



Compiler Writing

Lecture 14

Compilers

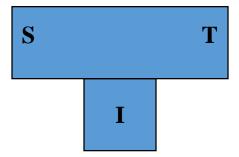
- Source Language Issues
 - Size of the source language (bigger = harder)
 - -Extent of change during compiler construction (more changes = harder)
- Performance Criteria
 - -Compiler Speed
 - Code Quality
 - Error Diagnostics
 - -Portability
 - Maintainability

Performance Criteria

- Portability
 - Retargetability
 - Rehostability
- A Retargetable compiler is one that can be modified easily to generate code for a new target language
- A Rehostable compiler is one that can be moved easily to run on a new machine
- A portable compiler may not be as efficient as a compiler designed for a specific machine, because we cannot make any specific assumption about the target machine

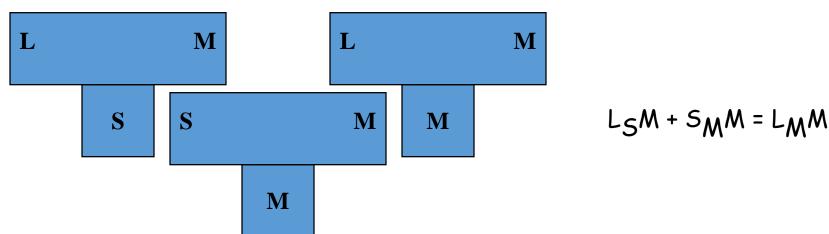
How was the first compiler compiled?

- Bootstrapping: using the facilities offered by a language to compile itself is essence of bootstrapping
- There are three languages involved in writing a compiler
 - Source Language (S)
 - Target Language (T)
 - Implementation Language (I)
- T-Diagram



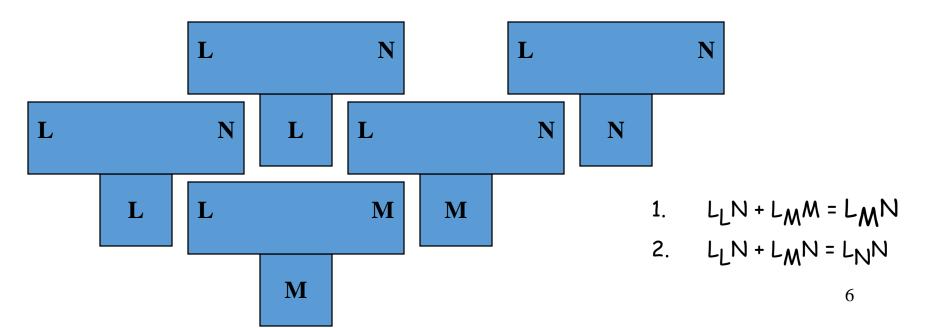
Using Bootstrapping to Compile a Compiler

- L is a high level language
- S is a small subset of L, and M is a computer
- S_MM is a running compiler produced using assembly language of machine M
- L_SM is a compiler written in S, which translates L to executable code of M
- LMM is a running compiler produced by compiling LSM using SMM



Using Bootstrapping to Port a Compiler from M to N

- L is a high level language, M and N are computers
- LMM is a running compiler, which can translate L to executable code of M
- L_I N is a compiler written in L, which translates L to executable code of N
- L_MN is a cross compiler produced by compiling L_IN using L_MM
- L_NN is a running compiler produced by compiling L_LN again using L_MN



Using Bootstrapping to Optimize a Compiler

- L is a high level language, M is slow executable code, and M' is fast executable code
- LMM is a running compiler, which can translate L to slow executable code of M
- L_I M' is a compiler written in L, which translates L to fast executable code of M'
- L_MM' is a slow compiler that generate fast codes (produced by compiling L_LM' using L_MM)
- LM'M' is a fast compiler produced by compiling LLM' again using LMM'

