MLOps Assignment 2 Report on Linear Regression Model Training and Pipeline

1. Objective

The primary goal of this project was to build, evaluate, and compare the performance of a Linear Regression model using two different approaches:

- 1. Using the LinearRegression class from the scikit-learn package.
- 2. Implementing the Linear Regression model from scratch using Gradient Descent.

The comparison was based on the Mean Squared Error (MSE) and R-squared (R2) metrics.

2. Dataset

The dataset used is the "Bike Sharing Dataset," which records the hourly count of rental bikes in a city along with various weather and seasonal information.

Key Features:

- Categorical: season, weathersit, mnth, yr, hr, holiday, weekday, workingday, and day_night (derived from the hr feature).
- Numerical: temp, hum, windspeed, temp_hum, and temp_windspeed (interaction terms).

Target Variable:

• cnt: The total count of bike rentals during each hour.

3. Data Preprocessing

The preprocessing involved handling both categorical and numerical features as follows:

Numerical Features:

- Imputation: Missing values were imputed using the mean.
- Scaling: All numerical features were scaled using the MinMaxScaler to bring them into the same range.

Categorical Features:

- **Imputation:** Missing values were imputed using the most frequent value.
- **Encoding:** Categorical variables were encoded using TargetEncoder, which encodes categories with the mean of the target variable for each category.

4. Model Training

a. Using the LinearRegression Package

The Linear Regression model was trained using the LinearRegression class from scikit-learn. This model was fitted to the preprocessed training data, and predictions were made on the test data.

b. Implementing Linear Regression from Scratch

The model was implemented using the following steps:

- 1. Adding a Bias Term: An intercept term was added to the features.
- 2. Gradient Descent:
 - Weights were initialized to zero and iteratively updated using the gradient descent algorithm to minimize the MSE.
- 3. **Prediction:** Predictions were made on the test set using the learned weights.

5. Evaluation Metrics

• **Mean Squared Error (MSE):** Measures the average squared difference between actual and predicted values.

• **R-squared** (R²): Indicates the proportion of the variance in the target variable that is predictable from the features.

6. Results Comparison

Metric	Using Package	Scratch Implementation
Mean Squared Error (MSE)	14,974.13	22,295.89
R-squared (R²)	0.527	0.296

Observations:

- The model trained using the LinearRegression package performed significantly better, with a lower MSE and higher R², indicating a better fit.
- The scratch implementation had a higher MSE and a lower R², suggesting that the model did not perform as well, likely due to the challenges in optimizing the gradient descent algorithm.

7. Pipeline Visualization

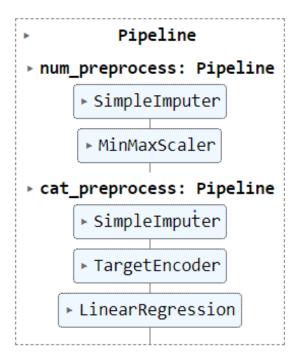
The pipeline for both approaches combined the preprocessing and model training steps. Below are the visualizations of the pipelines:

1. Scikit-Learn Linear Regression Pipeline:

 This pipeline preprocesses the numerical and categorical features and then fits a LinearRegression model from scikit-learn.

2. Custom Scratch Linear Regression Pipeline:

 This pipeline uses the same preprocessing steps but fits the custom Linear Regression model implemented from scratch.



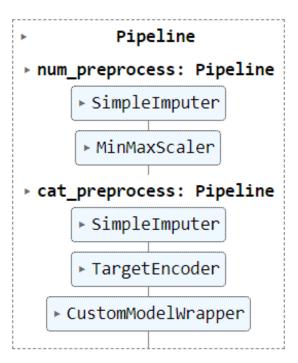


Fig: Pipeline for Linear Regression using inbuilt libraries

Fig: Pipeline for Linear Regression implemented from scratch

8. Conclusion

This project successfully demonstrated the process of building and evaluating a Linear Regression model using two different approaches. The scikit-learn implementation outperformed the manual implementation, which clearly demonstrates the importance of using well-optimized libraries for machine learning tasks to achieve the best results. The project also illustrated the integration of preprocessing steps within an ML pipeline, emphasizing the efficiency and clarity that pipelines provide in the modeling process.