## Title: - NTD Public Transit Improvement

#### **Introduction:**

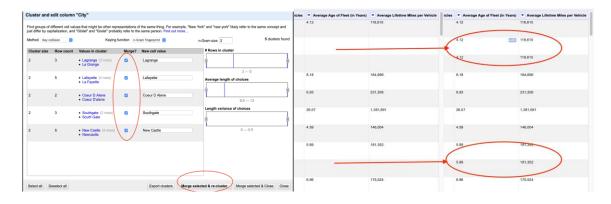
#### **Dataset Overview:**

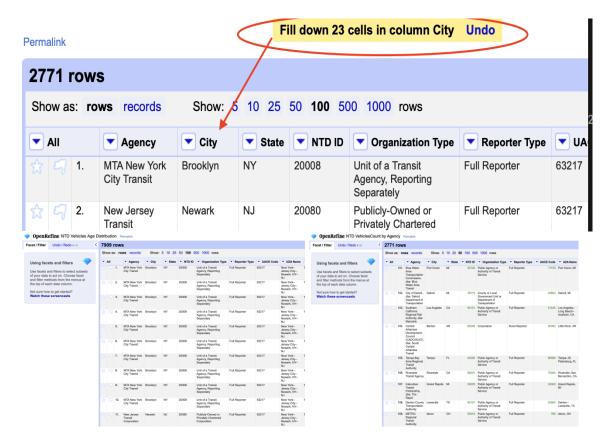
The dataset, "2022 NTD Annual Data – Vehicle Age Distribution & Vehicles Type Count by Agency", likely contains comprehensive information about public transit systems, vehicle types and ages including types of vehicles used by various transit agencies in a particular year. Such datasets typically include:

- Vehicle type (buses & it's types etc.)
- Quantities or capacities
- Operating agencies
- Geographical information
- Operational data (like usage statistics)

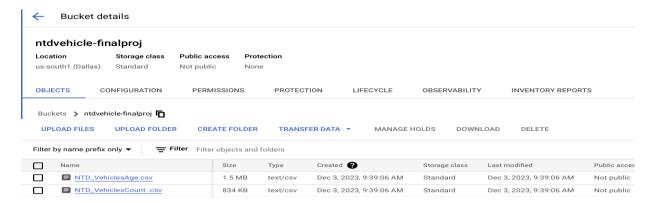
### **Data Life Cycle:**

1. **Data Processing Using Open Refine tool:** It is used to enhance ethe quality of the data like cleaning and transforming. We used our both static and streaming data source in this tool for better refinement and finally ensured that the data is accurate, consistent, and suitable for the intended analysis.

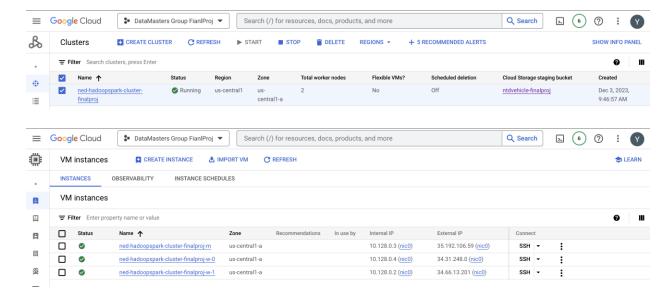




2. **Set up Storage:** Secure and scalable storage is essential for managing large datasets. Having this data in Cloud Storage allows for easy accessibility and manipulation as needed, crucial for transit agencies looking to analyze their fleet and operational efficiency.



3. Set Up Hadoop Ecosystem (Clusters) using Dataproc: In this phase, we need to enable the GCP API's called Compute Engine API & Cloud Dataproc API. We created a Cluster in Dataproc and the nodes with 1 Manager & 2 Worker Nodes in Compute Engine → VM Instances. This gives transit agencies real-time insights into their operations, enabling quick decision-making for issues like vehicle deployment and route adjustments.



4. **Creating Sample Queries:** Performing moderate to complex queries and analytics using BigQuery, Hive, and Spark.

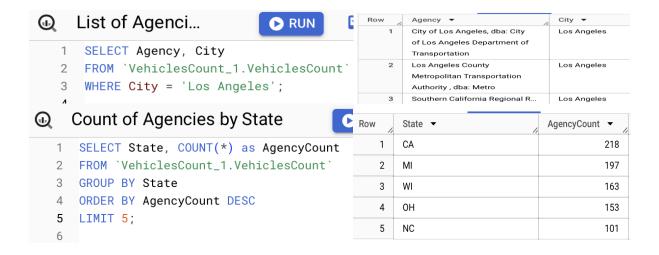
## a. Big Query Studio (Running fast, ad-hoc queries on large datasets for operational reports.)

- For this we enabled Big query API and created a table from both the datasets directly from the cloud storage bucket we created.
- Performed some queries in Big Query Studio
- Below are the examples for both the datasets.

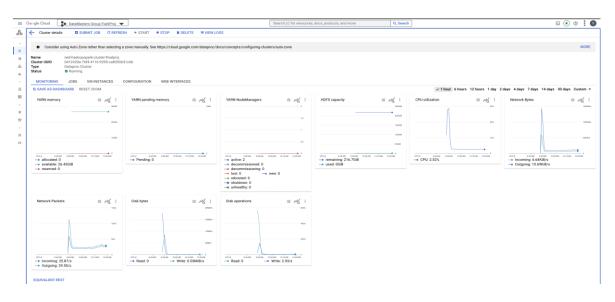
#### Big Queries for Data set 1:



Big Studio Queries for Dataset 2:



After this we can monitor the cluster and it's performance if needed.



# b. Hive (Managing and querying structured data for detailed analysis, like vehicle utilization rates.)

- Accessing Hive through SSH on the created Dataproc cluster.
- Use the Hive command line to execute Hive queries.
- Below are the 3 example's for both the datasets.

We use the following Hive command: beeline -u jdbc:hive2://localhost:10000

```
t@ntd-hadoopspark-cluster-finalproj-m:~$ beeline -u jdbc:hive2://localhost:10000
Connecting to jdbc:hive2://localhost:10000
Connected to: Apache Hive (version 3.1.3)
Driver: Hive JDBC (version 3.1.3)
Transaction isolation: TRANSACTION REPEATABLE READ
Beeline version 3.1.3 by Apache Hive
0: jdbc:hive2://localhost:10000>
```

## **Queries & Output in Hive: -**

#### 3 Hive Queries for Dataset-1:

```
: Completed executing command(queryId+hive_20231203194616_902bd8b8-a2fb-402c-a8cf-59aa96d0be04); Time taken: 22.704 seconds : OK : Concurrency mode is disabled, not creating a lock manager
   VERTICES MODE STATUS TOTAL COMPLETED RUNNING PENDING FAILED KILLED
row selected (33.105 seconds)
jdbc:hive2://localhost:10000>
```

```
NFO : Dag name: SELECT * FROM ntd_vehicles LIMIT 5 (Stage-1)
NFO : Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application_1701629121542_0001)
                     VERTICES MODE STATUS
......container SUCCEEDED
                                                                                                   STATUS TOTAL COMPLETED RUNNING PENDING FAILED KILLED
               : Completed executing command(queryId=hive_20231203195106_58b7a662-e605-4de3-82b1-262eba4d0ec7); Time taken: 10.89 seconds : OK concurrency mode is disabled, not creating a local
  Agency, City, State, NTO ID, Organization Type, Reporter Type, UACE Code, UZA Name, Frimary UZA Population, Agency VOMS, Bus, Bus with ULB Reported, Bus >= ULB, Articulated Bus, Articulated Bus with ULB Reported, Articulated Bus >= ULB, Over-the-Road Bus, Over-the-Road Bus with ULB Reported, Articulated Bus >= ULB, Double Decker Bus, Automated Bus, Automated Pus, Bus, Double Decker Bus, Automated Bus, Automated Pus, Bus, Bus, Double Decker Bus, Double Decker Bus, Bus, Bus, Bus, Put, Bus, P
rows selected (11.205 seconds)
: jdbc:hive2://localhost:10000>
```

#### 3 Oueries for Dataset-2 in Hive:

```
CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE IF NOT EXISTS ntd_vehiclesAge

(ntdvehiclesAge string)

(ntdvehiclesAge st
```

```
dbc:hive2://localhost:1000> SELECT COUNT(*) FROM ntd_vehiclesAge;

: Compiling command(queryId=hive_20231203200839_a6d5140a-43db-41eb-b070-f7731f0f411c): SELECT COUNT(*) FROM ntd_vehiclesAge
: Concurrency mode is disabled, not creating a lock manager
: Semantic Analysis Completed (retrial = false)
: Returning Hive schema: Schema(fieldSchemas:[FieldSchema(name:_c0, type:bigint, comment:null)], properties:null)
: Completed compiling command(queryId=hive_20231203200839_a6d5140a-43db-41eb-b070-f7731f0f411c); Time taken: 0.728 seconds
: Concurrency mode is disabled, not creating a lock manager
: Executing command(queryId=hive_20231203200839_a6d5140a-43db-41eb-b070-f7731f0f411c): SELECT COUNT(*) FROM ntd_vehiclesAge
: Query ID = hive_20231203200839_a6d5140a-43db-41eb-b070-f7731f0f411c
: Total jobs = 1
: Launching Job l out of 1
: Starting task [Stage-1:MAPRED] in serial mode
: Subscribed to counters: [] for queryId: hive_20231203200839_a6d5140a-43db-41eb-b070-f7731f0f411c
: Session is already open
: Day name: SELECT COUNT(*) FROM ntd_vehiclesAge (Stage-1)
: Total serial mode (Reopening...
: Session re-established
: Status: Running (Executing command/queryId=hive_20231203200839_a6d5140a-43db-41eb-b070-f7731f0f411c). Time taken: 15_106_seconds
                       : Completed executing command(query):
: OK
: Concurrency mode is disabled, not creating a lock manager
                                  VERTICES MODE STATUS TOTAL COMPLETED RUNNING PENDING FAILED KILLED
Map 1 ..... container SUCCEEDED
Reducer 2 .... container SUCCEEDED
         row selected (17.672 seconds)
jdbc:hive2://localhost:10000>
```

# c. Spark (Advanced analytics, possibly including predictive modeling for future fleet requirements.)

- We used the Spark shell for data processing and analysis.

```
yashwanthjilla_unt@ned-hadoopspark-cluster-finalproj-m:~$ spark-sql
Setting default log level to "WARN".

To adjust logging level use sc.setLogLevel(newLevel). For SparkR, use setLogLevel(newLevel).
ivysettings.xml file not found in HIVE HOME or HIVE CONF DIR,/etc/hive/conf.dist/ivysettings.xml will be used
23/12/03 20:17:24 INFO org.apache.spark.SparkEnv: Registering MapOutputTracker
23/12/03 20:17:25 INFO org.apache.spark.SparkEnv: Registering BlockManagerMaster
23/12/03 20:17:25 INFO org.apache.spark.SparkEnv: Registering BlockManagerMasterHeartbeat
23/12/03 20:17:25 INFO org.apache.spark.SparkEnv: Registering OutputCommitCoordinator
Spark master: yarn, Application Id: application_1701629121542_0003
spark-sql> show tables;
default ntd_vehicles false
default ntd_vehiclesage false
Time taken: 3.862 seconds, Fetched 2 row(s)
spark-sql>
```

## For Dataset -1 (3 Queries & output's in Spark)

```
park-sql> SELECT * FROM intd vehicles LIMIT 5;
23/12/03 20:24:32 MANN org, apache, hadoop, util. concurrent. ExecutorHelper: Thread (Thread(GetFileInfo #1,5,main)) interrupted:
java.lang.InterruptedException
at com_opogle, common term. Characteristics. gas (AbstractPhuture. java:510)
at com_opogle, common term. Characteristics. gas (AbstractPhuture. java:510)
at org, apache, hadoop, util. concurrent. EleventPuture interded the Power of the Common term. Characteristics of the Characteristics. Characteristics of the Characteristics of the Characteristics. Characteristics of the Characteristics of the Characteristics. Characteristics of the Characteristics. Characteristics of the Characteristics. Characte
```

#### For Dataset-2 (3 Queries & outputs in Spark)

```
spark-sql> SELECT AVG(LENGTH(ntdvehiclesAge)) AS avg_length FROM ntd_vehiclesAge;
201.6211125158028
Time taken: 0.923 seconds, Fetched 1 row(s)
spark-sql>
```

#### Comparison of Hive & Spark Execution Time: -

Dataset	Query Description	Hive Execution Time (sec)	Spark Execution Time (sec)
Dataset-1	CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE	2.787	0.575
Dataset-1	Selecting 1 row	33.105	5.717
Dataset-1	Selecting 5 rows	11.205	0.339
Dataset-2	CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE in VehiclesAge	0.145	0.12
Dataset-2	Select Count all from Vehicle Age	17.672	1.706
Dataset-2	Select Average length	6.467	0.923

### **Key-Analysis: -**

- Hive is suitable for traditional data warehousing and SQL queries.
- Spark's in-memory processing makes it a superior choice for tasks involving iterative algorithms and real-time analytics.
- In comparing Hive and Spark based on the provided data and queries, Spark consistently outperforms Hive with faster execution times, particularly for data processing and analytics.
- Developing robust data management through complex queries, deeper multidimensional analysis

#### **Conclusion:**

Data experts can uncover patterns and relationships to better understand transit usage. This allows for data-driven forecasting and infrastructure planning to efficiently address current problems and proactively meet future needs.

- Predict optimal accessible stop locations via modeling.
- Forecast peak demand periods with predictive analytics.

- Collect and analyze emissions, mileage, fuel efficiency data.
- Model route optimization scenarios to increase sustainability.

### **References:**

- 1. https://spark.apache.org/
- 2. https://hive.apache.org/
- 3. https://cloud.google.com/
- 4. https://www.transit.dot.gov/ntd/data-product/2022-vehicles