

Geo106E

Fundamentals of Programming

Lab-12

2018-2019
Spring Semester

LabWork 12.1 - Sorting

(File name « Lab12.1.py »)

Generate a list with 100 integer between 0-100 randomly and sort the numbers in the list using merge sort quicksort and insertion sort algorithms provided in module «sort.py».

```
#-----  
import random  
from sort import *  
#-----  
myList = [random.randint(0,100) for i in range(100)]  
quickSort(myList)
```

```
# Insertion Sort  
# https://gist.github.com/ameerkat/731870#file-sorts-py  
def insertionSort(myList):  
    for i in range(1, len(myList)):  
        → # Copy the key value so we can overwrite it when shifting  
        → pivot = myList[i]  
        → j = i - 1  
        → while j >= 0 and myList[j] > pivot:  
            → # Shift over all the entries greater than key  
            → myList[j+1] = myList[j]  
            → j = j - 1  
        → # Now copy the key into the appropriate spot left by  
        → # shifting all the greater values over  
        → myList[j+1] = pivot  
    return myList
```

Example: Merge Sort Algorithm

LabWork 12.2

(File name « Lab12.2.py »)

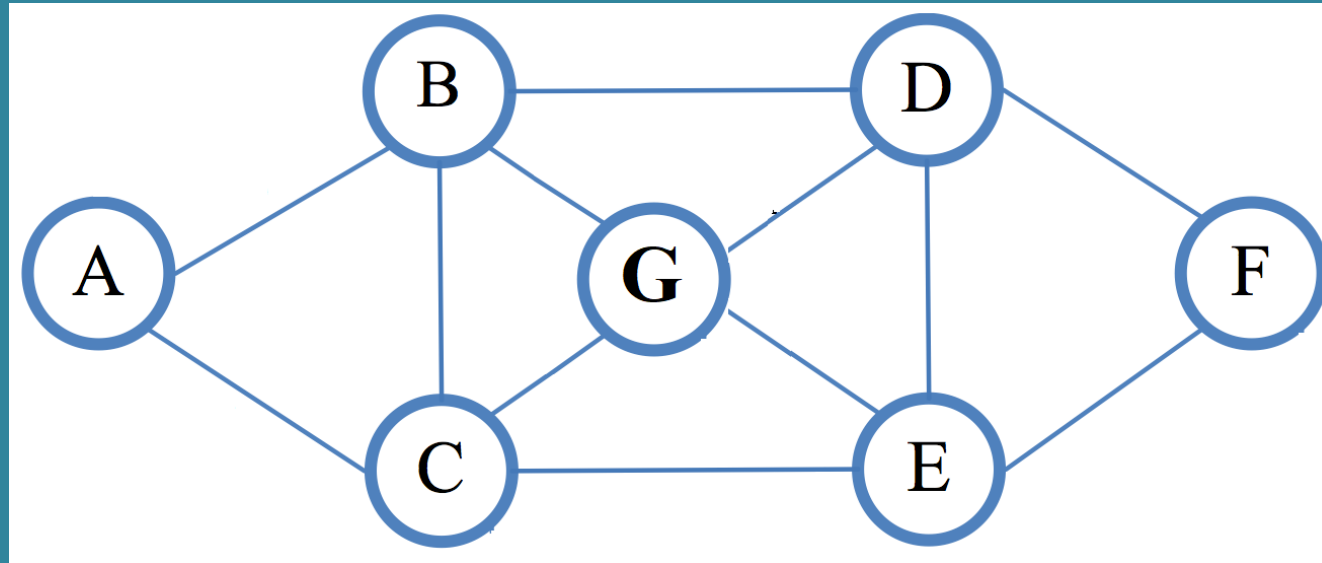
On the above table, for 2016, the population and the population percentage information of big cities in Turkey are given. Sort this table in ascending population using `numpy.sort` with `order` keyword argument.

Year	Province	Population	Percent
2016	İstanbul	14804116	18,55
2016	Ankara	5346518	6,70
2016	İzmir	4223545	5,29
2016	Bursa	2901396	3,64

LabWork 12.3 – Shortest Path

(File name « Lab12.3.py »)

Find the shortest path between node A and F



Coordinates of nodes →

A (X = 7, Y = 1)	E (X = 1, Y = 10)
B (X = 9, Y = 4)	F (X = 8, Y = 12)
C (X = 1, Y = 3)	G (X = 5, Y = 7)
D (X = 9, Y = 9)	

Use the python code «dijsktra.py» First you need to create a graph instance and add edges and nodes of this graph given. Define the points as an instance, too. Than call distance function to calculate the length of the edges.