## **100 DAYS 100 PYTHON PROBLEMS**

## [Day 6: List and List operations]

#### # LISTS :-

- A List is a fundamental data structure in Python that allow you to store a collection of items in an ordered sequence.
- List can contain elements of different data types, and each element is indexed stating from 0.
- You can create a list by enclosing items in "[]" and separating them with commas.

## # Common List Operations :-

- Accessing Elements: You can access elements by index.
  e.g. my\_list[0] retrieves first element of list.
- **Slicing**: Slicing allows you to extract a portion of list using **[start:stop]** notation.
- **Modifying Elements**: You can change the value of an element by assignment.
  - e.g. **my\_list[1] = 42** changes first element to 42.
- **Appending:** You can add an element to the end of the list using the **append()** method.
- **Inserting:** You can insert an element at a specific position using the **insert()** method.
- **Removing Elements:** You can remove elements by value using the **remove()** method or by index using the **pop()** method.
- **List Length:** You can get the number of elements in a list using the **len()** function.

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#### # PRACTICE QUESTIONS:-

- 1. Create a list called **fruits** with three of your favorite fruits and print the list.
- 2. Add a new fruit to the list and print the updated list.
- 3. Access and print the second fruit in the list.
- 4. Remove the first fruit from the list and print the updated list.
- 5. Create a new list called **numbers** with five integers. Print the length of the list.
- 6. Slice the **numbers** list to extract the last three elements and print the result.