CSE508 Information Retrieval Assignment-2 Megha 2021337

1. Image Feature Extraction [25]

Step 1 : Downloaded all the images from A2_Data.csv and saved them in a new folder 'Downloaded_Images'. Then created a new .csv file and modified the image column.

```
df.to csv('A2 Downloaded Images.csv', index=False)
```

Step 2: Basic Pre-processing

Vgg16 uses 224x224 image size.

Convert all Images to RGB and replace the old images with new processed ones.

Images that are not found are:

```
Error processing image: Downloaded_Images/710a2Pyh5lL._SY88.jpg: OpenCV(4.9.0)

Error processing image: Downloaded_Images/718niQ1GEwL._SY88.jpg: OpenCV(4.9.0)

Error processing image: Downloaded_Images/71wHUWncMGL._SY88.jpg: OpenCV(4.9.0)

Error processing image: Downloaded_Images/816NMd0LexL._SY88.jpg: OpenCV(4.9.0)

Error processing image: Downloaded_Images/81SX3oAWbNL._SY88.jpg: OpenCV(4.9.0)

Error processing image: Downloaded_Images/71F3npeHUDL._SY88.jpg: OpenCV(4.9.0)

Error processing image: Downloaded_Images/71B800E5N8L._SY88.jpg: OpenCV(4.9.0)

Error processing image: Downloaded_Images/61OboZT-kcL._SY88.jpg: OpenCV(4.9.0)
```

Going to 'A2_Downloaded_Images.csv' and dropping the rows having these images.

Step 3 : Extracting Features using VGG16 convolutional network

```
df = pd.read csv('A2 Downloaded Images.csv')
model = VGG16(weights='imagenet', include top=False, input shape=(224, 224, 3))
def extract features(img):
    img = cv2.resize(img, (224, 224))
   img = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
   img = np.expand dims(img, axis=0)
   img = preprocess input(img)
    features = model.predict(img)
    features = features.flatten()
def process images and extract features(image paths):
    features list = []
    for img path in image paths:
            img = cv2.imread(img path)
            features = extract features(img)
            features list.append(features)
            print(f"Error processing image {img path}: {e}")
            features list.append(np.zeros(25088))
    return features list
df['Image'] = df['Image'].apply(eval)
df['Feature Extraction'] = df['Image'].apply(process images and extract features)
df.to csv('A2 features.csv', index=False)
```

Step 4: Normalizing extracted features

2. Text Feature Extraction [25]

Steps: Lower Casing, Tokenization, removing punctuations, Stop Word Removal, Stemming and Lemmatization

```
df = pd.read csv('A2 Downloaded Images.csv')
def preprocess text(text):
    if isinstance(text, str):
        tokens = word tokenize(text)
        tokens = [word.lower() for word in tokens]
        tokens = [word for word in tokens if word.isalnum()]
        stop words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
        tokens = [word for word in tokens if not word in stop words]
        stemmer = PorterStemmer()
        lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()
        tokens = [lemmatizer.lemmatize(word) for word in tokens]
        tokens = [stemmer.stem(word) for word in tokens]
        preprocessed text = ' '.join(tokens)
        return preprocessed text
    else:
        return ''
df['Processed Review'] = df['Review Text'].apply(preprocess text)
print("Unique values in 'Processed Review' after preprocessing:")
print(df['Processed Review'].unique())
```

TF-IDF calculation from scratch

Term Frequency (TF) Calculation:

Tokenize the reviews:

Count the frequency of each word in each review:

Normalize the counts: This gives the TF value for each word in each review.

Document Frequency (DF) Calculation:

Counting the number of documents containing each word:

Inverse Document Frequency (IDF) Calculation:

Calculate IDF for each word: Apply the IDF formula, which involves taking the logarithm of the total number of documents divided by the document frequency of each word, with 1 added to the denominator to avoid division by zero.

TF-IDF Calculation:

Multiply TF by IDF for each word: Multiply the TF value of each word in each review by its IDF value.

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
df = pd.read csv('A2 Data with Processed Review.csv')
df['Processed Review'] = df['Processed Review'].fillna('')
tokenized reviews = df['Processed Review'].apply(lambda x: x.split())
vocabulary = set()
for review in tokenized reviews:
    vocabulary.update(review)
vocabulary list = list(vocabulary)
tf matrix = pd.DataFrame(0, index=df.index, columns=vocabulary list)
for i, review in enumerate(tokenized reviews):
    for word in review:
        tf matrix.loc[i, word] += 1
tf matrix = tf matrix.div(tf matrix.sum(axis=1), axis=0)
df matrix = pd.DataFrame(0, index=[0], columns=vocabulary list)
for review in tokenized reviews:
    for word in set(review):
        df matrix.loc[0, word] += 1
N = len(tokenized reviews)
idf matrix = np.log(N / (1 + df matrix))
tfidf matrix = tf matrix * idf matrix.values
df = pd.concat([df, tfidf matrix], axis=1)
```