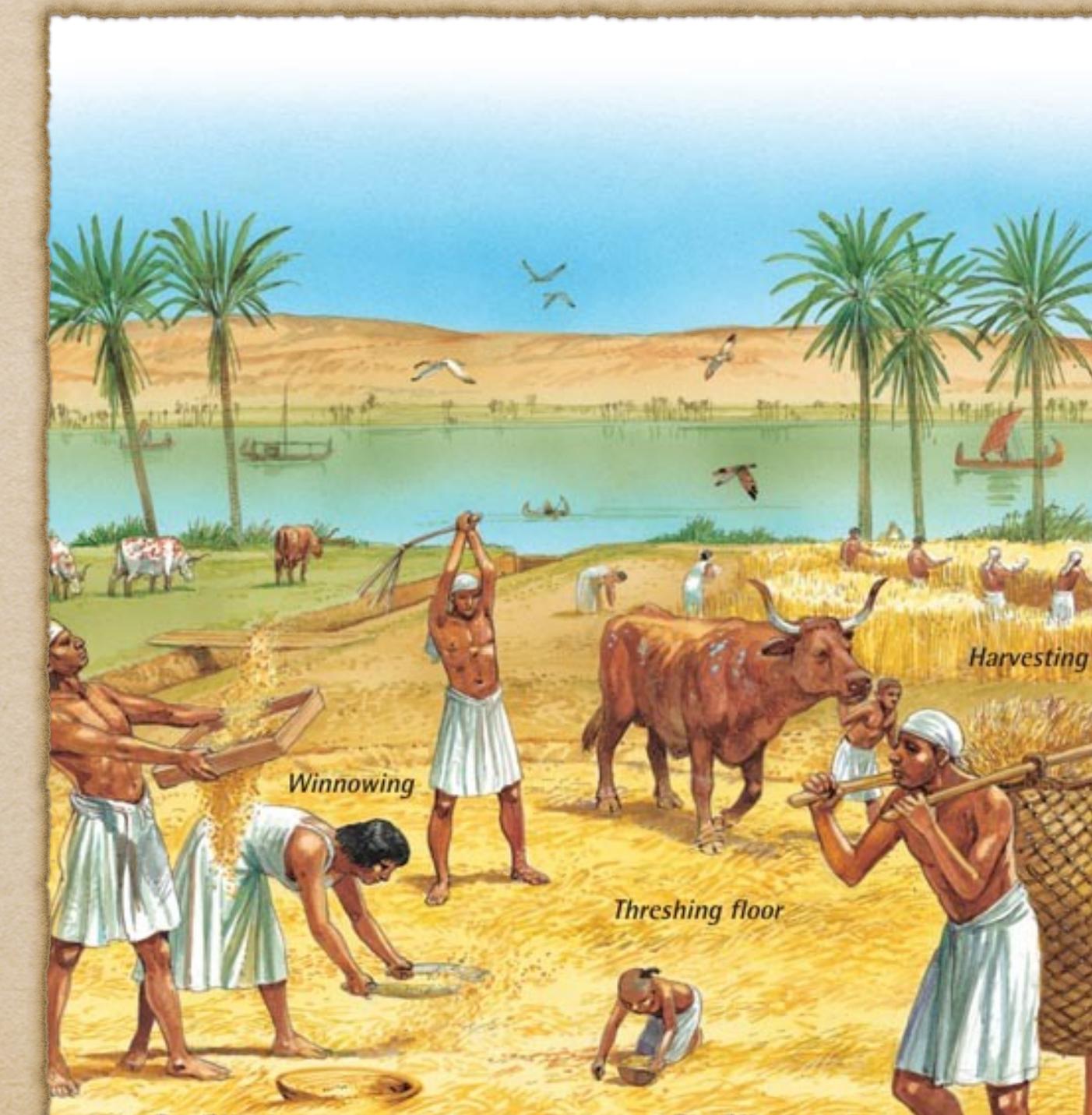
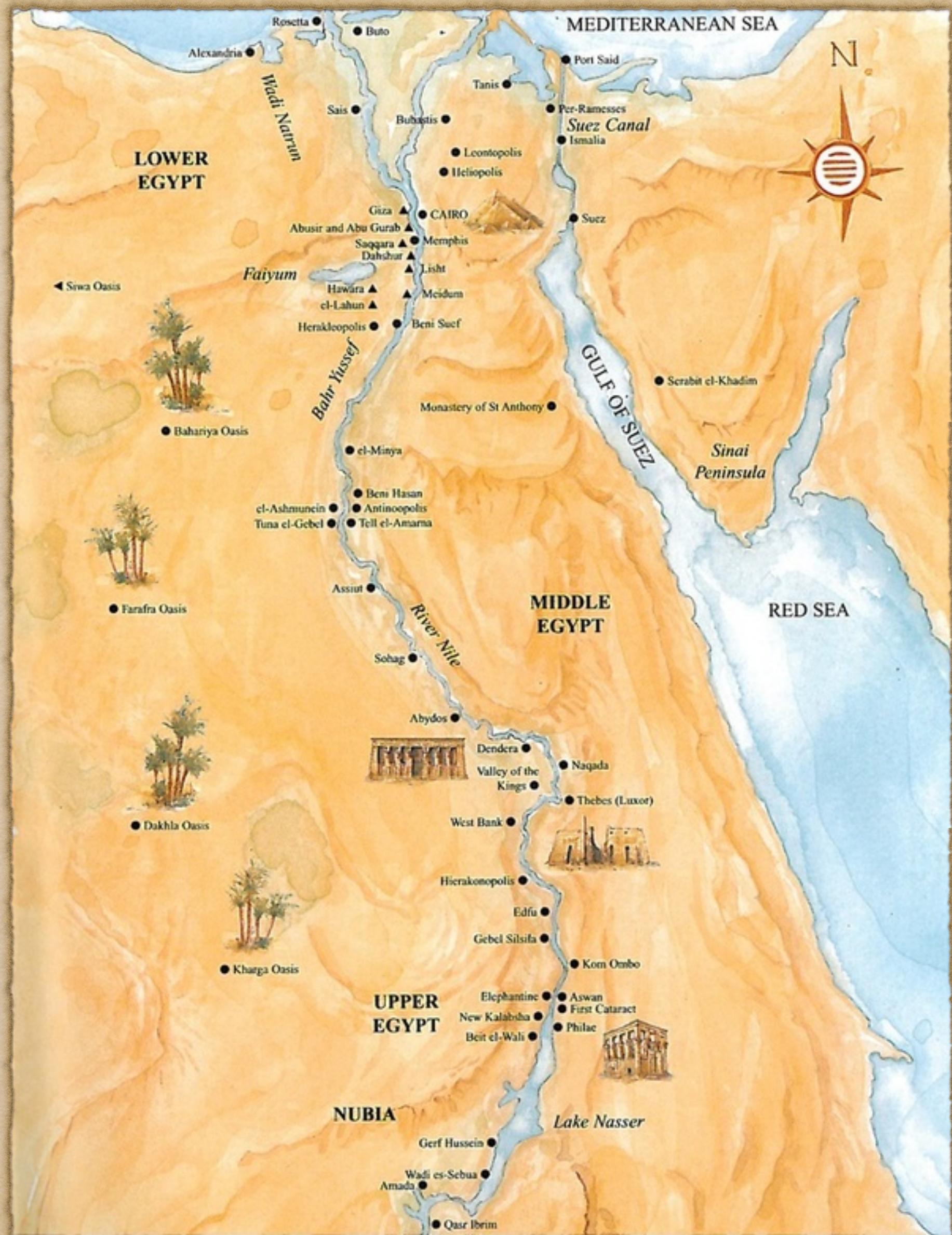


Egyptian Hieroglyphic Recognition

Group 2







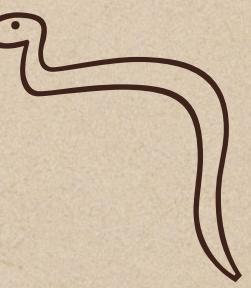
Egyptian Hieroglyphic



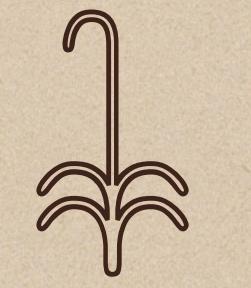
seated man



Egyptian vulture



cobra



sedge



ripple of water

Pipeline

- ◆ Image Segmentation for hieroglyphics on Ancient Egyptian slate.
- ◆ Recognition for the hieroglyphic.

Image Segmentation

- ◆ We created our dataset by labeling the slate image with Labelme tool.

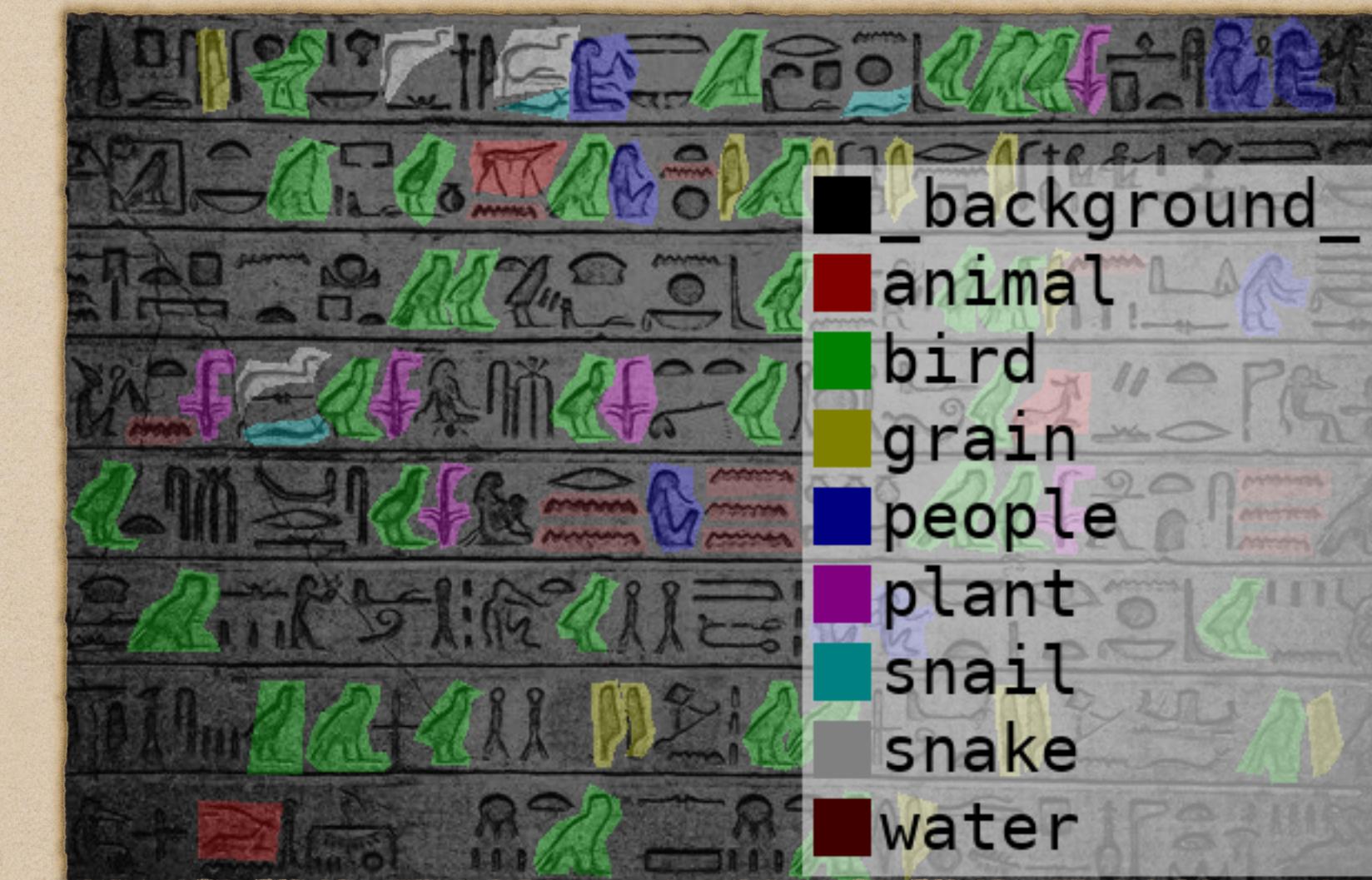
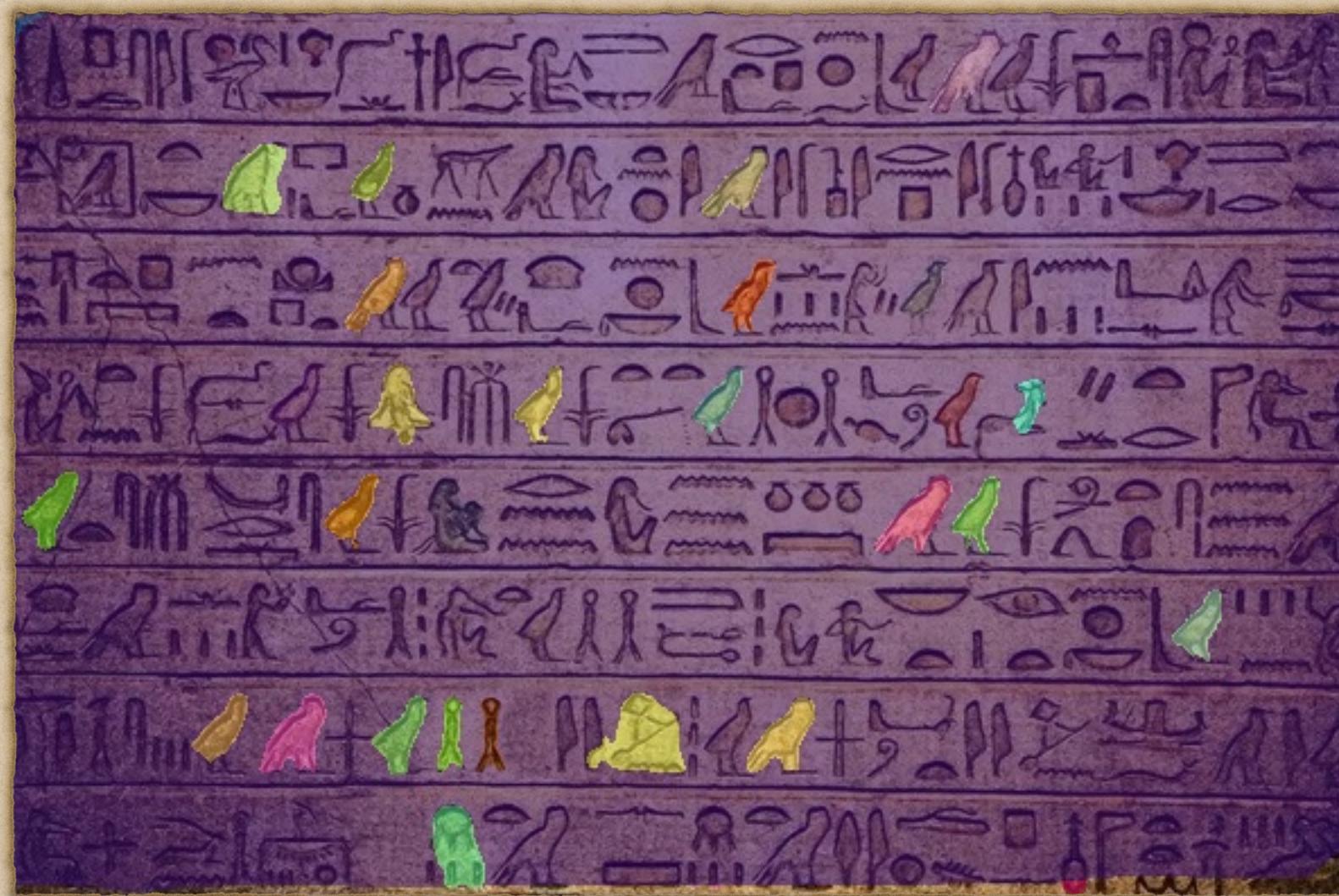


Image Segmentation

- ◆ We did transfer learning on pre-trained Solo network model.



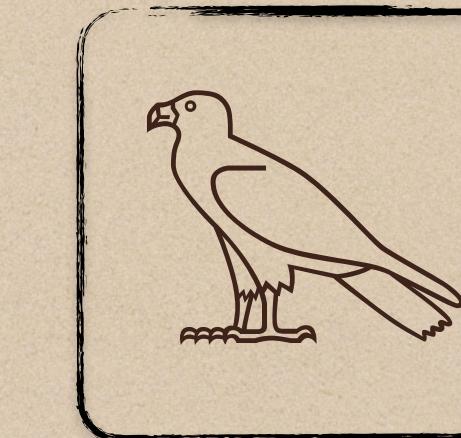
The segmentation result is bad. So we decided to segment hieroglyphics manually.

Recognition

Stage 1:
Category Classifying

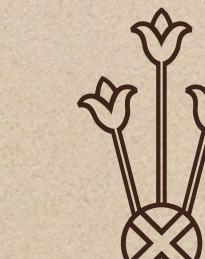
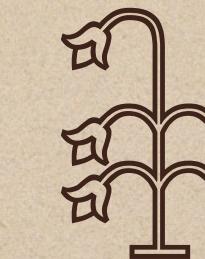
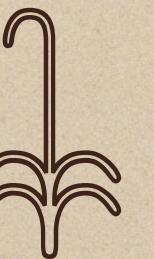


Bird



...

Plant



...

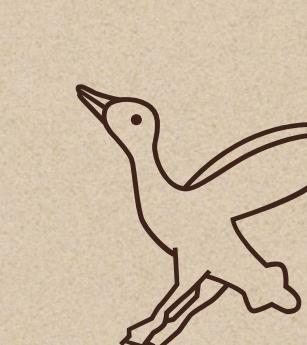
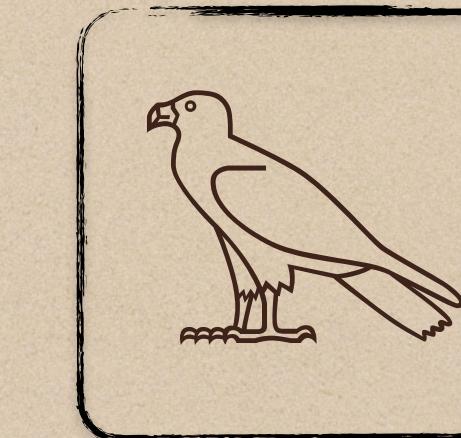
People



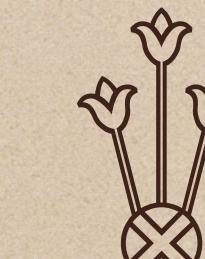
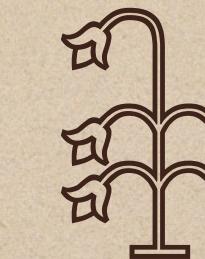
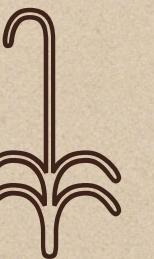
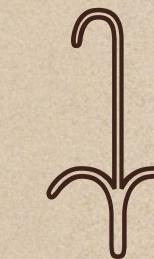
...

...

Stage 2:
Character Mapping



...



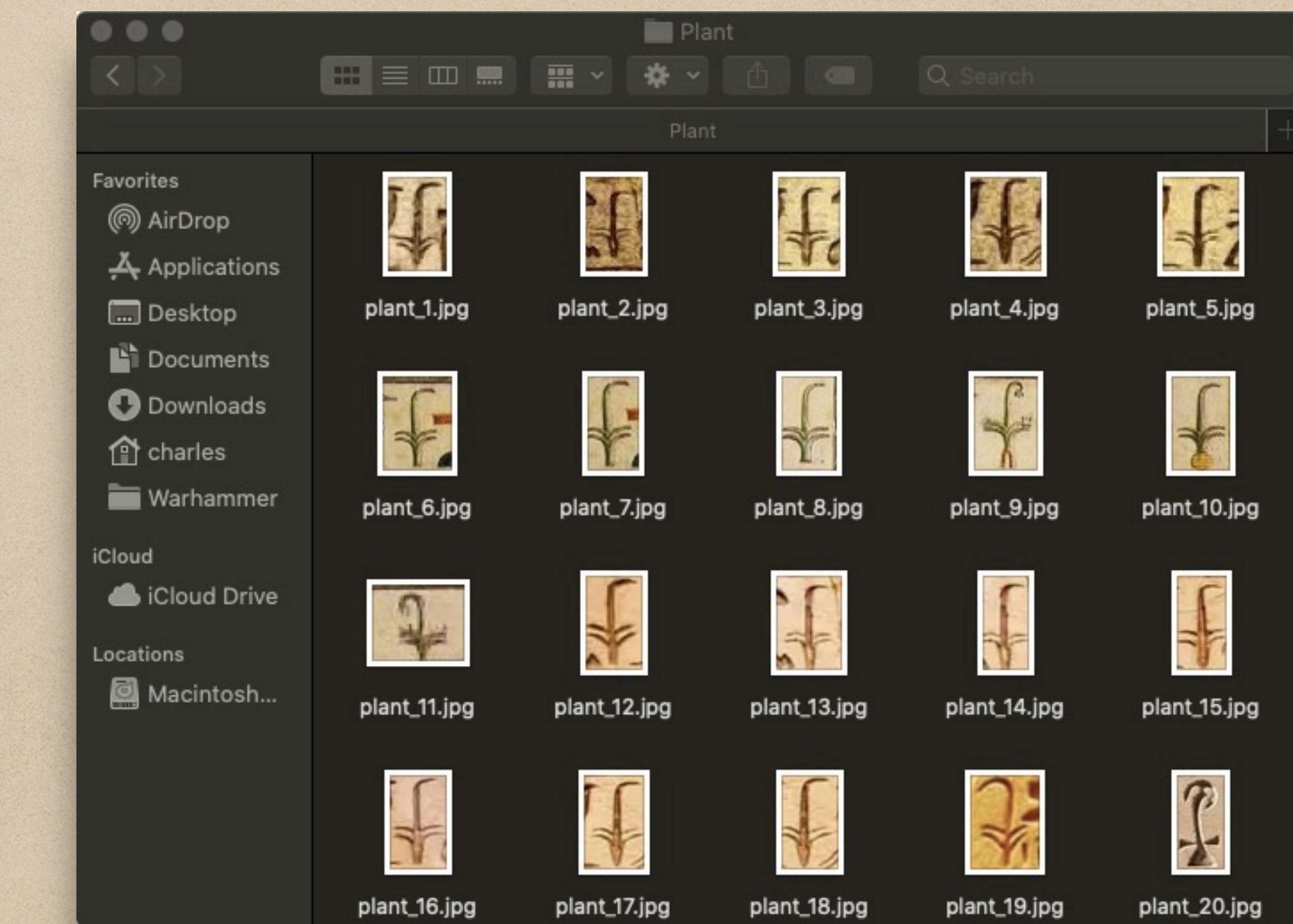
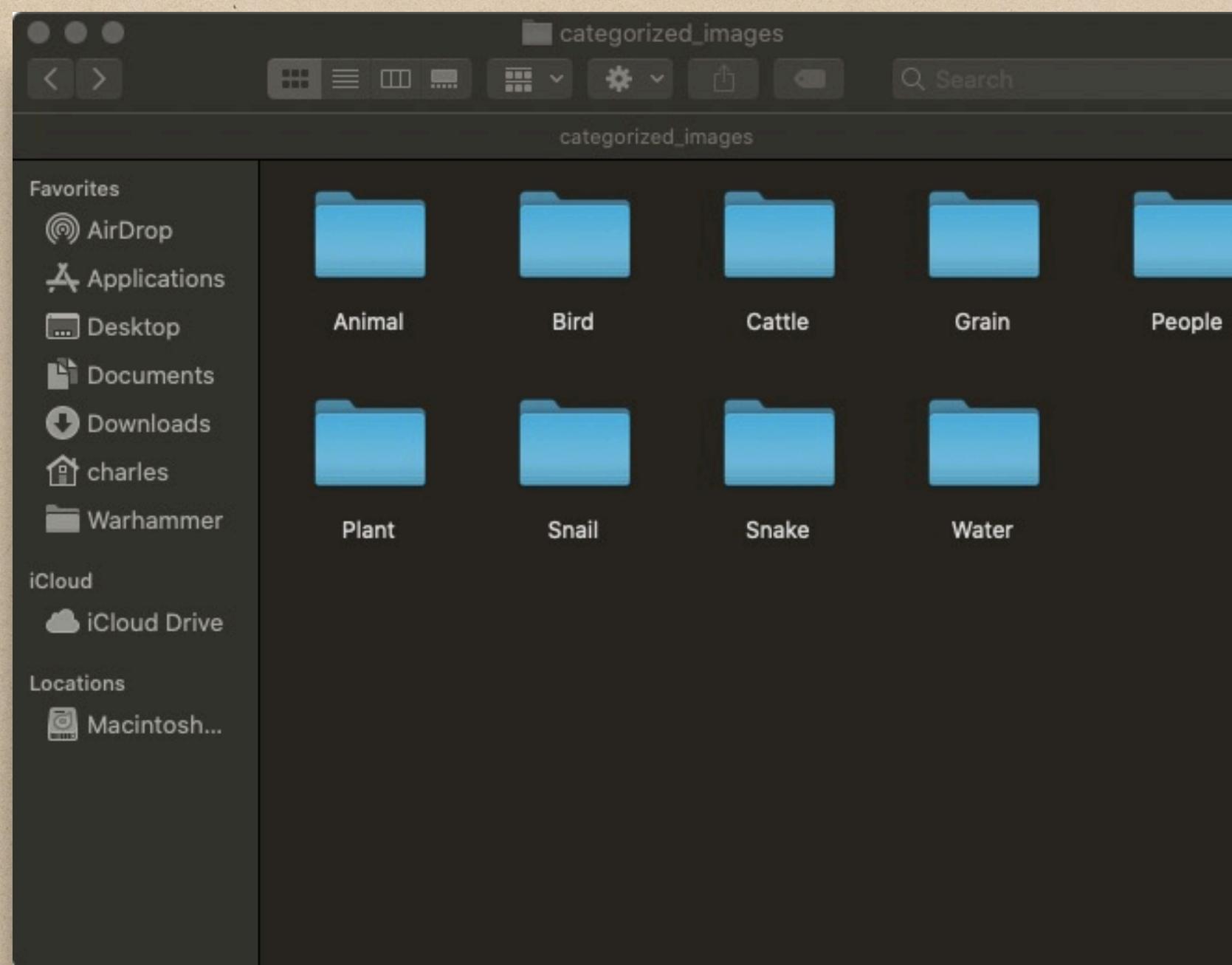
...



...

Recognition — Stage 1: Category classifying

- ◆ We did transfer learning on pre-trained ResNet-50 model.



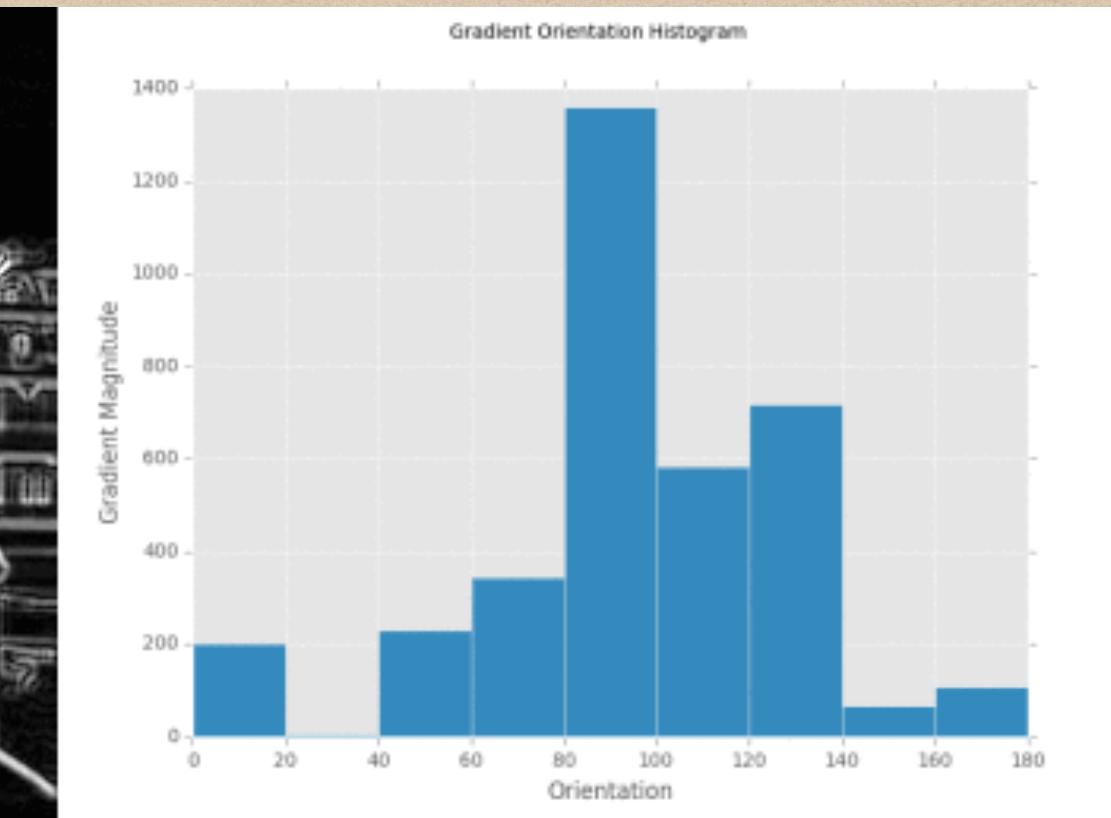
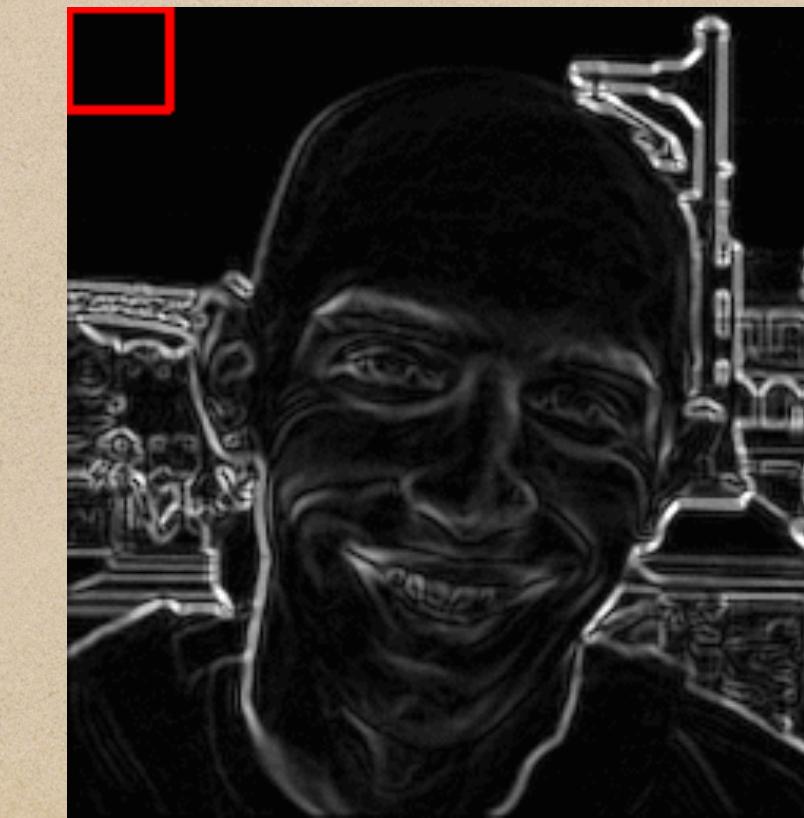
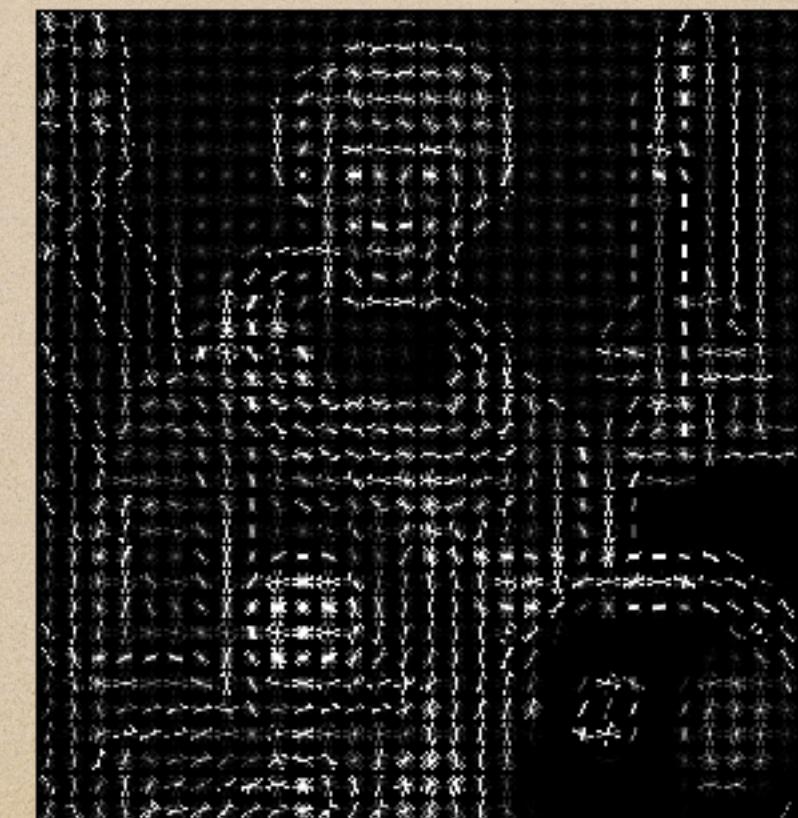
Recognition — Category classifying

- ◆ Training result:

```
charles@liangzhiyuandeMacBook-Air Desktop % python3 test.py -model ./model/resnet50.pth  
./model/resnet50.pth is loaded.  
Accuracy for class Snail is: 33.3 % (1 / 3)  
Accuracy for class Water is: 100.0 % (11 / 11)  
Accuracy for class Plant is: 83.3 % (5 / 6)  
Accuracy for class Cattle is: 100.0 % (3 / 3)  
Accuracy for class Grain is: 100.0 % (6 / 6)  
Accuracy for class Bird is: 90.5 % (19 / 21)  
Accuracy for class People is: 37.5 % (3 / 8)  
Accuracy for class Animal is: 33.3 % (1 / 3)  
Accuracy for class Snake is: 0.0 % (0 / 2)  
charles@liangzhiyuandeMacBook-Air Desktop %
```

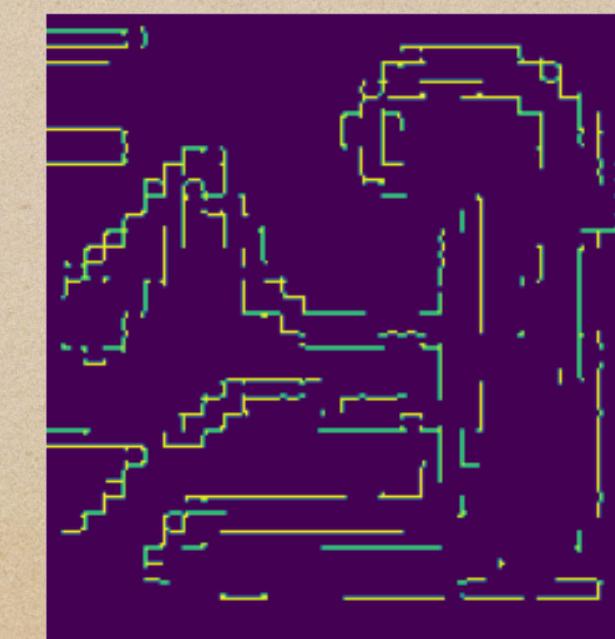
Recognition — Stage 2: Character Mapping

- ◆ We map the image into the character with the smallest difference.
- ◆ Image feature description:
 - ◆ Histogram of Oriented Gradient (HOG)



Recognition — Stage 2: Character Mapping

- ◆ Difference between two images
- ◆ Intuitive formulation: `hog_diff_original`
- ◆ Issue: Input image may be very noisy
- ◆ Solution: Extract area of interest with canny edge detection

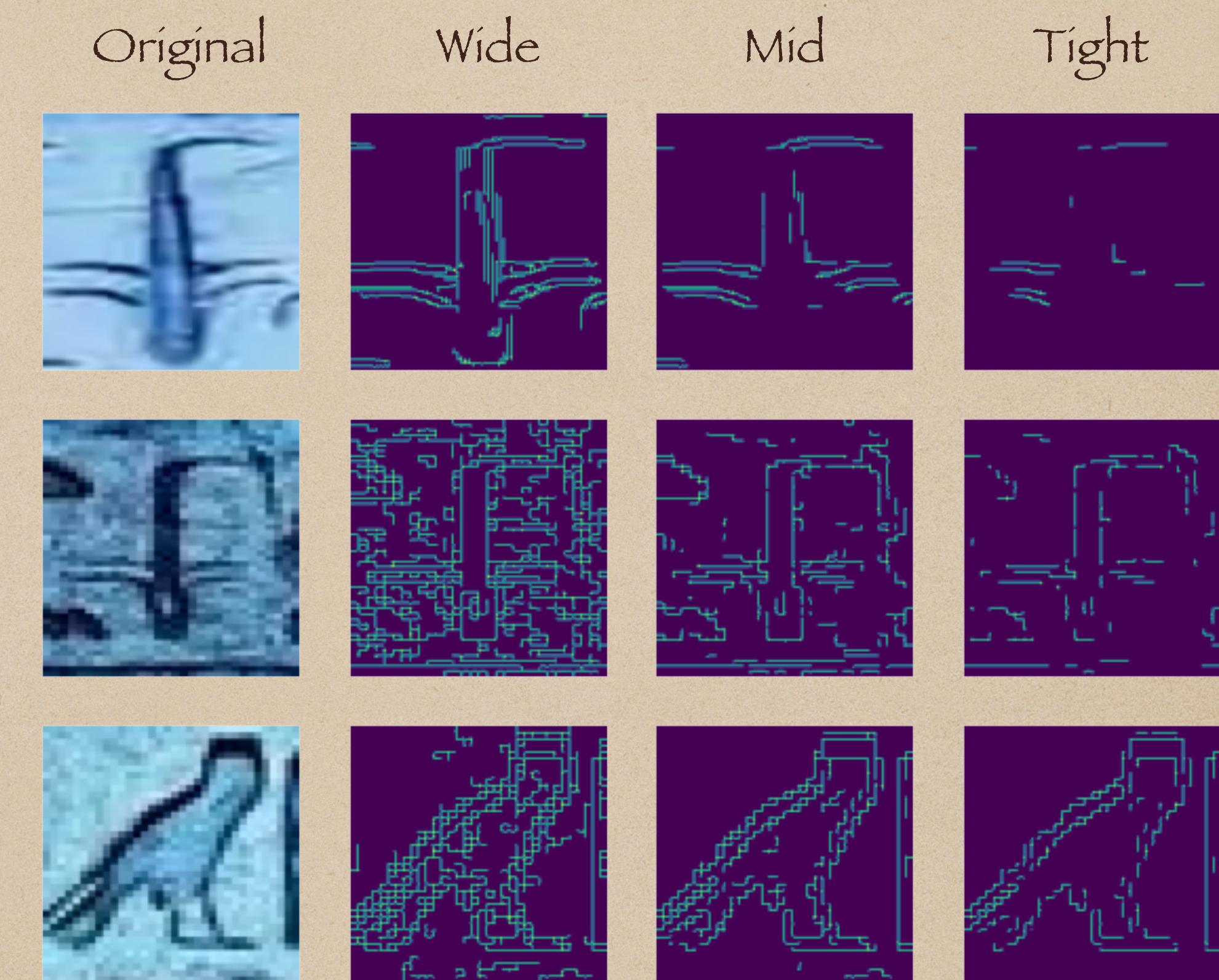


Recognition — Stage 2: Character Mapping

- ◆ Difference between two images
- ◆ Our formulation: $\text{diff1} * 0.4 + \text{diff2} * 0.6$
 - ◆ diff1 : difference between hog on original images
 - ◆ diff2 difference between hog on edge images

Recognition — Stage 2: Character Mapping

- ◆ Comparisons on three scales
- ◆ $\text{diff2} = \min($
 - ◆ `hog_diff_edge_wide,`
 - ◆ `hog_diff_edge_mid,`
 - ◆ `hog_diff_edge_tight)`



Demo