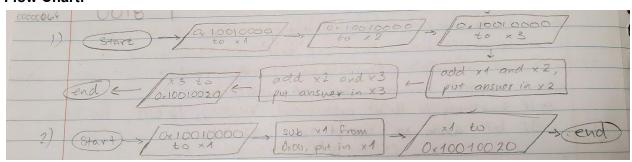
Behavior Description:

- 1. Reads 3 inputs from address 0x10010000 (by using 0x100100004 and 0x10010008 as well), and adds them together. Output the sum to address 0x10010020. Assumes the input values are 16-bit unsigned values.
- 2. Reads an input from address 0x10010000. Assumes the input is a 16-bit signed value in 2's complement (RC). Changes the sign of the input and outputs the result to address 0x10010020. The result is 16-bit signed value also in 2's complement.

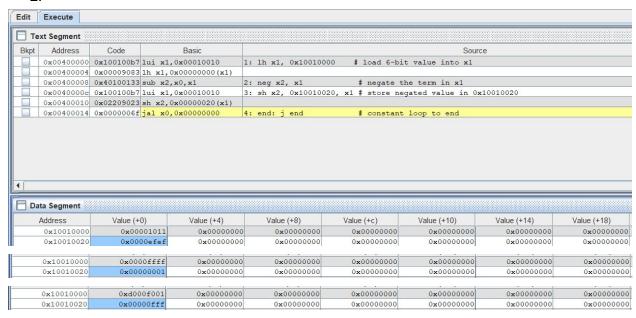
Flow Chart:



Verification By Simulation:

1.

Edit	Execute											
					>0.000							
_	ct Segment	0.1	200000000				222223					
Bkpt	Address	Code		Basic						Sou	17.7°	
=	0x00400000				1: 11	nu x1,	0x100	010000	# load f	irst 16-bit value	into x1	
= +	0x00400004			,0x00000000(x1)								
	0x00400008	0x10010137	lui x2	,0x00010010	2: 11	nu x2,	0x100	010004	# load secon	d 16-bit value in	to x2	
	0x0040000c	0x00415103	lhu x2	,0x00000004(x2)								
	0x00400010	0x100101b7	lui x3	,0x00010010	3: 11	nu x3,	0x100	010008	# load third	16-bit value int	o x 3	
	0x00400014	0x0081d183	lhu x3	,0x00000008(x3)								
	0x00400018	0x00208133	add x2	, x1, x2	4: ac	dd x2,	x1, x	c 2	# add first	and second value	together, store i	n x2
	0x0040001c	0x003101b3	add x3	, x2, x3	5: ac	dd x3,	x2, 2	c 3	# add sum of	last two and thi	rd value, store i	n x3
	0x00400020	0x100100b7	lui x1	,0x00010010	6: sh	n x3,	0x100	10020,	x1 # save t	he 16-bit sum in	0x10010020	
	0x00400024	0x02309023	sh x3,	0x00000020(x1)								
	0x00400028	0x0000006f	jal x0	,0x00000000	7: er	nd: j	end		# continuous	loop to end proq	ram	
	200											
Dat	a Segment											
Dat	a Segment	Value (+(0)	Value (+4)		Value (+8)		Value (+c)	Value (+10)	Value (+14)	Value (+18)
Dat			0)00001	Value (+4) 0x00000010)		+8) 000010		Value (+c) 0x00000000	Value (+10) 0x00000000	Value (+14) 0x00000000	
Dat	Address	0x000	,			0x00		00				0x0000000
Dat	Address 0x10010000	0x000	00001	0x00000010		0x00	000010	00	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x0000000
Dat	Address 0x10010000	0x000	000001	0x00000010		0x00	000010	00	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x00000000	0x0000000 0x0000000
Dat	Address 0x10010000 0x10010020	0x000	000001 000111 00000a	0x00000010 0x00000000		0x00	000010 000000	4	0x00000000 0x00000000	0x00000000 0x00000000	0x00000000 0x00000000	0x0000000 0x0000000
Dat	Address 0×10010000 0×10010020	0x000 0x000 0xf00	000001 000111 00000a	0x00000010 0x00000000 0x00000002		0x00	000010	4	0x00000000 0x00000000 0xfff00000	0x00000000 0x00000000 0x00000000	0x00000000 0x000000000 0x000000000	0x0000000 0x0000000
Dat	Address 0×10010000 0×10010020	0x000 0x000 0xf00 0x000	000001 000111 00000a	0x00000010 0x00000000 0x00000002		0x00 0x00 0x00	000010	4 0	0x00000000 0x00000000 0xfff00000	0x00000000 0x00000000 0x00000000	0x00000000 0x000000000 0x000000000	Value (+18) 0x0000000 0x0000000 0x0000000 0x0000000



Assembly Source Code:

1. Ihu x1, 0x10010000 # load first 16-bit value into x1
Ihu x2, 0x10010004 # load second 16-bit value into x2
Ihu x3, 0x10010008 # load third 16-bit value into x3
add x2, x1, x2 # add first and second value together, store in x2
add x3, x2, x3 # add sum of last two and third value, store in x3
sh x3, 0x10010020, x1 # save the 16-bit sum in 0x10010020
end: j end # continuous loop to end program

Ih x1, 0x10010000 # load 16-bit value into x1 neg x2, x1 # negate the term in x1 sh x2, 0x10010020, x1 # store negated value in 0x10010020 end: j end # constant loop to end