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7 Deployment

Overview

The Software Project application is developed by JavaScript in the front-end and Python3 Django framework and MySQL databases in the back-end.

The steps for installing and deploying Software Project easily is as follows:

1.0 To start a front-end for developing:

- 1. install npm, can refer to https://www.npmjs.com/get-npm
- 2. Install the front-end project, in CLI: npm install
- 3. npm start The front-end is now running on http://localhost:3000/

2.0 To start a back-end for developing:

- 1. Install Python3.7 and MySQL
- 2. Install Understand tool. Follow the instructions in 7.2 Scitools Understand Deployment
- 3. Start MySQL server on localhost:3306 `sudo service mysql start`, and create a database named "sp90013", i.e., run "mysql -u root -p", input password, then "CREATE DATABASE sp90013;"
- 4. Clone git repository, change the working directory to COMP90082_Software_Project_Database_Backend
- 5. Install all packages needed "pip install -r requirements.txt" (Do not install another version of packages which can help you miss many unwanted mistakes) If multiple version of python are installed, use python3 and pip3 or python3.x and pip3.x instead.
- 6. Modify the MySQL username and password config in TeamSPBackend/settings/dev.py and TeamSPBackend/settings/prod.py (don't forget to modify 'DATABASES/default/TEST/PASSWORD' in prod.py)
- 7. Create MySQL tables "python manage.py migrate".
- 8. Create a log folder "mkdir ../logs"
- 9. Start server "nohup python manage.py runserver 0.0.0.0:18000 >> ../logs/1.log", the back-end is now running on http://127.
 0.0.1:18000/. This command will store the output of the program from the command line to the 1.log file. And will keep the process alive in the background.

Reference

- 1. Sample Deployment Checklist: https://smartbear.com/blog/sample-deployment-checklist/
- 2. http://pages.cs.wisc.edu/~mikem/puddles/deployment
- 3. An example: https://docs.bmc.com/docs/ReleasePackageDeploy/50/using/example-of-a-web-application-deployment

7.1 Cloud Server Deployment

Procedure

- Install MySQL
 - rpm -Uvh http://dev.mysql.com/get/mysql-community-release-el6-5.noarch.rpm
 - yum install mysql-server
- Start MyŚQL
 - service mysqld start
- Install pip
 - wget https://bootstrap.pypa.io/get-pip.py
 - python3 get-pip.py
- Install Git
 - sudo yum install git
- Install SSL Certification chain mitigation
 - (UAC/sudo required):

```
python3.7 ca.py
```

- · or install manually:
 - get certificate directory by running:

```
python3.7 -c 'import certifi; print(certifi.where())'
```

- · appending contents of chain.pem to the file cacert.pem in certificate directory
- Clone Git Repository
- Install requirement and edit setting File as 7 Deployment
- Run server
 - python3 manage.py runserver 0.0.0.0:18000

SSL Certificate Issue:

Description

The unimelb Atlassian stack runs a mis-configured server which sends an incomplete SSL certificate chain missing intermediate certificate QuoVadis Global SSL ICA G3, which is present on most browsers but not in urllib3(openssl).

We've provided one of the client side mitigations with ca.py that installs complete certificate chain exported from Chrome.

You can learn more about other possible solutions: https://urllib3.readthedocs.io/en/latest/advanced-usage.html

It is **highly recommended to configure the server to send the complete certificate chain**, as client side mitigation is only temporary, the installation script will warn about the certificate expiration date (2022-04-16 01:55:00).

Export and generate the certification chain manually

If the certificate chain we provided expired and the server continues to behave this way, the Atlassian subsystems in our product will not run correctly.

- Go to https://jira.cis.unimelb.edu.au:8444/ or https://confluence.cis.unimelb.edu.au:8443/ with Chromium browsers
- Click the lock icon in the address bar
- Click Certificate
- Click Details
- · You can see the certificates used in the chain in Certificate Hierarchy
- Export the each and every certificate, starting from the bottom one
- Create your own chain.pem file and enter these certificates in that order
- Run the ca.py script on your chain.pem file or paste them manually to the CA file

You can export certificates in similar ways with Firefox, Edge, Opera etc.

Errors and Solution

When installing mysqlclient on Linux, some problems happened.

OSError: mysql_config not found

```
WARNING: Discarding https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/d0/97/7326248ac8d5049968bf4ec708a5d3d4806e412a42e74160d7f266a3e03a/mysqlclient-1.4.6.tar.gz#sha256 =f3fdaa9a38752a3b214a6fe79d7cae3653731a532577821f9187e67cbecb2e16 (from https://pypi.org/simple/mysqlclient/). Command errored out with exit status 1: python setup.py egg_info Check the logs for full command output.

ERROR: Could not find a version that satisfies the requirement mysqlclient==1.4.6 (from versions: 1.3.0, 1.3.1, 1.3.2, 1.3.3, 1.3.4, 1.3.5, 1.3.6, 1.3.7, 1.3.8, 1.3.10, 1.3.11r.1, 1.3.11, 1.3.12, 1.3.13, 1.3.14, 1.4.0rc1, 1.4.0rc2, 1.4.0rc3, 1.4.0, 1.4.1, 1.4.2, 1.4.2.post1, 1.4.3, 1.4.4, 1.4.5, 1.4.6, 2.0.0, 2.0.1, 2.0.2, 2.0.3)

ERROR: No matching distribution found for mysqlclient==1.4.6
Building wheels for collected packages: at lassian-python-api, mysqlclient, PySocks, xsmtplib, PyYML, future Building wheels for collected packages: at lassian-python-api, mysqlclient, PySocks, xsmtplib, PyYML, future Building wheels for act lassian-python-api (etup.py)... done building wheels for available and the control of the cont
     ERROR: Failed building wheel for mysqlclient
                ERROR: Failed building wheel for mysqlclient
Running setup.py clean for mysqlclient
Running setup.py clean for mysqlclient
Running setup.py clean for mysqlclient
Ruilding wheel for PySocks (setup.py) ... done
Created wheel for PySocks (setup.py) ... done
Created wheel for PySocks (setup.py) ... done
Created wheel for PySocks (setup.py) ... done
Running setup.py clean for mysocks (setup.py) ... done
Created wheel for PySocks (setup.py) ... done
Running setup.py setup.
```

To solve the above two problems, install the dependencies of mysqlclient: `sudo yum install -y python3-devel mysql-devel gcc`

7.2 Scitools Understand Deployment

This document is a tutorial for deploying Understand (a powerful code analysis tool) in Windows, Mac and Linux environment.

I. Understand Environment Setting in Linux

```
1 make a directory mkdir understand
```

2 download Understand

wget https://latest.scitools.com/Understand/Understand-6.0.1066-Linux-64bit.tgz

3 install Understand

tar xvfz Understand-6.0.1066-Linux-64bit.tgz

4 setting Environment Variables

4.1 open setting file vi ~/etc/profile

4.2 add variables

 $export\ PYTHONPATH = "\$\{PYTHONPATH\}: \sim /comp90082 sp/understand/scitools/bin/linux 64/Python = 100 pt/scitools/bin/linux 64/Python = 100 pt/scit$

export PATH="\${LD_LIBRARY_PATH}:~/comp90082sp/understand/scitools/bin"

For vm:

export PYTHONPATH="\${PYTHONPATH}:~/spUnimelb/understand/scitools/bin/linux64/Python" export PATH="\${PATH}:~/spUnimelb/understand/scitools/bin/linux64"

export PATH="\${LD_LIBRARY_PATH}:~/spUnimelb/understand/scitools/bin"

4.3 run setting file and make it valid source /etc/profile

II. python + und for getting metrics

II.1 und command line mode:

```
1 Setting License: und -setlicensecode XfA7YbMwUZ9OCYJd
```

2 create an und project and analyze its metrics:

there are 3 steps, for example:

```
2.1 und create -db KT.und -languages python C++ Java
2.2 und add ./Jerry-Shan-KT-blend-word-detection KT.und
2.3 und analyze KT.und
-->
Merge them togather:
und create -db KT.und -languages python C++ Java add ./Jerry-Shan-KT-blend-word-detection KT.und analyze
--> Template:
und create -db fileName.und -languages python C++ Java add filePath filename.und analyze
```

import understand udb = understand.open('KT.und') metrics = udb.metric(udb.metrics()) return
metrics

II.3 Python API + und command line in Python Script

```
# using Understand for analyze Metrics
# For Mac
# UND_PATH = '/Applications/Understand.app/Contents/MacOS/'
# For Linux Server
UND_PATH = '~/comp90082sp/understand/scitools/bin/linux64/'
sys.path.append(UND_PATH)
sys.path.append(UND_PATH+'Python')
import understand
# set Understand License
UND_LICENSE = 'und -setlicensecode XfA7YbMwUZ90CYJd'
os.system(UND_LICENSE)
# understand und command line for loading a git repo and generate metrics
UND_METRICS = UND_PATH + 'und create -db {} -languages python C++ Java add {} {} analyze'
und_file = construct_certification(repo, space_key) + '.und'
path = REPO_PATH + convert(repo)
und_metrics = UND_METRICS.format(und_file, path, und_file)
os.system(und_metrics)
# open a project und
udb = understand.open(und_file)
# get all project metrics
metrics = udb.metric(udb.metrics())
return metrics
```

Reference

https://support.scitools.com/t/using-understand-from-the-command-line-with-und/79

https://support.scitools.com/t/getting-started-with-the-python-api/51