

Your Name:

ID #:

Solutions

Worksheet: Transformations of Graphs

1. Explain how the graph of $y = g(x)$ is obtained from the graph of $y = f(x)$.

(a) $g(x) = f(-x)$

Solution: Reflect the graph of $y = f(x)$ about the y -axis.

(b) $g(x) = 7f(x) - 3$

Solution: Stretch the graph of $y = f(x)$ vertically by a factor of 7, and then shift downward 3 units.

(c) $g(x) = 4f(x + 5) - 3$

Solution: Shift the graph of $y = f(x)$ to the left 5 units, stretch vertically by a factor of 4, and then shift downward 3 units.

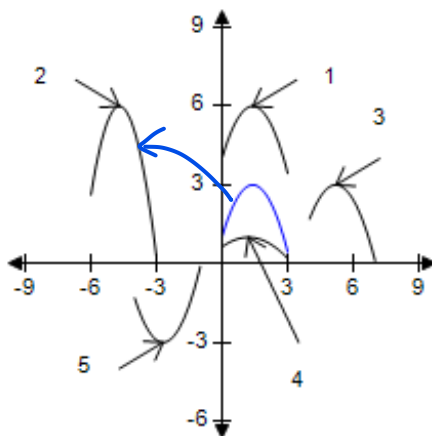
(d) $f(x) = x^2$, $g(x) = x^2 + 2$

Solution: The graph of $g(x)$ is obtained by shifting the graph of $f(x)$ upward 2 units.

(e) $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$, $g(x) = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x-5}$

Solution: The graph of $g(x) = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x-5}$ is obtained by shifting the graph of $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ to the right 5 units, and then shrinking the graph vertically by a factor of $\frac{1}{2}$.

2. The graph of $y = h(r)$ is given in the blue graph. Determine the number of the graph of the function $2h(r+6)$.



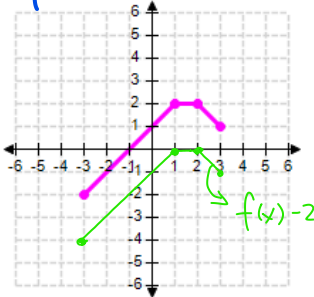
- A. 1
- ☒ B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4
- E. 5

S1: $h(r) \rightarrow h(r+6)$
shift left 6 units
S2: $h(r+6) \rightarrow 2h(r+6)$
stretch vertically
by a factor of 2

3. The graph of $f(x)$ is given in pink, sketch the graph of the function $g(x)$ in the same coordinates.

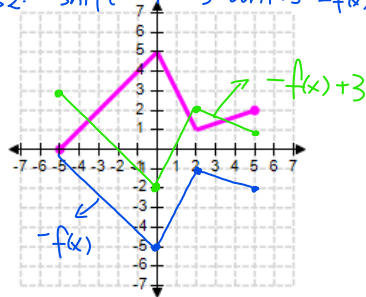
1). $g(x) = f(x) - 2$

Shift down 2 units



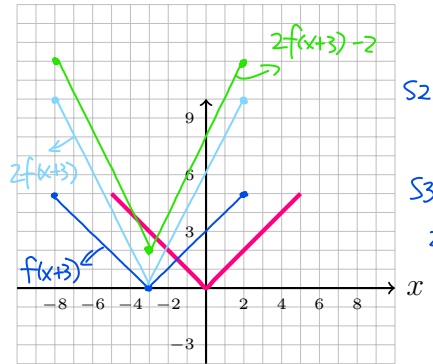
2). $g(x) = -f(x) + 3$

S1: reflect about x-axis: $-f(x)$
S2: shift up 3 units: $-f(x) + 3$



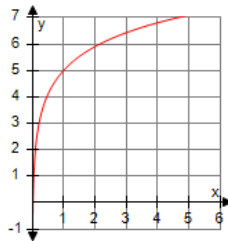
3). $g(x) = 2f(x + 3) + 2$

S1: shift left 3 units: $f(x + 3)$
S2: $f(x + 3) \rightarrow 2f(x + 3)$
S3: $2f(x + 3) + 2$

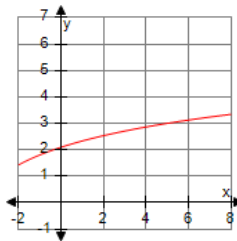


4. Identify the graph of $g(x) = 3 \log x + 5$

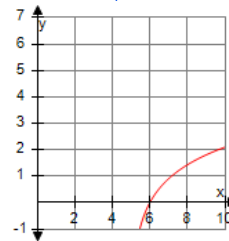
base = 10, increasing
Domain: $x > 0$, passes (1, 5)



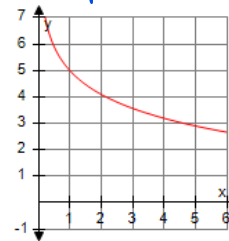
(A)



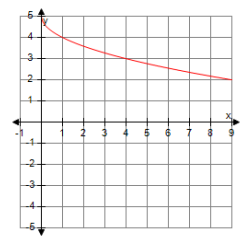
(B)



(C)



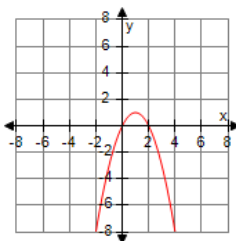
(D)



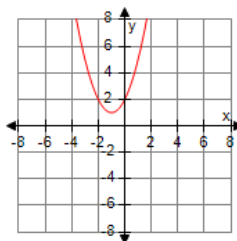
(E)

5. Which one of the following graphs illustrate the function $f(x) = -(x + 1)^2 + 1$

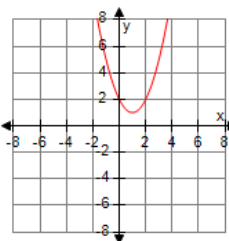
$a < 0 \Rightarrow$ opens down
Symmetric axis: $x = -1$



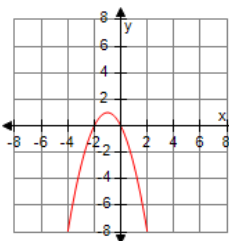
(A)



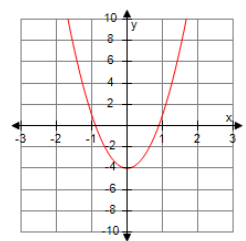
(B)



(C)



(D)



(E)

6. Which one of the following functions translates the graph of $f(x) = 4^x$ to a new graph $g(x)$ with a reflection about the x -axis, a vertical stretch by a factor of 5, and a horizontal shift left 8 units.

A. $f(x) = -5 \cdot 4^{x-8}$

B. $f(x) = -5 \cdot 4^x + 8$

C. $f(x) = -5 \cdot 4^{x+8}$

D. $f(x) = 5 \cdot 4^{x-8}$

$4^x \xrightarrow{(1)} -4^x \xrightarrow{(2)} -5 \cdot 4^x \xrightarrow{(3)} -5 \cdot 4^{x+8}$