

**Course Title:** Microprocessors and Assembly Language Lab (CSE-4504)  
Department of Computer Science and Engineering (CSE)  
**Islamic University of Technology (IUT), Gazipur**

**Lab # 05**

*Understanding **Procedure** using Assembly Language Program.*

**Objective:**

To understand 8086 instructions related to Procedure using Assembly Language Program.

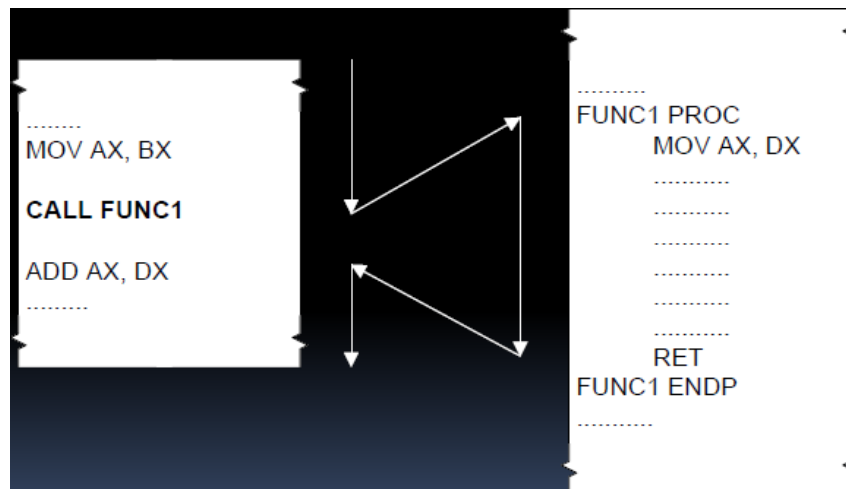
**Theory:**

- **Procedures**

With procedures we are able to write a separate piece of code, **call** it within our program, and return to the point that we left, having completed the code in the procedure. Procedures are also known as subroutines, functions or methods.

**Call and Return Instructions**

- We use the **CALL** instruction to transfer execution to the procedure
- We use the **RET** instruction to return to where the procedure was called from



**Execution of Call instruction results-**

- IP is incremented to point to the next instruction and stored (on the stack)
- The address of the first instruction in the procedure is put into IP
- Execution is restarted in the procedure

**Execution of Return instruction results-**

- The old IP is restored (from the stack)
- Execution is restarted at the point where the procedure was called from

### Assembly Language Program Example for Procedure:

```
ORG 0100H

.DATA
StrArray DB 'Hello World!!$'      ; define string to display

.CODE

MAIN PROC
    MOV AX, @DATA
    MOV DS, AX

    LEA DX, StrArray    ; set DX to point to 1st element of string array StrArray
    CALL USER           ; call procedure

    MOV AH, 4Ch
    MOV AL, 00h         ; a code after procedure call and return
    INT 21h             ; exit to DOS
MAIN ENDP

USER PROC               ; declare a procedure named USER
    MOV AH, 09h
    INT 21h
    RET                 ; return to MAIN procedure
USER ENDP              ; end of procedure USER

END MAIN               ; end of program
```

### Tasks to do:

1. Write an Assembly Language code that takes a string of length **5** (A-Za-z) as input and reverses the input characters using a ***procedure***. Both the input string and the reversed string has to be stored in a variable. Finally, display the reversed string using a separate procedure.

#### **Sample Input / Output:**

Input: HeLLo

Output: oLLeH