

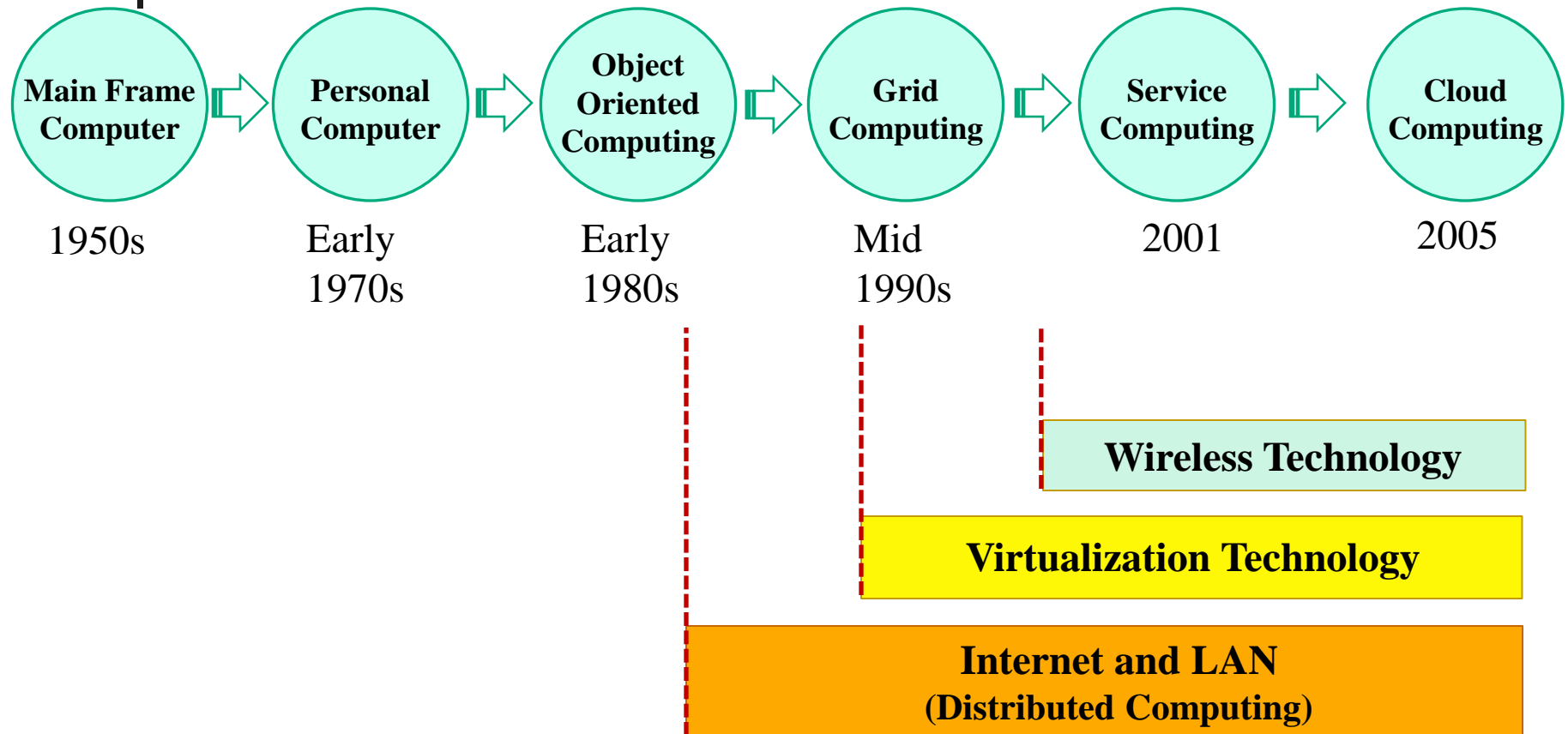


# *Information Assurance in Cloud Computing Systems*

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*Professor Stephen S. Yau*

# *Evolution of Computing Paradigms*

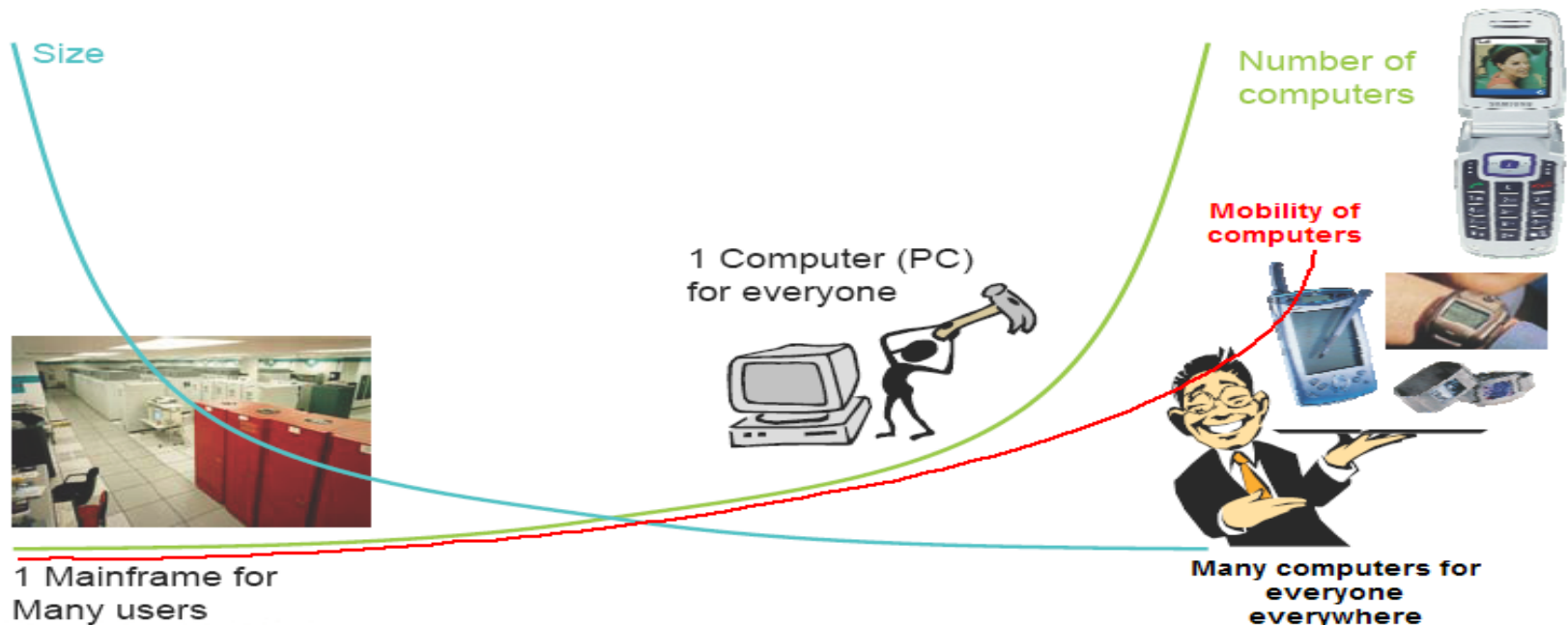


# Major New Computing Paradigms

## - Ubiquitous Computing

### ■ Ubiquitous computing

- Computing anywhere, anytime
- Ad hoc wireless connectivity
- Mobility, efficiency, context/situation awareness





# *Major New Computing Paradigms (cont.)*

## *- Service-oriented Computing*

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- Service-oriented computing
  - Abstraction of functional units as software services with discoverable and interoperable interfaces, which can be described using common standards, such as WSDL
  - Major characteristics: loosely-coupling, late-binding, autonomy, composability
  - Realize workflows (business processes) by service composition



# Cloud Computing

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- Derived from *service computing* and *resource virtualization* technologies (including *Internet*)
- *Massively scalable computing capabilities* provided ‘*as a service*’ to multiple customers simultaneously
- IT resources across the Internet are *dynamically configured and virtualized*
- IT as an *on-demand* service
- *Private, public and hybrid* cloud systems

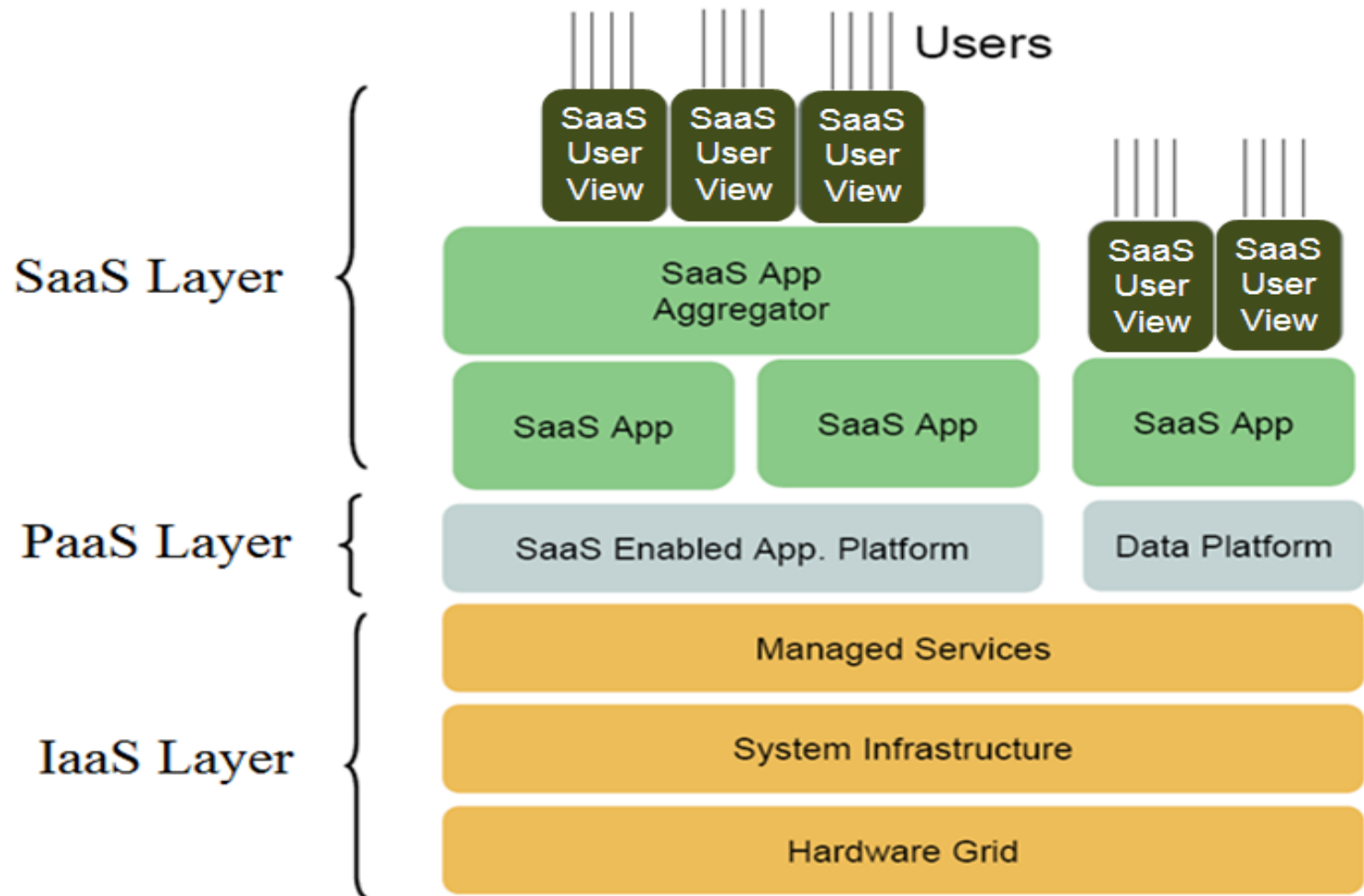


# *Major Characteristics of Cloud Computing*

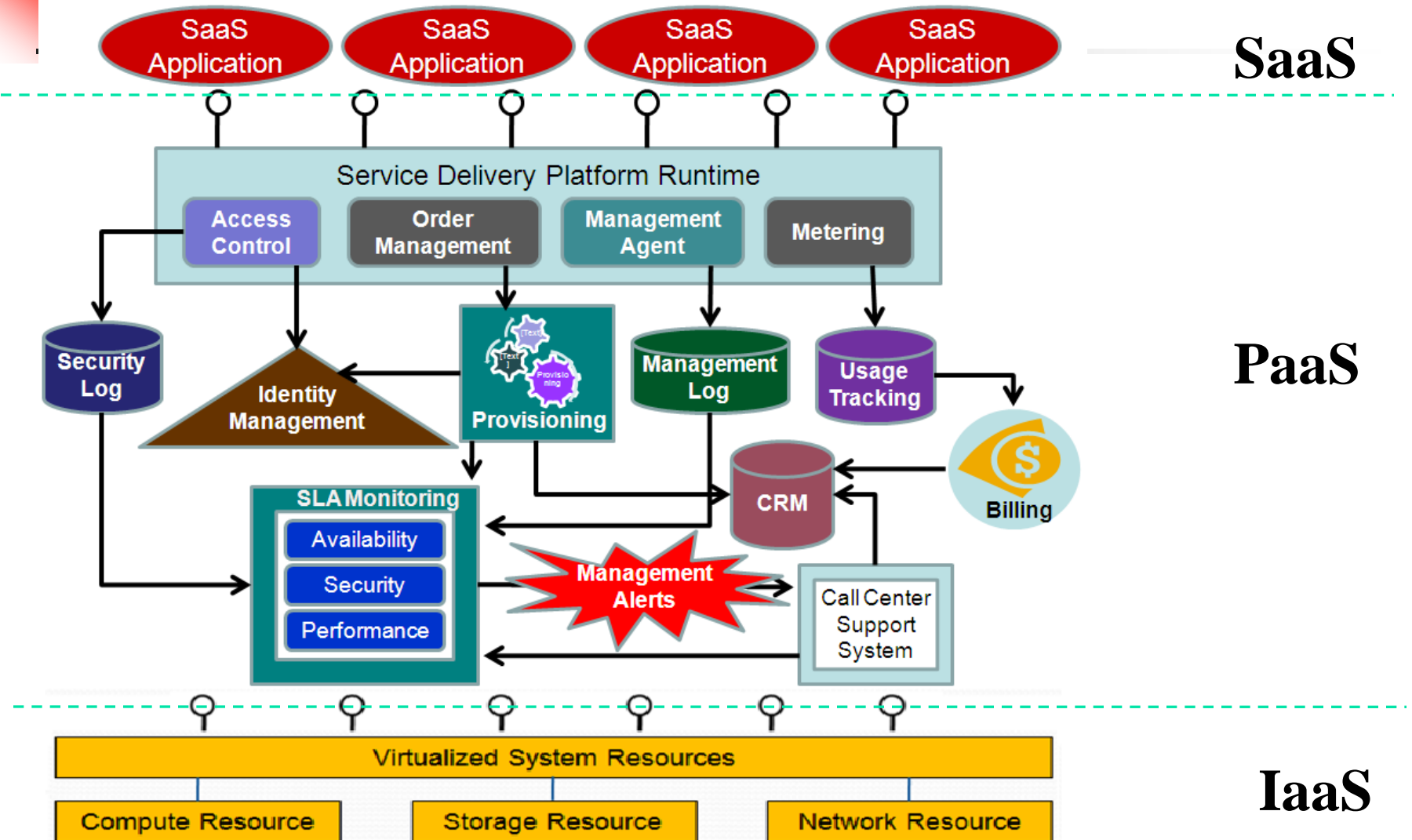
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- Resource pooling
- Heterogeneity
- Broad network access
- Agility
- Usability
- On-demand service
- Usage accounting
- Automation

# Cloud Computing Paradigms (cont.)



# Cloud Computing System Architecture





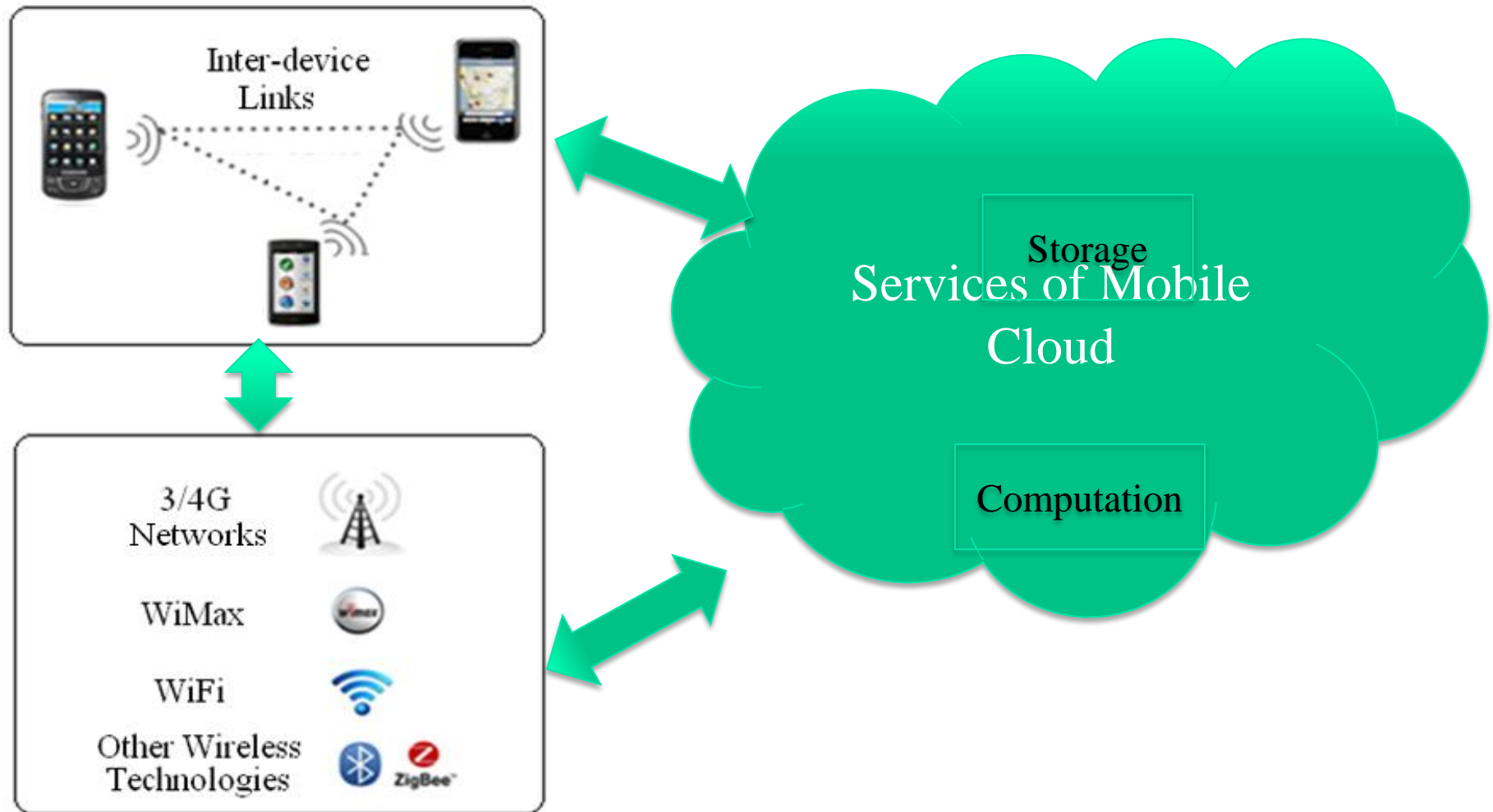


# *Mobile Cloud Computing*

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- Emerging and considered as a cloud computing infrastructure, where *data* and *processing* occur outside mobile devices
  - enabling new types of applications involving use of mobile devices, including handset centric features and network related features, such as GPS and/or cell-based location information.

# *Mobile Cloud Computing Model*



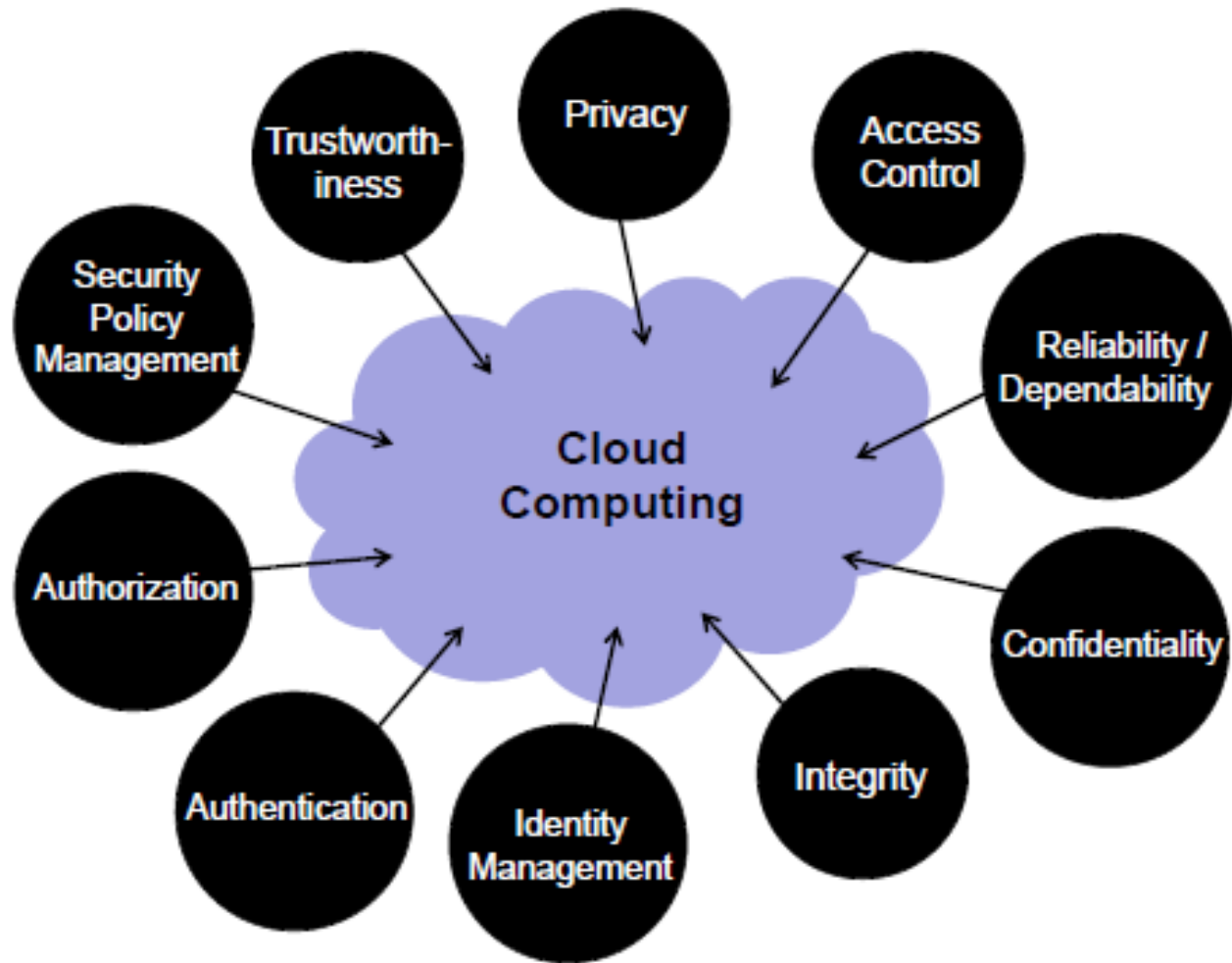


# *Concerns of Cloud and Mobile Cloud Users*

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- Most cloud users are concerned with *leakage of their sensitive data* in the cloud because their data is processed and stored on machines owned and operated by various service providers, not controlled by users.
- Due to the severe limitation of resources available in mobile devices and characteristics of mobile cloud computing, the *security* issues for mobile cloud computing are *more severe*.

# *Challenges: IA in Cloud Computing*





# *Challenges:*

## *IA in Cloud Computing (cont.)*

- How to protect *confidentiality and privacy* of users' sensitive data *from service providers*?
  - *Who* have access to my data?
  - How can we be sure that the *service providers* do not abuse our sensitive data?
  - How can we be sure that *service providers* provide proper protections on our sensitive data against attackers?



# Challenges:

## *IA in Cloud Computing (cont.)*

- How to protect *integrity of users' data* within cloud?
  - *Who* are running applications on these same machines?
  - How can we be sure that there is *no data mixing*?
  - What are *data backed up policies and mechanisms*? How often? Where is the back up stored?
  - Is the *recovery process* effective?
- How to ensure that *service providers* will *comply with security policies*?
  - How to specify *security policies*?
  - Are there *effective policy enforcement mechanisms*?
  - How to protect *intellectual property rights* of service users?



# Challenges:

## *IA in Cloud Computing*

- How to ensure the *availability and reliability* of each *third-party service*?
  - Are service providers' data centers safe from natural disasters?
  - Are the services always *available on demand*?
  - Are the services always *functioning properly*?
  - Will the services work properly *under stress conditions*?
  - Are the services *resilient to failures*?
  - Are the services vulnerable to various *cyber attacks, viruses and worms*?



# Challenges:

## *IA in Cloud Computing (cont.)*

- How to support *QoS adaptation* in dynamic situation of the cloud?
  - How to *adapt SLAs* between service providers and consumers *dynamically*, including *trade-offs* among multiple QoS factors and multiple consumers?
  - How to ensure the service providers can satisfy *multiple QoS factors*, such as security, performance, timeliness, throughput, and reliability, for *multiple consumers simultaneously and dynamically*?





# *Challenges:*

## *IA in Mobile Cloud Computing*

- How to improve *authentication and authorization* of mobile devices in mobile cloud?
  - What kinds of *information can be collected* by mobile devices?
  - How the information can *prevent attackers from successfully attacking* the mobile cloud after its mobile devices are lost or stolen?
  - What *effective mechanisms* are needed for authentication and authorization of mobile devices in mobile cloud?



# Challenges:

## *IA in Mobile Cloud Computing (cont.)*

- How to improve *network security*, including mobile networks?
  - Which *interfaces* have the potential to expose sensitive information and possibly receive malicious data?
  - How service providers and users can interact in a *trusted and secure network*?
  - What are *the security requirements* for monitoring and checking of the trusted and secure networks of mobile cloud?
  - What are the requirements for establishing *secure routing and connections* in mobile cloud?



# Challenges:

## *IA in Cloud Computing (cont.)*

- How to avoid *threat of malwares* in cloud computing, especially in mobile cloud?
  - How to avoid the malware *injected in mobile cloud, especially via lost or stolen mobile devices*?
  - How to avoid leveraging *social networks* to deliver malwares?
  - How to avoid *data leakage*?
  - How to avoid *backdoor* triggered via SMS?
  - How to avoid *account privilege escalated* to root?



# *Current State of Art: IA in Cloud Computing*

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- Protection of *confidentiality and privacy* of users' sensitive data from service providers
  - User-centric identity management and access control
  - Trustworthy computing: Trust management in cloud
  - Data encryption and obfuscation
  - Privacy-preserving data mining
  - Anonymous computing



# *Current State of Art:*

## *IA in Cloud Computing (cont.)*

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- Protection of *integrity of* cloud
  - Dynamic auditing
  - Efficient backup and recovery planning
  - Virtual machine isolation
  - Integrity verification in the cloud
- Assurance that service providers will *comply with security policies*
  - Dynamic establishment and enforcement of SLA between service providers and consumers
  - Security policy specification
  - Security policy conflict detection and resolution



# *Current State of Art:*

## *IA in Cloud Computing (cont.)*

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- Assurance of *availability and reliability* of third party services
  - Critical infrastructure protection: Intrusion detection, cyber attack prevention, analyzing and defeating malware, worms and viruses
  - Cyber situational awareness
  - Automated efficient risk management: risk identification, assessment and mitigation
  - Data backups and contingency plans
  - Fault/error tolerant computing
  - High availability through virtual machine live migration



# *Current State of Art:*

## *IA in Cloud Computing (cont.)*

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- Support for *QoS adaptation* in cloud computing
  - QoS requirement specification for dynamic situation
  - Dynamic resource allocation to support situation changes and dynamic users' requirements
  - Efficient trade-off techniques for multiple QoS factors and multiple consumers



# *Current State of Art: IA in Mobile Cloud Computing*

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- Improve *authentication and authorization for* mobile cloud
  - Location-based authentication and authorization
  - Policy-based authorization
  - Biometrics: notably keystroke dynamics and typing patterns





# *Current State of Art:*

## *IA in Mobile Cloud Computing (cont.)*

- Improve *mobile network security*.
  - Virtualization
    - Virtual network construction, backup and recovery in mobile network environments
    - Monitoring of hypervisors
  - Light weight encryption and obfuscation
- Reduce *threat of malware* in mobile cloud
  - Monitoring and auditing the use of mobile devices
  - Location-based access control
  - Host-based mobile malware detection



# *Future Research on IA in Cloud Computing*

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- Many research issues on IA in cloud computing still need to be addressed
- Security of mobile cloud is more severe
  - Mobile devices are easy to lose or stolen
  - More easily compromised
    - More interfaces with various networks
    - More limited resources available
    - Limited anti-virus software
    - .....