder** compresses the data into lower dimensions. The **decoder** reconstructs the code into an approximation of the input.