React Coding Standards

NAMING CONVENTIONS

• Component's names should be written using the pascal case:



• Non-components should be written using camel case:



• Unit test files should use the same name as their corresponding file:



• The attribute name should be camel case:



• Inline styles should be camel case:

```
<div style={{font-size:'1rem'}}></div>
```

· Variable names should be camel cases. Variable names can contain numbers and special characters:

```
const variable = 'test';
let variableBoolean = true;
```

• CSS files should be named the same as the component:



- If a component requires multiple files (CSS, test) locate all files within component a folder
- Use .jsxor .tsx extension a for React components

BUG AVOIDANCE

- Use optional chaining if things can be null
- Use the guard pattern/prop types/typescript to ensure that the parameters you pass in are valid
- Create PURE functions and avoid side-effects
- · Avoid mutating state when working with arrays
- · Treat props as read-only. Do not try to modify them

ARCHITECTURE & CLEAN CODE

- No DRY violations. Create utility files to avoid duplicate code
- · Follow the component/presentation pattern where appropriate. Components should follow the single responsibility principle
- Use Higher-Order Components where appropriate
- Split code into respective files, JavaScript, test, and CSS
- Create a index.js within each folder for exporting. This will reduce repeating names on the imports
- Only include one React component per file
- Favour functionless components
- Do not use mixins

- No unneeded comments
- Methods that are longer than the screen should be refactored into smaller units
 Commented out code should be deleted, not committed

CSS

- Avoid Inline CSS
- A naming convention is defined and followed (BEM, SUIT, etc..)

ES6

- Can you use spread operator be used instead?
 Can you use destructuring be used instead?
 Favour arrow functions

- Can the spread operator be used instead?
 Can the optional chain operator be used instead of an explicit null check
 Can nullish coalescing by used instead of an explicit null comparison