

# THE COMPLETE FRONT-END DEVELOPMENT

**SECTION**

JAVASCRIPT REVIEW

**LECTURE**

SHORT-CIRCUITING AND LOGICAL  
OPERATORS: `&&`, `||`, `??`

# SHORT-CIRCUITING AND LOGICAL OPERATORS: &&, ||, ??

## BEFORE WE START

- 👉 In JavaScript, some logical operators, such as **the && and the || operator**, have a feature called **short circuiting**.
- 👉 **Short circuiting** in logical operators, means that, in certain conditions, the operator will **immediately return the first value and not even look at the second value**.
- 👉 And this probably **sounds confusing** so, of course, let's write some code here.

# SHORT-CIRCUITING AND LOGICAL OPERATORS: &&, ||, ??

## THE && OPERATOR

The and operator short circuits work when the first operate is **false**.

👉 So when **the first value is false** and then will immediately return that **first value**.

👉 So when **the first value is true** the end operator will automatically return **the second operant**.



```
1 const movie = getMovie(2)
2 const {title, director, hasBookAdaptation} = movie
3
4 console.log(true && "Some string"); //Some string
5 console.log(false && "Some string"); //false
6 hasBookAdaptation // false
7 console.log(hasBookAdaptation && "was adapted from book");//false
```

# SHORT-CIRCUITING AND LOGICAL OPERATORS: &&, ||, ??

👉 this also works with so-called **truthy** and **falsy values**.

👉 The falsy values is **0 , '' , null , undefined**.



```
● ● ●
1 const movie = getMovie(2)
2 const {title, director, hasBookAdaptation, publicationDate, name} = movie
3
4 // falsy : 0, '', null, undefined
5 console.log(0 && 'Some string') //0
6 console.log(name && 'Some string') //undefined
7 console.log(null && 'Some string') //null
8 console.log('' && 'Some string') //''
```

# SHORT-CIRCUITING AND LOGICAL OPERATORS: &&, ||, ??

## THE || OPERATOR

The or operator short circuits work when the first operate is **true**.

👉 So when **the first value is true** and then will immediately return that **first value**.

👉 So when **the first value is false** the end operator will automatically return **the second operant**.



```
1 const movie = getMovie(1)
2 const {title, director, hasBookAdaptation} = movie
3
4 console.log(false || "Some string"); //Some string
5 console.log(true || "Some string"); //true
6 hasBookAdaptation // true
7 console.log(hasBookAdaptation || "was adapted from book"); // true
```

# SHORT-CIRCUITING AND LOGICAL OPERATORS: &&, ||, ??



```
1 const movie = getMovie(1)
2 const {title, director, hasBookAdaptation} = movie
3
4 console.log(movie.translations.arabic) // undefined
5 const arabicTranslation = movie.translations.arabic || "Not translated"
6
7 arabicTranslation //Not translated
```

# SHORT-CIRCUITING AND LOGICAL OPERATORS: &&, ||, ??

## PROBLEM!

- 👉 this can also go wrong because this works for **all the falsy values** such as **zero or empty string** as well.
- 👉 Sometimes can have some consequences.

```
● ● ●  
1 const movie = getMovie(2);  
2 movie.reviews.librarything.reviewsCount // 0  
3  
4 const count = movie.reviews.librarything.reviewsCount || 'No data';  
5 count //No data
```

# SHORT-CIRCUITING AND LOGICAL OPERATORS: &&, ||, ??

## SOLUTION

- 👉 JavaScript has recently added a new logical operator which is called **the nullish coalescing operator**.
- 👉 it works very similarly to the or operator.



# SHORT-CIRCUITING AND LOGICAL OPERATORS: &&, ||, ??

## THE ?? OPERATOR

The nullish coalescing operator short circuits work same as the or operator.

👉 The falsy values is **null , undefined**.



```
● ● ●  
1 const movie = getMovie(2);  
2 movie.reviews.librarything.reviewsCount; // 0  
3  
4 const count = movie.reviews.librarything.reviewsCount ?? 'No data';  
5 count //0  
6
```

**SEE YOU SOON...**