Sport Store Analysis: Understanding the KPIs of a sport store throughout America

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Introduction:

This project draws inspiration from Chris French's insightful tutorial, providing a comprehensive guide on how to conduct a meticulous dataset analysis and adopt a data analyst's mindset. Having observed Chris French's analysis, I embarked on conducting my own examination.

This dataset was collected from a sport store that is widely distributed in the United States and corresponds to the sales information of the year 2022. The excel spreadsheet required thorough cleaning and preparation for analysis, including the calculation of values to fill one of the columns.

Dataset

Acquired from Chris French's GitHub repository, the dataset comprises two Excel spreadsheets, each serving a distinct purpose:

- The first sheet, related to customers, contains 2849 rows and 5 columns (image 1), all text datatypes:
 - o "customer_id";
 - o "first_name";
 - o "last name";
 - o "email";
 - o "State".

	Α	В	С	D	E
1	customer_id	first_name	last_name	email	State
2	aeeertr-102278	Alica	Reary	areary0@sciencedaily.com	Florida
3	aeeertr-102279	Delmor	Rubin	drubin1@yahoo.co.jp	Indiana
4	aeeertr-102280	Joanie	Hoyt	jhoyt2@bloglovin.com	Pennsylvania
5	aeeertr-102281	Madelena	Boat	mboat3@surveymonkey.com	Nevada
6	aeeertr-102282	Sayers	Patkin	spatkin4@sogou.com	New York
7	aeeertr-102283	Merwyn	Stout	mstout5@sfgate.com	Michigan
8	aeeertr-102284	Prisca	Eve	peve6@wordpress.com	Idaho
9	aeeertr-102285	Osbourn	Bustin	obustin7@oakley.com	South Carolina
10	aeeertr-102286	Abby	Sprasen	asprasen8@bizjournals.com	Texas
11	aeeertr-102287	Verene	Addekin	vaddekin9@theatlantic.com	Texas
12	aeeertr-102288	Rainer	Norley	rnorleya@slate.com	Virginia
13	aeeertr-102289	Greta	Massard	gmassardb@naver.com	Alabama
14	aeeertr-102290	Pam	Milleton	pmilletonc@independent.co.uk	Texas
15	aeeertr-102291	Russell	Hyndes	rhyndesd@linkedin.com	California
16	aeeertr-102292	Tedra	Cressy	tcressye@twitter.com	Texas
17	aeeertr-102293	Celestina	Claw	cclawf@reddit.com	California
18	aeeertr-102294	Tiffani	Taillard	ttaillardg@buzzfeed.com	Texas
19	aeeertr-102295	Conroy	Coneley	cconeleyh@chicagotribune.com	California
20	aeeertr-102296	lvett	Clears	iclearsi@elegantthemes.com	New York
21	aeeertr-102297	Jorey	Dore	jdorej@posterous.com	New York
22	aeeertr-102298	Suki	Laetham	slaethamk@google.com.au	Indiana
23	aeeertr-102299	Kristoffer	Ninnis	kninnisl@ask.com	California
24	aeeertr-102300	Silvana	McCuaig	smccuaigm@hibu.com	New York
25	aeeertr-102301	Modestine	Gummary	mgummaryn@gnu.org	Texas
26	aeeertr-102302	Ham	Tape	htapeo@artisteer.com	Washington
27	aeeertr-102303	Gunther	Stopher	gstopherp@shinystat.com	New York
28	aeeertr-102304	Bev	Norfolk	bnorfolkq@tuttocitta.it	Florida
29	aeeertr-102305	Antonino	Parsons	aparsonsr@jalbum.net	Texas

Image 1- First spreadsheet of the original dataset.

- The second spreadsheet is about the order information (image 2) and has 2847 rows and 8 columns:
 - "date", is a number data type, ranging from 1st of January of 2022 to the 31st of December of 2022;
 - "order_id", is a number data type;
 - "customer_id", is the same has in the first spreadsheet;
 - o "sport revenue", is a numeric data type with values ranging from 4.61 (minimum) to 474.88 (maximum), averaging 161.37.;
 - o "profit", is also a numeric data type with values ranging from 45.90 (minimum) to 411.06 (maximum), averaging 100.04;
 - o "shipping_cost", is in blank and we have to calculate our value;
 - o "rating", is a number data type and it ranges from 1 to 5 based on the costumers' experience.

4	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	H
1 0	late	order_id	customer_id	sport	revenue	profit	shipping_cost	rating
2	01 January 2022	999910001	aeeertr-102278	baseball	183.60	97.29		
3	01 January 2022	999910002	aeeertr-102279	basketball	185.76	103.40		
ı	01 January 2022	999910003	aeeertr-102280	basketball	128.16	66.27		
5	01 January 2022	999910004	aeeertr-102281	hockey	45.62	15.46		
6	01 January 2022	999910005	aeeertr-102282	football	106.30	21.75		
7	01 January 2022	999910006	aeeertr-102283	football	58.11	12.08		
3	01 January 2022	999910007	aeeertr-102284	soccer	214.04	70.41		
9	01 January 2022		aeeertr-102285	basketball	37.29	2.55		
0	01 January 2022	999910009	aeeertr-102286	baseball	56.19	17.26		
1	01 January 2022		aeeertr-102287	soccer	178.28	56.29		
2	02 January 2022		aeeertr-102288		20.94	4.71		
3	02 January 2022		aeeertr-102289	hockey	134.35	47.07		
4	02 January 2022		aeeertr-102290		173.17	58.25		
5	02 January 2022		aeeertr-102291		121.07	33.73		
6	02 January 2022		aeeertr-102292		210.98	74.53		
7	02 January 2022		aeeertr-102293		186.97	60.80		
8	02 January 2022		aeeertr-102294		57.64	10.80		
9	02 January 2022		aeeertr-102295		14.61	2.82		
0	02 January 2022		aeeertr-102296		19.39	1.44		
1	03 January 2022		aeeertr-102297		86.60	16.26		
2	03 January 2022		aeeertr-102298		87.93	19.14		
3	03 January 2022		aeeertr-102299		60.30	12.80		
4	03 January 2022		aeeertr-102300		35.86	7.34		
5	03 January 2022		aeeertr-102301		72.25	16.19		
6	04 January 2022		aeeertr-102302		82.35	18.70		
7	04 January 2022		aeeertr-102303		65.61	13.05		
8	04 January 2022		aeeertr-102304		75.97	15.06		
9	04 January 2022		aeeertr-102305		82.61	16.07		
0	04 January 2022		aeeertr-102306		103.86	20.33		
1	04 January 2022		aeeertr-102307		120.48	29.21		
2	04 January 2022		aeeertr-102308		30.92	7.87		
3	04 January 2022		aeeertr-102309		188.22	53.08		
4	04 January 2022		aeeertr-102303		306.68	119.69		
5	04 January 2022		aeeertr-102310		220.71	84.13		
6	04 January 2022		aeeertr-102311		161.24	66.38		
7	05 January 2022		aeeertr-102312		248.62	108.12		
8	05 January 2022		aeeertr-102313		136.27	45.76		
9	05 January 2022 05 January 2022		aeeertr-102314		325.60	133.27		
0			aeeertr-102315			47.78		
	05 January 2022				117.55			
1	05 January 2022		aeeertr-102317		218.45	95.05		
2	05 January 2022		aeeertr-102318		156.32	60.38		
3	05 January 2022		aeeertr-102319		358.11	135.63		

Image 2 - Second spreadsheet of the original dataset.

The original dataset was uploaded to my GitHub: https://github.com/Melissa-Naldo/Sport_Store_Analysis/blob/main/Sport_Store_Data_Original.xlsx

List of questions

This analysis seeks answers to critical questions aimed at unravelling underlying patterns in the dataset and guiding strategic decisions for the sports store:

- I. Which state has the most buyers?
- II. Which state has the most profit?
- III. What was the evolution of the profits in this year?
- IV. Which day of the week had more buyer's and profit?
- V. Which sport had more profit?
- VI. Which was the most popular?
- VII. How many costumers does the company have?

These questions will illuminate key aspects of the sports store's performance, paving the way for strategic insights and informed decision-making.

Data Analysis:

Data Preprocessing

After an initial examination of the dataset, several preprocessing steps were necessary to ensure its suitability for analysis.

Customers sheet:

The first step involved evaluating the Excel sheet. I utilized various functions and features:

- o The TRIM() function to remove extra spaces in the "State" column;
- o The TEXTJOIN() function to unite the names into one column;
- The text to column feature in the data tab to remove the letters and the dashes from the "costumer_id" column;
- The remove duplicates feature in the data tab, which found 2 duplicates that I proceeded to identify using conditional formatting (in image 4).



Image 3 - "State" column with extra spaces.

	A	В	C	D
1	customer_id -T	first_name last_name	email	State
36	aeeertr-102312	Blair Heffy	bheffyy@washington.edu	New York
37	aeeertr-102313	Carlyn Weetch	cweetchz@earthlink.net	Texas
38	aeeertr-102312	Blair Heffy	bheffyy@washington.edu	New York
39	aeeertr-102313	Carlyn Weetch	cweetchz@earthlink.net	Texas
2857				

Image 4 - Duplicates found in Customer sheet.

/_	Α	В	С	D
1	customer_id *	Full_name	email	State 🔻
2	102278	Alica Reary	areary0@sciencedaily.com	Florida
3	102279	Delmor Rubin	drubin1@yahoo.co.jp	Indiana
4	102280	Joanie Hoyt	jhoyt2@bloglovin.com	Pennsylvania
5	102281	Madelena Boat	mboat3@surveymonkey.com	Nevada
6	102282	Sayers Patkin	spatkin4@sogou.com	New York
7	102283	Merwyn Stout	mstout5@sfgate.com	Michigan
8	102284	Prisca Eve	peve6@wordpress.com	Idaho
9	102285	Osbourn Bustin	obustin7@oakley.com	South Carolina
10		Abby Sprasen	asprasen8@bizjournals.com	Texas
11		Verene Addekin	vaddekin9@theatlantic.com	Texas
12	102288	Rainer Norley	rnorleya@slate.com	Virginia
13		Greta Massard	gmassardb@naver.com	Alabama
14		Pam Milleton	pmilletonc@independent.co.uk	Texas
15		Russell Hyndes	rhyndesd@linkedin.com	California
16		Tedra Cressy	tcressye@twitter.com	Texas
17		Celestina Claw	cclawf@reddit.com	California
18		Tiffani Taillard	ttaillardg@buzzfeed.com	Texas
19		Conroy Coneley	cconeleyh@chicagotribune.com	California
20		Ivett Clears	iclearsi@elegantthemes.com	New York
21		Jorey Dore	jdorej@posterous.com	New York
22		Suki Laetham	slaethamk@google.com.au	Indiana
23		Kristoffer Ninnis	kninnisl@ask.com	California
24		Silvana McCuaig	smccuaigm@hibu.com	New York
25		Modestine Gummary	mgummaryn@gnu.org	Texas
26		Ham Tape	htapeo@artisteer.com	Washington
27		Gunther Stopher	gstopherp@shinystat.com	New York
28		Bev Norfolk	bnorfolkq@tuttocitta.it	Florida
29		Antonino Parsons	aparsonsr@jalbum.net	Texas
30		Dora Adami	dadamis@washingtonpost.com	Iowa
31		Beverlee O'Corrin	bocorrint@icio.us	Arizona
32		Emmanuel Urry	eurryu@wikia.com	Texas
33		Durand Kimberley	dkimberleyv@walmart.com	Georgia
34		Humphrey Kivell	hkivellw@redcross.org	California
35		Joly Strase	jstrasex@creativecommons.org	New York
36		Blair Heffy	bheffyy@washington.edu	New York
37		Carlyn Weetch	cweetchz@earthlink.net	Texas
38		Rachelle Danilchev	rdanilchev10@yandex.ru	Oklahoma
39		Gaspard Caves	gcaves11@symantec.com	Texas
40		Ode Arnaut	oarnaut12@wikimedia.org	Texas
41		Darbie Fenners	dfenners23@twitter.com	Ohio
42		Gloriana Stickler	gstickler24@smh.com.au	Missouri
43		Gustav Powter	gpowter25@ftc.gov	Florida
		stomers orders (+)	Wananaara Islamm Adu	
	Cu	orders (T		

Image 5 - Customer sheet from the cleaned dataset.

Orders sheet:

For this sheet, I employed different procedures to achieve a cleaned dataset:

- There were no duplicates to remove;
- The dates were shortened to a format corresponding to dd/mm/yyyy and created a new column with my week day;
- The first 4 unnecessary numbers from the "order_id" column were removed by using the LEFT () function;
- The letters from the "costumer_id" column were removed, mirroring the procedure applied to the Customers sheet;
- o The PROPER () function was employed on the "sport" column to capitalize the first letter;
- o The "shipping cost" column was calculated based on the provided information: "The shipping column is blank due to an error. The following instructions were given: if the revenue is greater than \$49, the shipping is \$0; otherwise, there is a cost of \$7." This calculation was performed using IF () functions.

			order_id	¥	customer_ic *	sport	~			profit		shipping_ce*	rating	
	01/01/2022	Saturday	10001		102278	Baseball		183.	60	97.	29	0		
3	01/01/2022		10002		102279	Basketball		185.	76	103.	40	0		
ı	01/01/2022	Saturday	10003		102280	Basketball		128.	16	66.	27	0		
5	01/01/2022	Saturday	10004		102281	Hockey		45.	62	15.	46	7		
6	01/01/2022	Saturday	10005		102282	Football		106.	30	21.	75	0		
7	01/01/2022	Saturday	10006		102283	Football		58.	11	12.	08	0		
3	01/01/2022	Saturday	10007		102284	Soccer		214.	04	70.	41	0		
9	01/01/2022	Saturday	10008		102285	Basketball		37.	29	2.	55	7		
0	01/01/2022	Saturday	10009		102286	Baseball		56.	19	17.	26	0		
1	01/01/2022	Saturday	10010		102287	Soccer		178.	28	56.	29	0		
2	02/01/2022	Sunday	10011		102288	Football		20.	94	4.	71	7		
3	02/01/2022		10012		102289	Hockey		134.	35	47.	07	0		
4	02/01/2022	Sunday	10013		102290	Football		173.	17	58.	25	0		
5	02/01/2022		10014			Hockey		121.	07	33.		0		
6	02/01/2022		10015			Basketball		210.		74.		0		
7	02/01/2022		10016			Basketball		186.		60.		0		
8	02/01/2022		10017			Baseball		57.		10.		0		
9	02/01/2022		10018			Hockey		14.			82	7		
0	02/01/2022		10019		102296			19.			44	7		
1	03/01/2022		10020			Baseball		86.		16.		0		
2	03/01/2022		10021			Football		87.		19.		0		
3	03/01/2022		10021			Football		60.		12.		0		
4	03/01/2022		10022			Soccer		35.			34	7		
25	03/01/2022		10023			Baseball		72.		16.		0		
26	04/01/2022		10024			Football		82.		18.		0		
7	04/01/2022		10025			Basketball		65.		13.		0		
8	04/01/2022		10020			Football		75.		15.		0		
9	04/01/2022		10027			Hockey		82.		16.		0		
0	04/01/2022		10028			Hockey		103.		20.		0		
1			10029			Soccer				20.		0		
2	04/01/2022 04/01/2022		10030			Baskethall		120. 30.			87	7		
33	04/01/2022		10031			Basketball				53.		0		
4			10032					188.						
	04/01/2022		10033			Football		306.		119.		0		
6	04/01/2022		10034			Football		220.		84.		0		
	04/01/2022					Football		161.		66.		0		
7			10036			Football		248.		108.		0		
88			10037			Hockey		136.		45.		0		
9			10038			Hockey		325.		133.		0		
10		Wednesday	10039			Baseball		117.		47.		0		
1			10040			Soccer		218.		95.		0		
12			10041			Hockey		156.		60.		0		
13			10042			Baseball		358.		135.		0		
14			10043			Baseball		138.		54.		0		
15	05/01/2022	Wednesday	10044		102321	Hockey		117.	47	25.	38	0		

Image 6 - Order sheet from the cleaned dataset.

These meticulous steps ensured the dataset's integrity, paving the way for a more accurate and insightful analysis.

The cleaned excel document can be found using the link: https://github.com/Melissa-Naldo/Sport Store Analysis/blob/main/Sport Store Data Cleaned.xlsx

Exploratory Data Analysis:

This data analysis project focuses on evaluating a sport store company and assessing its overall performance in 2022 in the United States of America. The analysis hinges on a series of SQL queries aimed at extracting key insights. The SQL queries used for this analysis are detailed in https://github.com/Melissa-Naldo/Sport_Store_Analysis/blob/main/Sport_Store.sql and those queries were created with the objective of analysing:

- The total profit, total revenue, profit margin, and total number of orders for the sport store in 2022;
- The total profit, total revenue, profit margin, and total number of orders per sport for the store in 2022;
- O The monthly KPIs in 2022, in which I:
 - Investigated the trends in KPIs over the course of 2022;
 - Explored changes in profit on a monthly basis;
 - Analysed variations in profit per sport per month.
- The state-wise KPIs, in which I:
 - o Examined how KPIs evolve based on different states.
- o The buyers and orders, in which I:
 - Assessed buyer and order distribution across different states and sports;
 - o Identified the most active day of the week in terms of orders and profitability.
- The ratings, in which I:
 - Delved into the information provided by the ratings column;
 - Explored the volume of reviews in each distinct class (1-5);
 - o Investigated the impact of different ratings on profit and revenue.

Creating Visualizations

For the visualization phase, I adopted Chris French's methodology, creating individual visualizations before integrating them into a comprehensive dashboard. The dashboard comprises two pages:

- first page aims to offer a comprehensive understanding of the overall KPIs, with a presentation of the profit and revenues values in the different states, sports and months of 2022;
- while the second page directly addresses the analysis of the store's ratings.

Visualizations:

Visualizations were created using a variety of elements, such as:

- Symbol maps;
- Text tables;
- Combination of bar charts with linear charts;
- Tables;
- Scatter plots.

Dashboard:

https://github.com/Melissa-Naldo/Sport_Store_Analysis/blob/main/Sport_Store.twbx

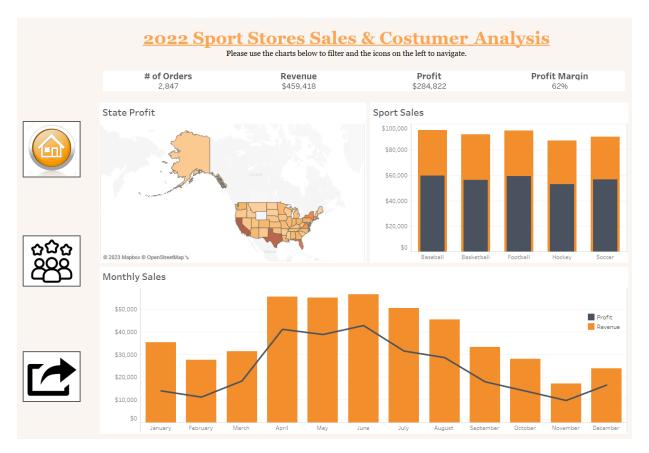


Image 7 - Main page of the dashboard.

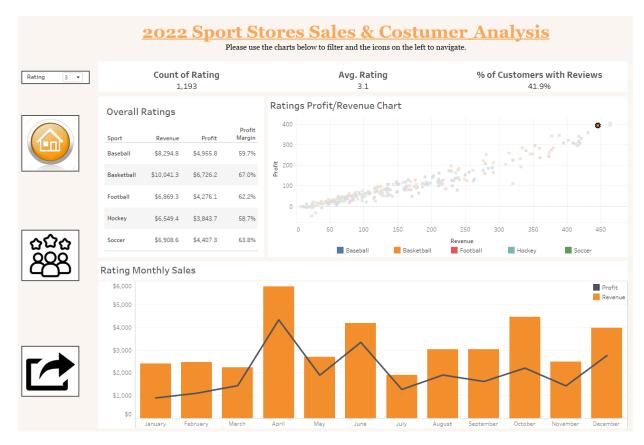


Image 8 - Evaluation of the ratings page of the dashboard.

Results and Findings

In the year 2022, the sport store exhibited robust financial performance, boasting a total revenue of \$459,418.37 and a commendable total profit of \$284,821.86. This impressive financial showing translated to a remarkable profit margin of 62%, reflecting the store's profitability across the year, marked by a total of 2,864 orders.

Profit Analysis by Sport:

	Revenue	Profit	Expenses	Nº_orders	Profit_Margin	Sport
1	90157.93	56640.64	33517.29	561	62.82	Soccer
2	94768.32	59328.9	35439.42	572	62.6	Football
3	95363.99	59698.79	35665.2	565	62.6	Baseball
4	92116.23	56275.33	35840.9	577	61.09	Basketball
5	87011.9	52878.2	34133.7	572	60.77	Hockey

Image 9 - KPI's of each type of sport.

Examining the profit per sport (image 9), soccer emerged as the most lucrative sport, commanding a profit margin of 62.82%, generating \$56,640.64 in profit against \$33,517.29 in expenses. On the other hand, hockey, while profitable, had the lowest profit margin of 60.77%, yielding \$52,878.2 in profit with expenses totalling \$34,133.7.

Monthly Performance Overview:

	Month	Profit	Sales	Profit_Margin
1	1	14013.52	35283.43	39.72
2	2	11244.5	27718.07	40.57
3	3	18335.76	31311.25	58.56
4	4	41131	55437.76	74.19
5	5	38847.24	55082.04	70.53
6	6	42802.26	56406.87	75.88
7	7	31550.4	50390.34	62.61
8	8	28681.36	45468.72	63.08
9	9	17992	33366.54	53.92
10	10	13895.44	27995.24	49.64
11	11	9760.52	17088.32	57.12
12	12	16567.86	23869.79	69.41

Image 10 - KPI's over the different months of 2022.

Delving into the monthly KPIs (Image 10), January marked a challenging start for the store with a profit of \$14,013.52, sales of \$35,283.43, and a profit margin of 39.72%. Subsequent months witnessed a consistent uptrend until reaching a peak in June, characterized by the highest profit (\$42,802.26), sales (\$56,406.87), and profit margin (75.88%). Post-June, there was a modest decline with fluctuations until year-end. Notably, the most significant profit growth occurred between March and April.

Geographical Profit Distribution:

	revenue_rank	state	total_revenue	total_profit	profit_margin		revenue_rank	state	total_revenue	total_profit	profit_margin
1	1	Utah	5256.8	3656.88	69.56	1	1	California	55470.47	34553.72	62.29
2	2	Massachusetts	8664.92	6023.1	69.51	2	2	Texas	52305.67	32234.74	61.63
3	3	New Mexico	2996.67	2044.45	68.22	3	3	Florida	36250.92	22398.09	61.79
4	4	Delaware	2446.65	1658.72	67.8	4	4	New York	27177.83	17331.45	63.77
5	5	New Hampshire	1497.36	1012.14	67.59	5	5	Virginia	23511.58	14694.96	62.5

Image 11 - On the left are the locations with the most profit margin. On the right, the locations with the most profit and revenue.

The previous image depicts the states with the highest profit margin (left table), led by Utah. The right table portrays the states with the highest values of profit which are corelated with the highest values of revenue and the most costumer activity.

Day-wise Order and Profit Analysis:

	nº_orders	week_day		week_day	profit	revenue
1	446	Saturday	1	Saturday	46094.2	72420.81
2	434	Monday	2	Friday	44812.77	71503.88
3	429	Wednesday	3	Monday	41830.92	67257.92
4	415	Friday	4	Wednesday	41431.04	67943.51
5	384	Sunday	5	Tuesday	37891.07	62093.25
6	380	Tuesday	6	Sunday	36783.39	59860.1
7	376	Thursday	7	Thursday	35978.47	58338.9

Image 12 - Days of the week ranked on number of orders and profit.

Image 12 categorizes the days of the week based on order volume and profit. Saturday emerges as the peak day, recording both the highest number of orders and the most substantial profit. In contrast, Thursday ranks lower on both metrics.

Ratings Overview:

In-depth analysis of store ratings revealed a total of 1,193 ratings, averaging 3.1 ratings per customer, compared to the total number of orders of 2,864. Ratings were distributed from 1 to 5 (Image 13), with Image 14 presenting the locations with the best and worst reviews.

	rating	number_reviews					
1	5	297					
2	4	216					
3	3	240					
4	2	225					
5	1	215					

Image 13 - number of ratings given per distinct rating value.

	State	rating	nº_evaluatinos		State	rating	nº_evaluatinos
1	Florida	1	24	1	California	5	34
2	Texas	1	22	2	Texas	5	32
3	California	1	18	3	Florida	5	25
4	New York	1	15	4	New York	5	19
5	Virginia	1	11	5	Georgia	5	14

Image 14 - Top 5 locations with the worst and best ratings.

Conclusions and Recommendations

The extensive evaluation of the sport store's performance in 2022 has unveiled key insights that are instrumental in shaping strategic decisions for the future. The store's robust financial standing, highlighted by a commendable profit margin of 62%, reflects a strong market presence and customer engagement. Understanding the dynamics of profitability across different sports, months, and locations provides a solid foundation for informed decision-making.

This analysis has not only provided key insights into the financial standing and market presence of this store but has also answered critical questions guiding strategic decisions:

- The analysis on customer distribution across states revealed that California leads with the
 highest number of buyers. As well as being the leader in profit generation. Recognizing the
 contribution of this state to overall profitability is crucial for strategic resource allocation and
 future growth plans;
- The monthly performance overview uncovered distinct trends in profit evolution throughout the year. From a challenging start in January, profits consistently grew until reaching a peak in June;
- The analysis on the days of the week based on order volume and profit revealed that Saturday stands out as the peak day for both the highest number of orders and substantial profit;
- Determining the most popular sport involved a multifaceted analysis of customer engagement, ratings, and profitability. Soccer emerged as not only the most lucrative, commanding a notable profit margin, but also as a sport with high customer engagement.

Based on the previous information, there is a high level of confidence in recommending that the company implement the following measures:

- <u>Strategic Emphasis on Soccer</u>: given the notable profit margins, a strategic focus on soccer is recommended. Allocating additional resources and marketing efforts toward this sport can capitalize on its profitability.
- <u>Seasonal Marketing Initiatives</u>: recognizing the heightened profits during summer months, the implementation of targeted marketing and sales measures during this period is advised. This proactive approach aims to maximize profitability during the peak season.
- <u>Investment in Top-Performing Stores</u>: directing investments towards the top five stores with the highest profit and profit margins ensures a concentrated effort to amplify success. This targeted approach acknowledges the significance of these locations in contributing to overall performance.
- Optimal Sales Days Saturday and Friday: capitalizing on the observed trend of Saturday being
 the day with the highest number of orders and maximum profit, strategic planning and
 promotional activities on Saturdays are recommended. Additionally, Friday, being another
 strong day, should also be a focus for sales initiatives.

- <u>Enhancing Rating Per Order</u>: implementing measures to improve the rating per order, such as
 introducing point systems or customer benefits, can enhance customer satisfaction. This
 initiative not only fosters positive customer experiences but also contributes to brand loyalty.
- <u>In-Depth Analysis of Reviews</u>: conducting a detailed analysis of customer reviews is crucial to understanding both positive and negative aspects of the store's performance. This qualitative exploration provides insights into customer sentiments, enabling targeted improvements.

In conclusion, the sport store's performance analysis has laid the groundwork for a strategic roadmap. The recommended actions align with the identified strengths and opportunities, ensuring a proactive and data-driven approach to future endeavours. By leveraging these insights, the sport store is poised for sustained growth, increased customer satisfaction, and optimized operational efficiency.