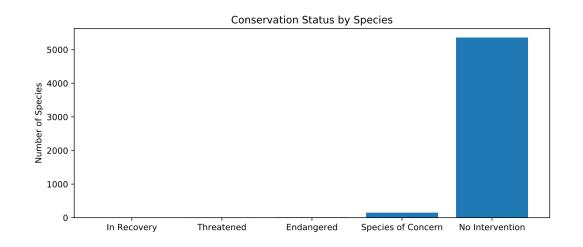
Capstone Option 2: Biodiversity for the National Parks

Data in species_info.csv

	category	not_protected	i	protected
0	Amphibian	72	7	
1	Bird	413	75	
2	Fish	115 1	1	
3	Mammal	146	30	
4	Nonvascular Plant	328	5	
5	Reptile	73	5	
6	Vascular Plant	4216	46	



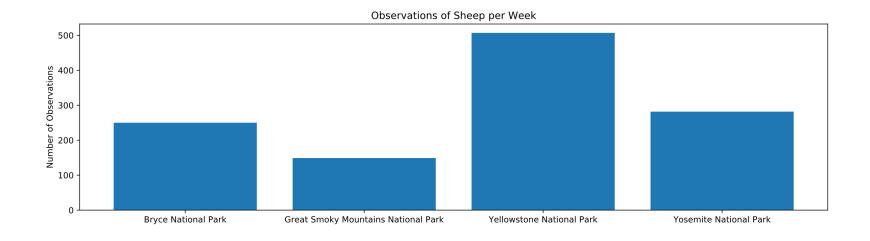
- Only a small amount of all animals is protected
- Relatively, mammals are the type of animal with the largest protection rate
- Absolutely, birds are the most protected animals



Significance calculations

- Slight difference in the percentages of birds and mammals that fall into a protected category
- Null hypothesis: Is this difference just a coincidence?
- Chi-square test: p-value=0.688 → Coincidence
- Same test for reptiles and mammals
- ► Chi-square test: p-value=0.0383 → Difference is significant
- Certain types of species are more likely to be endangered than others

Sheep observations



- Sample size determination had a bug
- Assuming a baseline of 15, a minimum detectable effect of 5%(33% change) and a statistical significance of 90%, i obtained a minimum sample size of 39000