

PART A

The 5 components of the language are

- Syntax and datatypes
- Values
- Environment
- Behavior specification
- Behavior implementation
 - o Scanning
 - o Parsing
 - o Evaluation

Racket files we define and handle the components

1)syntax&datatypes : lang.rkt

2)values : data-structures.rkt

3)environment : environment.rkt

4)behavior specification : data-structures.rkt

5)behavior implementation: interp.rkt

Syntax and datatypes for MYLET

(define-datatype program program?

(a-program
(exp1 expression?)))

(define-datatype expression expression?

(const-exp
(num number?))
(str-exp
(str string?))
(op-exp
(exp1 expression?)
(exp2 expression?)
(num number))
(zero?-exp
(exp1 expression?))
(if-exp
(exp1 expression?)
(exp2 expression?)
(conds expression?)
(exps expression?)
(exp3 expression?))

(var-exp
 (var identifier?))
(let-exp
 (var identifier?)
 (exp1 expression?)
 (body expression?)))

Values

Expressed values:

ExpVal = Int + String + Bool

Denoted values:

DenVal = Int + String + Bool

Interface for values

Constructors:

num-val: Int → ExpVal

bool-val: Bool → ExpVal

str-val: String → ExpVal

Observers:

expval → num: ExpVal → Int

expval → bool: ExpVal → Bool

expval → string: Expval → String

Environments

For MYLET language we use the same model of environment as LET.

Behavior specification

Behavior of Expressions

Constructors:

const-exp: Int → Exp

str-exp: String → Exp

op-exp: Exp x Exp x Int → Exp

zero?-exp: Exp → Exp

if-exp: Exp x Exp x
var-exp: Var \rightarrow Exp
let-exp: Var x Exp x Exp \rightarrow Exp

Observers:

value-of: Exp x Env \rightarrow ExpVal

Behavior of MYLET methods

(value-of (str-exp s) ρ) = (str-val s)

(value-of (op-exp exp1, exp2, num) ρ)

$$= \begin{cases} (\text{num-val } (+ (\text{expval} \rightarrow \text{num}(\text{value-of exp1 } \rho)) (\text{expval} \rightarrow \text{num}(\text{value-of exp2 } \rho)))) & \text{if num} = 1 \\ (\text{num-val } (- (\text{expval} \rightarrow \text{num}(\text{value-of exp1 } \rho)) (\text{expval} \rightarrow \text{num}(\text{value-of exp2 } \rho)))) & \text{if num} = 4 \\ (\text{num-val } (* (\text{expval} \rightarrow \text{num}(\text{value-of exp1 } \rho)) (\text{expval} \rightarrow \text{num}(\text{value-of exp2 } \rho)))) & \text{if num} = 2 \\ (\text{num-val } (/ (\text{expval} \rightarrow \text{num}(\text{value-of exp1 } \rho)) (\text{expval} \rightarrow \text{num}(\text{value-of exp2 } \rho)))) & \text{if num} = 3 \end{cases}$$

(value-of exp1 ρ) = val1 and (value-of conds ρ) = val2

(value-of (if-exp exp1 exp2 conds exps exp3) ρ)

$$= \begin{cases} (\text{value-of exp2 } \rho) & \text{if } (\text{expval} \rightarrow \text{bool val1}) = \#t \\ (\text{value-of exps } \rho) & \text{if } (\text{expval} \rightarrow \text{bool val1}) = \#f \text{ and if } (\text{expval} \rightarrow \text{bool val2}) = \#t \\ (\text{value-of exp3 } \rho) & \text{if } (\text{expval} \rightarrow \text{bool val1}) = \#f \text{ and if } (\text{expval} \rightarrow \text{bool val2}) = \#f \end{cases}$$

PART B

```
[x=1]
  [y=2]
    [z=3]p
```

to abbreviate

```
(extend-env 'x 1
(extend-env 'y 2
(extend-env 'u 3 p)))
```

PART C

Expressed values:

ExpVal = Int + String + Bool

Denoted values:

DenVal = Int + String + Bool

Constructors:

num-val: Int → ExpVal

bool-val: Bool → ExpVal

str-val: String → ExpVal

Observers:

expval → num: ExpVal → Int

expval → bool: ExpVal → Bool

expval → string: Expval → String

```
(define-datatype expval expval?
```

```
  (num-val (num number?))
```

```
  (bool-val (bool boolean?))
```

```
  (str-val (str string?)))
```

```
(define expval->num
```

```
  (lambda (val)
```

```
    (cases expval val
```

```
      (num-val (num) num)
```

```
      (else (report-expval-extractor-error 'num val))))))
```

```
(define expval->bool
  (lambda (val)
    (cases expval val
      (bool-val (bool) bool)
      (else (report-expval-extractor-error 'bool val))))))
```

```
(define expval->str
  (lambda (val)
    (cases expval val
      (str-val (str) str)
      (else (report-expval-extractor-error 'str val))))))
```

PART D

Our custom expression is an exponential expression with the following syntax:

Expression ::= exponential (Expression, Expression)

custom-exp (exp1, exp2)

Workload Distribution:

All three of us worked together for the most part especially during the implementation of the MYLET language.