

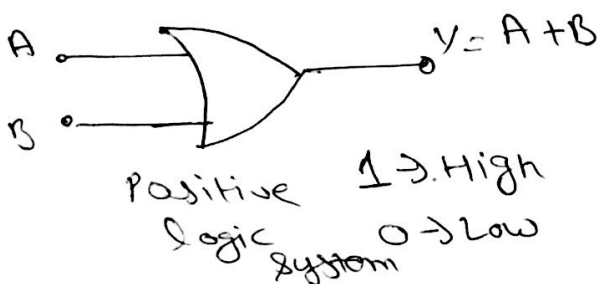
Logic Gates

Combinational circuit \rightarrow A combinational circuit consists of input variables, logic gates and output variables.

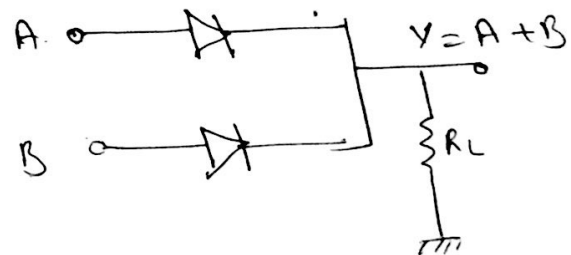
The steps involved in the design of combinational circuits are as follows:-

- ① State the problem in words.
- ② Find the no. of input and output variables.
- ③ Assign letter symbols to the input and output variables.
- ④ Obtain the truth table using the word statement.
- ⑤ Obtain boolean expressions for each output from T-T.
- ⑥ Simplify the boolean expressions to minimise the no. of variables by using boolean algebra, Karnaugh map method or MC-cluskey method.
- ⑦ Draw the logic circuit diagram corresponding to the simplified boolean expression.

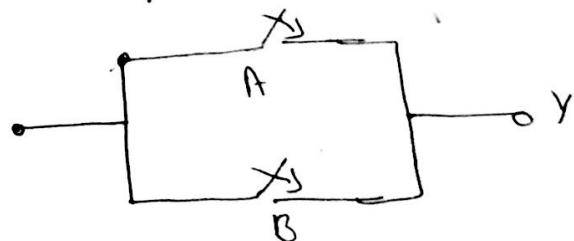
OR Gate



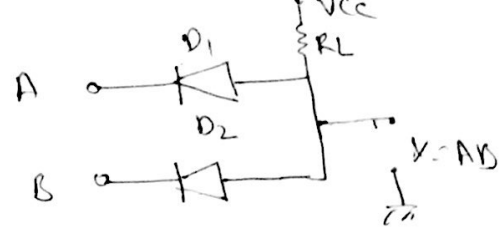
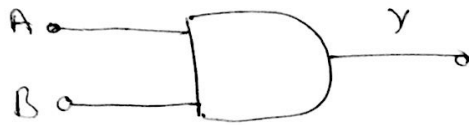
A	B	Y
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1



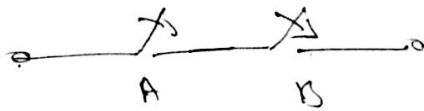
Circuit diagram



AND Gate



Electrical equivalent



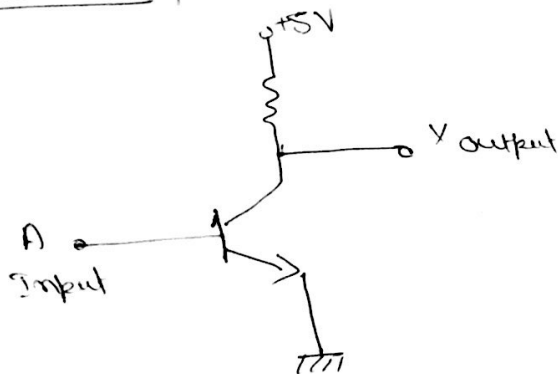
T.T

A	B	Y
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

Circuit Diagram

A	B	Y
0	0	0
1	0	0
0	1	0
1	1	1

NOT gate



circuit diagram

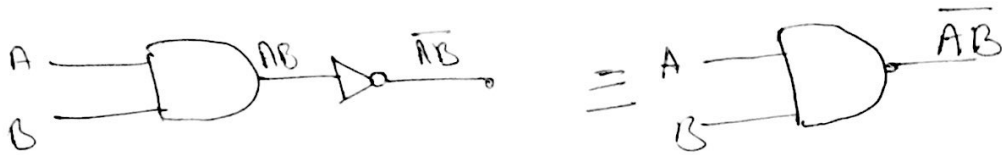


T.T

A	Y
0	1
1	0

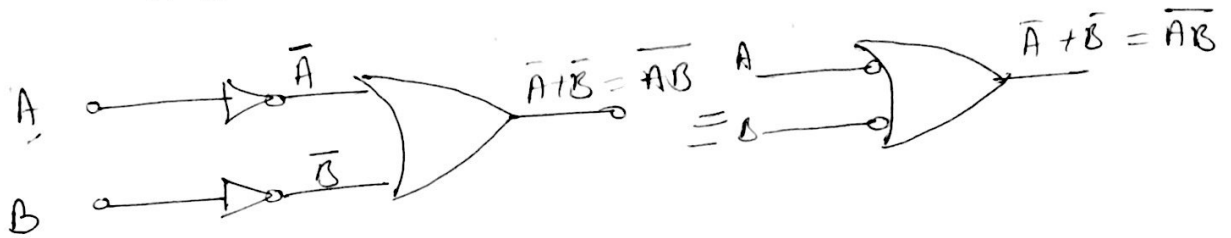
NAND gate

AND + NOT gate



Now

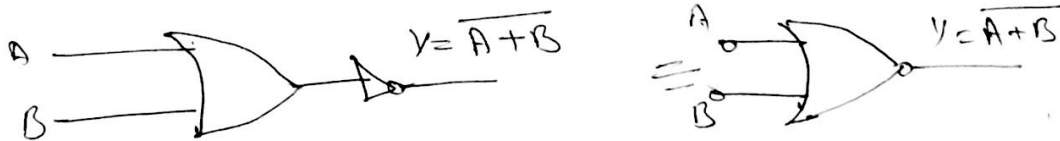
$$\overline{AB} = \overline{A} + \overline{B}$$



A	B	Y
0	0	1
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

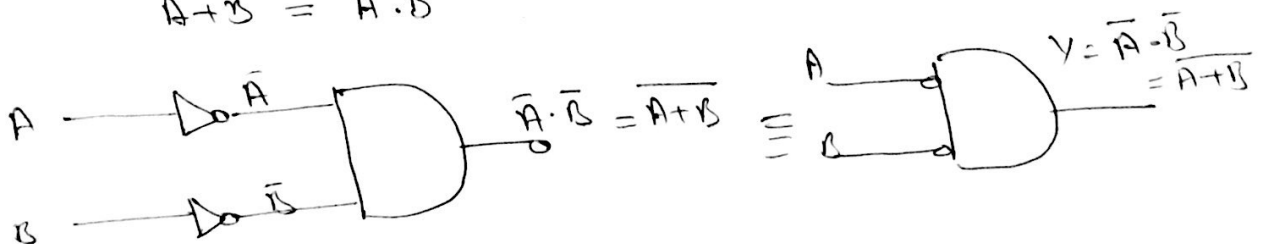
NOR gate

Not gate + OR gate



Now

$$\overline{A+B} = \overline{A} \cdot \overline{B}$$



Note:- NAND and NOR gates are called universal gates because both can be used to implement any gate like

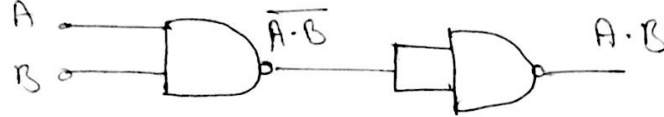
AND, OR and NOT gate

① Using NAND gate

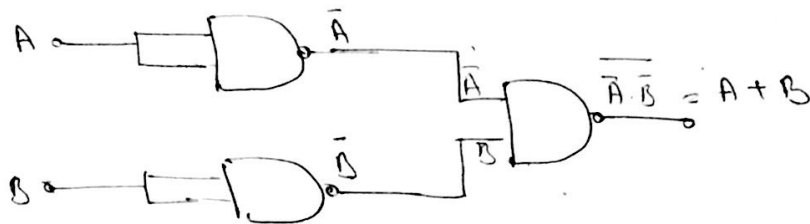
Inverter (NOT) gate



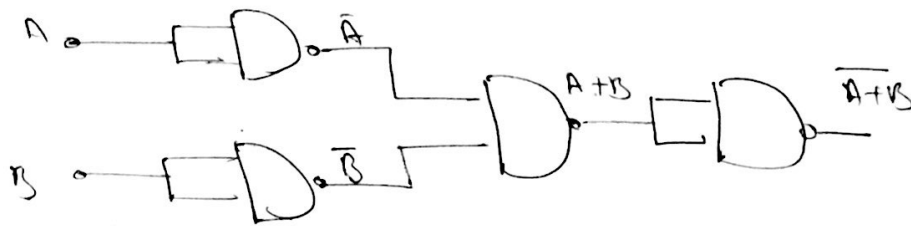
AND gate



OR gate

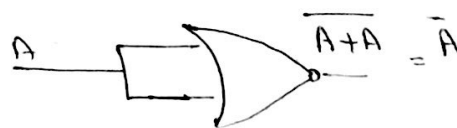


NOR gate

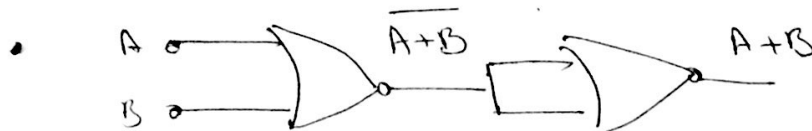


② Using NOR gate

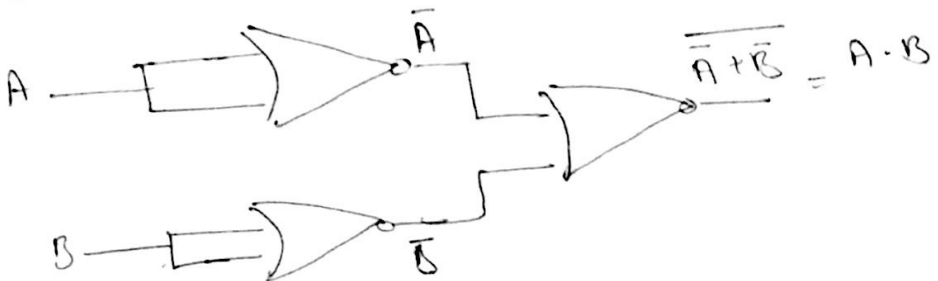
NOT gate



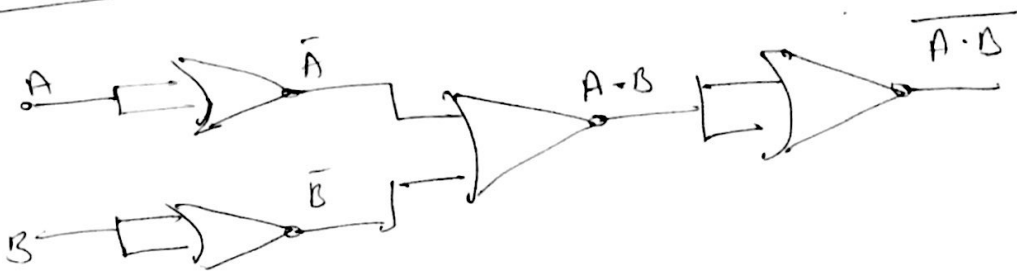
OR gate



AND gate



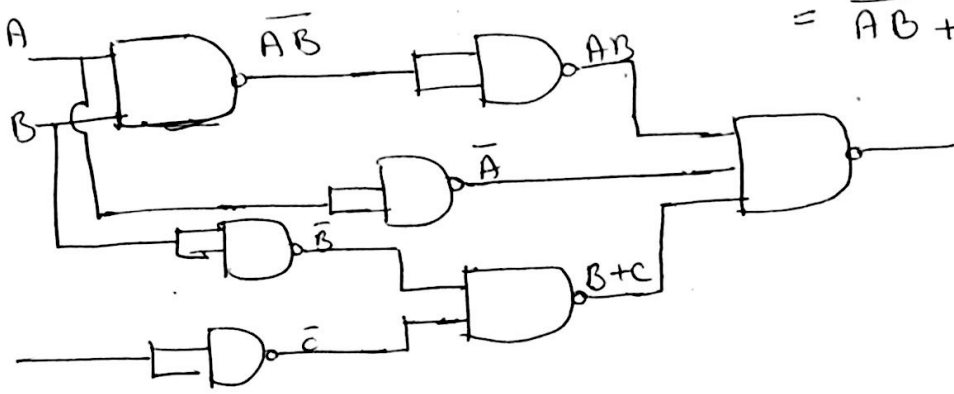
NAND gate



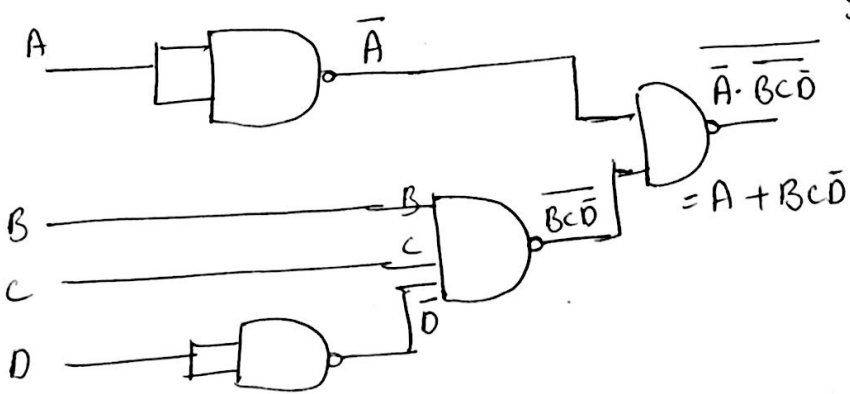
Q $Y = \overline{A}B + A + \overline{B+C}$ using NAND gates

$$Y = \overline{(A \cdot B) \cdot \overline{A} \cdot (B+C)}$$

$$= \overline{A}B + A + \overline{(B+C)}$$



Q $Y = A + Bc\overline{D}$



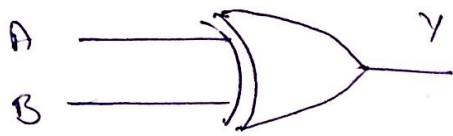
Sol = ~~$\overline{A \cdot (Bc\overline{D})}$~~

= ~~$\overline{A \cdot Bc\overline{D}}$~~

= ~~$\overline{A \cdot Bc\overline{D}}$~~

= $\overline{A} \cdot Bc\overline{D}$

Exclusive-OR (Ex-OR) gate



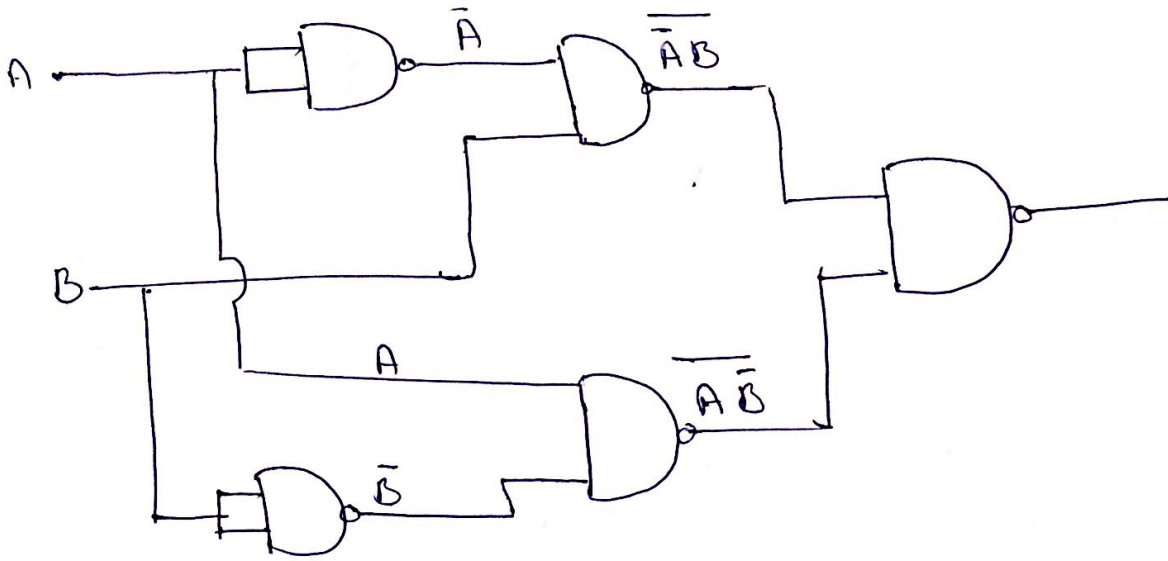
$$Y = A \oplus B$$

$$= \bar{A}B + A\bar{B} \rightarrow \text{sop form}$$

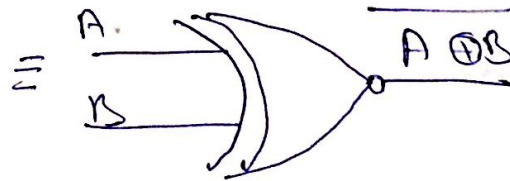
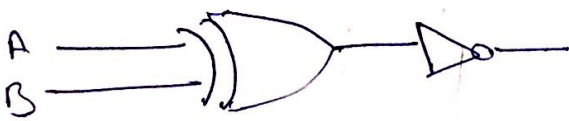
$$(A+B)(\bar{A}+\bar{B}) \rightarrow \text{pos form}$$

Inputs		output
A	B	
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

$$Y = \overline{\bar{A}B} \cdot \overline{A\bar{B}}$$



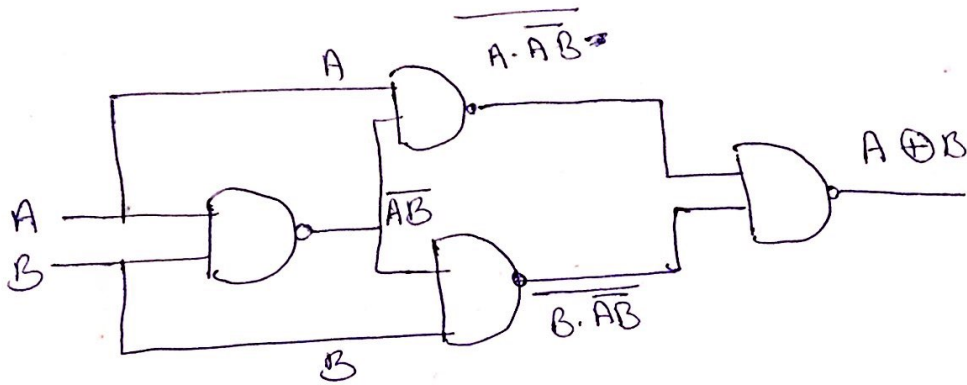
Exclusive-NOR (Ex-NOR) gate



$$A \odot B = AB + \bar{A}\bar{B}$$

Q $Y =$

EX-OR using NAND



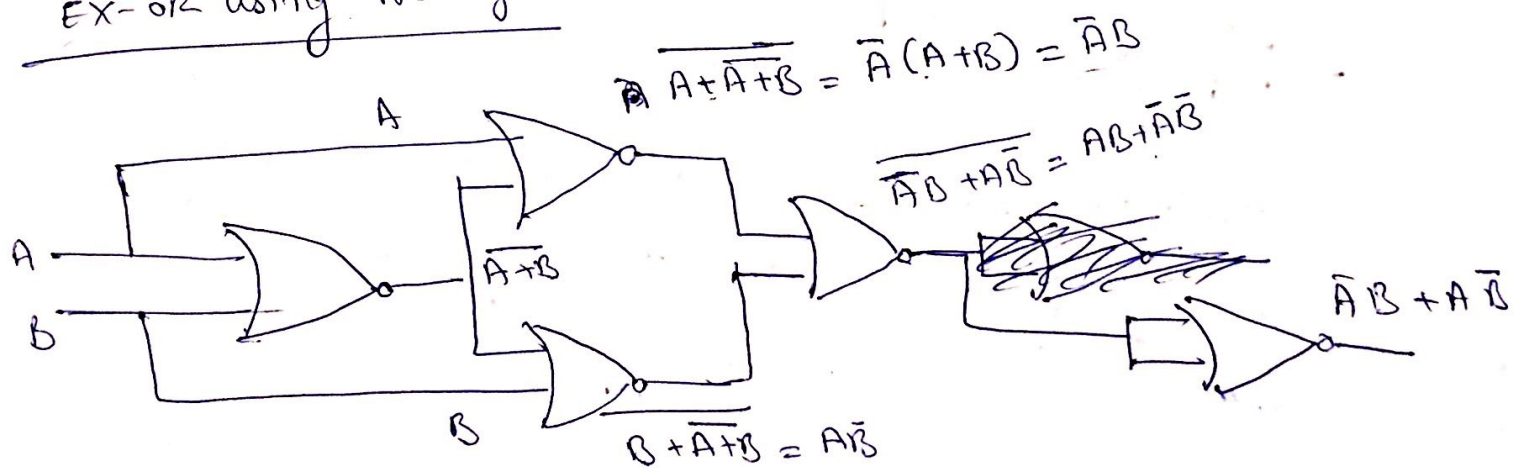
$$\overline{A \cdot \overline{AB}} = \overline{A} + AB = \overline{A} + B$$

$$\overline{B} + AB = \overline{B} + A$$

$$= (\overline{A} + B)(\overline{B} + A) = \overline{A+B} + \overline{\overline{B}+A} = \overline{A+B} + B\overline{A} = A\overline{B} + B\overline{A}$$

EX-NOR

EX-OR using NOR gate



$$\begin{aligned} \overline{AB + A\overline{B}} &= (\overline{AB})(\overline{A\overline{B}}) \\ &= (\overline{A+B})(\overline{\overline{A}+B}) \\ &= 0 + AB + \overline{B}\overline{A} + 0 \\ &= \overline{AB} + A\overline{B} \end{aligned}$$