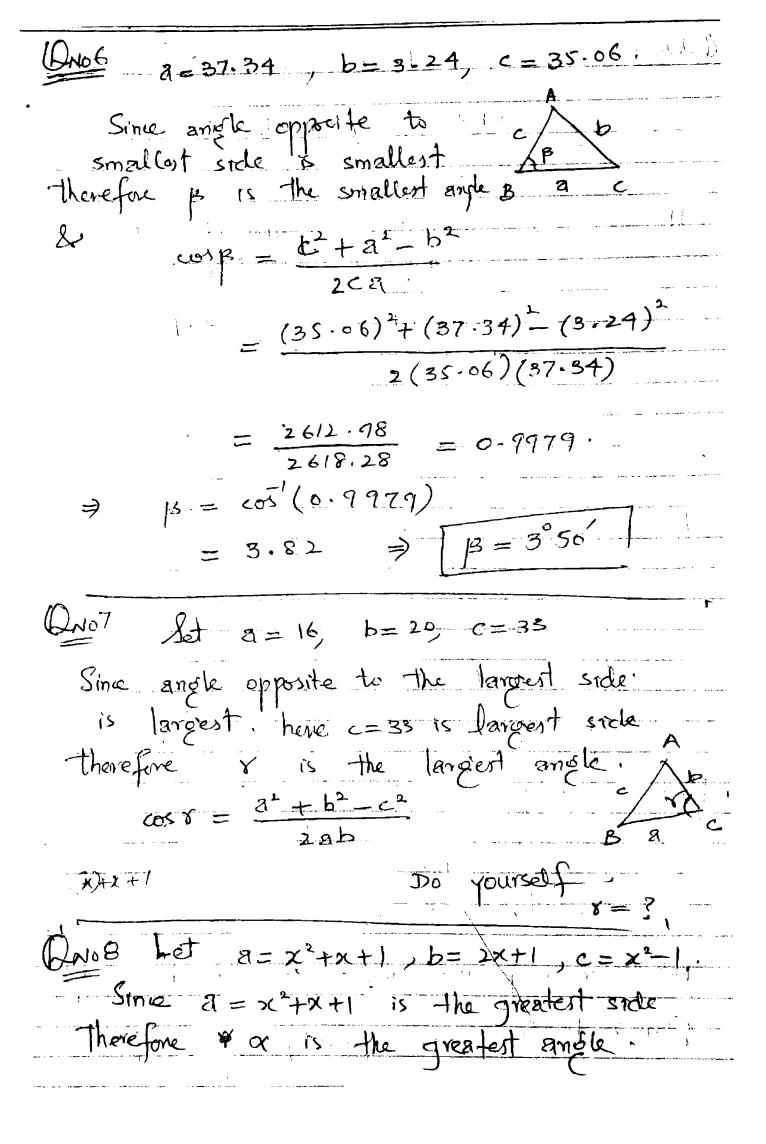
Exercise 12.6



Now
$$\cos \alpha = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - 3i^2}{2 bc}$$

$$= \frac{(2x+1)^2 + (x^2-1)^2 - (x^2+x+1)^2}{2(2x+1)(x^2-1)}$$

$$= \frac{4x^2 + 4x + 1 + x^4 - 2x^2 + 1 - (x^4 + x^2 + 1 + 2x^3 + 2x + 2x^2)}{2(2x^3 + x^2 - 2x - 1)}$$

$$= \frac{x^4 + x^2 + 1x + 2 - x^4 - x^2 - 1 - 2x^3 - 2x - 2x^2}{2(2x^3 + x^2 - 2x - 1)}$$

$$= \frac{-2x^3 - x^2 + 2x + 1}{2(2x^3 + x^2 - 2x - 1)} - \frac{(2x^3 + x^2 - 2x - 1)}{2(2x^3 + x^2 - 2x - 1)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos \alpha = -\frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \alpha = \cos^3(-\frac{1}{2})$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha = 120^\circ$$
Chos $\alpha = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc}$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc}$$

$$= \frac{(4)^2 + (13)^2 - (6)^2}{214^2 - (9)(15)}$$

$$= \frac{(4)^2 + (13)^2 - (6)^2}{234}$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{(0.9145)}{(0.9145)} = 23.86^{\circ}$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha = 23^{\circ}52^{\prime}$$
Now
$$\cos \beta^{2} = \frac{c^{2} + a^{2} - b^{2}}{2 ca}$$

$$= \frac{(13)^{2} + (6)^{2} - (9)^{2}}{2 (13)(6)} = \frac{124}{156} = 0.7948$$

$$\Rightarrow \beta = \omega 5^{\prime}(0.7948) = 37^{\circ}21^{\prime}$$

$$\Rightarrow \beta = 180 - \alpha - \beta$$

$$= 180 - 23^{\circ}52^{\prime} - 3721^{\prime}$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha = 18^{\circ} + \alpha = 180$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha = 18^{\circ} + \alpha = 18$$