Importing libraries

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
  import numpy as np
  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
  import seaborn as sns
```

EDA

In [2]:	<pre>train_path = "C:/Users/Megha Sharma/Desktop/MEGHA/MSC DATA SCIENCE/INTERNSHIP/Co</pre>							
	<pre>train = pd.read_csv(train_path)</pre>							
n [3]:	<pre>train.head()</pre>							
ut[3]:	Unnamed: 0		trans_date_trans_time	cc_num	merchant	category		
	0	0	2019-01-01 00:00:18	2703186189652095	fraud_Rippin, Kub and Mann	misc_net		
	1	1	2019-01-01 00:00:44	630423337322	fraud_Heller, Gutmann and Zieme	grocery_pos	10	
	2	2	2019-01-01 00:00:51	38859492057661	fraud_Lind- Buckridge	entertainment	22	
	3	3	2019-01-01 00:01:16	3534093764340240	fraud_Kutch, Hermiston and Farrell	gas_transport	4	
	4	4	2019-01-01 00:03:06	375534208663984	fraud_Keeling- Crist	misc_pos	4	
	5 rows × 23 c	olι	ımns					
	→							
[4]:	train.shape							
t[4]:	(1296675, 23)							
n [5]:	train.colum	ns						

In [6]: train.describe()

Out[6]:		Unnamed: 0	cc_num	amt	zip	lat	
	count	1.296675e+06	1.296675e+06	1.296675e+06	1.296675e+06	1.296675e+06	1.29667
	mean	6.483370e+05	4.171920e+17	7.035104e+01	4.880067e+04	3.853762e+01	-9.02263
	std	3.743180e+05	1.308806e+18	1.603160e+02	2.689322e+04	5.075808e+00	1.37590
	min	0.000000e+00	6.041621e+10	1.000000e+00	1.257000e+03	2.002710e+01	-1.65672
	25%	3.241685e+05	1.800429e+14	9.650000e+00	2.623700e+04	3.462050e+01	-9.67980
	50%	6.483370e+05	3.521417e+15	4.752000e+01	4.817400e+04	3.935430e+01	-8.74769
	75%	9.725055e+05	4.642255e+15	8.314000e+01	7.204200e+04	4.194040e+01	-8.01580
	max	1.296674e+06	4.992346e+18	2.894890e+04	9.978300e+04	6.669330e+01	-6.79503
	4						

In [7]: train.info()

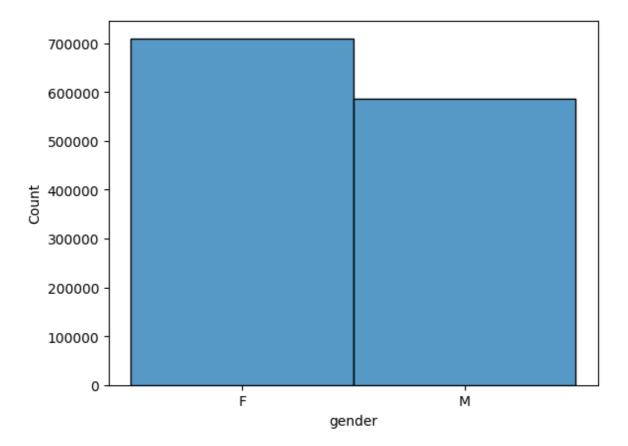
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1296675 entries, 0 to 1296674
Data columns (total 23 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype			
0	Unnamed: 0	1296675 non-null	int64			
1	<pre>trans_date_trans_time</pre>	1296675 non-null	object			
2	cc_num	1296675 non-null	int64			
3	merchant	1296675 non-null	object			
4	category	1296675 non-null	object			
5	amt	1296675 non-null	float64			
6	first	1296675 non-null	object			
7	last	1296675 non-null	object			
8	gender	1296675 non-null	object			
9	street	1296675 non-null	object			
10	city	1296675 non-null	object			
11	state	1296675 non-null	object			
12	zip	1296675 non-null	int64			
13	lat	1296675 non-null	float64			
14	long	1296675 non-null	float64			
15	city_pop	1296675 non-null	int64			
16	job	1296675 non-null	object			
17	dob	1296675 non-null	object			
18	trans_num	1296675 non-null	object			
19	unix_time	1296675 non-null	int64			
20	merch_lat	1296675 non-null	float64			
21	merch_long	1296675 non-null	float64			
22	is_fraud	1296675 non-null	int64			
dtypes: float64(5), int64(6), object(12)						

dtypes: float64(5), int64(6), object(12)

memory usage: 227.5+ MB

```
In [8]: for col in train.columns:
             print(col, train[col].isnull().sum())
        Unnamed: 0 0
        trans_date_trans_time 0
        cc_num 0
        merchant 0
        category 0
        amt 0
        first 0
        last 0
        gender 0
        street 0
        city 0
        state 0
        zip 0
        lat 0
        long 0
        city_pop 0
        job 0
        dob 0
        trans_num 0
        unix_time 0
        merch_lat 0
        merch_long 0
        is_fraud 0
In [9]: exit_counts = train["is_fraud"].value_counts()
         print("Yes: ",exit_counts[1])
         print("No: ",exit_counts[0])
        Yes: 7506
        No: 1289169
In [10]: fraudulent_data = train[train['is_fraud'] > 0]
         gender_counts = train['gender'].value_counts()
         male_fraud_count = fraudulent_data[fraudulent_data['gender'] == 'M'].shape[0]
         female_fraud_count = fraudulent_data[fraudulent_data['gender'] == 'F'].shape[0]
         print("male:", gender_counts['M'])
         print("female", gender_counts['F'])
         print("male_fraud:", male_fraud_count)
         print("female_fraud:", female_fraud_count)
        male: 586812
        female 709863
        male_fraud: 3771
        female_fraud: 3735
In [11]: sns.histplot(data=train['gender'] )
Out[11]: <Axes: xlabel='gender', ylabel='Count'>
```



Data processing

In [12]:	<pre># Drop unnecessary columns train.drop(columns=['Unnamed: 0','cc_num','first', 'last', 'street', 'city', 'st</pre>							
In [13]:	<pre>train.head()</pre>							
Out[13]:	trans_date_trans_time		merchant	category	amt	gender	lat	lon
	0	2019-01-01 00:00:18	fraud_Rippin, Kub and Mann	misc_net	4.97	F	36.0788	-81.178
	1	2019-01-01 00:00:44	fraud_Heller, Gutmann and Zieme	grocery_pos	107.23	F	48.8878	-118.210
	2	2019-01-01 00:00:51	fraud_Lind- Buckridge	entertainment	220.11	М	42.1808	-112.262
	3	2019-01-01 00:01:16	fraud_Kutch, Hermiston and Farrell	gas_transport	45.00	М	46.2306	-112.113
	4	2019-01-01 00:03:06	fraud_Keeling- Crist	misc_pos	41.96	М	38.4207	-79.462
	4							•

```
In [14]: # Convert categorical variables to numerical using Label Encoding
         from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
         encoder = LabelEncoder()
         newdata = train.apply(LabelEncoder().fit_transform)
In [15]:
        newdata.head()
Out[15]:
             trans_date_trans_time merchant category
                                                       amt gender
                                                                     lat long city_pop
                                                                                         job
          0
                               0
                                       514
                                                        397
                                                                     291
                                                                           693
                                                                                    458
                                                                                         370
          1
                                       241
                                                     10623
                                                                     964
                                                                            60
                                                                                     43 428
                               2
          2
                                       390
                                                     21906
                                                                     736
                                                                            88
                                                                                    486
                                                                                         307
          3
                                       360
                                                       4400
                                                                     931
                                                                            91
                                                                                    367
                                                                                         328
          4
                               4
                                       297
                                                       4096
                                                                     398
                                                                           753
                                                                                     22 116
        # Splitting data into train and test sets
In [16]:
         from sklearn.model selection import train test split
         X = newdata.drop("is_fraud", axis=1)
         y = newdata["is_fraud"]
         X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_
In [17]: X_train.shape, X_test.shape, y_train.shape, y_test.shape
Out[17]: ((1037340, 12), (259335, 12), (1037340,), (259335,))
```

Training

a. LogisticRegression

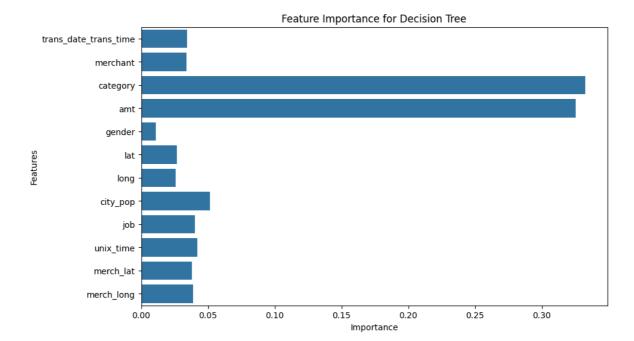
```
from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
 from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix, classification_rep
 log reg = LogisticRegression()
 log_reg.fit(X_train, y_train)
 y_pred = log_reg.predict(X_test)
 print("Accuracy Score: ", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
 print("Confusion Matrix: \n", confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
 print("Classification Report: \n", classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
C:\Users\Megha Sharma\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python39\site-packages\sklearn\linea
r_model\_logistic.py:469: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to converge (status=
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max_iter) or scale the data as shown in:
   https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-regression
 n_iter_i = _check_optimize_result(
```

```
Accuracy Score: 0.9934332041567856
Confusion Matrix:
[[257525
           290]
[ 1413 107]]
Classification Report:
             precision recall f1-score support
         0
                0.99
                        1.00
                                  1.00
                                         257815
         1
                0.27
                         0.07
                                           1520
                                  0.11
                                  0.99 259335
   accuracy
                         0.53
                                  0.55 259335
  macro avg
                0.63
                         0.99
                                  0.99
weighted avg
                0.99
                                         259335
```

b. Decision Tree

In [19]: from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier

```
dt = DecisionTreeClassifier()
         dt.fit(X_train, y_train)
         y_pred = dt.predict(X_test)
         print("Accuracy Score: ", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
         print("Confusion Matrix: \n", confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
         print("Classification Report: \n", classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
        Accuracy Score: 0.9959164786858696
        Confusion Matrix:
         [[257250
                    565]
                  1026]]
        [ 494
        Classification Report:
                      precision recall f1-score support
                   0
                          1.00
                                   1.00
                                              1.00
                                                      257815
                                    0.68
                   1
                          0.64
                                              0.66
                                                       1520
                                              1.00
                                                      259335
           accuracy
                          0.82
                                    0.84
                                              0.83
                                                      259335
           macro avg
                                    1.00
        weighted avg
                          1.00
                                              1.00
                                                      259335
In [20]: from sklearn.metrics import roc auc score
         print('Logistic Regression: ', roc_auc_score(y_test, log_reg.predict_proba(X_test))
         print('Decision Tree: ', roc_auc_score(y_test, dt.predict_proba(X_test)[:, 1]))
        Logistic Regression: 0.8159288330983967
        Decision Tree: 0.8364042530496675
In [21]: # Feature Importance for Decision Tree
         feature_importance = dt.feature_importances_
         plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
         sns.barplot(x=feature_importance, y=X.columns)
         plt.title("Feature Importance for Decision Tree")
         plt.xlabel("Importance")
         plt.ylabel("Features")
         plt.show()
```



In []: