```
# 1. The following line won't run because of a syntax error
# Fixed syntax error
print("Hello")
#2. Exercise 2
# The following lines won't run properly,
# even if the syntax error in the line above is corrected,
# because of a run-time error
# Fixed runtime error
print("hello")
# 3. Display a string (greeting message) directly
print ("Hello, welcome to Cryptology!")
# 4. Display the contents of a string variable
message = "This is a string variable"
print(message)
# 5. Display the string which contains single quotes
print ("This is a string with a single quote: 'cyber'.")
# 6. Display the string which contains Double Quotes
print ('This is a string with double quotes: "cyber".')
# 7. Read two numbers and perform calculations
x = float (input ("Enter the first number: "))
y = float (input ("Enter the second number: "))
# Calculations
addition=x + y
subtraction = x - y
```

```
multiplication = x * y
division = x / y
power = x ** y
print(addition)
print(subtraction)
print(multiplication)
print(division)
print(power)
# 8. Check if num1 is an integer
a = input ("Enter a number: ")
a = float(a)
if a.is_integer ():
  print ("a is an integer")
else:
  print ("a is not an integer")
# 9. Convert num1 to an integer
a = input ("Enter a number: ")
a = int(float(a))
print (f"The integer value is: {a}")
# 10. Find datatype for variables
x = 42
y = 3.14
z= "Hello, world!"
print (f"The datatype of a is: {type(x)}")
print (f"The datatype of b is: {type(y)}")
print (f"The datatype of c is: {type(z)}")
# 11. Read a float value and print the number rounded to 2 decimal places
x = float (input ("Enter a float number: "))
```

```
rounded_x = round(x, 2)
print (f"The number rounded to 2 decimal places is: {rounded x}")
# 12. Read a float value and print the absolute value
x = float (input ("Enter a float number: "))
absolute\_value = abs(x)
print (f"The absolute value is: {absolute_value}")
# 13. Store different types of values in variables
a = "Hello"
b = 56
c = 1 + 2i
d = [7, 8, 9]
e = {"key": "value"}
f = \{1, 2, 3\}
g = (1, 2, 3)
# 14. Find the data type for the above variables
print(type(a))
print(type(b))
print(type(c))
print(type(d))
print(type(e))
print(type(f))
print(type(g))
# 15. Display the number of letters in the string
a = "Cyber"
print(len(a))
# 16. Read first name and last name from the user and combine them
first_name = input ("Enter your first name: ")
last_name = input ("Enter your last name: ")
full_name = first_name + last_name
a = "Hii, " + full_name + "!"
print(a)
```

```
# 17. Display the string with space
x= "Cyber"
y= ' '. join(x)
print(y)
# 18. Display first two characters from the name
x = "Cryptology"
y = a [:2]
print(f"The first two characters are: {b}")
# 19. Display last three characters from the name
x = " Cryptology "
y = x [-3:]
print (f"The last three characters are: {y}")
# 20. Display 3rd character to last character
x = " Cryptology "
y = x [2:]
print (f"The characters from the 3rd to the last are: {y}")
# 21. Display 3rd to 5th character
x = " Cryptology "
y = x [2:5]
print (f"The The 3rd to 5th characters are: {y}")
# 22. Create a list of food with two elements
food= ["Rice", "Dal"]
print(food)
# 23. Add one more to the food list
food = ["Rice", "Dal"]
food. append("Pasta")
print(food)
# 24. Add two more food strings
food = ["Rice", "Dal"]
food. extend(["keer","salad"])
print(food)
```

```
# 25. Count total number of items in the list
food = ["Pizza", "Burger", "Pasta", "Salad", "Sushi"]
total\_items = len(food)
print(total_items)
# 26. Print the first two items in food using slicing notation
food = ["Pizza", "Burger", "Pasta", "Salad", "Sushi"]
first_two_items = food [:2]
print (f"The first two items are: {first_two_items}")
# 27. Print the last item in food using index notation
food = ["Pizza", "Burger", "Pasta", "Salad", "Sushi"]
a = food [-1]
print (f"The last item is: {a}")
# 28. Debug: Check if the number is odd or even
num = int (input ("Enter a num: "))
if num \% 2 == 0:
  print ("The num is Even.")
else:
  print ("The num is Odd.")
# 29. Debug: Convert Centigrade to Fahrenheit
c = float (input ("Enter temperature in Centigrade: "))
f = 9 * (c / 5) + 32
print ("Temperature in Fahrenheit is:", f)
# 30. Debug: Calculate average of user inputs
count = int (input ("Enter the count of numbers: "))
total sum = 0
for _ in range(count):
  x = int (input ("Enter an integer: "))
  total\_sum += x
avg = total_sum / count
print ("The average is:", avg)
```

```
# 31. Prove strings are immutable and lists are mutable
# Strings are immutable
str_value = "Hello"
try:
    str_value [0] = 'h'
except TypeError as e:
    print (f"Strings are immutable: {e}")
# Lists are mutable
list_value = [1, 2, 3]
list_value [0] = 100
```

print (f"Lists are mutable: {list_value}")