Gebze Technical University Computer Engineering

CSE 222 - 2019 Spring

HOMEWORK 8 REPORT

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Problem Definition

In this project programmers are asked to read all the relations between two people that given through input file and keep them in a proper data structure. In addition, some of the relations that is not specified in the input file must be included by the transitivity rule. In more details, if there is a connection between A and S ($A \rightarrow S$) which means that "A thinks S is popular" and there is a connection between S and F ($S \rightarrow F$) then even if a relation not specified such that ($A \rightarrow S$), it must take part in relations.

The problem is to find the number of people popular by everyone.

1.2 System Requirements

This project requires a hardware with |V|^2 bits memory, operation system that can run IntelliJ Idea Community Edition 2018 3.5.and libraries;

Java.util.Iterator

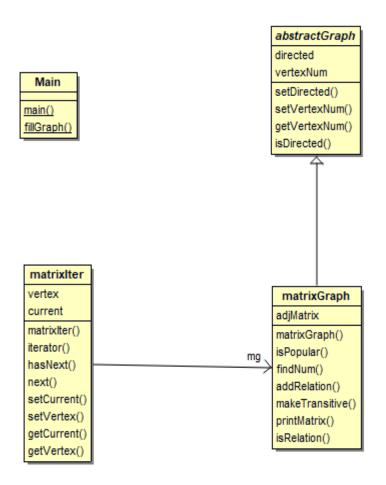
Java.util.BufferedReader

Java.util.FileReader

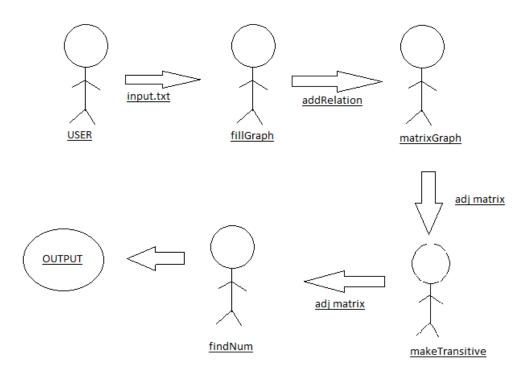
Java.util.IOException

2 METHOD

2.1 Class Diagrams



2.2 Use Case Diagrams

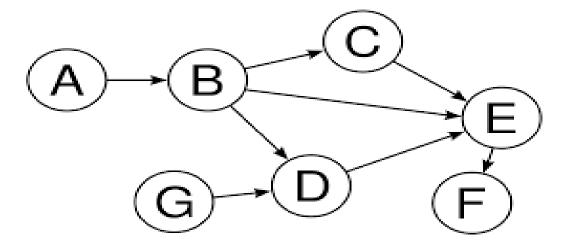


2.3 Problem Solution Approach

First of all, before beginning to solve the problem, a proper data structure should have chosen by the programmer which will lead him/her to the solution.

In this project, since we are dealing with connections of pairs of people, Graph Data Structure might be a good choice. In addition, the connections of pairs are always single directional. Which means that using directional graph will be quite useful for that solution.

The directional graph will be used in project could be implemented by using adjacency matrix or adjacency list. I worked with adjacency matrix which is easier for me to implement by using java array.



First of all, the program should read the input file line by line to add connections to empty graph The first line is always consist of two integer value(Number of people and number of connections between them). After reading first line, the program creates an empty graph then start reading relations one by one and add them to the graph.

After the insertion is done, before the calculating the number of popular people, transitive relations must be added to the graph which is handled by makeTransitive method. In details, it traverse all the people and if there is a relation between A and S, it checks all the people which is connected to A and make them connect to S. Also checks all the people S is connected, then make A is also connected to them.

Finally, in order to determine a person if popular or not, adjacency matrix should be checked. If a column is full of connection except the person itself, which means that person is popular. It uses this algorithm for each person and finds the number of people popular by everyone.

Due to using adjacency matrix, there will be |V| rows and |V| columns if |V| is considered as the number of people. which means that there will be $|V|^2$ boolean values. The space complexity of this program is $O(|V|^2)$.

THE TIME COMPLEXITIES OF THE METHODS

isPopular -> O(|V|) because of the checking the column if it's full of true or not. findNum -> O(|V| ^2) For all people,calls the isPopular method addRelation -> O(1) Only changes the value in the specified index. makeTransitive -> O(|V|^3) for each boolean value(O(|V|^2)) controls the connections in a loop.

3 RESULT

3.1 Test Cases

The program is tested by using different input files that consist of the situations;

- 1) Each person is popular
- 2) Nobody is popular
- 3) There is only one person

TEST RESULTS IS BELOW:

3.2 Running Results

