```
CREATE DATABASE Travego;
USE Travego;
CREATE TABLE Price (
    ID INT1,
    Bus type ENUM('Sleeper', 'Sitting'),
    Distance INT NOT NULL,
    Price INT NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (ID)
);
CREATE TABLE Passenger (
    Passenger id INT1,
    Passenger name VARCHAR (30) NOT NULL,
    Category ENUM('AC', 'Non AC'),
    Gender ENUM('M', 'F'),
    Boarding city VARCHAR (15) NOT NULL,
    Destination city VARCHAR (15) NOT NULL,
    Distance INT NOT NULL,
    Bus type ENUM('Sleeper', 'Sitting'),
    PRIMARY KEY (Passenger id)
);
INSERT INTO Price VALUES (1, 1, 350, 770),
(2,1,500,1100),
(3,1,600,1320),
(4,1,700,1540),
(5,1,1000,2200),
(6,1,1200,2640),
(7,1,1500,2700),
(8,2,500,620),
(9,2,600,744),
(10, 2, 700, 868),
(11, 2, 1000, 1240),
(12, 2, 1200, 1488),
(13, 2, 1500, 1860);
INSERT INTO Passenger VALUES(1, "Sejal", 1, 2, "Bengaluru", "Chennai", 350, 1),
(2, "Anmol", 2, 1, "Mumbai", "Hyderabad", 700, 2),
(3, "Pallavi", 1, 2, "Panaji", "Bengaluru", 600, 1),
(4, "Khusboo", 1, 2, "Chennai", "Mumbai", 1500, 1),
(5, "Udit", 2, 1, "Trivandrum", "Panaji", 1000, 1),
(6, "Ankur", 1, 1, "Nagpur", "Hyderabad", 500, 2),
(7, "Hemant", 2, 1, "Panaji", "Mumbai", 700, 1),
(8, "Manish", 2, 1, "Hyderabad", "Bengaluru", 500, 2),
(9, "Piyush", 1, 1, "Pune", "Nagpur", 700, 2);
```

```
use travego;
/*a. How many female passengers traveled a minimum distance of 600 KMs?*/
SELECT
   COUNT (DISTINCT passenger id) AS 'No of Passengers'
FROM
    passenger
WHERE
    Gender LIKE 'F' AND Distance <= 600;</pre>
/*b. Write a query to display the passenger details whose travel distance is greater
than 500 and
who are traveling in a sleeper bus.*/
SELECT
FROM
    passenger
WHERE
    Distance > 500
        AND Bus type LIKE 'Sleeper';
/*c. Select passenger names whose names start with the character 'S'.*/
SELECT
    passenger_name
FROM
    passenger
WHERE
    passenger name LIKE 'S%';
/*d. Calculate the price charged for each passenger, displaying the Passenger name,
Boarding City,
Destination City, Bus type, and Price in the output. */
SELECT
    a.passenger name,
    a. Boarding city,
    a.Destination city,
    a.Bus type,
    b.Price
FROM
    passenger a
        JOIN
    price b ON a.Distance = b.Distance
        AND a.Bus type = b.Bus type;
/*e. What are the passenger name(s) and the ticket price for those who traveled 1000
KMs Sitting in
a bus?*/
SELECT
    a.passenger name, b.Price
FROM
```

```
passenger a
       JOIN
    price b ON a.Distance = b.Distance
       AND a.Bus type = b.Bus type
WHERE
    a.Distance = 1000
        AND a.Bus type LIKE 'Sitting';
/* f. What will be the Sitting and Sleeper bus charge for Pallavi to travel from
Bangalore to Panaji? */
SELECT
    a.passenger name,
    a.Boarding city,
    a.Destination city,
    b.Bus type,
    b.Price
FROM
    passenger a
        JOIN
    price b ON a.Distance = b.Distance
WHERE
    a.Passenger name LIKE 'Pallavi';
^{\prime *} g. Alter the column category with the value "Non-AC" where the Bus Type is sleeper
UPDATE passenger
   Category = 'Non AC'
WHERE
   Bus type = 'Sleeper';
SELECT
FROM
    passenger;
/* h. Delete an entry from the table where the passenger name is Piyush and commit this
change in
the database. */
DELETE FROM passenger
WHERE
    Passenger_name = 'Piyush';
SELECT
FROM
    passenger;
/* i. Truncate the table passenger and comment on the number of rows in the table
(explain if
required). */
```

```
truncate table passenger;

SELECT
   *
FROM
    passenger;

-- The truncate command deleted all rows of the column retaining only the schema of the table.
/* j. Delete the table passenger from the database. */
drop table passenger;
show tables;
```