

Vogel_Max_ImageProcessing

This is my livescript for the image processing assignment!

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```
x=5 % prints output
```

```
x = 5
```

```
y=3; % semicolon doesn't print output  
x*y % if not assigned to variable, saves to ans
```

```
ans = 15
```

Importing the Image

```
url = "https://cdn.pixabay.com/photo/2017/04/29/09/51/blueberries-2270379_960_720.jpg";  
img = imread(url); % pulls image from URL  
imshow(img) % displays the image
```



Color space transformations

We'll convert the image to [HSV format](#).

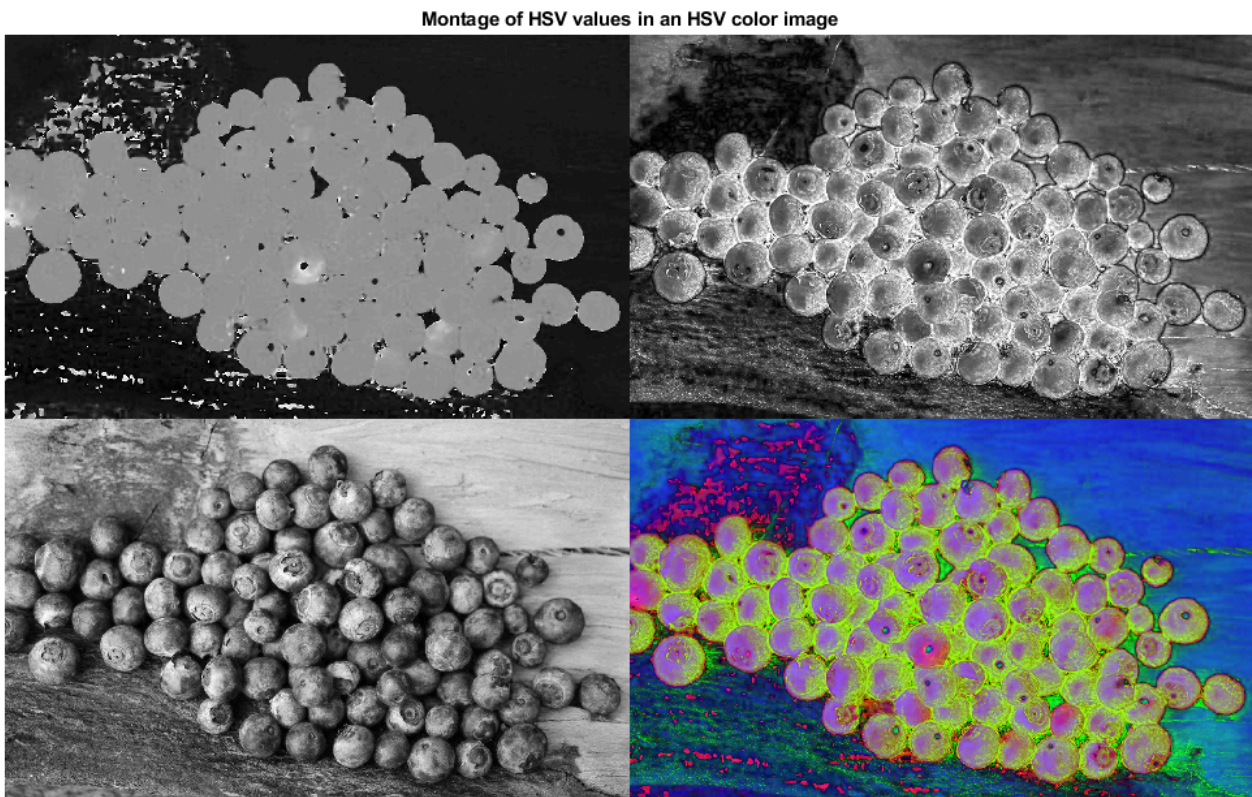
```
hsvImage = rgb2hsv(img);
```

Then we'll split our HSB image into the hue, saturation, and value (brightness) channels with [imsplit](#).

```
[h,s,v] = imsplit(hsvImage);
```

We can then compare each different channel via a montage.

```
montage({h,s,v,hsvImage})  
title('Montage of HSV values in an HSV color image')
```



Using `findcircles` to find blueberries

We'll start by selecting the s (saturation) channel. This channel has the most defined edges, and through (my) experimentation has worked the best.

```
X=s;
```

We'll then use [imfindcircles](#) to find circles within our image. We'll pass X as the image to look at, [22 39] as the radius range, and various parameters to refine our scope. We'll then define the output of this function to [centers,radii,metric]. centers is a P-by-2 matrix that contains the coordinates of the circle centers. radii is a column vector with the estimated radii of each circle. metric is a column vector with the confidence for each circle.


```
[centers, radii, metric] = imfindcircles(X,[22 39], ...
    'ObjectPolarity','bright', ...
    'Sensitivity',.98, ...
    'EdgeThreshold',0.26, ...
    'Method','TwoStage');
```

We'll then filter so only the circles with a confidence greater than 0.035 are selected. Once we have this range, we'll use it to filter the corresponding center, radii, and metric values.

```
range=1:length(radii(metric>0.035));
centersStrong = centers(range,:);
radiiStrong = radii(range);
metricStrong = metric(range);
```

We can then show our resulting circles ontop of our original image!

```
imshow(img);
viscircles(centersStrong, radiiStrong,'EdgeColor','r');
title('Highest metric circles')
```

