

EXERCISE 2.6

1. For $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ find the following relations in A . State the domain and range of each relation. Also draw the graph of each.

(i) $\{(x, y) \mid y = x\}$

$R_1 = \{(1, 1), (2, 2), (3, 3), (4, 4)\}$

$\text{Dom } R_1 = \{1, 2, 3, 4\} = A$

$\text{Range } R_1 = \{1, 2, 3, 4\} = A$

(ii) $R_2 = \{(x, y) \mid y + x = 5\}$

$R_2 = \{(1, 4), (2, 3), (3, 2), (4, 1)\}$

$\text{Dom } R_2 = \{1, 2, 3, 4\} = A$

$\text{Range } R_2 = \{1, 2, 3, 4\} = A$

(iii) $R_3 = \{(x, y) \mid x + y < 5\}$

$R_3 = \{(1, 2), (1, 3), (2, 1), (3, 1), (2, 2), (1, 1)\}$

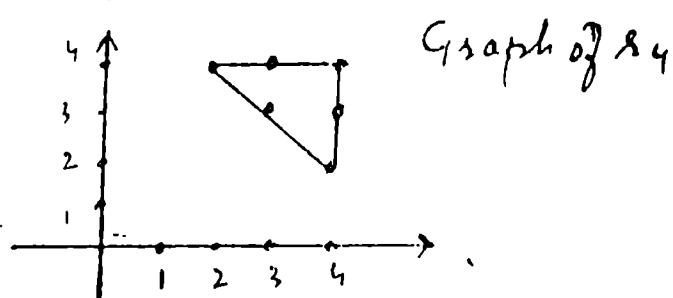
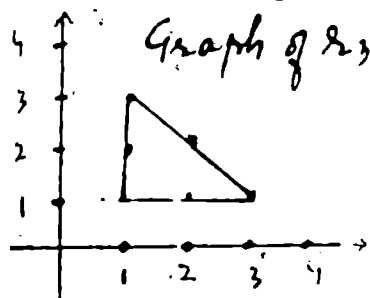
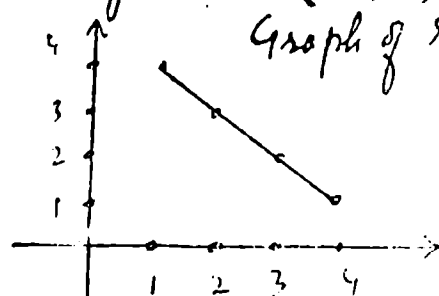
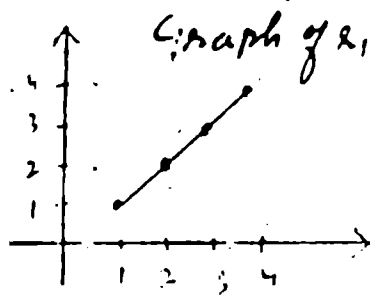
$\text{Dom } (R_3) = \{1, 2, 3\}$ $\text{Range } R_3 = \{1, 2, 3\}$

(iv) $R_4 = \{(x, y) \mid x + y > 5\}$

$R_4 = \{(2, 4), (3, 3), (4, 3), (3, 4), (4, 2), (4, 4)\}$

$\text{Dom } R_4 = \{2, 3, 4\}$

$\text{Range } R_4 = \{2, 3, 4\}$



2. Repeat Q=1 when $A = \mathbb{R}$ Set of real Numbers which of the real lines are functions.

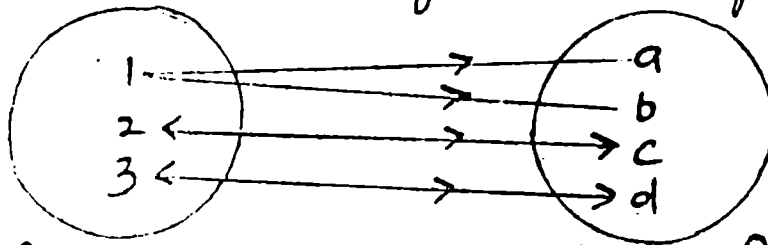
$R_1 = \{(x, y) \mid y = x\}$ is a function

$R_2 = \{(x, y) \mid x + y = 5\}$ is a function

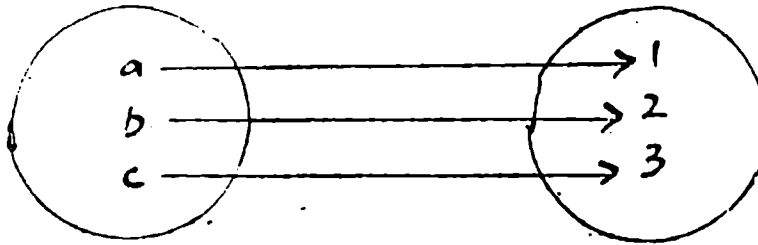
$R_3 = \{(x, y) \mid x + y < 5\}$ is not a function because Domain is repeated

$R_4 = \{(x, y) \mid x+y > 5\}$ is not a function because Domain is repeated.

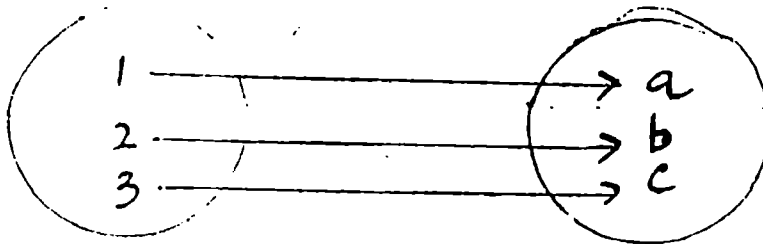
3. Which of the following diagrams represent functions and of which type.



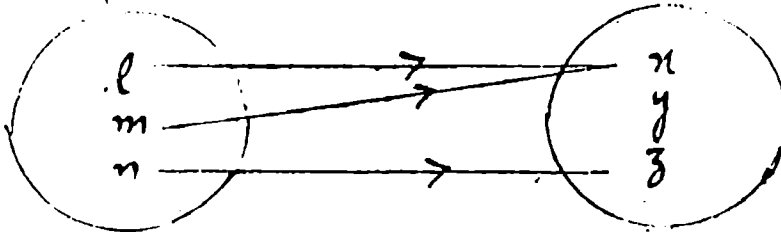
It does not represent a function.



It represents one-to-one and onto function.



It represents one-to-one and onto function.



4. It represents an injective (Into) function. Find the inverse of each of the following relations. Tell whether each relation and its inverse is a function or not.

(i) $R = \{(2, 1), (3, 2), (4, 3), (5, 4), (6, 5)\}$

'R' is a function $\text{Dom}(R) = \{2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$

$R^{-1} = \{(1, 2), (2, 3), (3, 4), (4, 5), (5, 6)\}$

R^{-1} is also a function with

$\text{Dom}(R^{-1}) = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$

$$(ii) \quad R = \{(1, 3), (2, 5), (3, 7), (4, 9), (5, 11)\}$$

R is a function $\text{Dom}(R) = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$

$$R^{-1} = \{(3, 1), (5, 2), (7, 3), (9, 4), (11, 5)\}$$

R^{-1} is also a function

As domain is not repeated.

$$(iii) \quad R = \{(x, y) \mid y = 2x + 3, x \in \mathbb{R}\}$$

put $x = 0, 1, 2, \dots$

$$R = \{(0, 3), (1, 5), (2, 7), \dots\}$$

R is a function

$$R^{-1} = \{(x, y) \mid y = \frac{x-3}{2}, x \in \mathbb{R}\}$$

put $x = 0, 1, 2, \dots$

$$R^{-1} = \{(0, -\frac{3}{2}), (1, -\frac{1}{2}), \dots\}$$

R^{-1} is a function

$$(iv) \quad R = \{(x, y) \mid y^2 = 4ax, x \geq 0\}$$

put $x = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots$

$$R = \{(0, 0), (1, 2\sqrt{a}), (2, \sqrt{8a}), \dots\}$$

R is a function

$$R^{-1} = \{(x, y) \mid y = \frac{1}{4a} x^2, x \geq 0\}$$

R^{-1} is a function

$$(v) \quad R = \{(x, y) \mid x^2 + y^2 = 9, |x|, |y| \leq 3\}$$

$$R^{-1} = \{(x, y) \mid y^2 + x^2 = 9, |x|, |y| \leq 3\}$$

R and R^{-1} are not functions

put $x = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots$

$$R = \{(0, 0), ($$

As Domain is repeated.

