

# Tasks

## Task 1

- Run the code given below.
- Try to understand what it does and how it works.
- Go through the register descriptions and operations given below the code, which may help you with this code.

```
extern  printf
extern  scanf

SECTION .data

a:      dq      5
b:      dq      2
c:      dq      0

enter:   db "Enter two numbers: ",0
out_fmt: db "%ld + %ld =%ld", 10, 0
out_fmt_2: db "%s",10,0
in_fmt:  db "%d",0

SECTION .text

global main
main:
    push    rbp

    mov     rax,0
    mov     rdi,out_fmt_2
    mov     rsi,enter
    call    printf

    mov     rax, 0
    mov     rdi, in_fmt
    mov     rsi, a
    call    scanf

    mov     rax, 0
    mov     rdi, in_fmt
    mov     rsi, b
    call    scanf

    mov     rax,[a]
    mov     rbx,[b]
    add     rax,rbx
    mov     [c],rax
    mov     rdi,out_fmt
    mov     rsi,[a]
    mov     rdx,[b]
    mov     rcx,[c]
    mov     rax,0
    call    printf
```

```

    pop     rbp

    mov     rax,0
    ret

```

## General-Purpose Registers

64-bit	32-bit	16-bit	8-bit (high/low)	Purpose / Usage
RAX	EAX	AX	AH/AL	Accumulator; arithmetic, logic, I/O
RBX	EBX	BX	BH/BL	Base; data storage, memory addressing
RCX	ECX	CX	CH/CL	Counter for loops, string operations
RDX	EDX	DX	DH/DL	I/O, multiplication/division
RSI	ESI	SI	SIL	Source index for string/data operations
RDI	EDI	DI	DIL	Destination index for string/data operations
RBP	EBP	BP	—	Base pointer for stack frames
RSP	ESP	SP	—	Stack pointer
R8–R15	R8D– R15D	R8W– R15W	R8B– R15B	Additional general-purpose registers (64-bit only)

## Data Movement Instructions

Instruction	Syntax	Purpose
mov dest, src	mov rax, rbx	Copies data from src to dest. Can be register, memory, or immediate.
push reg/mem	push rbp	Pushes value onto stack; decrements rsp by 8 (64-bit).
pop reg	pop rbp	Pops value from stack into register; increments rsp by 8.

## Arithmetic Instructions

Instruction	Syntax	Purpose
add dest, src	add rax, rbx	Adds src to dest and stores result in dest.
sub dest, src	sub rax, rbx	Subtracts src from dest.
mul src	mul rbx	Unsigned multiply rax * src. Result stored in rdx:rax.
imul src	imul rbx	Signed multiply. Can store result in rax or another register.
div src	div rbx	Unsigned divide rdx:rax / src. Quotient → rax, remainder → rdx.
idiv src	idiv rbx	Signed division.

## Task 2

Scan three variables  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$ . Print the value of  $2a + 3b + c$ .

## Task 3

Scan a variable  $x$ . Print the value of the sum of the numbers from 1 to  $x$ . You may assume  $x$  is a positive integer.