

1 du

1.1

$$(a_n) = (1, -1, 2, -1, 3, -3, \dots)$$

$$(a_n) = (1, 0, 2, 0, 3, 0, \dots) - (0, 1, 0, 2, 0, 3) + (0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, \dots)$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1-x}{(1-x^2)^2} + x^3$$

$$(b_n) = (1, -3, 5, -7, 9, -11, \dots)$$

prohodíme $-x$ za x , přičteme $(1, 1, 1, \dots)$ a vydělíme 2

$$\sum_{n \geq 0} (2n+1)x^n = \frac{1-x}{(1+x)^2}$$

$$(c_n) = (1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, \dots)$$

$$\sum_{n \geq 0} n^2 x^n = \frac{2}{(1-x)^3} - \frac{3}{(1-x)^2} + \frac{1}{1-x} = \frac{x(x+1)}{(1-x)^3}$$

1.2

$$[x^5] : (2x-1)^{-2}$$

$$\frac{1}{(1-2x)^2} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} x^n 2^n (1+n)$$

$$[x^5] : 192$$

$$[x^5] : (1+x)^{-1/3}$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \binom{-\frac{1}{3}}{n} x^n$$

$$[x^5] : -\frac{91}{729}$$

1.3

$$a_0 = 0, a_1 = 1, a_n = a_{n-1} + a_{n-2} + 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_0 &\rightarrow (0, 1, f_1 + f_2 + 2, \dots) \\ &= (0, 1, 0, 0, \dots) = x \\ &+ (0, f_0, f_1, f_2, \dots) = x f(x) \\ &+ (0, 0, f_0, f_1, \dots) = x^2 f(x) \\ &+ (0, 0, 2, 2, \dots) = \frac{2x^2}{1-x} \end{aligned}$$

$$f(x) = x + x f(x) + x^2 f(x) + \frac{2x^2}{1-x}$$

$$1 = \frac{x}{f(x)} + x + x^2 + \frac{\frac{2x^2}{1-x}}{f(x)}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x + \frac{2x^2}{1-x}}{1-x-x^2}$$

$$\rightarrow x \neq \frac{-1-\sqrt{5}}{2}, x \neq \frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{2}, x \neq 1$$

$$a_n = \left(-2 + \frac{2^{-n}((1-\sqrt{5})^n(-2+\sqrt{5}) + (1+\sqrt{5})^n(2+\sqrt{5}))}{\sqrt{5}} \right) * x^n$$

$$b_0 = 2, b_1 = 3, b_n = 3b_{n-2} - 2b_{n-1}$$

$$a_n = \frac{9 - (-3)^n}{4}$$