DATA STRUCTURE

LIST

```
CREATING A LIST
numbers=[1,2,3,4,5,]
print(numbers)
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
numbers=[1,2,3,4,5,]
print(numbers)
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
numbers.append(6)
numbers
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 6, 6]
mixed=[3,"bhuvi",7.15]
print(mixed)
[3, 'bhuvi', 7.15]
ACCESSING ITEMS
print(numbers[3])
print(numbers[-2])
4
MODIFYING ITEMS
numbers[0]
numbers
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
```

ADDING ITEMS

INSERT

```
numbers.insert(1,15)
numbers
[1, 15, 6, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 6, 6]
```

REMOVING ITEMS

```
numbers.remove(3)
numbers
[1, 15, 6, 2, 4, 5, 6, 6, 6]
```

POP

```
numbers.pop(1)
15
```

len

```
numbers=[3,5,7,8,]
len(numbers)
```

SORT

```
numbers.sort()
numbers
[3, 6, 7, 8]
```

REVERSE

```
numbers.reverse()
numbers
[8, 7, 6, 3]
```

ITERATING THROUGH A NUMBER

```
for num in numbers:
   print(num)

8
7
6
3
```

CREATING A TUPLE

```
a=(10,40,60,20)
```

ACCESSING ITEMS IN A TUPLE

```
print(a[1])
40
```

DICTIONARY

```
Student={"name":"meghana", "age":2, "marks":100}
ACCESSING
print(student["age"])
2
```

ADDING

```
print(student["grade"])
```

REMOVING

```
print(student["marks"])
100
```

ITERATING THROUGH DICTIONARY

```
for key,value in student.items():
 print(key,value)
name meghana
age 2
marks 100
grade A
```

SETS

```
ADDING ITEMS
```

```
print(numbers)
{8, 9, 1, 7}
```

REMOVING ITEMS

```
numbers=\{8, 9, 7, 1, \}
```

```
numbers.remove(8)
numbers
{1, 7}
```

SET OPERATORS

2.DIFFERENCE

```
a={1,2,3,4,5,}
b={5,7,8,9,2,1,}
(a-b)
{3, 4}
```

INTERSECTION

```
(a and b)
{1, 2, 5, 7, 8, 9}
```

1.MANIPULATING LISTS

```
fruits=["apple","banana","cherry"]
fruits.append("orange")
fruits.remove("banana")
print(fruits)
['apple', 'cherry', 'orange']
```

CREATING A DICTIONARY

```
book={"title":"python Basics","author":"John Doe","year":2021}
print(book["title"])
book["year"]=2022
print(book)

python Basics
{'title': 'python Basics', 'author': 'John Doe', 'year': 2022}
```

TO FIND A PALINDROME NUMBER

```
number=int(input("Enter a number: "))
reverse_number=0
temp = number

while temp>0:
    digit = temp % 10
```

```
reverse_number = reverse_number * 10 + digit
  temp = temp //10
if number == reverse_number:
    print(f" {number} pali")
else:
    print(f"{number} not pali")

Enter a number: 151
151 pali
```

PALINDROME FOR STRING

```
number=input ("Enter a number :")
if number==number[::-1]:
  print("Palindrome")
else:
  print("Not Palindrome")
Enter a number : MOM
Palindrome
class Solution(object):
    def isPalindrome(self, x):
        :type x: int
        :rtype: bool
        if x < 0 or (x % 10 == 0 \text{ and } x != 0):
            return False
        reversed half = 0
        while x > reversed half:
            reversed_half = reversed_half * 10 + x % 10
            x //= 10
        return x == reversed_half or x == reversed_half // 10
```