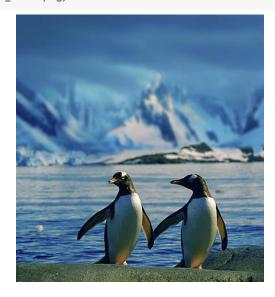
import numpy as np
import cv2
from google.colab.patches import cv2_imshow
img=cv2.imread("/content/penguinn.jpg")
cv2_imshow(img)



Height

print('Height: \n',img.shape[0])

Height: 400

Width

print('Width: \n',img.shape[1])

Width: 372

Chanell

print('Chanel: \n',img.shape[2])

Chanel:

Resize Image

r_img=cv2.resize(img,(100,100))
cv2_imshow(r_img)



Converting into grey

img_gr= cv2.cvtColor(img,cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
cv2_imshow(img_gr)



Decreasing the lightness

im= 255.0*(img_gr/255.0)**2
cv2_imshow(im)



Brightening the image

im1= (100/255)*img_gr+100
cv2_imshow(im1)



Inversing the image

im_in =255- img_gr
cv2_imshow(im_in)



Convertitng image into blur

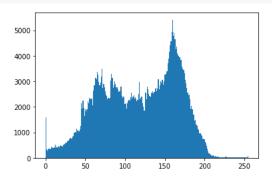
img_blr= cv2.GaussianBlur(img_gr,(3,3),0)
cv2_imshow(img_blr)



Histogram for each type of image

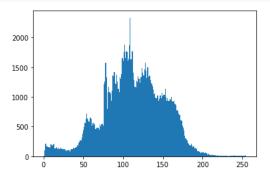
Histogram for normal image

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
#Histogram
plt.hist(img.ravel(),bins=256,range=[0,255])
plt.show()



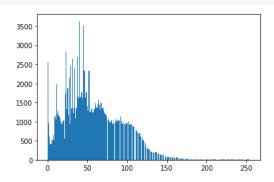
Histogram for grey image

```
plt.hist(img_gr.ravel(),bins=256,range=[0,255])
plt.show()
```



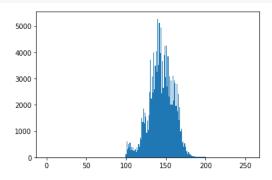
Histogram for low lighter image

```
plt.hist(im.ravel(),bins=256,range=[0,255])
plt.show()
```



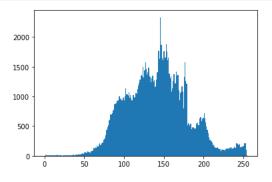
Histogram for Brighter image

```
plt.hist(im1.ravel(),bins=256,range=[0,255])
plt.show()
```



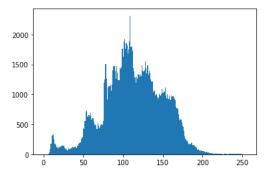
Histogram for Inverse image

```
plt.hist(im_in.ravel(),bins=256,range=[0,255])
plt.show()
```



Histogram for blur image

plt.hist(img_blr.ravel(),bins=256,range=[0,255])
plt.show()



cv2_imshow(img_blr)



Edge of the Image

laplacian=cv2.Laplacian(img_blr,cv2.CV_64F)
cv2_imshow(laplacian)



sobelx =cv2.Sobel(img,cv2.CV_64F,1,0,ksize=5) #x
cv2_imshow(sobelx)



sobely=cv2.Sobel(img,cv2.CV_64F,0,1,ksize=5) #y
cv2_imshow(sobely)

