# **Exercise 7.2**

- Q1. Identify the following statements as True or False.
- i) |x| = 0 has only one solution.

(True)

- ii) All absolute value equations have two solutions. (False)
- iii) The equation |x|=2 is equivalent to x=2 or x=-2. (True)

iv) The equation 
$$|x-4|=-4$$
 has no solution. (True)

v) The equation 
$$|2x-3|=5$$
 is  
equivalent to  $2x-3=5$  or  
 $2x+3=5$  (False.)

### 02. Solve for x.

i) 
$$|3x-5|=4$$

$$\Rightarrow +(3x-5) = 4 \text{ or } -(3x-5) = 4$$

$$3x-5 = 4 \text{ or } 3x-5 = -4$$

$$3x = 4+5 \text{ or } 3x = -4+5$$

$$3x = 9 \text{ or } 3x = 1$$

$$x = 3 \text{ or } x = \frac{1}{2}$$

### Check:

Substituting x = 3 in given equation

$$|3(3)-5|=4$$
  
 $|9-5|=4$   
 $|4|=4$ 

$$4=4$$
 which is true

Putting  $x = \frac{1}{3}$  in given equation

$$\begin{vmatrix} 3\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) - 5 \end{vmatrix} = 4$$
$$|1 - 5| = 4$$
$$|-4| = 4$$

$$4 = 4$$
 which is true, so

Solution Set = 
$$\left\{3, \frac{1}{3}\right\}$$

ii) 
$$\frac{1}{2}|3x+2|-4=11$$
  
 $\frac{1}{2}|3x+2|=11+4$ 

$$\frac{1}{2}|3x+2|=15$$

$$|3x+2|=15\times 2$$

$$|3x+2|=30$$

$$+(3x+2)=30 \quad \text{or} \quad -(3x+2)=30$$

$$3x+2=30 \quad \text{or} \quad 3x+2=-30$$

$$3x=30-2 \quad \text{or} \quad 3x=-30-2$$

$$3x=28 \quad \text{or} \quad 3x=-32$$

$$x=\frac{28}{3} \quad \text{or} \quad x=\frac{-32}{3}$$

### Check:

Putting  $x = \frac{28}{3}$  in the given equation

$$\frac{1}{2} \left| 3 \left( \frac{28}{3} \right) + 2 \right| - 4 = 11$$

$$\frac{1}{2} |28 + 2| - 4 = 11$$

$$\frac{1}{2} |30| - 4 = 11$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (30) - 4 = 11$$

$$15 - 4 = 11$$

$$11 = 11 \text{ which is true}$$

Now putting  $x = -\frac{32}{3}$  in the given equation.

$$\frac{1}{2} \left| \cancel{3} \left( -\frac{32}{\cancel{3}} \right) + 2 \right| - 4 = 11$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left| -32 + 2 \right| - 4 = 11$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left| -30 \right| - 4 = 11$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (30) - 4 = 11$$

$$15-4=11$$
  
11=11 which is true, so

Hence Solution Set = 
$$\left\{ \frac{28}{3}, -\frac{32}{3} \right\}$$

**iii**) 
$$|2x+5|=11$$

$$+(2x+5)=11$$
 or  $-(2x+5)=11$ 

$$2x+5=11$$
 or  $2x+5=-11$ 

$$2x = 11 - 5$$
 or  $2x = -11 - 5$ 

$$2x = 6$$
 or  $2x = -16$ 

$$x = \frac{6}{2} \qquad \text{or} \qquad x = \frac{-16}{2}$$

$$x = 3$$
 or  $x = -8$ 

## Check:

Putting x = 3 in the given equation.

$$|2(3)+5|=11$$

$$|6+5|=11$$

$$|11| = 11$$

11=11 which is true

Now putting x = -8 in the given equation.

$$|2(-8)+5|=11$$

$$|-16+5|=11$$

$$|-11| = 11$$

$$11=11$$
 which is true, so

Solution Set =  $\{3, -8\}$ 

iv) 
$$|3+2x| = |6x-7|$$

$$\frac{|3+2x|}{|6x-7|} = 1$$

$$\left|\frac{3+2x}{6x-7}\right|=1$$

$$+\left(\frac{3+2x}{6x-7}\right)=1$$
 or  $-\left(\frac{3+2x}{6x-7}\right)=1$ 

$$\frac{3+2x}{6x-7} = 1 \qquad \text{or} \qquad \frac{3+2x}{6x-7} = -1$$

$$3+2x = 6x-7 \quad \text{or} \qquad 3+2x = -6x+7$$

$$3+7 = 6x-2x \quad \text{or} \qquad 2x+6x = 7-3$$

$$10 = 4x \qquad \text{or} \qquad 8x = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{10}{4} \qquad \text{or} \qquad x = \frac{4}{8}$$

# $x = \frac{5}{2} \qquad \text{or} \qquad x = \frac{1}{2}$

## Check:

Putting  $x = \frac{5}{2}$  in the given equation

$$\left| 3 + 2 \left( \frac{5}{2} \right) \right| = \left| {}^{3} \cancel{6} \left( \frac{5}{2} \right) - 7 \right|$$

$$|3+5| = |15-7|$$

$$|8| = |8|$$

8 = 8 which is true

Now putting  $x = \frac{1}{2}$  in the given equation

$$\left| 3 + 2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) \right| = \left| 6 \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) - 7 \right|$$

$$|3+1| = |3-7|$$

$$|4| = |-4|$$

4=4 which is true, so

Solution Set = 
$$\left\{\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right\}$$

v) 
$$|x+2|-3=5-|x-2|$$

$$|x+2|+|x+2|=5+3$$

$$2|x+2|=8$$

$$|x+2| = \frac{8}{2}$$

$$|x+2| = 4$$

$$+(x+2)=4$$
 or  $-(x+2)=4$   
 $x+2=4$  or  $x+2=-4$   
 $x=4-2$  or  $x=-4-2$   
 $x=2$  or  $x=-6$ 

### Check:

Putting x = 2 in the give equation

$$|2+2|-3=5-|2+2|$$

$$|4|-3=5-|4|$$

$$4 - 3 = 5 - 4$$

$$1=1$$
 which is true

Now putting x = -6 in the given equation.

$$|-6+2|-3=5-|-6+2|$$

$$|-4|-3=5-|-4|$$

$$4 - 3 = 5 - 4$$

$$1=1$$
 which is true, so

Solution Set =  $\{2, -6\}$ 

vi) 
$$\frac{1}{2}|x+3|+21=9$$
$$\frac{1}{2}|x+3|=9-21$$
$$\frac{1}{2}|x+3|=-12$$
$$|x+3|=-24$$

As the value of absolute cannot be negative, so Solution Set =  $\{$ 

vii) 
$$\left| \frac{3-5x}{4} \right| - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$
$$\left| \frac{3-5x}{4} \right| = \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3}$$
$$\left| \frac{3-5x}{4} \right| = \frac{\cancel{3}}{\cancel{3}}$$
$$\left| \frac{3-5x}{4} \right| = 1$$

$$+\left(\frac{3-5x}{4}\right) = 1 \text{ or } -\left(\frac{3-5x}{4}\right) = 1$$

$$\frac{3-5x}{4} = 1 \text{ or } \frac{3-5x}{4} = -1$$

$$3-5x = 4 \text{ or } 3-5x = -4$$

$$3-4 = 5x \text{ or } 3+4 = 5x$$

$$-1 = 5x \text{ or } 7 = 5x$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{5} \text{ or } x = \frac{7}{5}$$

# Check:

Putting  $x = -\frac{1}{5}$  in the given equation

$$\left| \frac{3 - 5\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)}{4} \right| - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\left| \frac{3 + 1}{4} \right| - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\left| \frac{4}{4} \right| - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\left| 1 \right| - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$1 - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{3-1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$
 which is true,

Now putting  $x = \frac{7}{5}$  in the given equation

$$\left| \frac{3 - 3\left(\frac{7}{3}\right)}{4} \right| - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\left| \frac{3-7}{4} \right| - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\left| -\frac{4}{4} \right| - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\left| -1 \right| - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$1 - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$
 which is true

So, solution set = 
$$\left\{-\frac{1}{5}, \frac{7}{5}\right\}$$

viii) 
$$\left| \frac{x+5}{2-x} \right| = 6$$
  
 $+\left( \frac{x+5}{2-x} \right) = 6$  or  $-\left( \frac{x+5}{2-x} \right) = 6$   
 $\frac{x+5}{2-x} = 6$  or  $\frac{x+5}{2-x} = -6$   
 $x+5=12-6x$  or  $x+5=12+6x$   
 $x+6x=12-5$  or  $5+12=6x-x$   
 $7x=7$  or  $17=5x$   
 $x=1$  or  $x=\frac{17}{5}$ 

or

# Check:

x = 1

Putting x = 1 in the given equation.

$$\left| \frac{1+5}{2-1} \right| = 6$$

$$\left| \frac{6}{1} \right| = 6$$

$$\left| 6 \right| = 6$$

$$6 = 6$$

Now putting  $x = \frac{17}{5}$  in the given equation

$$\left| \frac{\frac{17}{5} + 5}{2 - \frac{17}{5}} \right| = 6$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} \frac{17+25}{8} \\ \frac{10-17}{8} \end{vmatrix} = 6$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} \frac{42}{-7} \\ | -6 | = 6 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$6 = 6 \quad \text{which is true}$$
So, solution set =  $\left\{1, \frac{17}{-1}\right\}$ 

So, solution set = 
$$\left\{1, \frac{17}{5}\right\}$$