# **EXERCISE 4.2**

## Question # 1(i)

Since 
$$P(x, y) = P(3, 2)$$

i.e. 
$$x = 3$$
 and  $y = 2$ 

$$O'(h,k) = O'(1,3)$$

i.e. 
$$h = 1$$
 and  $k = 3$ 

$$X = x - h$$

$$= 3-1 = 2$$

Also 
$$Y = y - k$$

$$= 2-3 = -1$$

Hence (2,-1) is point P in XY – coordinates.

## Question # 1(ii) & (iii)

Do yourself

## Question # 1(iv)

Since 
$$P(x, y) = P\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2}\right)$$

i.e. 
$$x = \frac{3}{2}$$
 and  $y = \frac{5}{2}$ 

$$O'(h,k) = O'\left(-\frac{1}{2},\frac{7}{2}\right)$$

i.e. 
$$h = -\frac{1}{2}$$
 and  $k = \frac{7}{2}$ 

$$X = x - h$$

$$=\frac{3}{2}-\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)=2$$

And 
$$Y = y - k$$

$$=\frac{5}{2}-\frac{7}{2}=-1$$

Hence (2,-1) are coordinates of P in XY-axes.

#### Question # 2(i)

$$P(X,Y) = P(8,10)$$

$$\Rightarrow X = 8 \text{ and } Y = 10$$

$$O'(h,k) = O'(3,4)$$

$$\Rightarrow h = 3$$
 and  $k = 4$ 

$$X = x - h$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 8 =  $x-3$ 

$$\Rightarrow x = 8+3 \Rightarrow x = 11$$

Also 
$$Y = y - k$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 10 =  $y-4$ 

$$\Rightarrow$$
  $y = 10 + 4 \Rightarrow y = 14$ 

Hence (11,14) are coordinates of P in xy-axes.

#### Question # 2(ii)

Do yourself

### Question # 2(iii)

$$P(X,Y) = P\left(-\frac{3}{4}, -\frac{7}{6}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow X = -\frac{3}{4}$$
 and  $Y = -\frac{7}{6}$ 

$$O'(h,k) = O'\left(\frac{1}{4}, -\frac{1}{6}\right)$$
  
 $\Rightarrow h = \frac{1}{4} \text{ and } k = -\frac{1}{6}$   
 $\therefore X = x - h$ 

$$X = x - h$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{3}{4} = x - \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = -\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \quad \Rightarrow x = -\frac{1}{2}$$

Also 
$$Y = v - k$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{7}{6} = y + \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = -\frac{7}{6} - \frac{1}{6} \Rightarrow y = -\frac{4}{3}$$

Hence  $\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{4}{3}\right)$  is the required point.

## Question # 2(iv)

Do yourself

### **Rotation of Axes**

Let (x, y) be the coordinates of point P in xy-coordinate system. If the axes are rotated through at angle of  $\theta$  and (X,Y) are coordinate of P in new XY-coordinate system then

$$X = x\cos\theta + y\sin\theta$$

$$Y = y \cos \theta - x \sin \theta$$

#### Question # 3(i)

$$P(x,y) = P(5,3)$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 5 \& y = 3 , \theta = 45^{\circ}$$

Since 
$$X = x \cos \theta + y \sin \theta$$

$$= 5\cos 45^{\circ} + 3\sin 45^{\circ}$$

$$= 5\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + 3\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(5+3)$$

$$=\frac{8}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{4\times 2}{\sqrt{2}} = 4\sqrt{2}$$

Now  $Y = y\cos\theta - x\sin\theta$ 

$$= 3\cos 45^{\circ} - 5\sin 45^{\circ}$$

$$= 3\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) - 5\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(3-5)$$

$$= -2\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) = -\sqrt{2}$$

Hence the required point is  $(4\sqrt{2}, -\sqrt{2})$ .

#### Question # 3(ii)

$$P(x,y) = P(3,-7)$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 3 \& y = -7 , \theta = 30^{\circ}$$

Since 
$$X = x \cos \theta + y \sin \theta$$

$$= 3\cos 30^{\circ} - 7\sin 30^{\circ}$$

$$\Rightarrow X = 3\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) - 7\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{3} - 7}{2}$$
Now  $Y = y\cos\theta - x\sin\theta$ 

$$= -7\cos 30^{\circ} - 3\sin 30^{\circ}$$

$$= -7\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) - 3\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{-7\sqrt{3} - 3}{2}$$

Hence the required point is

$$\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}-7}{2}, \frac{-7\sqrt{3}-3}{2}\right).$$

#### Question # 3(iii)

Do yourself

## Question # 3(iv)

$$P(x,y) = P(15,10)$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 15 \quad \& \quad y = 10$$
Also  $\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$ 

$$\Rightarrow \tan \theta = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}, \quad \cos \theta = \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}$$
Now  $X = x \cos \theta + y \sin \theta$ 

$$= 15\left(\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}\right) + 10\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}(45 + 10) = \frac{55}{\sqrt{10}}$$

$$Y = y \cos \theta - x \sin \theta$$

$$= 10\left(\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}\right) - 15\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}(30 - 15) = \frac{15}{\sqrt{10}}$$

## Question # 3(iv) (Edition 2007)

Hence the required point is  $\left(\frac{55}{\sqrt{10}}, \frac{15}{\sqrt{10}}\right)$ .

$$P(x,y) = P(15,10)$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 15 & y = 10$$
Also  $\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)$ 

$$\Rightarrow \tan \theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin \theta = \frac{1}{2}, \quad \cos \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$
Now  $X = x \cos \theta + y \sin \theta$ 

$$\tan \theta = \frac{y}{x} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{3}, y = 1$$

$$r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(\sqrt{3})^2 + 1^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{4} = 2$$

$$= 15\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) + 10\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{15\sqrt{3} + 10}{2}$$

$$Y = y\cos\theta - x\sin\theta$$

$$= 10\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) - 15\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{10\sqrt{3} - 15}{2}$$

Hence the required point is

$$\left(= \frac{15\sqrt{3}+10}{2}, \frac{10\sqrt{3}-15}{2}\right).$$

#### Question # 4(i)

$$P(X,Y) = P(-5,3)$$

$$X = -5 & Y = 3$$
Also  $\theta = 30^{\circ}$ 

Therefore 
$$\sin \theta = \frac{1}{2}$$
 &  $\cos \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ 

Now 
$$X = x \cos \theta + y \sin \theta$$

$$\Rightarrow -5 = x \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) + y \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{3}x + y = -10 \dots (i)$$

Also 
$$Y = y \cos \theta - x \sin \theta$$

$$\Rightarrow 3 = y \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) - x \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 6 =  $\sqrt{3}y - x$ 

$$\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{3}y - 6 \dots (ii)$$

Putting value of x in (i)

$$\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}y-6)+y = -10$$

$$\Rightarrow 3y-6\sqrt{3}+y = -10$$

$$\Rightarrow 4y = -10+6\sqrt{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \frac{-10+6\sqrt{3}}{4}$$

$$= \frac{-5+3\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

Putting value of y in (ii)

$$x = \sqrt{3} \left( \frac{-5 + 3\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) - 6$$

$$= \frac{-5\sqrt{3} + 9}{2} - 6 = \frac{-5\sqrt{3} + 9 - 12}{2}$$

$$= \frac{-5\sqrt{3} - 3}{2}$$

Hence  $\left(\frac{-5\sqrt{3}-3}{2}, \frac{-5+3\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$  is required point.

## Question # 4(ii)

Do yourself

## Question # 4(iii)

Since 
$$P(X,Y) = P(-\frac{2}{13}, \frac{7}{13})$$

$$\Rightarrow X = -\frac{2}{13} & & Y = \frac{7}{13}$$
Now  $\theta = \arctan \frac{5}{12}$ 

$$\Rightarrow \tan \theta = \frac{5}{12}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{\frac{5}{13}}{\frac{12}{13}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin \theta = \frac{5}{13} \text{ and } \cos \theta = \frac{12}{13}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{y}{x} = \frac{5}{12}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 12, y = 5$$

$$r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{12^2 + 5^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{169} = 13$$

Now do yourself as above.