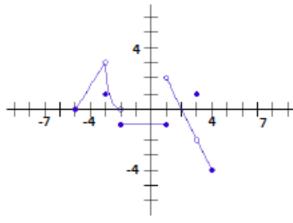
## Worksheet: Limits at Continuity (Discontinuity)

Note: for all the problems, identify the limit as a number,  $-\infty$ ,  $\infty$  or DNE (does not exist)

1. Refer to the graph below



Determine if the following limits exists:

$$\lim_{x\to -3} f(x)$$

$$\lim_{x\to -2} f(x)$$

$$\lim_{x\to 0} f(x)$$

$$\lim_{x\to 1} f(x)$$

$$\lim_{x\to 2} f(x)$$

$$\lim_{x\to 3} f(x)$$

2. (a) 
$$\lim_{x\to c} (2x+5) =$$

(b) 
$$\lim_{t\to 6} 8(t-5)(t-7) =$$

(c) 
$$\lim_{x\to 2} \frac{x+2}{x^2-5x+6} =$$

(d) 
$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{x^3 + (x+1)ln(x+3)}{x^3 - 4} =$$

(e) 
$$\lim_{x\to 4} x^{x+1} =$$

(f) 
$$\lim_{x\to -2} e^{x+1} =$$

(g) 
$$\lim_{x \to \frac{\pi}{4}} \sin(2x) =$$

(h) 
$$\lim_{x \to \frac{\pi}{2}} csc(x) =$$

(i) 
$$\lim_{x\to -5} \frac{x^2+3x-5}{x+7} =$$

$$(j) \lim_{x \to 2} \frac{e^x}{x+1} =$$

(k) 
$$\lim_{x\to 3} \frac{x^2-3}{\ln e^x} =$$

(l) 
$$\lim_{x\to 0} \sqrt[3]{x^4 + 2x^3 + 8} =$$

(m) 
$$\lim_{x\to 0} (x^2+1)^{2x-2} =$$

(n) 
$$\lim_{x \to -1} e^{x^2} =$$

(o) 
$$\lim_{x \to \frac{\pi}{6}} \frac{tan(x)}{cos(2x)} =$$

3. (a) Find 
$$\lim_{x\to 5} \frac{2x^2-7x-15}{x-5}$$

(b) Find 
$$\lim_{x\to 1} \frac{x^3-1}{x-1}$$

4. (a) Find 
$$\lim_{x\to -2} \frac{x+2}{\sqrt{x+6}-2}$$

(b) Find 
$$\lim_{x\to -1} \frac{\sqrt{x+10}-3}{x+1}$$

5. (a) Find 
$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{x^2 + 8\sin(x)}{x}$$

(b) Find 
$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\tan(6x^2) + \sin^2(2x)}{x^2}$$

6. (a) Find 
$$\lim_{y\to 0} (\frac{6}{y^2+y} - \frac{6}{y})$$

(b) Find 
$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{10sin(2x)}{1-cos(2x)}$$