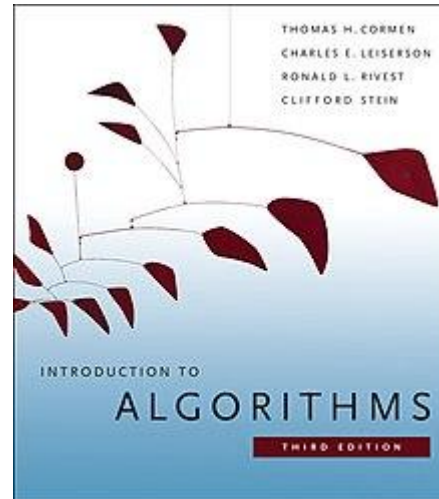


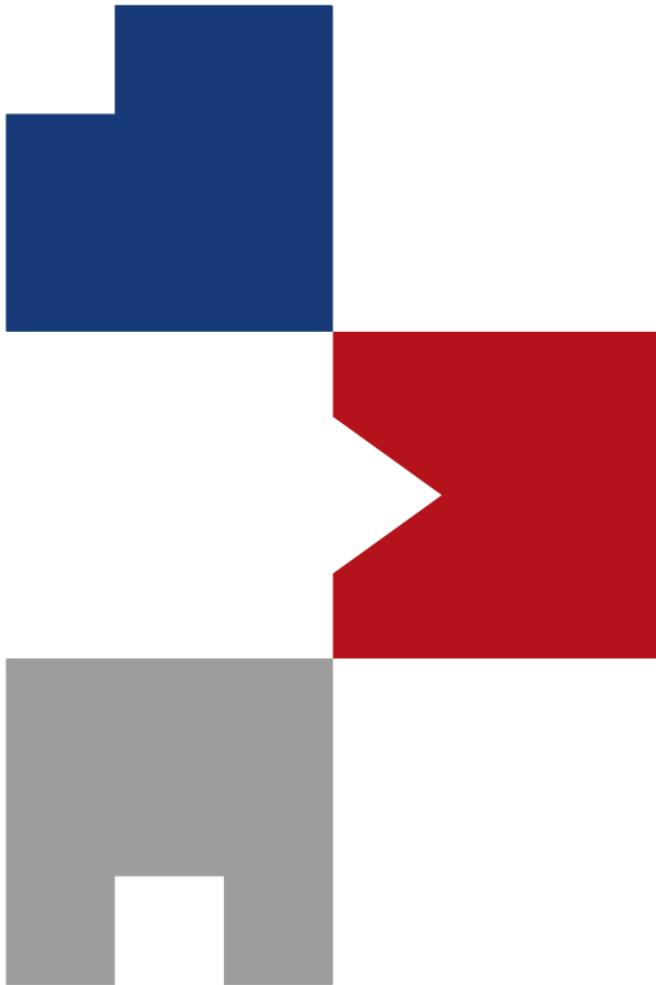
# Introduction to 3D Vision



1312 pages

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Computer Science and Engineering Department, SEOULTECH  
[sunglok@seoultech.ac.kr](mailto:sunglok@seoultech.ac.kr) | <https://mint-lab.github.io/>

# **An Invitation** ~~**Introduction**~~ to 3D Vision **: A Tutorial for Everyone**



Sunglok Choi, Assistant Professor, Ph.D.  
Computer Science and Engineering Department, SEOULTECH  
[sunglok@seoultech.ac.kr](mailto:sunglok@seoultech.ac.kr) | <https://mint-lab.github.io/>

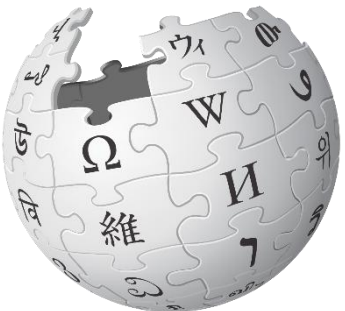
# What is Computer Vision?

- **Computer vision is an interdisciplinary field that deals with how computers can be made to gain high-level understanding from digital images or videos.**
- From the perspective of engineering, it seeks to automate tasks that the human visual system can do.[1][2][3]
- "Computer vision is concerned with the automatic extraction, analysis and understanding of useful information from a single image or a sequence of images.
- It involves the development of a theoretical and algorithmic basis to achieve automatic visual understanding."[9]



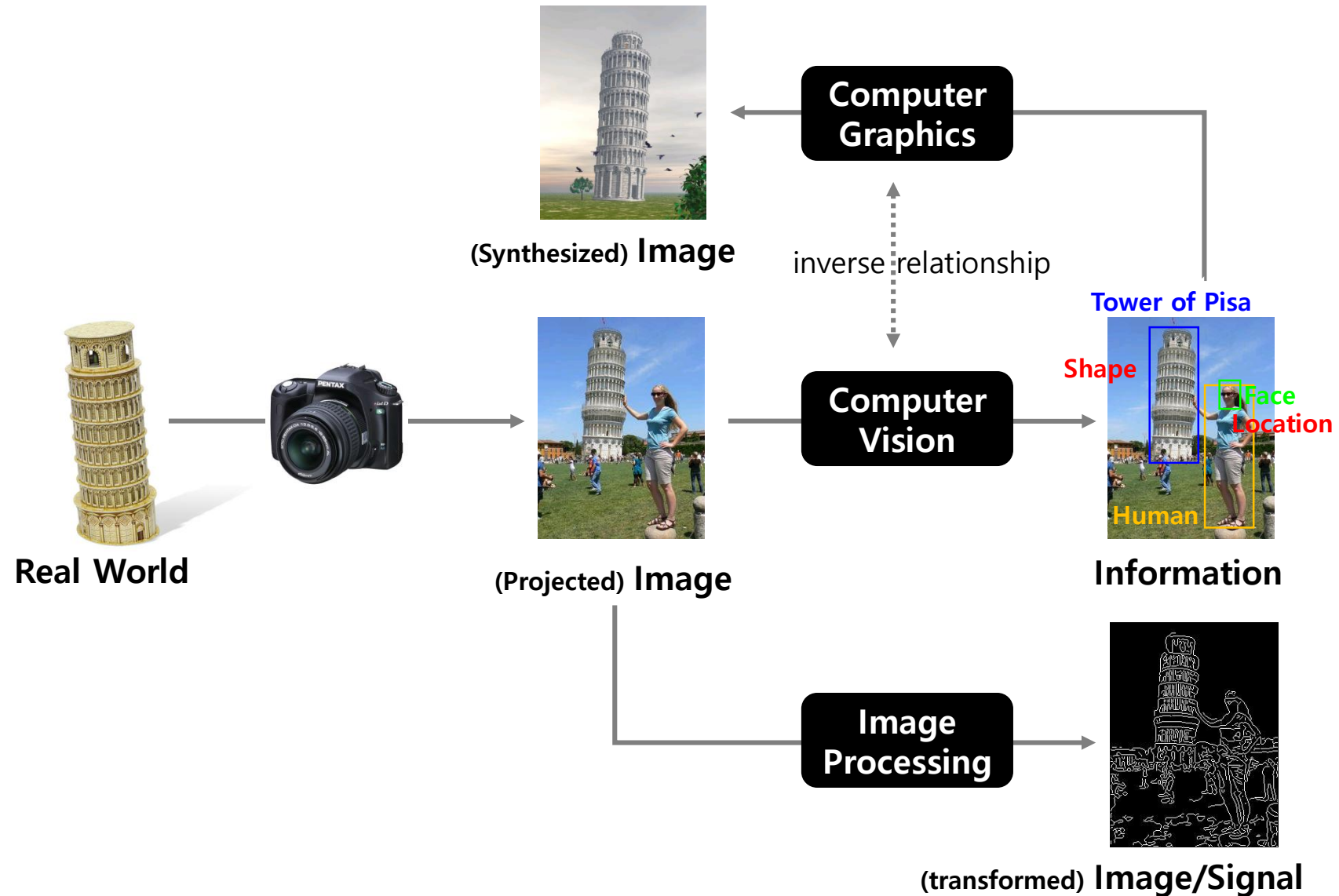
# What is Computer Vision?

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# What is Computer Vision?

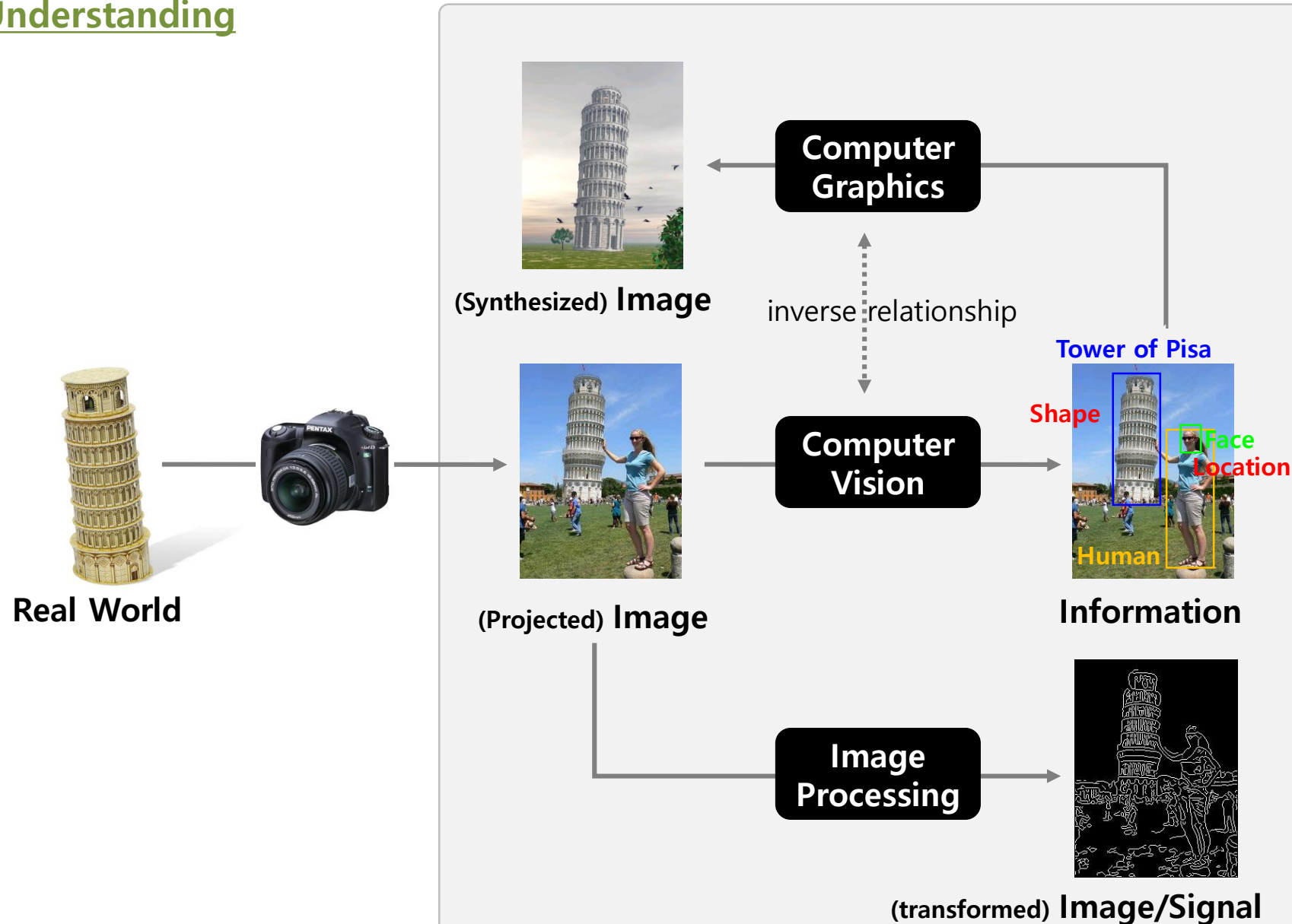
## Image Understanding



# What is **Computer Vision**?

## Image Understanding

## Computer Vision

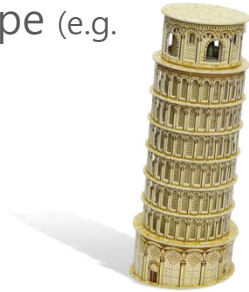


# What is Computer Vision?

## Computer Vision

### What is it?

- Label (e.g. Tower of Pisa)
- Shape (e.g. )



### Where am I?

- Place (e.g. Piazza del Duomo, Pisa, Italy)
- Location (e.g. )



(84, 10, 18) [m]



# What is 3D Vision?

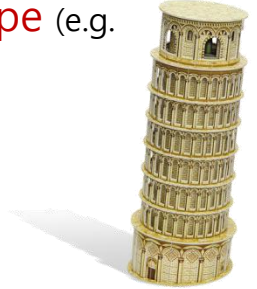
Visual Geometry

Multiple View Geometry

Geometric Vision

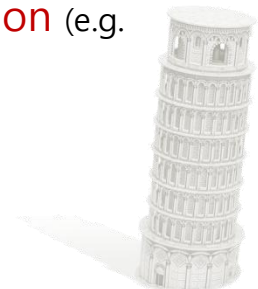
## Computer Vision

### What is it?

- **Label** (e.g. Tower of Pisa)
- **Shape** (e.g. )



### Where am I?

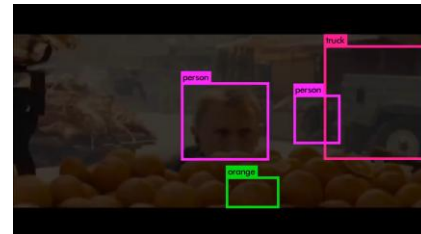
- **Place** (e.g. Piazza del Duomo, Pisa, Italy)
- **Location** (e.g. )

(84, 10, 18) [m]

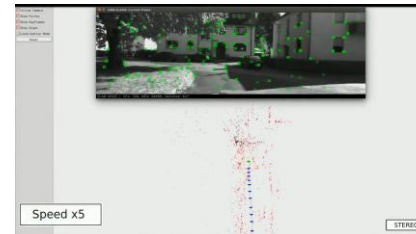


## Recognition Problems v.s. Reconstruction Problems

Stanford CS231n:  
[CNN for Visual Recognition](#)



YOLO v2 (2016)



ORB-SLAM2 (2016)

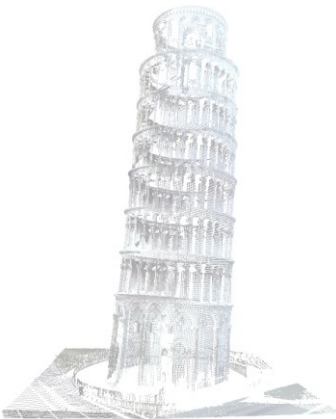
Stanford CS231A:  
[Computer Vision,  
From 3D Reconstruction to Recognition](#)



# What is 3D Vision?



image



depth image, range data, point cloud, polygon mesh, ...



Perspective Camera



Omni-directional Camera

**3D Vision**

v.s.

**3D Data Processing**



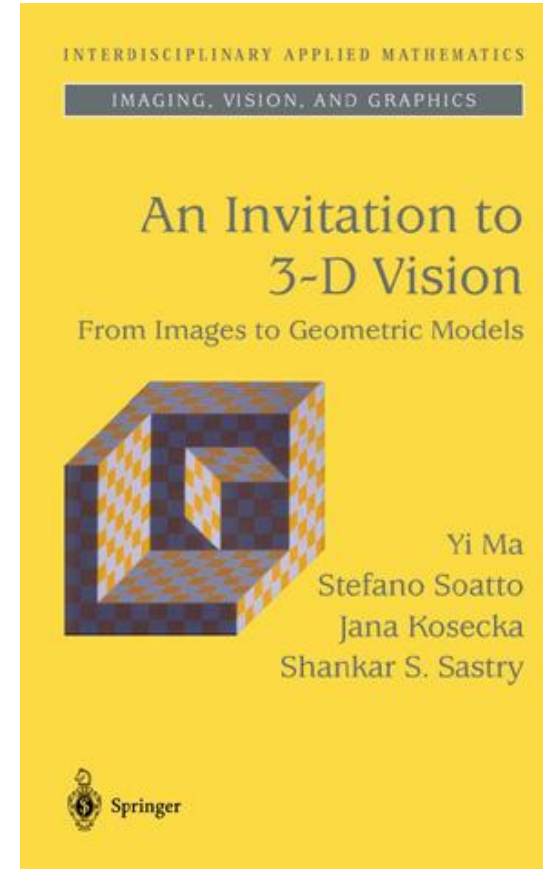
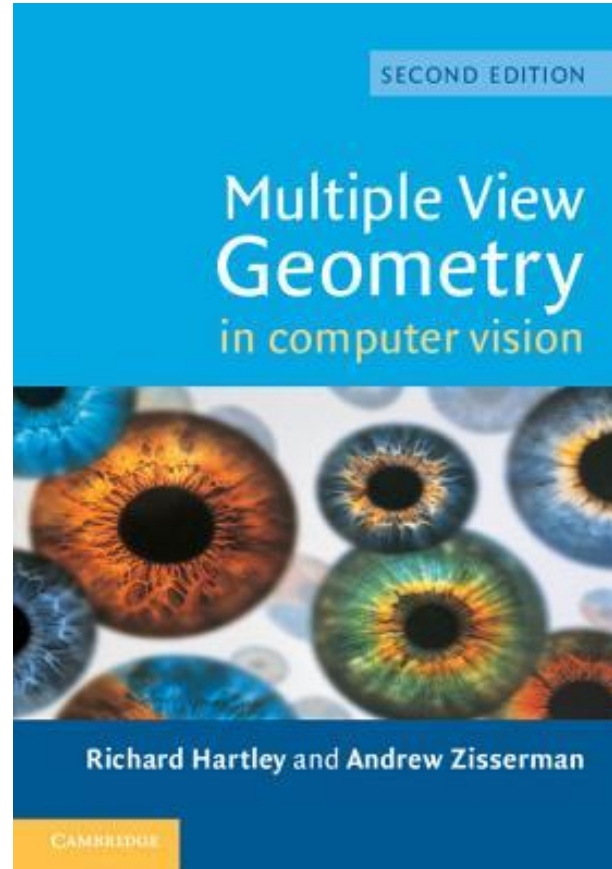
**RGB-D Camera**  
(Stereo, Structured Light, ToF, Light Field)



**Range Sensor**  
(LiDAR, RADAR)

# What is 3D Vision?

- Reference books



# What is 3D Vision?

- All example codes are available at [https://github.com/mint-lab/3dv\\_tutorial](https://github.com/mint-lab/3dv_tutorial).
  - All example codes are mostly **less than 100 lines** and based on recent **OpenCV (> 3.0.0)**.
  - Note) OpenCV (Open Source Computer Vision)

OpenCV v4.8.0 main modules:

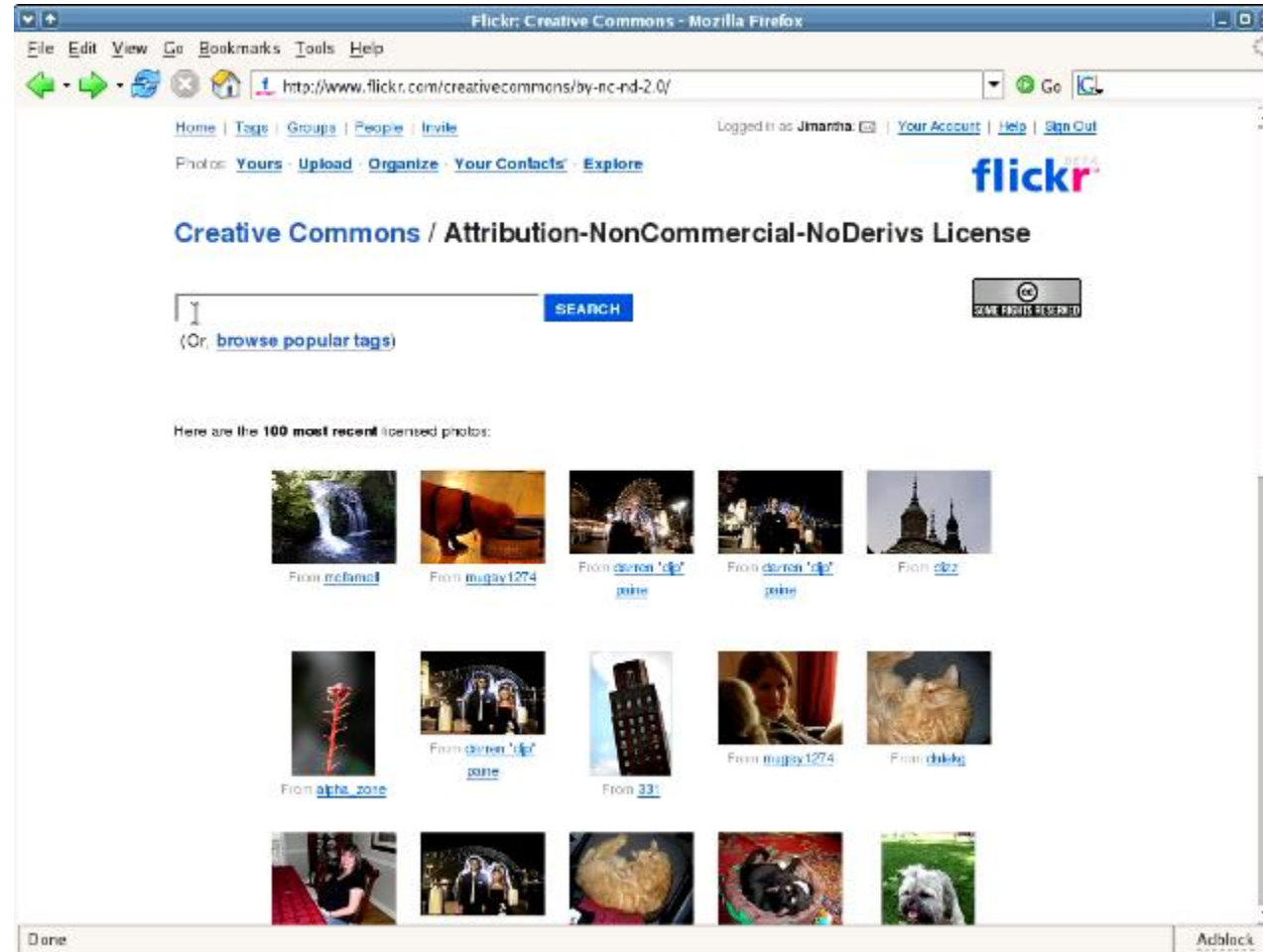
- core. [Core functionality](#)
- imgproc. [Image Processing](#)
- imgcodecs. [Image file reading and writing](#)
- videoio. [Video I/O](#)
- highgui. [High-level GUI](#)
- video. [Video Analysis](#)
- calib3d. [Camera Calibration and 3D Reconstruction](#)
- features2d. [2D Features Framework](#)
- objdetect. [Object Detection](#)
- dnn. [Deep Neural Network module](#)
- ml. [Machine Learning](#)
- flann. [Clustering and Search in Multi-Dimensional Spaces](#)
- photo. [Computational Photography](#)
- stitching. [Images stitching](#)
- gapi. [Graph API](#)

OpenCV v5.0.0-pre main modules:

- core. [Core functionality](#)
- imgproc. [Image Processing](#)
- imgcodecs. [Image file reading and writing](#)
- videoio. [Video I/O](#)
- highgui. [High-level GUI](#)
- video. [Video Analysis](#)
- 3d. [3d](#)
- stereo. [Stereo Correspondence](#)
- features2d. [2D Features Framework](#)
- calib. [Camera Calibration](#)
- objdetect. [Object Detection](#)
- dnn. [Deep Neural Network module](#)
- ml. [Machine Learning](#)
- flann. [Clustering and Search in Multi-Dimensional Spaces](#)
- photo. [Computational Photography](#)
- stitching. [Images stitching](#)
- gapi. [Graph API](#)

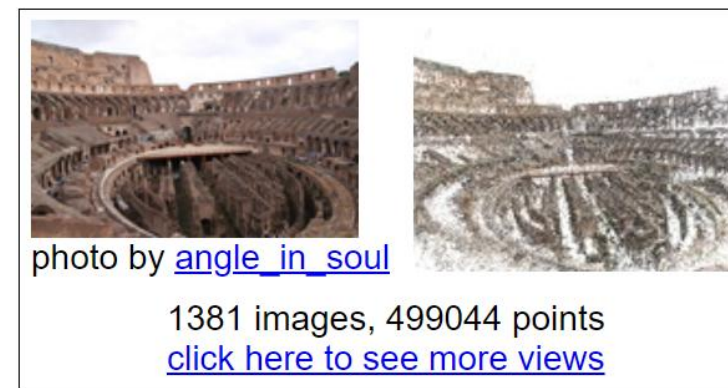
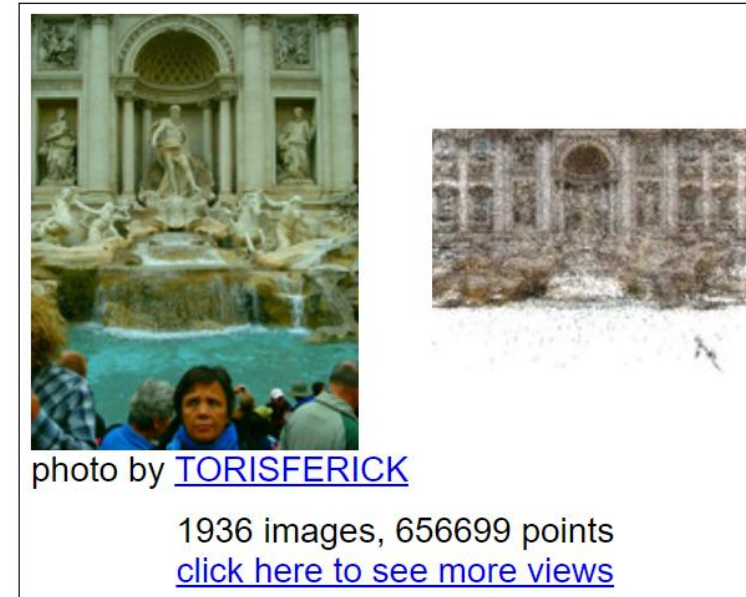
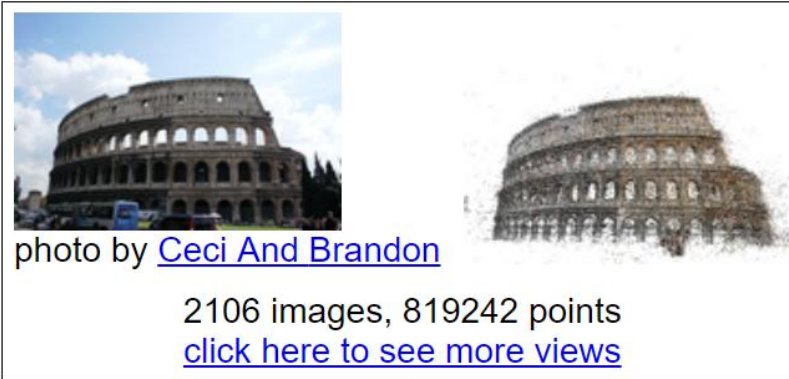
# Applications) Photo Browsing

- [Photo Tourism](#) (2006)



# Applications) 3D Reconstruction

- [Building Rome in a Day](#) (2009)





# Applications) Depth Estimation from Cellular Phones

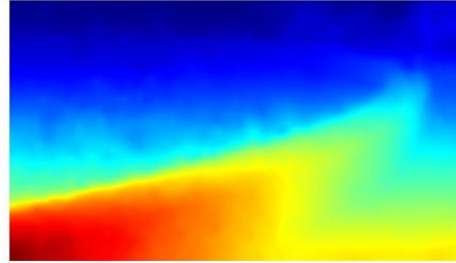
- [Structure from Small Motion](#) (SfSM; 2015)



(a) Reference images



(b) SfSM results



(c) Depth maps

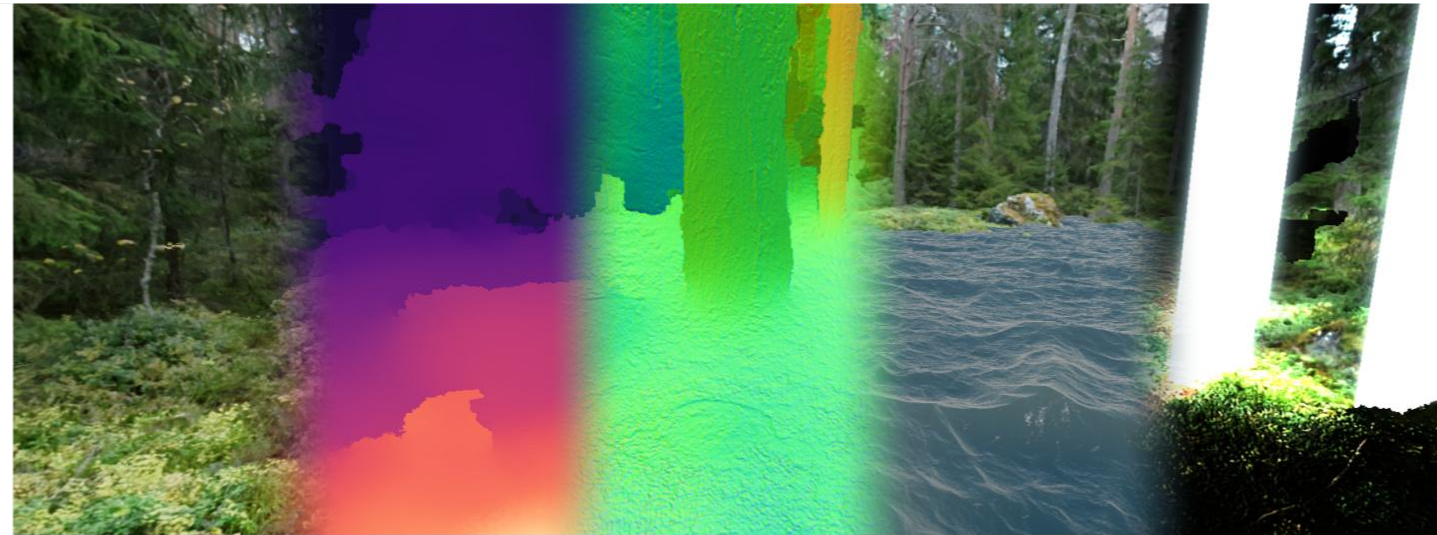


(d) Our 3D meshes

- [Casual 3D Photography](#) (2017)



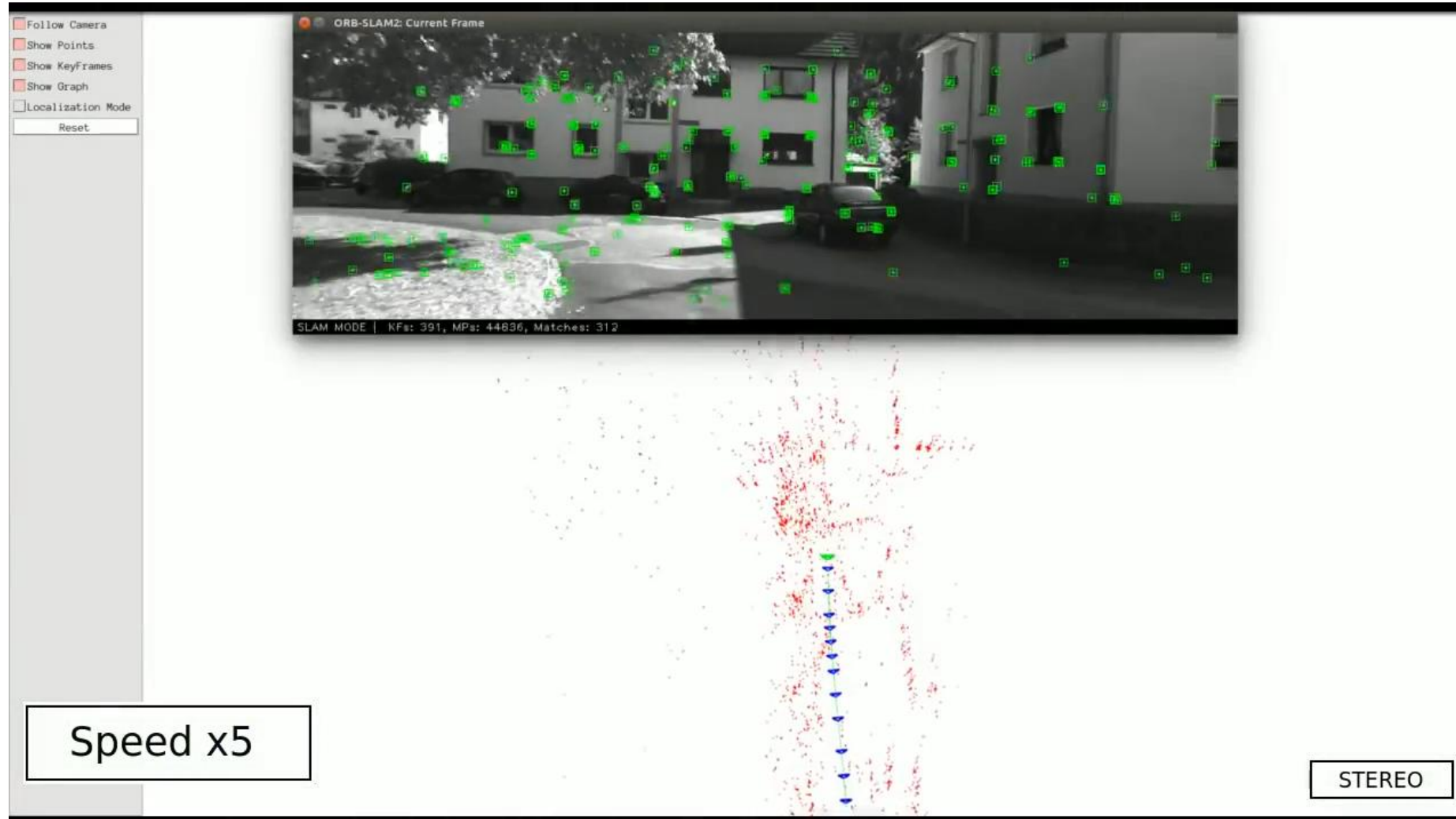
Casual 3D photo capture



Color      Depth      Normal map      Geometry-aware      Lighting  
Reconstruction      Example Effects

# Applications) Real-time Visual SLAM

- [ORB-SLAM](#) (2014)



# Applications) Augmented Reality

- [PTAM: Parallel Tracking and Mapping](#) (2007)

## 4. Ewok rampage

Here the camera is used to aim Darth Vader's laser pistol. Movement is controlled with the keyboard.





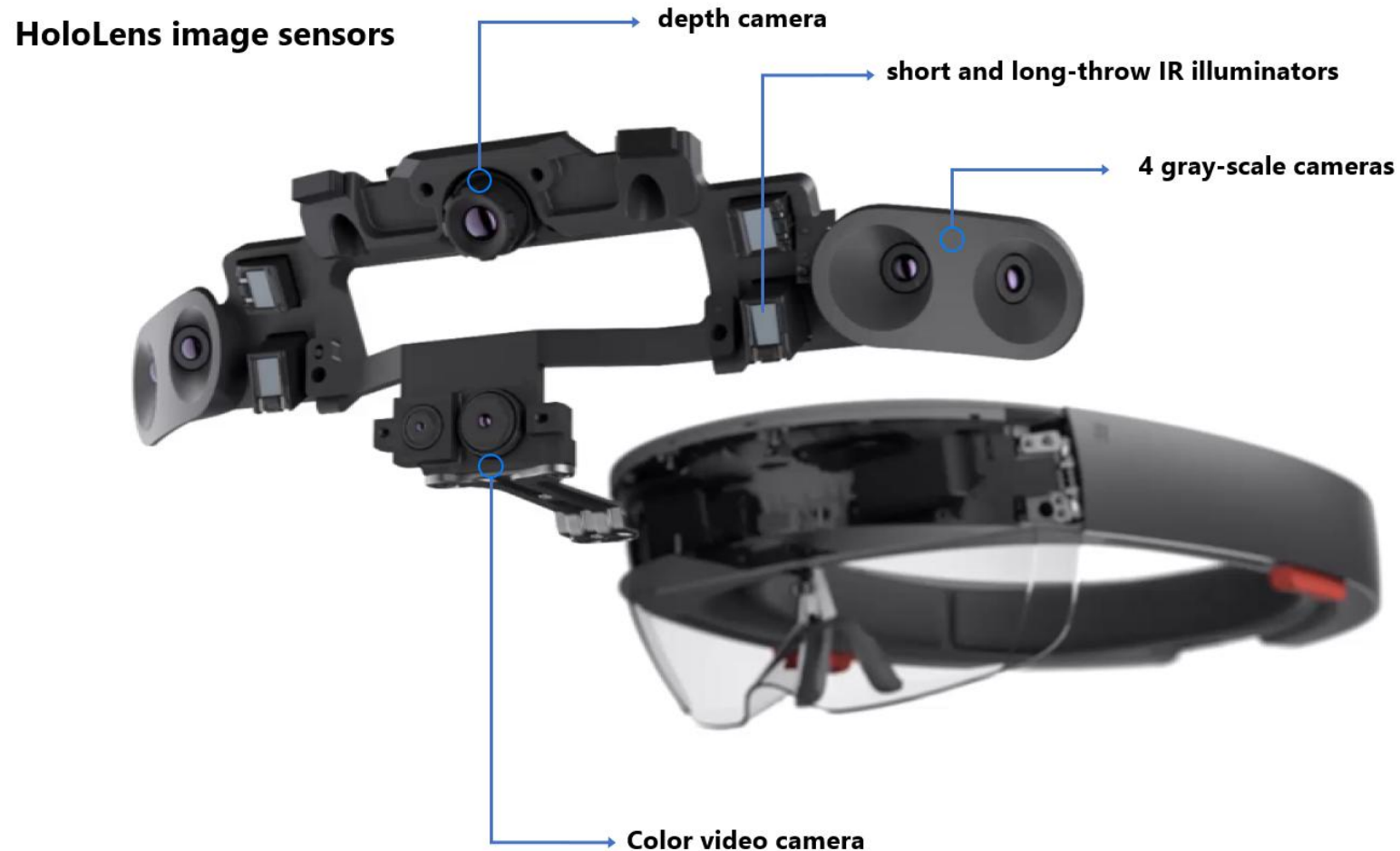
## Applications) Virtual Reality

- [Oculus Quest](#) (2019)



# Applications) Mixed Reality

- [Microsoft HoloLens 2](#) (2019)
  - Head tracking: 4 x visible light cameras



## Summary) Introduction

- What is Computer Vision?
- What is 3D Vision?
  - What? Recognition problem vs. Reconstruction problem
    - Note) Generation problem vs. Reconstruction problem
  - Why? Applications

## Next Topics

- **Single-view Geometry**
- **Two-view Geometry**
- Solving Equations
- Finding Correspondence
- **Multi-view Geometry**
- Bayesian Filtering
- Visual SLAM and Odometry