

## Huìhuà

## 会话

## Dialogue

Măkè : Lǐ Jiā , nǐ jiā yǒu jǐ kǒu rén?

马克: 李佳, 你家 有 几口 人?

Lǐ jiā : Wǒ jiā yǒu sì kǒu rén.

李佳: 我家 有 四口 人。

Mă kè : Nǐ jiā yǒu nă xiē rén ?

马克: 你家 有 哪些 人?

Lǐ jiā: Wǒ jiā yǒu bà ba s mā ma s gē ge hé wǒ. Nǐ jiā yǒu shuí?

李佳: 我家 有 爸爸、妈妈、 哥哥 和 我。你家 有 谁?

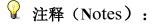
Mǎ kè: Wǒ jiā yǒu bà ba 、mā ma 、dì di , wǒ méi yǒu gē ge. 马克: 我家 有 爸爸、妈妈、 弟弟 , 我 没有 哥哥 。

Lǐ jiā: Nǐ dì di duō dà? 李佳: 你弟弟 多 大?

Mă kè: Wǒ dìdi shíwǔ suì .

马克: 我 弟弟 十五 岁 。





In Chinese "个 (gè )" are usually used when asking quantity of population, and it can be said as "你家几口人 (Nǐ jiā jǐ kǒu rén )" or "你家几个人 (Nǐ jiā jǐ gè rén)" when asking the family members .

"多大" is usually used when asking the age of people, normally as "你多大? (Nǐ duō dà?)". If children's age is asked, "你几岁 (nǐ jǐ suì)" is used. When asking older people's age, a polite form "您多大年纪 (Nín duō dà nián jì)" is used.



Mark: Li Jia, How many people are there in your family?

Li Jia: There are three people in my family.

Mark: Who are your family members?

Li Jia: My father, mother, elder brother and me. What about yours?

Mark: My father, mother, younger brother. I do not have an elder

brother.

Li Jia: How old is your younger brother?

Mark: He is fifteen.