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# THE COMPLETE FRONT-END DEVELOPMENT

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**SECTION**

JAVASCRIPT REVIEW

**LECTURE**

ASYNCHRONOUS JAVASCRIPT:  
PROMISES , ASYNC/AWAIT

# ASYNCHRONOUS JAVASCRIPT: PROMISES

## BEFORE WE START

- 👉 JavaScript, as a **synchronous** language, executes its code line by line. However, when dealing with **asynchronous tasks** such as fetching data from a server, traditional synchronous programming approaches can lead to **blocking behavior**, where subsequent code is halted while waiting for the asynchronous operation to complete. This can result in inefficient code and a poor user experience
- 👉 For this problem, JavaScript introduces **Promises** as the solution for handling asynchronous operations

# ASYNCHRONOUS JAVASCRIPT: PROMISES

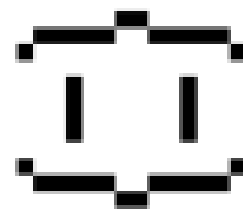
## JAVASCRIPT PROMISES

- 👉 A **promise** represents the eventual **completion** or **failure** of an asynchronous operation and its resulting value
- 👉 It can be in one of the three states: **pending**, **fulfilled**, or **rejected**.
- 👉 Promises are utilized with a **.then** method to handle the **resolved value**, and the **.catch** method is used to handle **error cases**.

```
1  asyncOperation()  
2    .then((result) => {  
3      // Handle successful result  
4    })  
5    .catch((error) => {  
6      // Handle error  
7    });
```

# ASYNCHRONOUS JAVASCRIPT: PROMISES


- 👉 In this presentation, we'll use **JSONPlaceholder** as an example to demonstrate how JavaScript promises can be used to **fetch** data from an external API asynchronously. This practical example will illustrate the real-world application of promises in web development.
- 👉 The **fetch** function is used to make **asynchronous HTTP requests** to fetch resources from a server. It **returns a promise** that resolves to the Response object representing the response to the request.
- 👉 **JSONPlaceholder** API serves as a useful tool to simulate server responses and test client-side applications without relying on a real backend.



**JSONPlaceholder**

# ASYNCHRONOUS JAVASCRIPT: PROMISES

👉 Below is an example of JavaScript code using promises to fetch data from the JSONPlaceholder API asynchronously:



```
1 fetch("https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/todos/1")
2   .then((response) => {
3     return response.json();
4   })
5   .then((data) => {
6     console.log(data);
7   });
8
9 console.log("this is the last line of the code");
```

👉 Due to the asynchronous nature of promises, the console log result at the end may appear before the result of the fetch function.

# ASYNCHRONOUS JAVASCRIPT: ASYNC/AWAIT

## PROBLEM

✎ Writing asynchronous code with **promises** using traditional promise chaining can sometimes lead to **complex** and **hard-to-maintain** code. Asynchronous operations often involve nesting multiple **.then()** callbacks, resulting in what's commonly known as '**callback hell**'. This can make code difficult to read, understand, and debug.

✎ **Async/await** provides a modern solution to this problem by offering a cleaner and more readable alternative to promise chaining

# ASYNCHRONOUS JAVASCRIPT: ASYNC/AWAIT

## ASYNC / AWAIT

- 👉 **Async functions**, declared with the **async** keyword, allow the use of **await** within their bodies. The await keyword **suspends execution until promises resolve**
- 👉 It can be in one of the three states: **pending**, **fulfilled**, or **rejected**.
- 👉 The syntax is straightforward: **async** **declares** the function as **asynchronous**, while **await** is used **before an instruction** to pause execution until the promise resolves

```
1  async function exampleAsyncFunction() {  
2    // Await a resolved promise (in this case, a promise that resolves immediately)  
3    await Promise.resolve();  
4  }  
5  // Call the async function  
6  exampleAsyncFunction();
```



# ASYNCHRONOUS JAVASCRIPT: ASYNC/AWAIT

👉 The following code snippets achieve the same task using different approaches: one utilizing promises, and the other employing async/await syntax :

```
1 fetch("https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/todos/1")
2   .then((response) => {
3     return response.json();
4   })
5   .then((data) => {
6     console.log(data);
7   });
8
9 console.log("this is the last line of the code");
```

```
1 async function fetchData() {
2   const result = await fetch("https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/todos/1");
3   const data = await result.json();
4   console.log(data);
5 }
6
7 fetchData();
8 console.log("this is the last line of the code");
```



**SEE YOU SOON...**