$$1.30$$
 خزج سے جذری علامت دور کیجے۔ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$ (ii) $\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{7}{\sqrt{3}}$ (iii) $\frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{7}}$

 $=\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}\times\frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}}$

 $=\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}$

 $\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{7}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{14}{\sqrt{6}}$

 $=\frac{14}{\sqrt{6}}\times\frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{6}}$

 $=\frac{14\sqrt{6}}{6}$

 $=\frac{7\sqrt{6}}{2}$

(i) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$ (ii) $\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{7}{\sqrt{3}}$

 $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$ (i)

 $\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{7}{\sqrt{3}} \quad \text{(ii)}$ $: \mathcal{J}^{\bullet}$

(i) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$ $\sqrt{5}$ $\sqrt{5}$

6√ سے ضرب اور تقسیم کرنے سے

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{7}} \quad \text{(iii)}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{7}} \times \frac{\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{7}}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{42}}{7}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{42}}{7}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{8}}}{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{8}}} = \sqrt{2+\sqrt{2\times4}}$$
(i)

$$\sqrt{2+\sqrt{8}} = \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2 \times 4}$$

$$= \sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$= 3\sqrt{2}$$

$$4\sqrt{50} + \sqrt{200} + \sqrt{50}$$

$$= 4\sqrt{50} + \sqrt{50} \times 4 + \sqrt{50}$$

$$= 4\sqrt{50} + 2\sqrt{50} + \sqrt{50} = \sqrt{50}(4+2+1)$$

$$= 4\sqrt{50} + 2\sqrt{50} + \sqrt{50} = \sqrt{50}(4+2+1)$$

$$= 7\sqrt{50}$$

$$= 7 \times 5\sqrt{2}$$

$$= 35\sqrt{2}$$

$$= 4\sqrt{50} + 2\sqrt{50} = \sqrt{50} (4 + 2 + 1)$$

$$= 7\sqrt{50}$$

$$= 7 \times 5\sqrt{2}$$

$$= 35\sqrt{2}$$

$$(\sqrt{12} - \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{20} - 3\sqrt{2}) \text{ (iii)}$$

$$= 7\sqrt{50}$$

$$= 7 \times 5\sqrt{2}$$

$$= 35\sqrt{2}$$

$$(\sqrt{12} - \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{20} - 3\sqrt{2}) = (\sqrt{4 \times 3} - \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{4 \times 5} - 3\sqrt{2})$$

$$= (2\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2})(2\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{2})$$

$$= 2\sqrt{3}(2\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{2}) - \sqrt{2}(2\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{2})$$

$$= 4\sqrt{15} - 6\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{10} + 6$$
(110)

$$(\sqrt{12} - \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{20} - 3\sqrt{2}) = (\sqrt{4 \times 3} - \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{4 \times 5} - 3\sqrt{2})$$

$$= (2\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2})(2\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{2})$$

$$= 2\sqrt{3}(2\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{2}) - \sqrt{2}(2\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{2})$$

$$= 4\sqrt{15} - 6\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{10} + 6$$

$$(6 + \sqrt{2})(5 - \sqrt{5}) = 6(5 - \sqrt{5}) + \sqrt{2}(5 - \sqrt{5})$$
(iv)

 $(6+\sqrt{2})(5-\sqrt{5})=6(5-\sqrt{5})+\sqrt{2}(5-\sqrt{5})$

 $=30-6\sqrt{5}+5\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{10}$

 $(\sqrt{3}-2)(5-\sqrt{5})$ (v)

 $(\sqrt{3}-2)(5-\sqrt{5}) = \sqrt{3}(5-\sqrt{5})-2(5-\sqrt{5})$

 $=5\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{15}-10+2\sqrt{5}$

$$(7+\sqrt{3})(5+\sqrt{2}) = 7(5+\sqrt{2})+\sqrt{3}(5+\sqrt{2})$$

$$\therefore = 35+7\sqrt{2}+5\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{6}$$

$$\therefore = 35+7\sqrt{2}+5\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{6}$$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}+2}$$

$$\vdots$$

$$(i)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{3} + 2} \times \frac{\sqrt{3} - 2}{\sqrt{3} - 2} = \frac{\sqrt{3} - 2}{(\sqrt{3})^2 - (2)^2}$$
$$= \frac{\sqrt{3} - 2}{3 - 4} = 2 - \sqrt{3}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{3}-2}{3-4} = 2 - \sqrt{3}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{3-2}}{3-4} = 2 - \sqrt{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{4-\sqrt{5}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4 - \sqrt{5}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4 - \sqrt{5}} \times \frac{4 + \sqrt{5}}{4 + \sqrt{5}} = \frac{4 + \sqrt{5}}{(4)^2 - (\sqrt{5})^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4 - \sqrt{5}} \times \frac{4 + \sqrt{5}}{4 + \sqrt{5}} = \frac{4 + \sqrt{5}}{(4)^2 - (\sqrt{5})^2}$$
$$= \frac{4 + \sqrt{5}}{16 - 5}$$
$$= \frac{4 + \sqrt{5}}{16 - 5}$$

 $\frac{4\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5}}$

$$4 - \sqrt{5} \quad 4 + \sqrt{5} \qquad (4)^2 - (\sqrt{5})^2$$

$$= \frac{4 + \sqrt{5}}{16 - 5}$$

$$4 + \sqrt{6}$$

 $= \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{5}} \times \frac{\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{5}} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{5})}{(\sqrt{7})^2 - (\sqrt{5})^2}$

$$-\sqrt{5} \quad 4 + \sqrt{5} \qquad (4)^2 - (\sqrt{5})^2$$

$$= \frac{4 + \sqrt{5}}{16 - 5}$$

$$-\sqrt{5} = \frac{(4)^2 - (\sqrt{5})^2}{4 + \sqrt{5}}$$

$$= \frac{4 + \sqrt{5}}{16 - 5}$$

 $= \frac{4\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{5})}{7 \cdot 5} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{5})}{2}$

 $=2\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{5})$

$$\frac{1}{4 - \sqrt{5}} \quad (11)$$

- **عل**: $(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{5})$ ہے ضرب اور تقیم کرنے ہے

 $2 = \sqrt{3} - 2$ سے مرب اور تشیم کرنے سے

 $\frac{4\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5}}$ (iii)

 $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}+2}$ (i)

$$\frac{5\sqrt{7}}{2+3\sqrt{7}} = \frac{5\sqrt{7}}{2+3\sqrt{7}} \times \frac{2-3\sqrt{7}}{2-3\sqrt{7}}$$

$$= \frac{5\sqrt{7}(2-3\sqrt{7})}{2^2-9\times 7}$$

$$= \frac{5\sqrt{7}(2-3\sqrt{7})}{4-63}$$

 $= \frac{\left(\sqrt{x}\right)^2 + \left(\sqrt{y}\right)^2 - 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{y}}{x - y}$ $= \frac{x + y - 2\sqrt{xy}}{x - y}$

 $\frac{\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{y}}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y}}$

 $= \frac{10\sqrt{7} - 15 \times 7}{-50}$

 $\frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2}}$

 $=\frac{10\sqrt{7}-105}{-59}=\frac{105-10\sqrt{7}}{59}$

 $= \frac{\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{y}}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y}} \times \frac{\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{y}}{\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{y}} = \frac{(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{y})^2}{(\sqrt{x})^2 - (\sqrt{y})^2}$

 $=\frac{\left(\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{y}\right)^2}{\sqrt{y}}$

 $\frac{\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{y}}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y}}$ (iv)

 $\frac{5\sqrt{7}}{2+3\sqrt{7}}$ (v)

 $\frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}$ (vi)

مل: $(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{y})$ ہے ضرب اورتقیم کرنے ہے

$$= \frac{29}{11+3\sqrt{5}} \times \frac{11-3\sqrt{5}}{11-3\sqrt{5}} = \frac{29(11-3\sqrt{5})}{(11)^2-(3\sqrt{5})^2}$$

$$= \frac{29(11-3\sqrt{5})}{121-45}$$

$$= \frac{29(11-3\sqrt{5})}{76}$$

$$= \frac{17}{3\sqrt{7}+2\sqrt{3}} \qquad 29(11-3\sqrt{5})$$

$$= \frac{17(3\sqrt{7}-2\sqrt{3})}{63-12}$$

$$= \frac{17(3\sqrt{7}-2\sqrt{3})}{51}$$

$$= \frac{17(3\sqrt{7}-2\sqrt{3})}{51}$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{7}-2\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

 $\frac{29}{11+3\sqrt{5}}$ (vii)

مل: $(11-3\sqrt{5})$ مے ضرب اور تقسیم کرنے سے

 $= \frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}} = \frac{(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2})^2}{(\sqrt{3})^2 + (\sqrt{2})^2}$

 $\frac{29}{11+3\sqrt{5}}$

 $=\frac{\left(\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}\right)^2}{3-2}$

 $= 5 + 2\sqrt{6}$

$$x = 2 + \sqrt{5} \qquad (i)$$

$$\frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{2 + \sqrt{5}}$$

$$\frac{1}{x} = \frac{2 - \sqrt{5}}{(2)^2 - (\sqrt{5})^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{x} = \frac{2 - \sqrt{5}}{(2)^2 - (\sqrt{5})^2}$$

 $=\frac{2-\sqrt{5}}{4}$

 $=\frac{2-\sqrt{5}}{1}$

 $\frac{1}{3} \equiv \sqrt{5} - 2$

$$\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{5} - 2$$

$$x + \frac{1}{x} = 2 + \sqrt{5} + \sqrt{5} - 2$$

$$x + \frac{1}{x} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} \qquad \text{(ii)}$$

$$x = 2 + \sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 = \left(2 + \sqrt{5}\right)^2$$

$$= 4 + 5 + 4\sqrt{5}$$

$$a = (2 + \sqrt{2})$$

$$a = 4 + 5 + 4$$

$$= 4 + 5 + 4$$
$$x^2 = 9 + 4\sqrt{5}$$

$$\sqrt{5}$$
 $-\sqrt{5}$)²

$$x^{2} = 9 + 4\sqrt{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{x^{2}} = \frac{1}{9 + 4\sqrt{5}}$$

ے ضرب اور تقیم کرنے سے $(9-4\sqrt{5})$

$$\sqrt{5}$$

 $\frac{1}{x^2} = \frac{1}{9 + 4\sqrt{5}} \times \frac{9 - 4\sqrt{5}}{9 - 4\sqrt{5}}$

 $=\frac{9-4\sqrt{5}}{81}$

 $\frac{1}{x^2} = 9 - 4\sqrt{5}$

$$x^{2} + \frac{1}{x^{2}} = 9 + 4\sqrt{5} + 9 - 4\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^{2} + \frac{1}{x^{2}} = 18$$

$$x^{2} + \frac{1}{x^{2}} = 18$$
 - اگر $x^{2} + \frac{1}{x^{2}}$ (ii) اور $x = 2 + \sqrt{3}$ کی تیمت معلوم کیجے۔ - 5

$$x = 2 + \sqrt{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{2 + \sqrt{3}}$$

$$\frac{1}{x} =$$

$$\frac{1}{v} =$$

$$\frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{x}$$



$$= 2 + \sqrt{3} - (2 - \sqrt{3})$$
$$= 2 + \sqrt{3} - 2 + \sqrt{3}$$

$$= 2 + \sqrt{2}$$

 $x = 2 + \sqrt{3}$

 $x^2 = \left(2 + \sqrt{3}\right)^2$

 $x^2 = 7 + 4\sqrt{3}$

 $\frac{1}{x^2} = \frac{1}{7 + 4\sqrt{3}}$

 $=4+3+4\sqrt{3}$

$$x - \frac{1}{x} = 2 + \sqrt{3} - (2 - \sqrt{3})$$

$$\frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{2 + \sqrt{3}} \times \frac{2 - \sqrt{3}}{2 - \sqrt{3}} = \frac{2 - \sqrt{3}}{(2)^2 - (\sqrt{3})^2}$$
$$2 - \sqrt{3}$$



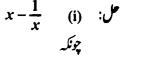
.... (ii)

 $\frac{1}{x^2} = \frac{1}{7 + 4\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{7 - 4\sqrt{3}}{7 - 4\sqrt{3}} = \frac{7 - 4\sqrt{3}}{(7)^2 - (4\sqrt{3})^2}$

(i)

سے ضرب اور تقسیم کرنے سے
$$\left(2-\sqrt{3}
ight)$$

مساوات(ii) کو(i) میں سے تفریق کرنے سے



 $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$ (ii)

چونکه

ضر لی معکوس لینے سے

$$(2-\sqrt{3})$$

$$\frac{1}{x^{2}} = 7 - 4\sqrt{3}$$
 (ii)
$$x^{2} + \frac{1}{x^{2}} = 7 + 4\sqrt{3} + 7 - 4\sqrt{3}$$

 $=\frac{7-4\sqrt{3}}{40-49}$

$$x^{2} + \frac{1}{x^{2}} = 7 + 4\sqrt{3} + 7 - 4\sqrt{3}$$

$$x^{2} + \frac{1}{x^{2}} = 14$$

$$x - \frac{1}{x} = \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} \int_{0}^{1} x^{2} dx$$

$$x - \frac{1}{x} = \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} \int_{0}^{1} x^{2} dx$$

$$x - \frac{1}{x} = \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} \int_{0}^{1} x^{2} dx$$

$$x = \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} \qquad \qquad \dots (i)$$

$$\frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2}}$$

$$=\frac{\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}}{3-2}$$

$$\frac{1}{x}=\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}$$
..... (ii)
..... (iii)

 $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} \qquad (ii)$

$$\frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}{(\sqrt{3})^2 - (\sqrt{2})^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}{(\sqrt{3})^2 - (\sqrt{2})^2}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}{3 - 2}$$

 $x - \frac{1}{3} = \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2})$

 $x - \frac{1}{x} = -2\sqrt{2}$

 $x = \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2}$

 $x^2 = \left(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2}\right)^2$

 $=\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}$

$$\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2}$$

ضربی معلوس کینے سے

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}{(\sqrt{3})^2 - (\sqrt{2})^2}$$

$$\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}$$

$$= 3 + 2 - 2\sqrt{6}$$
$$x^2 = 5 - 2\sqrt{6}$$

$$3 + 2 - 2$$

 $5 - 2\sqrt{6}$

$$3 + 2 - 2$$

 $5 - 2\sqrt{6}$

$$5 + 2 - 2\sqrt{6}$$

$$3 + 2 - 2$$
 $5 - 2\sqrt{6}$

$$\frac{1}{x^2} = \frac{1}{5 - 2\sqrt{6}}$$

$$\frac{1}{5-2\sqrt{}}$$

$$\sqrt{5-2\sqrt{}}$$

$$\frac{1}{x^2} = \frac{1}{5 - 2\sqrt{5}}$$

$$\frac{1}{x^2} = \frac{1}{5 - 2\sqrt{6}} \times \frac{5 + 2\sqrt{6}}{5 + 2\sqrt{6}} = \frac{5 + 2\sqrt{6}}{(5)^2 - (2\sqrt{6})^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{x^2} = \frac{1}{5 - 2x^2}$$

 $\frac{1}{v^2} = 5 + 2\sqrt{6}$

 $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} = 5 - 2\sqrt{6} + 5 + 2\sqrt{6}$

 $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = 3 - \sqrt{2}$

 $x = \frac{1}{3 - \sqrt{2}}$

 $=\frac{3+\sqrt{2}}{(3)^2-(\sqrt{2})^2}$

 $=\frac{3+\sqrt{2}}{2}$

 $x = \frac{3 + \sqrt{2}}{7}$

 $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} = 10$

$$=\frac{1}{5-2\sqrt{6}}$$

 $=\frac{5+2\sqrt{6}}{25-24}$

.... (ii)

.... (ii)

 $x - \frac{1}{x}$ اگر $x - \frac{1}{x}$ (ii) اور (ii) $x + \frac{1}{x}$ (i) اور $x - \frac{1}{x}$

ضربي معكوس ليني سے

میاوات(i)اور(ii) کوجمع کرنے ہے

ضربی معکوس لینے سے .

 $x + \frac{1}{x}$

کوضرب اورتشیم کرنے سے $\left(3+\sqrt{2}\right)$

 $x-\frac{1}{r}$ (ii)

مل: يونكه

ضربی معکوس لینے سے

ے ضرب اور تقیم کرنے سے $\left(3-\sqrt{10}\right)$

ماوات (i) کو(ii) سے تفریق کرنے سے

$$x + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{3 + \sqrt{2}}{7} + 3 - \sqrt{2}$$

$$x + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{3 + \sqrt{2}}{7} + 3 - \sqrt{2}$$

$$3 + \sqrt{2} + 7(3 - \sqrt{2})$$

$$x + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{3 + \sqrt{2}}{7} + 3 - \sqrt{2}$$

$$= \frac{3 + \sqrt{2} + 7(3 - \sqrt{2})}{7}$$

اور (ii) اور $\left(p - \frac{1}{n}\right)^2$ (ii) اور $\left(p + \frac{1}{n}\right)^2$ (i) آم تا معلوم کھے۔

$$x + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{3 + \sqrt{2}}{7} + 3 - \sqrt{2}$$
$$3 + \sqrt{2} + 7(3 - \sqrt{2})$$

$$x + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{3 + \sqrt{2}}{7} + 3 - \sqrt{2}$$

$$3 + \sqrt{2} + 7(3 - \sqrt{2})$$

$$x + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{3 + \sqrt{2}}{7} + 3 - \sqrt{2}$$

$$x + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{3 + \sqrt{2}}{7} + 3 - \sqrt{2}$$

$$x + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{3 + \sqrt{2}}{7} + 3 - \sqrt{2}$$

$$x + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{3 + \sqrt{2}}{7} + 3 - \sqrt{2}$$

$$x + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{3 + \sqrt{2}}{7} + 3 - \sqrt{2}$$
 $x + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{3 + \sqrt{2}}{7} + 3 - \sqrt{2}$

$$x + \frac{1}{1} = \frac{3 + \sqrt{2}}{1} + 3 - \sqrt{2}$$
 $x + \frac{1}{1} = \frac{3 + \sqrt{2}}{1 + 3} + 3 - \sqrt{2}$

$$x + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{3 + \sqrt{2}}{7} + 3 - \sqrt{2}$$

 $= \frac{3+\sqrt{2}+21-7\sqrt{2}}{7}$

 $x - \frac{1}{x} \qquad = \frac{3 + \sqrt{2}}{7} - \left(3 - \sqrt{2}\right)$

 $= \frac{3 + \sqrt{2} - 7\left(3 - \sqrt{2}\right)}{7}$

 $= \frac{3 + \sqrt{2} - 21 + 7\sqrt{2}}{7}$

 $p = \frac{1}{3 + \sqrt{10}} \times \frac{3 - \sqrt{10}}{3 - \sqrt{10}} = \frac{3 - \sqrt{10}}{(3)^2 - (\sqrt{10})^2}$

 $=\frac{3-\sqrt{10}}{2}$

 $=\frac{-18+8\sqrt{2}}{2}$

 $\frac{1}{n} = \sqrt{10} + 3$

 $p = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10 + 3}} = \frac{1}{3 + \sqrt{10}}$

 $=\frac{24-6\sqrt{2}}{7}$

$$= \frac{3 - \sqrt{10}}{-1}$$
$$= \sqrt{10} - 3$$

$$= \frac{1}{-1}$$

$$p = \sqrt{10} - 3$$

····· (ii)
$$\left(p + \frac{1}{p} \right)^2$$
 (i)
$$- \frac{1}{p} \left((ii) | e_{i}(ii) | e_{j}(ii) | e_{j$$

$$p + \frac{1}{p} = \sqrt{10} - 3 + \sqrt{10} + 3$$

$$p + \frac{1}{p} = 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-1)^2$$

 $p - \frac{1}{n} = \sqrt{10} - 3 - \sqrt{10} - 3$

 $p - \frac{1}{p} = -6$

 $\left(p-\frac{1}{p}\right)^2=\left(-6\right)^2$

 $\left(p - \frac{1}{p}\right)^2 = 36$

 $\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-a^2}}{\sqrt{b^2-a^2}}$

$$\left(p + \frac{1}{p}\right)^2 = (2\sqrt{10})^2$$

$$\left(1\right)^2 = 4 \cdot 10$$

$$\left(p + \frac{1}{p}\right)^2 = 4 \times 10$$

$$\left(-1\right)^2 = 40$$

$$\left(p + \frac{1}{p}\right)^2 = 4 \times 10$$

$$\left(p + \frac{1}{p}\right)^2 = 40$$

$$\int_{2}^{2} = 4 \times 10$$

$$\int_{0}^{2} = 40$$

 $\frac{\sqrt{a+3}-\sqrt{a-3}}{\sqrt{a+3}+\sqrt{a-3}}$ (ii) $\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-a^2}}{b-\sqrt{b^2-a^2}}$ (i) عن عالي -9

مساوات (i) کو (ii) میں سے تفریق کرنے سے

$$\left(p-\frac{1}{p}\right)^2 \qquad \text{(ii)}$$

دونوںاطراف کامربع کینے ہے

دونوں طرف کا مربع کینے ہے

ے ضرب اور تقتیم کرنے سے
$$\left(b + \sqrt{b^2 - a^2}\right)$$

$$b + \sqrt{b^2 - a^2}$$
 $b + \sqrt{b^2 - a^2}$ $b + \sqrt{b^2 - a^2}$ $(b + \sqrt{b^2 - a^2})^2$

$$= \frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - a^2}}{b - \sqrt{b^2 - a^2}} \times \frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - a^2}}{b + \sqrt{b^2 - a^2}} = \frac{(b + \sqrt{b^2 - a^2})^2}{(b)^2 - (\sqrt{b^2 - a^2})^2}$$
$$\left(b + \sqrt{b^2 - a^2}\right)^2$$

$$= \frac{\left(b + \sqrt{b^2 - a^2}\right)^2}{b^2 - (b^2 - a^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2 + b^2 - a^2 + 2b\sqrt{b^2}}{b^2 - a^2 + 2b\sqrt{b^2}}$$

$$=\frac{b^2+b^2-a^2+2b\sqrt{b^2-a^2}}{b^2-b^2+a^2}$$

$$=\frac{2b^2-a^2+2b\sqrt{b^2-a^2}}{a^2}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+3} - \sqrt{a-3}}{\sqrt{a+3} + \sqrt{a-3}}$$
 (ii)

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+3}-\sqrt{a-3}}{\sqrt{a+3}+\sqrt{a-3}}$$

$$= (\sqrt{a+3}-\sqrt{a-3})$$

$$= (\sqrt{a+3}-\sqrt{a-3})$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a+3} - \sqrt{a-3}}{\sqrt{a+3} + \sqrt{a-3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{a+3} - \sqrt{a-3}}{\sqrt{a+3} - \sqrt{a-3}}$$

$$\frac{3}{\overline{3}}$$

$$\sqrt{a-3}$$

$$\sqrt{a-3}$$

$$\sqrt{a-3}$$

$$\sqrt{a-3}$$

$$\sqrt{a-3}$$

$$\sqrt{a-3}$$

$$=\frac{(\sqrt{a+3})^2+(\sqrt{a-3})^2-2\sqrt{a+3}\sqrt{a-3}}{(a+3)-(a-3)}$$

$$3\sqrt{a-3}$$

$$+3\sqrt{a-3}$$

$$+3\sqrt{a-3}$$

$$\therefore (a-b)^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab$$

 $= \frac{\left(\sqrt{a+3} - \sqrt{a-3}\right)^2}{\left(\sqrt{a+3}\right)^2 - \left(\sqrt{a-3}\right)^2}$

 $=\frac{a+3+a-3-2\sqrt{a^2-9}}{a+3-a+3}$

 $= \frac{2a - 2\sqrt{a^2 - 9}}{6}$ $= \frac{a - \sqrt{a^2 - 9}}{3}$