

Type1SC MQTT Service Application Guide

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1. Introduction

1.1 Scope

This document describes possible host interface scenarios to use AT commands to connect the Murata Type1SC module to LTE network and use embedded MQTT application to implement networking applications.

1.2 Audience

This document is intended for software/firmware engineers to evaluate and develop applications with Murata's Type1SC LTE Cat-M1/NB-IoT module.

1.3 Contact Information and Support

Contact Murata at ciotsupport@murata.com for technical support services, technical questions, and documentation error reporting.

1.4 Text Conventions



Danger – This information MUST be followed, or catastrophic equipment failure or bodily injury may occur.



Caution/Warning

Alerts the user to important points about using the product; if these points are not followed, the product and end user equipment may fail or malfunction.



Tip/Information – Provides advice and suggestions that may be useful when using the product.

1.5 Acronyms

| Acronym | Meaning |
|---------|-------------------------------------|
| 3GPP | 3rd Generation Partnership Project |
| API | Application Programming Interface |
| AT | Attention |
| CLI | Command Line Interface |
| ECM | Embedded Connection Manager |
| eMTC | enhanced Machine-Type Communication |
| EPS | Evolved Packet System |
| FW | Firmware |
| GPIO | General Purpose Input/Output |
| GUI | Graphical User Interface |
| IoT | Internet of Things |
| IP | Internet Protocol |
| LPWAN | Low Power Wide Area Network |
| LTE | Long Term Evolution |
| TLS | Transport Layer Security |
| M2M | Machine to Machine |
| MSC | Message Sequence Chart |
| MT | Mobile Termination |
| NB-IoT | Narrow Band IoT |
| NVM | Non-Volatile Memory |

| | |
|------|---|
| PC | Personal Computer |
| PDN | Packet Data Network |
| RAT | Radio Access Technology |
| RF | Radio Frequency |
| RRC | Radio Resource Control |
| UART | Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter |
| URC | Unsolicited Result Code |

1.6 **Related Documents**

- [1] Murata, “Type1SC AT Commands Reference”
- [2] Murata, “Type1SC Software Application Master Guide”
- [3] 3GPP TS 27.007 specification and rules: http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/Specs/archive/27_series/27.007/
- [4] MQTT Version 3.1.1: <http://docs.oasis-open.org/mqtt/mqtt/v3.1.1/os/mqtt-v3.1.1-os.html>

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2. MQTT Service Overview

MQTT is a client server publish/subscribe messaging transport protocol. It is light weight, open, simple, and designed to be easy to implement. These characteristics make it ideal for communication in M2M and IoT contexts where a small code footprint is required and/or network bandwidth is at a premium.

The protocol runs over TLS, TCP, and other network protocols that provide ordered, lossless, bi-directional connections. Its features include:

- Use of the publish/subscribe message pattern which provides one-to-many message distribution and decoupling of applications.
- A messaging transport that is agnostic to the content of the payload
- A small transport overhead and protocol exchanges minimized to reduce network traffic.
- A mechanism to notify interested parties when an abnormal disconnection occurs.

The supported MQTT version is MQTT Version 3.1.1. For the details of the protocol please refer the official documentation as specified at reference [3]



Embedded MQTT service simplifies the host application -- there is no need for external IP stacks, and they allow data transfer without preventing the host from issuing AT commands and receiving URCs. For the details of AT commands used in this note, please see *Type1SC AT Commands Reference* [1].



See *Type1SC Software Application Master Guide* [2] for suggested steps to setup the module and establish the LTE connection necessary to support this application protocol.



This note describes the specified behavior of this feature. The actual performance may differ due to firmware limitation. Please refer to the corresponding firmware release note for any deviation.

2.1 AT commands for MQTT Service

The following commands are used for the MQTT operation over TLS or TCP connections:

- AT%MQTTCFG – used to configure MQTT connection parameters.
- AT%MQTTCMD – used to communicate with MQTT server (broker).
- AT%MQTTTEV – used to notify about MQTT events

2.2 MQTT URC Events

The following events are used to notify about MQTT URC events.

- CONCONF - Connect procedure confirmation status
- DISCONF - Graceful disconnect procedure confirmation status
- SUBCONF - Subscribe procedure confirmation status
- UNSCONF - Unsubscribe procedure confirmation status
- PUBCONF - Outgoing publication procedure confirmation status
- PUBRCV - Incoming publication message received
- CONNFALL - Connection failure

2.3 TLS certificate commands

The following commands are used to manage the certificates for the TLS socket operation:

- AT%CERTCMD – used to read/write/delete/list user certificates to/from NV
- AT%CERTCFG – used to add/delete certificate profiles into TLS certificate profiles config file

3. MQTT Usage Examples

This section provides a few examples of MQTT service usage.

3.1 Non-Secure connection examples

This section provides a few examples of MQTT service over a non-secure connection.

3.1.1 Configure and connect to a broker

This example shows a basic MQTT scenario running over a non-secure connection. The procedure for this example is to configure and connect to a public MQTT broker. In this example, HiveMQ open-source public broker is used, and their website is <https://www.hivemq.com/public-mqtt-broker/>.

The following is a simple illustration of the procedure for this example:

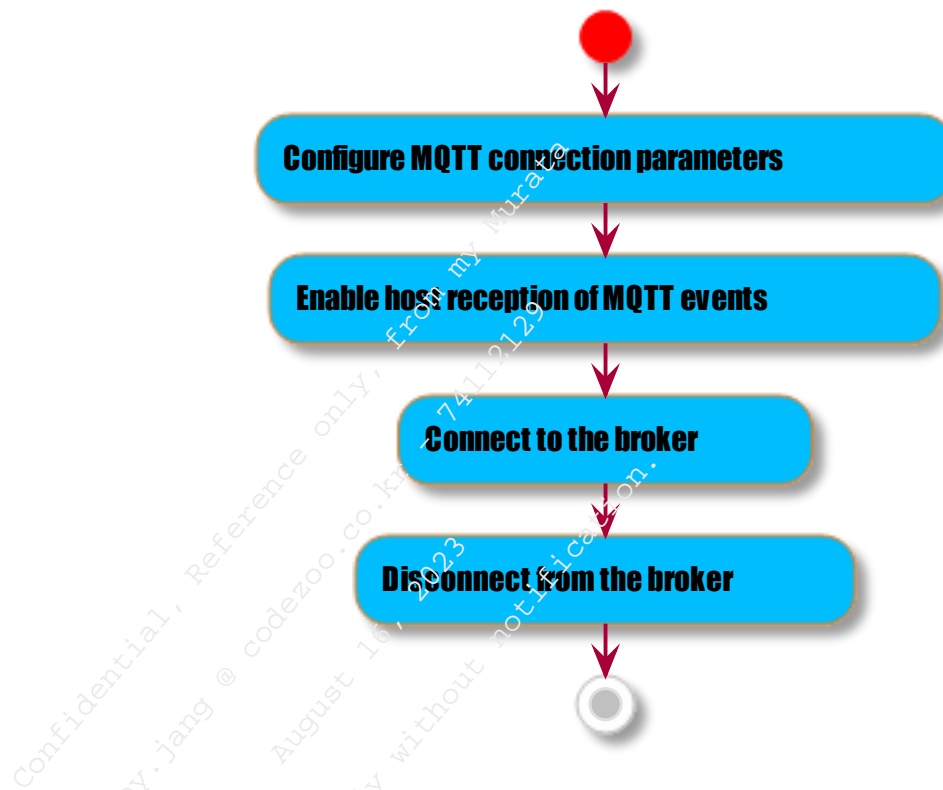


Figure 1 Configure and connect to a broker

The following are the detailed steps for this example:

- Configure MQTT connection parameters

```
AT+MQTTCFG="clear",1
OK
```

<1> - connection id

```
AT+MQTTCFG="nodes",1,"ClientName","broker.hivemq.com"
OK
```


<ClientName> - unique client ID used to connect to the broker
<broker.hivemq.com> - broker URL or IP address

```
AT%MQTTCFG="IP",1,,0,1883
OK
```

<0> - preferred IP type for connection is IPv4v6
<1883> - MQTT broker's listening port number

```
AT%MQTTCFG="PROTOCOL",1,0,1200,1
OK
```

<0> - MQTT protocol type for connection is MQTT
<1200> - keep-alive time in seconds
<1> - clean session

- Enable all MQTT events

```
AT%MQTTEV="all",1
OK
```

- Connect to the broker:

```
AT%MQTTCMD="connect",1
OK
```

Receive a connect procedure confirmation status URC

```
%MQTTEVU:"CONCONF",1,0
```

<0> - success

- Teardown connection:

```
AT%MQTTCMD="disconnect",1
OK
```

Receive a Disconnect Procedure Confirmation Status URC as below,

```
%MQTTEVU:"DISCONF",1,0
```

<0> - success

For the detailed process description, refer to the message sequence chart diagram below:

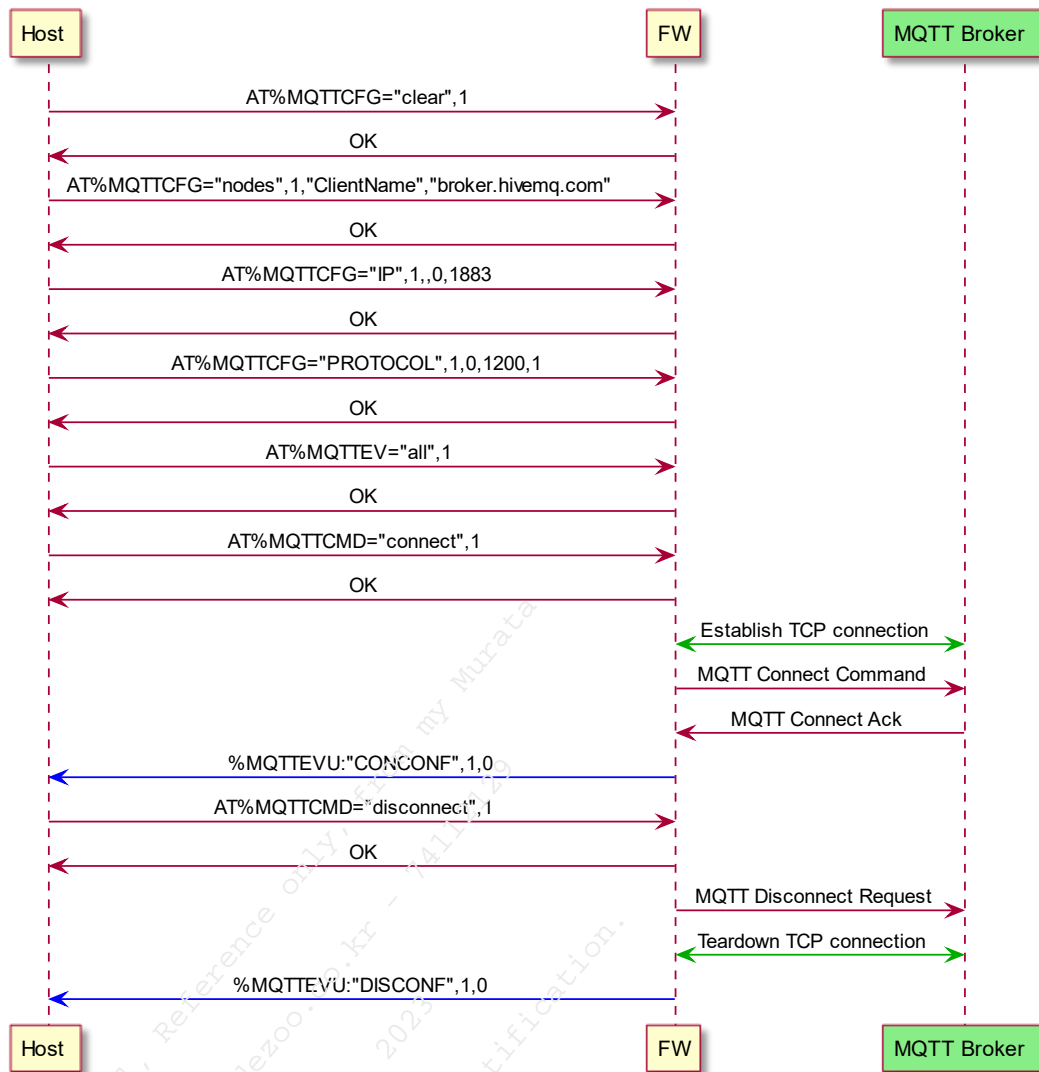


Figure 2 MSC - Configure and connect to a broker

3.1.2 Subscribe to a topic with QOS=0

This example shows a MQTT scenario running over a non-secure connection. The procedure for this example is to subscribe to a topic from 1SC host, then publish a message to same topic from a PC host and verify that the message is received by 1SC host.

In this example, both QoS of the subscribing and publishing are 0. HiveMQ open-source public broker is used; see their website <https://www.hivemq.com/public-mqtt-broker/> for more details. An open-source tool **mosquitto_pub** is used to send a message to the broker; see https://mosquitto.org/man/mosquitto_pub-1.html for the detailed instruction.

The following is a simple illustration of the procedure for this example:

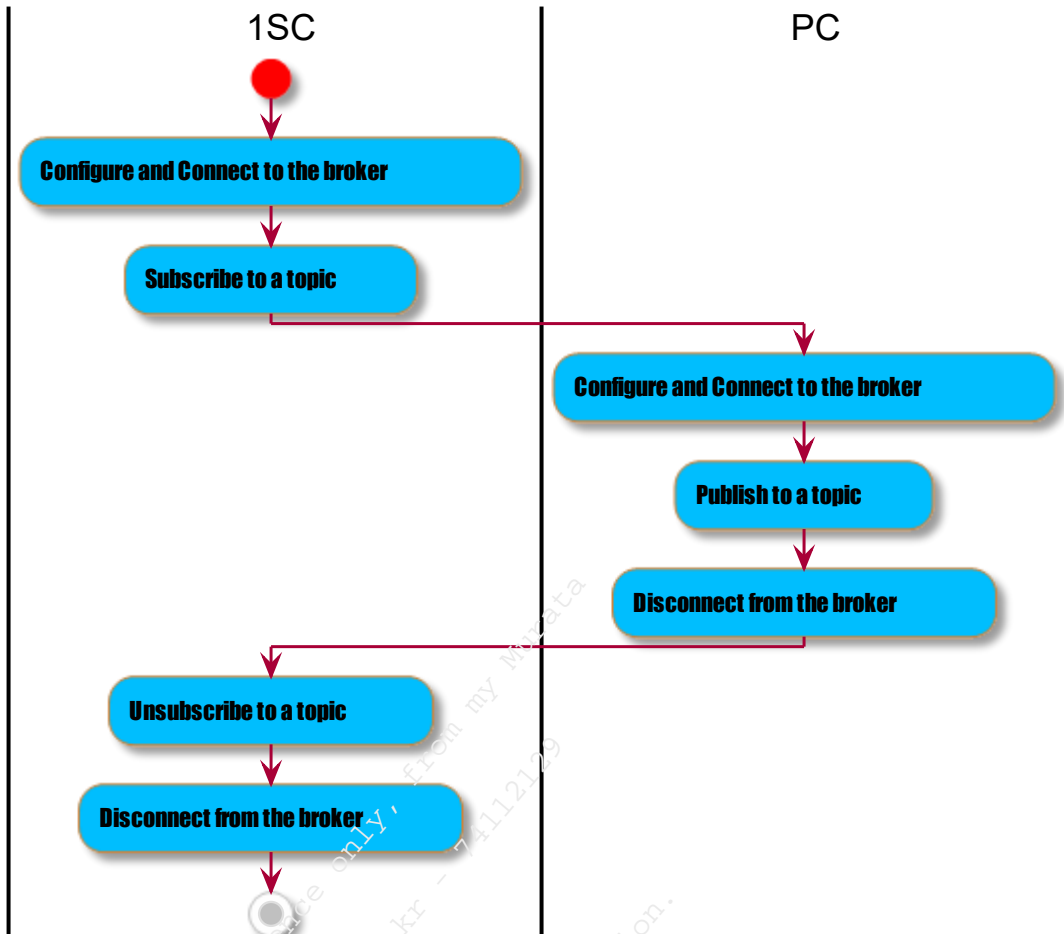


Figure 3 Subscribe to a topic

The following are the detailed steps for this example:

- Connect to the broker

See 3.1.1 for the details

- Subscribe to a topic on the broker

```

AT+MQTTTCMD="subscribe",1,0,"TopicName"
+MQTTTCMD: 1
OK
    
```

<0> - Subscription QoS level 0

Receive a subscribe procedure confirmation status URC as below,

```

+MQTTEVU:"SUBCONF",1,1,0
    
```

<1> - message ID

<0> - success

- Publish a message to the broker from a PC

```
mosquitto_pub -d -h broker.hivemq.com -p 1883 -t TopicName -m 11111
```

- Receive an Incoming Publication Message Received URC as below,

```
%MQTTEVU:"PUBRCV",1,0,"TopicName",5  
11111
```

<0> - message ID. It may be zero (undefined) for QoS=0

- Unsubscribe from the broker

```
AT%MQTTCMD="UNSUBSCRIBE",1,"TopicName"  
%MQTTCMD: 2  
OK
```

```
%MQTTEVU:"UNSCONF",1,2,0
```

<2> - message ID

<0> - success

- Teardown connection:

See [3.1.1](#) for the details

For the detailed process description, refer to the message sequence chart diagram below:

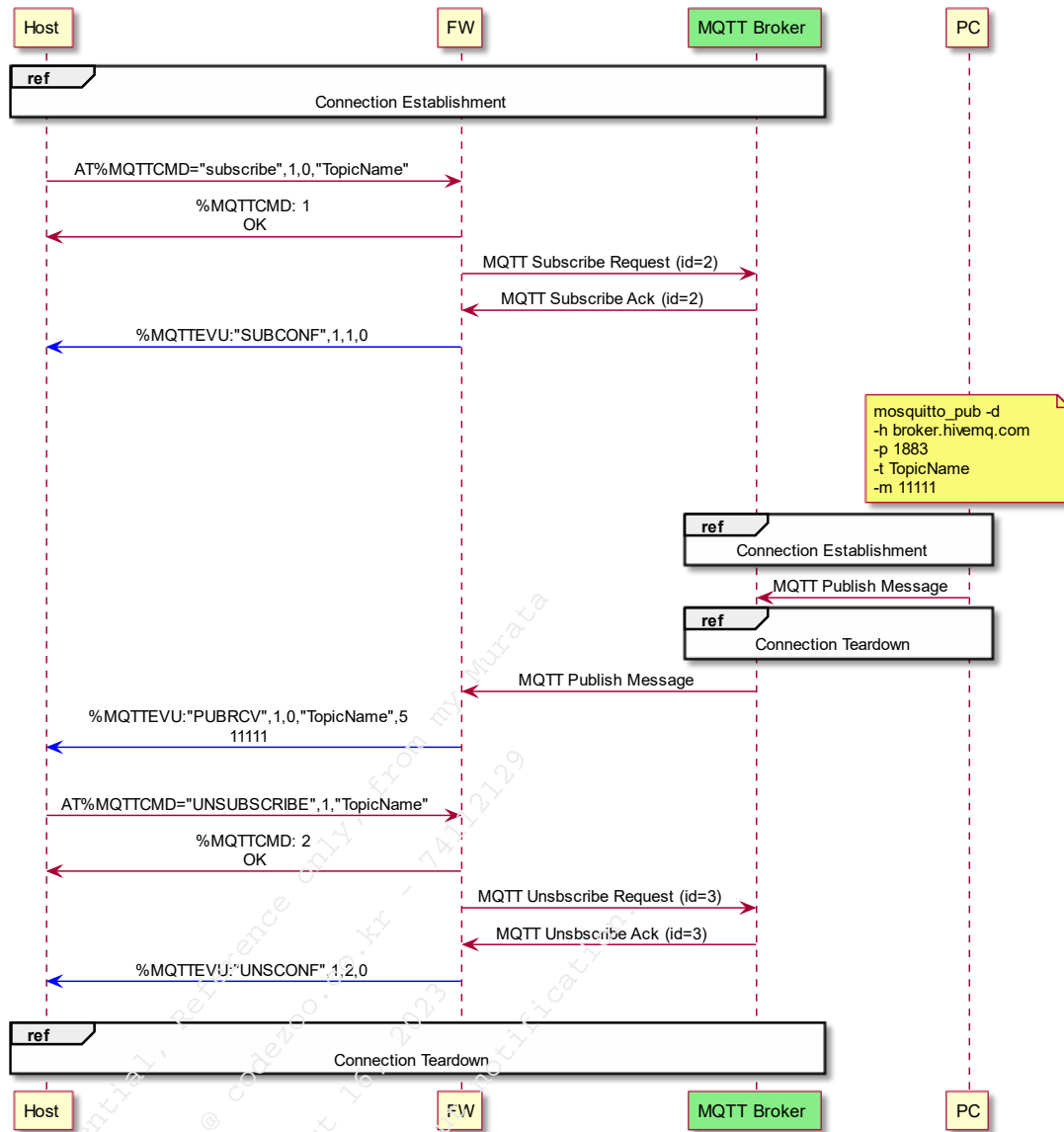


Figure 4 MSC - Subscription at QoS=0

3.1.3 Subscribe to a topic with QoS=1

This example shows a MQTT scenario running over a non-secure connection. The procedure for this example is to subscribe to a topic from 1SC host, then publish a message to same topic from a PC host and verify that the message is received by 1SC host.

In this example, both QoS of the subscribing and publishing are 1. HiveMQ open-source public broker is used; see their website <https://www.hivemq.com/public-mqtt-broker/> for more details. An open-source tool **mosquitto_pub** is used to send a message to the broker; see https://mosquitto.org/man/mosquitto_pub-1.html for the detailed instruction.

The illustration of the procedure for this example is same as in [Figure 3](#).

The following are the detailed steps for this example:

- Connect to the broker

See [3.1.1](#) for the details

- Subscribe to a topic on the broker

```
AT+MQTTCMD="subscribe",1,1,"TopicName"
+MQTTCMD: 1
OK
```

<1> - Subscription QoS level 1

Receive a subscribe procedure confirmation status URC as below,

```
+MQTTEVU:"SUBCONF",1,1,0
```

<1> - message ID

<0> - success

- Publish a message to the broker from a PC

```
mosquitto_pub -d -h broker.hivemq.com -p 1883 -q 1 -t TopicName -m 11111
```

- Receive an Incoming Publication Message Received URC as below,

```
+MQTTEVU:"PUBRCV",1,51,"TopicName",5
11111
```

<51> - message ID. It may be zero (undefined) for QoS=0

- Unsubscribe from the broker

```
AT+MQTTCMD="UNSUBSCRIBE",1,"TopicName"
+MQTTCMD: 2
OK
```

```
+MQTTEVU:"UNSCONF",1,2,0
```

<2> - message ID

<0> - success

- Teardown connection:

See [3.1.1](#) for the details

For the detailed process description, refer to the message sequence chart diagram below:

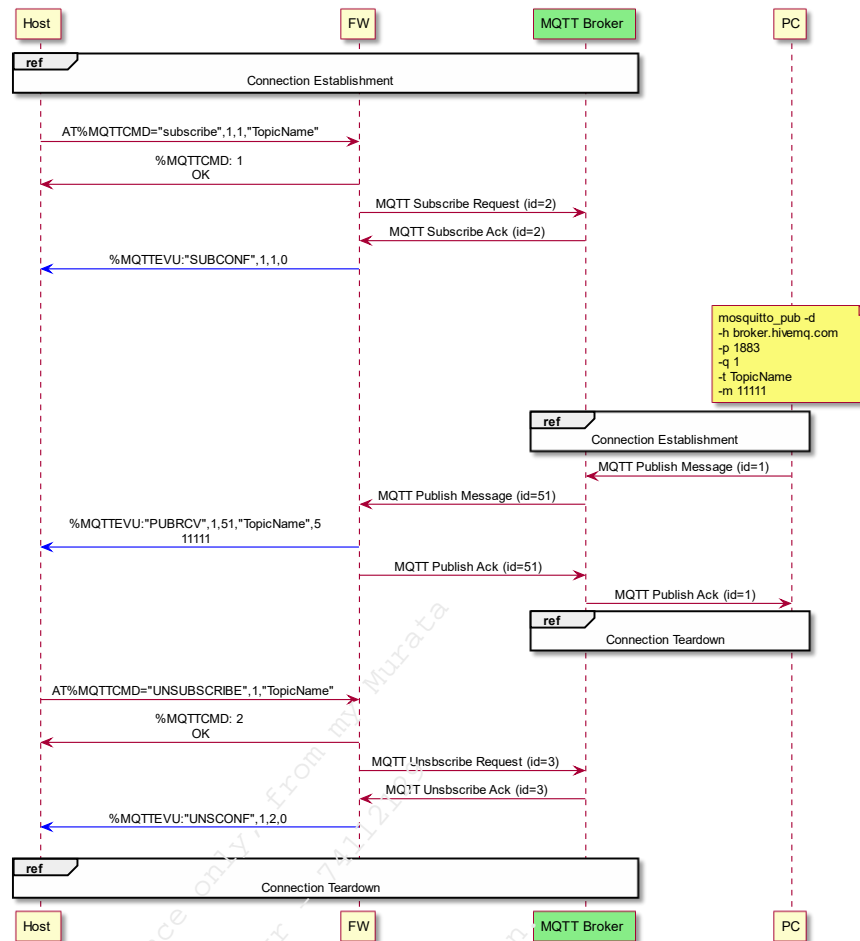


Figure 5 MSC - Subscription at QOS=1

3.1.4 Subscribe to a topic with QOS=2

This example shows a MQTT scenario running over a non-secure connection. The procedure for this example is to subscribe to a topic from 1SC host, then publish a message to same topic from a PC host and verify that the message is received by 1SC host.

In this example, both QoS of the subscribing and publishing are 2. HiveMQ open-source public broker is used; see their website <https://www.hivemq.com/public-mqtt-broker/> for more details. An open-source tool **mosquitto_pub** is used to send a message to the broker; see https://mosquitto.org/man/mosquitto_pub-1.html for the detailed instruction.

The illustration of the procedure for this example is same as in Figure 3.

The following are the detailed steps for this example:

- Connect to the broker
- See 3.1.1 for the details
- Subscribe to a topic on the broker

AT%MQTTCMD="subscribe",1,2,"TopicName"

```
%MQTTCMD: 1
OK
```

<2> - Subscription QoS level 2

Receive a subscribe procedure confirmation status URC as below,

```
%MQTTEVU:"SUBCONF",1,1,0
```

<1> - message ID
<0> - success

- Publish a message to the broker from a PC

```
mosquitto_pub -d -h broker.hivemq.com -p 1883 -q 2 -t TopicName -m 11111
```

- Receive an Incoming Publication Message Received URC as below,

```
%MQTTEVU:"PUBRCV",1,51,"TopicName",5
11111
```

<51> - message ID. It may be zero (undefined) for QoS=0

- Unsubscribe from the broker

```
AT%MQTTCMD="UNSUBSCRIBE",1,"TopicName"
%MQTTCMD: 2
OK
```

```
%MQTTEVU:"UNSCONF",1,2,0
```

<2> - message ID
<0> - success

- Teardown connection:

See [3.1.1](#) for the details

For the detailed process description, refer to the message sequence chart diagram below:

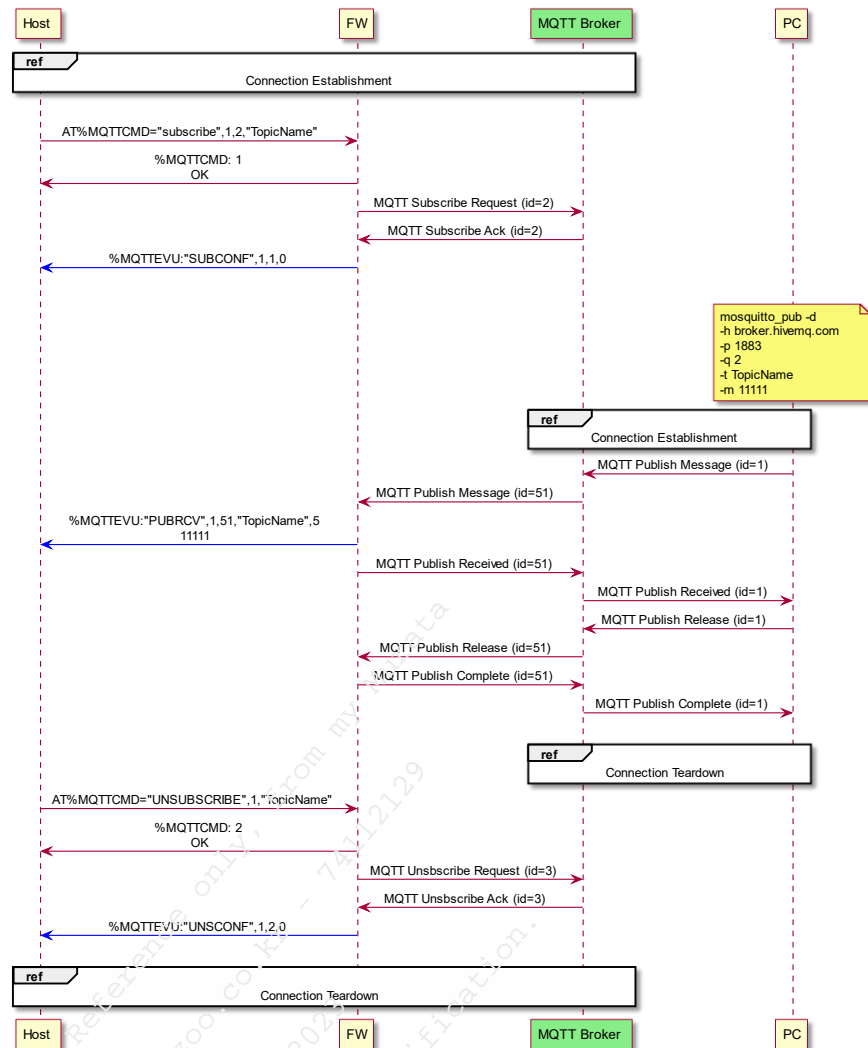


Figure 6 MSC - Subscription at QoS=2

3.1.5 Publish to a topic with QoS=0

This example shows a MQTT scenario running over a non-secure connection. The procedure for this example is to subscribe to a topic from a PC host, then publish a message to same topic from a 1SC host and verify that the message is received by PC host.

In this example, both QoS of the subscribing and publishing are 0. HiveMQ open-source public broker is used; see their website <https://www.hivemq.com/public-mqtt-broker/> for more details. An open-source tool **mosquitto_sub** is used to subscribe to a topic; see https://mosquitto.org/man/mosquitto_sub-1.html for the detailed instruction.

The following is a simple illustration of the procedure for this example:

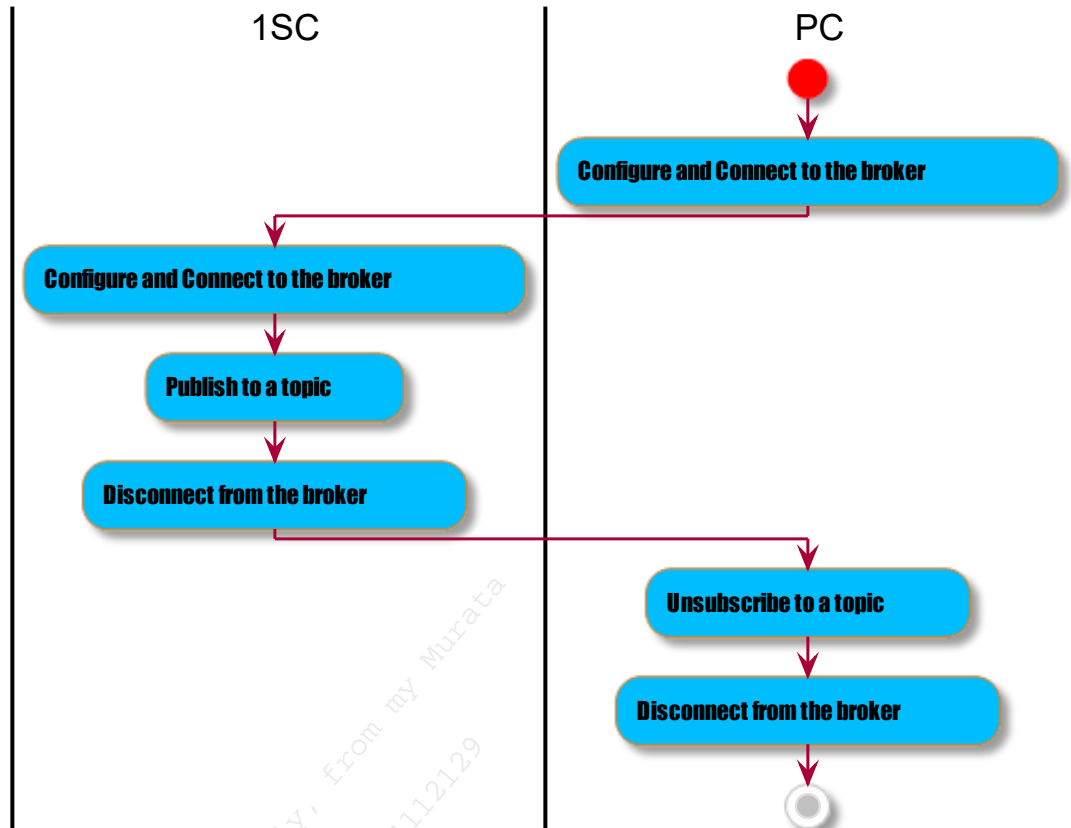


Figure 7 Publish to a topic

The following are the detailed steps for this example:

- Subscribe to a topic on the broker from a PC

```
mosquitto_sub -d -h broker.hivemq.com -p 1883 -t TopicName
```

- Connect to the broker

See [3.1.1](#) for the details

- Publish the message to a topic on the broker

```
AT+MQTTCMD="publish",1,0,0,"TopicName",5
11111
```

<0> - Publication QoS level 2

<5> - Enter 5 characters to publish.

<11111> - Data payload

```
%MQTTCMD: 1
```

```
OK
```

<1> - message ID



Note: make sure there is no <CR> in the AT%MQTTCMD="publish" command above. This multi-line command should be Linux file format (LF-based file). One way of converting it is to copy this command to a Notepad++ editor and remove all the <CR> at the end of each line and only leave the <LF>.

- Verify that the message is received by PC:

```
Client (null) received PUBLISH (d0, q0, r0, m0, 'TopicName', ... (5 bytes))
11111
```

- Teardown connection:

See 3.1.1 for the details

For the detailed process description, refer to the message sequence chart diagram below:

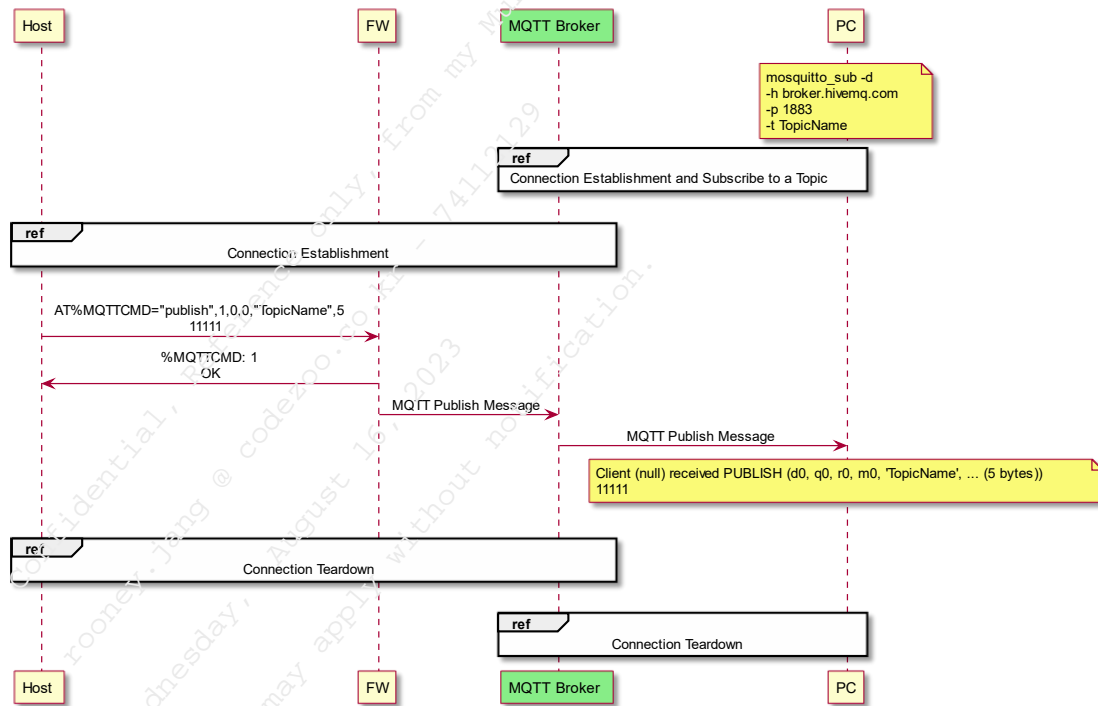


Figure 8 MSC - Publication at QoS=0

3.1.6 Publish to a topic with QoS=1

This example shows a MQTT scenario running over a non-secure connection. The procedure for this example is to subscribe to a topic from a PC host, then publish a message to same topic from a 1SC host and verify that the message is received by PC host.

In this example, both QoS of the subscribing and publishing are 1. HiveMQ open-source public broker is used; see their website <https://www.hivemq.com/public-mqtt-broker/> for more details. An open-source tool

mosquitto_sub is used to subscribe to a topic; see https://mosquitto.org/man/mosquitto_sub-1.html for the detailed instruction.

The procedure for this example is same as in [Figure 7](#).

The following are the detailed steps for this example:

- Subscribe to a topic on the broker from a PC

```
mosquitto_sub -d -h broker.hivemq.com -p 1883 -q 1 -t TopicName
```

- Connect to the broker

See [3.1.1](#) for the details

- Publish the message to a topic on the broker

```
AT+MQTTCMD="publish",1,1,0,"TopicName",5
11111
```

<2> - Publication QoS level 2
 <5> - Enter 5 characters to publish.
 <11111> - Data payload

```
%MQTTCMD: 1
OK
```

<1> - message ID



Note: make sure there is no <CR> in the AT+MQTTCMD="publish" command above. This multi-line command should be Linux file format (LF-based file). One way of converting it is to copy this command to a Notepad++ editor and remove all the <CR> at the end of each line and only leave the <LF>.

- Verify that the message is received by PC:

```
Client (null) received PUBLISH (d0, q1, r0, m51, 'TopicName', ... (5 bytes))
Client (null) sending PUBACK (m51, rc0)
1111111111
```

- Receive an Outgoing Publication Procedure Confirmation Status URC as below,

```
%MQTTEVU:"PUBCONF",1,1,0
OK
```

<1> - message ID
 <0> - success

- Teardown connection:

See [3.1.1](#) for the details

For the detailed process description, refer to the message sequence chart diagram below:

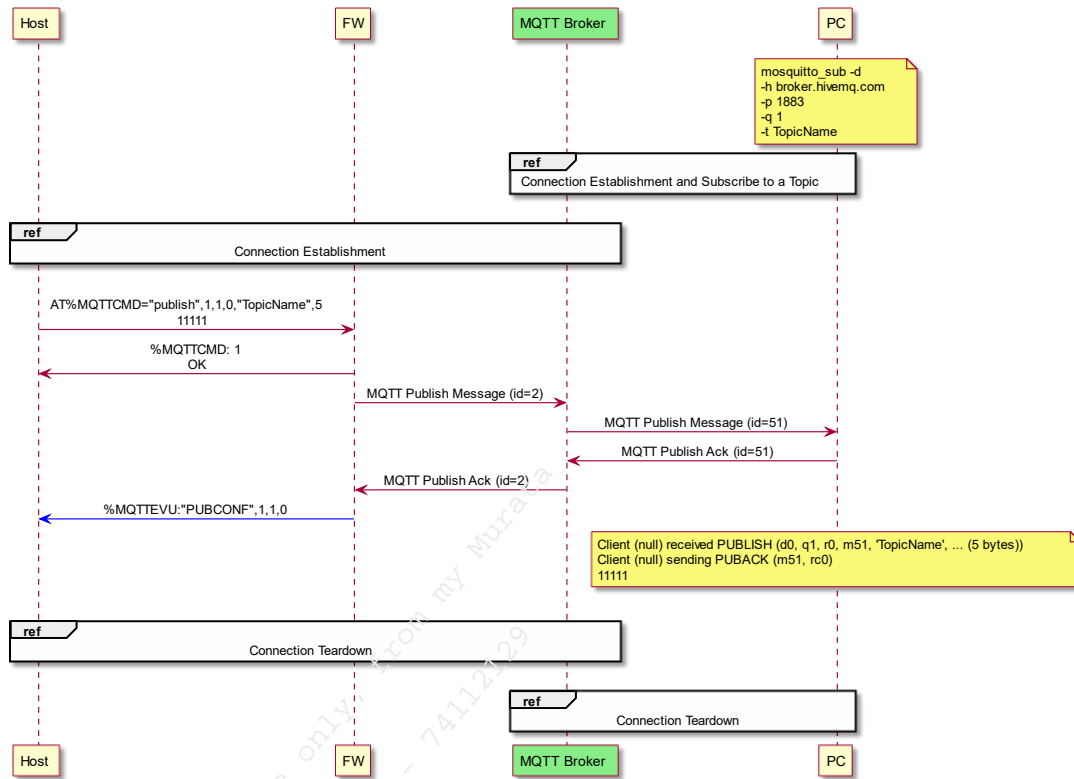


Figure 9 MSC - Publication at QOS=1

3.1.7 Publish to a topic with QOS=2

This example shows a MQTT scenario running over a non-secure connection. The procedure for this example is to subscribe to a topic from a PC host, then publish a message to same topic from a 1SC host and verify that the message is received by PC host.

In this example, both QoS of the subscribing and publishing are 2. HiveMQ open-source public broker is used; see their website <https://www.hivemq.com/public-mqtt-broker/> for more details. An open-source tool **mosquitto_sub** is used to subscribe to a topic; see https://mosquitto.org/man/mosquitto_sub-1.html for the detailed instruction.

The procedure for this example is same as in Figure 7.

The following are the detailed steps for this example:

- Subscribe to a topic on the broker from a PC

```
mosquitto_sub -d -h broker.hivemq.com -p 1883 -q 2 -t TopicName
```

- Connect to the broker

See 3.1.1 for the details

- Publish the message to a topic on the broker

```
AT%MQTTCMD="publish",1,2,0,"TopicName",5
11111
```

<2> - Publication QoS level 2
 <5> - Enter 5 characters to publish.
 <11111> - Data payload

```
%MQTTCMD: 1
OK
```

<1> - message ID



Note: make sure there is no <CR> in the AT%MQTTCMD="publish" command above. This multi-line command should be Linux file format (LF-based file). One way of converting it is to copy this command to a Notepad++ editor and remove all the <CR> at the end of each line and only leave the <LF>.

- Verify that the message is received by PC:

```
Client (null) received PUBLISH (d0, q2, r0, m51, 'TopicName', ... (5 bytes))
Client (null) sending PUBREC (m51, rc0)
Client (null) received PUBREL (Mid: 51)
Client (null) sending PUBCOMP (m51)
11111
```

- Receive an Outgoing Publication Procedure Confirmation Status URC as below,

```
%MQTTEVU:"PUBCONF",1,1,0
OK
```

<1> - message ID
 <0> - success

- Teardown connection:

See [3.1.1](#) for the details

For the detailed process description, refer to the message sequence chart diagram below:

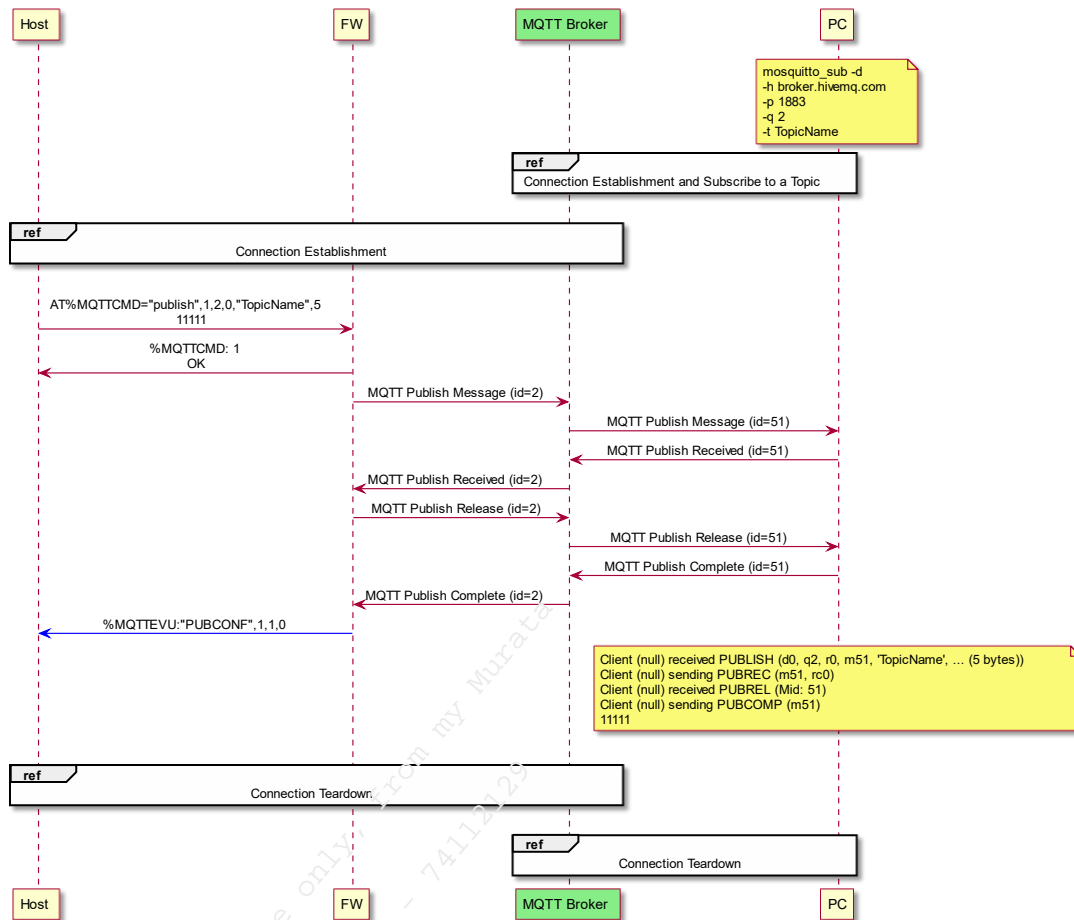


Figure 10 MSC - Publication at QoS=2

3.1.8 Subscribe and Publish to a topic with QoS=0

This example shows a MQTT scenario running over a non-secure connection. The procedure for this example is to subscribe to a topic first, then receive and publish the message to this topic after the subscription. In this example, Both QoS of subscribing and publishing are 0. In this example, HiveMQ open source public broker is used, and for more details see their website at <https://www.hivemq.com/public-mqtt-broker/>.

The following is a simple illustration of the procedure for this example:

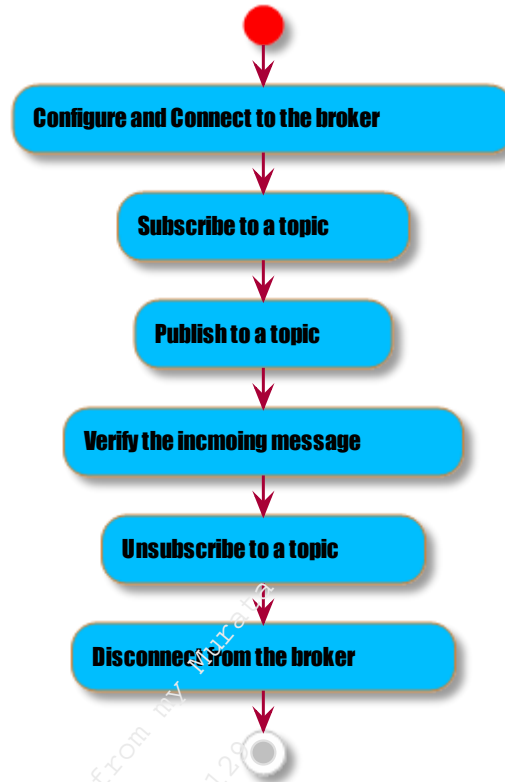


Figure 11 Subscribe and Publish to a topic

The following are the detailed steps for this example:

- Connect to the broker

See 3.1.1 for the details

- Subscribe to a topic on the broker

```
AT+MQTTCMD="subscribe",1,0,"TopicName"
```

<0> - QoS level is 0

```
%MQTTCMD: 1
```

OK

<1> - message ID

Receive a subscribe procedure confirmation status URC as below,

```
%MQTTEVU:"SUBCONF",1,1,0
```

<1> - message ID

<0> - success

- Publish the message to a topic on the broker


```
AT%MQTTCMD="publish",1,0,0,"TopicName",5
11111
```

<0> - Publication QoS level 0
 <5> - Enter 5 characters to publish.
 <11111> - Data payload

```
%MQTTCMD: 2
OK
```

<2> - message ID



Note: make sure there is no <CR> in the AT%MQTTCMD="publish" command above. This multi-line command should be Linux file format (LF-based file). One way of converting it is to copy this command to a Notepad++ editor and remove all the <CR> at the end of each line and only leave the <LF>.

- Receive an Incoming Publication Message Received URC as below,

```
%MQTTEVU:"PUBRCV",1,0,"TopicName",5
11111
```

<0> - message ID. It may be zero (undefined) for QoS=0

- Unsubscribe from the broker

```
AT%MQTTCMD="UNSUBSCRIBE",1,"TopicName"
%MQTTCMD: 3
OK
```

```
%MQTTEVU:"UNSCONF",1,3,0
```

<3> - message ID
 <0> - success

- Teardown connection:

See [3.1.1](#) for the details

For the detailed process description, refer to the message sequence chart diagram below:

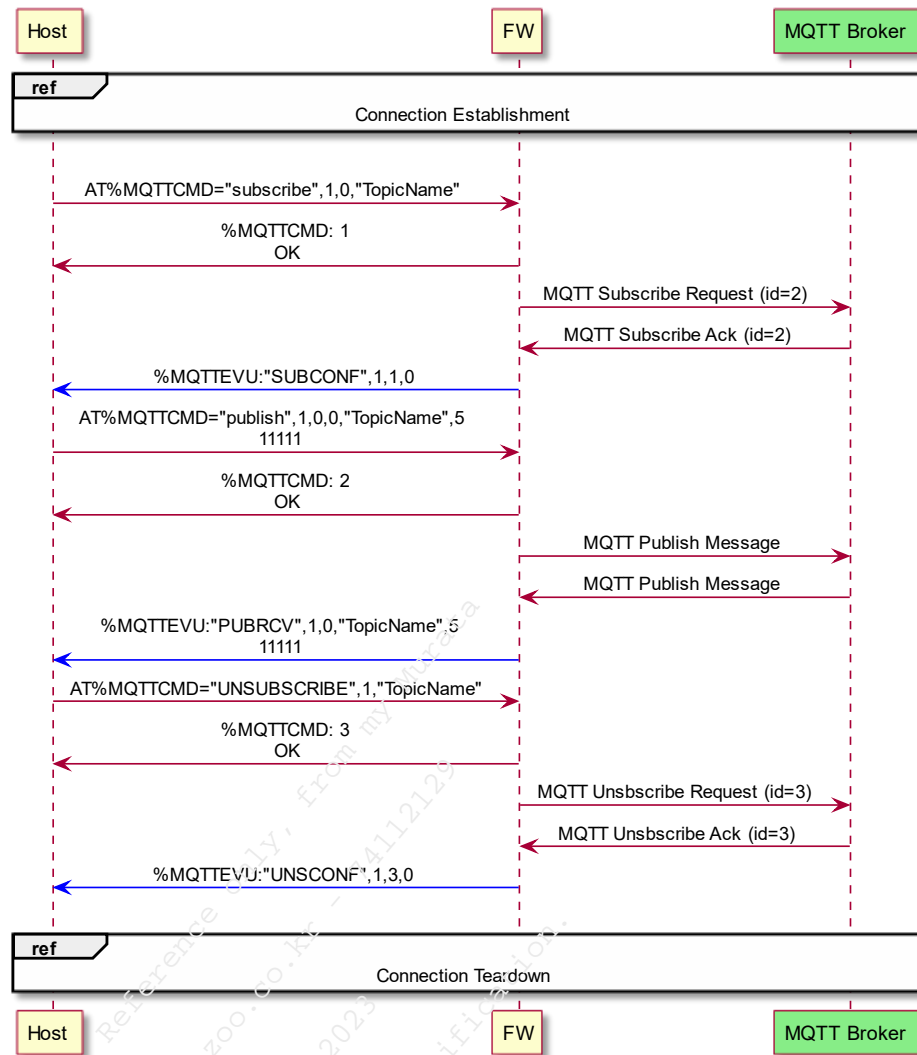


Figure 12 MSC – Subscribe and Publish with QoS=0

3.1.9 Subscribe and Publish to a topic with QoS=1

This example shows a MQTT scenario running over a non-secure connection. The procedure for this example is to subscribe to a topic first, then receive and publish the message to this topic after the subscription. In this example, both QoS of the subscribing and publishing are 1. In this example, HiveMQ open source public broker is used, and for more details see their website at <https://www.hivemq.com/public-mqtt-broker/>.

The procedure for this example is same as in Figure 11.

The following are the detailed steps for this example:

- Connect to the broker

See 3.1.1 for the details

- Subscribe to a topic on the broker

AT%MQTTCMD="subscribe",1,1,"TopicName"

```
%MQTTCMD: 1
OK
```

<1> - Subscription QoS level 1

Receive a subscribe procedure confirmation status URC as below,

```
%MQTTEVU:"SUBCONF",1,1,0
```

<1> - message ID
<0> - success

- Publish the message to a topic on the broker

```
AT%MQTTCMD="publish",1,1,0,"TopicName",5
11111
```

<1> - Publication QoS level 1
<5> - Enter 5 characters to publish.
<11111> - Data payload

```
%MQTTCMD:2
OK
```

<2> - message ID



Note: make sure there is no <CR> in the AT%MQTTCMD="publish" command above. This multi-line command should be Linux file format (LF-based file). One way of converting it is to copy this command to a Notepad++ editor and remove all the <CR> at the end of each line and only leave the <LF>.

- Receive an Incoming Publication Message Received URC as below,

```
%MQTTEVU:"PUBRCV",1,51,"TopicName",5
11111
```

<51> - message ID. It may be zero (undefined) for QoS=0

- Receive an Outgoing Publication Procedure Confirmation Status URC as below,

```
%MQTTEVU:"PUBCONF",1,2,0
OK
```

<2> - message ID
<0> - success

- Unsubscribe from the broker

```
AT%MQTTCMD="UNSUBSCRIBE",1,"TopicName"
%MQTTCMD: 3
OK
```

%MQTTEVU:"UNSCONF",1,3,0

<3> - message ID
<0> - success

- Teardown connection:

See 3.1.1 for the details

For the detailed process description, refer to the message sequence chart diagram below:

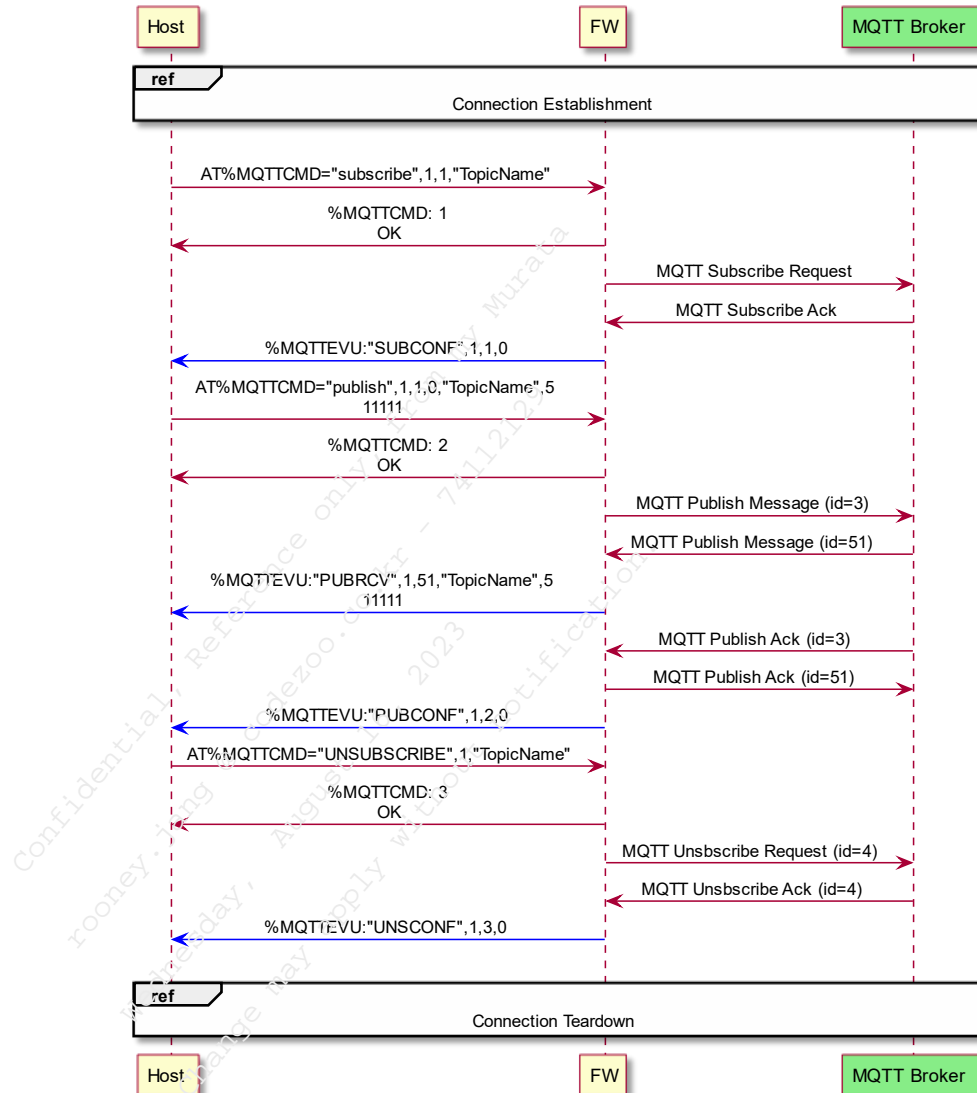


Figure 13 MSC – Subscribe and Publish with QoS=1

3.1.10 Subscribe and Publish to a topic with QoS=2

This example shows a MQTT scenario running over a non-secure connection. The procedure for this example is to subscribe to a topic first, then receive and publish the message to this topic after the subscription. In this example, both QoS of the subscribing and publishing are 2. In this example, HiveMQ open source public broker is used, and for more details see their website at <https://www.hivemq.com/public-mqtt-broker/>.

The procedure for this example is same as in [Figure 11](#).

The following are the detailed steps for this example:

- Connect to the broker

See [3.1.1](#) for the details

- Subscribe to a topic on the broker

```
AT%MQTTCMD="subscribe",1,2,"TopicName"
%MQTTCMD: 1
OK
```

<2> - Subscription QoS level 2

Receive a subscribe procedure confirmation status URC as below,

```
%MQTTEVU:"SUBCONF",1,1,0
```

<1> - message ID

<0> - success

- Publish the message to a topic on the broker

```
AT%MQTTCMD="publish",1,2,0,"TopicName",5
11111
```

<2> - Publication QoS level 2

<5> - Enter 5 characters to publish.

<11111> - Data payload

```
%MQTTCMD:2
OK
```

<2> - message ID



Note: make sure there is no <CR> in the AT%MQTTCMD="publish" command above. This multi-line command should be Linux file format (LF-based file). One way of converting it is to copy this command to a Notepad++ editor and remove all the <CR> at the end of each line and only leave the <LF>.

- Receive an Incoming Publication Message Received URC as below,

```
%MQTTEVU:"PUBRCV",1,51,"TopicName",5
11111
```

<51> - message ID. It may be zero (undefined) for QoS=

- Receive an Outgoing Publication Procedure Confirmation Status URC as below,

```
%MQTTEVU:"PUBCONF",1,2,0  
OK
```

<2> - message ID

<0> - success

- Unsubscribe from the broker

```
AT%MQTTCMD="UNSUBSCRIBE",1,"TopicName"  
%MQTTCMD: 3  
OK
```

```
%MQTTEVU:"UNSCONF",1,3,0
```

<3> - message ID

<0> - success

- Teardown connection:

See [3.1.1](#) for the details

For the detailed process description, refer to the message sequence chart diagram below:

Confidential, Reference only, from my Murata
rooney.jang @ codezoo.co.kr - 74112123
Wednesday, August 16, 2023
Change may apply without notification.

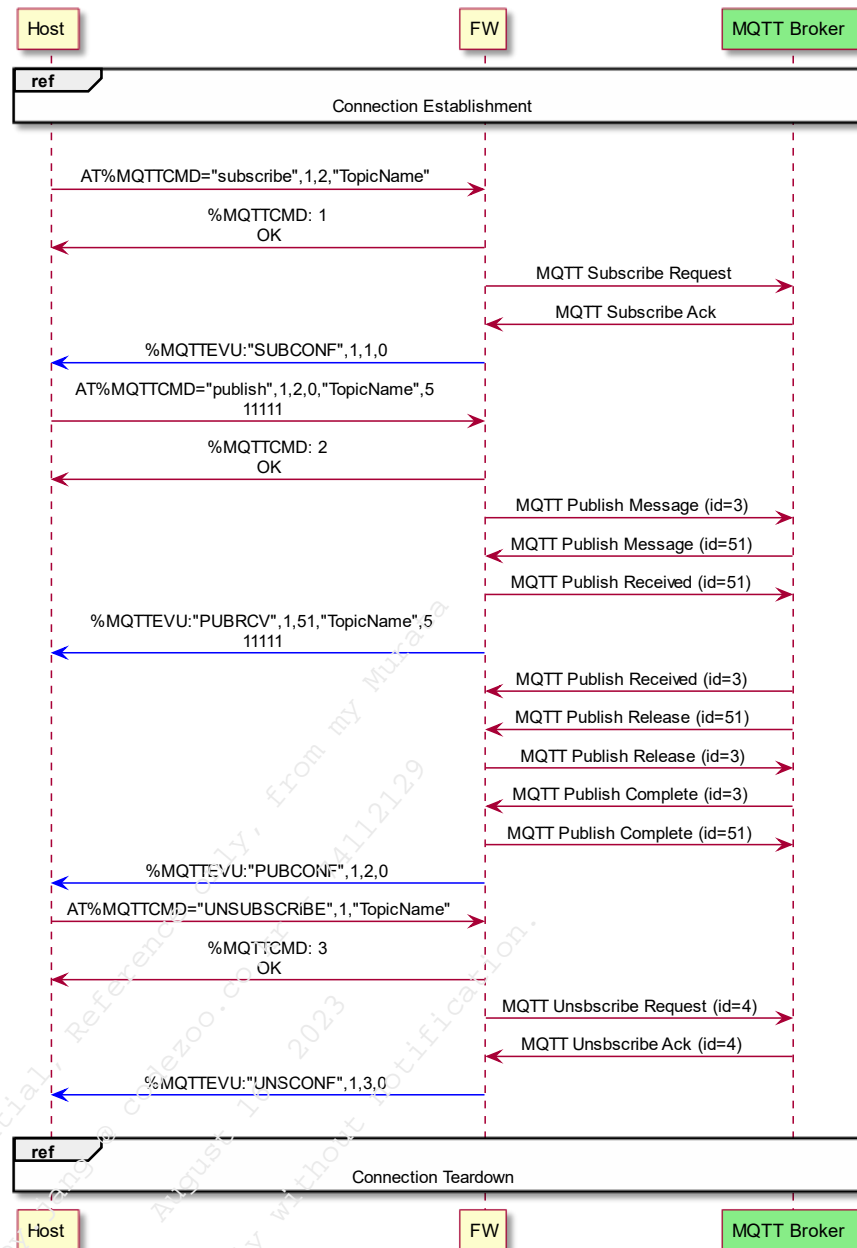


Figure 14 MSC – Subscribe and Publish with QoS=2

3.1.11 Subscribe and Publish to a topic to/from a file with QoS=0

This example shows a MQTT scenario running over a non-secure connection. The procedure for this example is as below:

- Subscribe to a topic and specify that incoming message is stored into a file (“b:/RxFile”)
- Upload a message to a file in NV store (“b:/TxFile”)
- Publish the message to the same topic from this file (“b:/TxFile”)
- Receive the message published back to the device and stored into the file (“b:/RxFile”)
- Download the message from the stored file (“b:/RxFile”)
- Verify that the messages transmitted and received are the same

In this example, QoS of subscribing and publishing are both 0. HiveMQ open-source public broker is used (for more details see their website at <https://www.hivemq.com/public-mqtt-broker/>).

The following is a simple illustration of the procedure for this example:

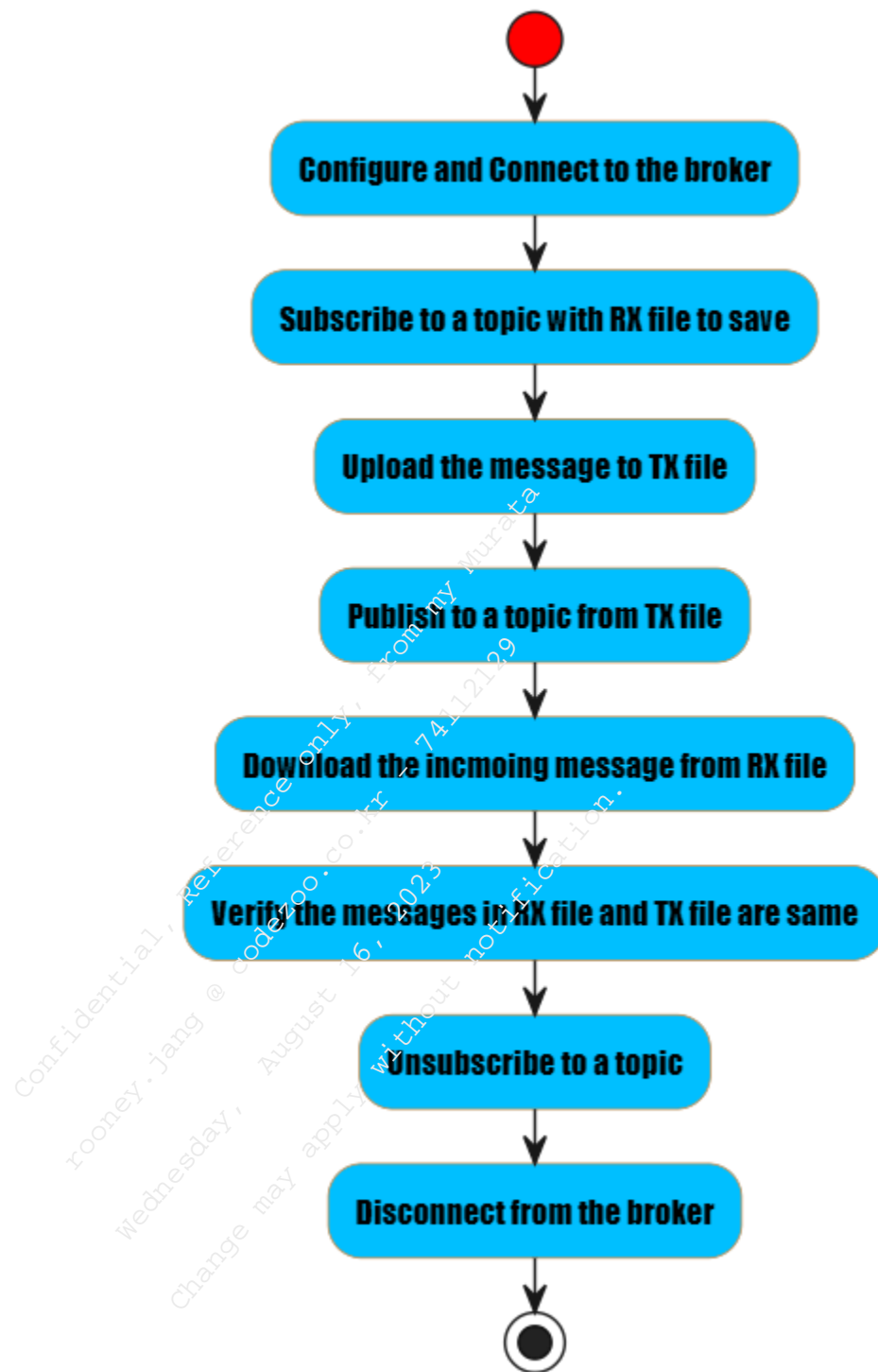


Figure 15 Subscribe and Publish to a topic to/from a file

The following are the detailed steps for this example:

- Connect to the broker

See 3.1.1 for the details

- Subscribe to a topic on the broker and store received data in RxFile.

```
AT%MQTTCMD="subscribe",1,0,"TopicName","RxFile"
```

<0> - QoS level is 0

```
%MQTTCMD: 1
```

OK

<1> - message ID

Receive a subscribe procedure confirmation status URC as below,

```
%MQTTEVU:"SUBCONF",1,1,0
```

<1> - message ID

<0> - success

- Upload the message to a TX file

```
AT%FILECMD="PUT","TxFile",1,5,"3768048439"
```

OK

<1> - "inband", usage of AT%FILEDATA is expected

<5> - the length of the file to be transferred

<3768048439> - CRC32 value in decimal encoding of the file to be transferred

```
AT%FILEDATA="WRITE",0,10,"3131313131"
```

```
%FILEDATA:10
```

OK

<10> - length of transmitted data in ASCII string length units

<3131313131> - The file chunk data, in HEX format

- Publish the message to a topic on the broker from a file

```
AT%MQTTCMD="publish",1,0,0,"TopicName",0,"b:/TxFile"
```

<0> - QoS level is 0

```
%MQTTCMD: 1
```

OK

<1> - message ID

- Receive an Incoming Publication Message Received URC as below,

```
%MQTTEVU:"PUBRCV",1,0,"TopicName",0,5,"RxFile"
```

<0> - message ID. It may be zero (undefined) for QoS=0
 <5> - data size in bytes stored into file

- Download the message from a RX file

```
AT%FILECMD="GET","b:/RxFile",1
```

<1> - "inband", usage of AT%FILEDATA is expected

```
%FILECMD: 5,3768048439
```

OK

<5> - the length of the file to be transferred

<3768048439> - CRC32 value in decimal encoding of the file to be transferred

```
AT%FILEDATA="READ",10
```

<10> - the maximal length of data in bytes which requested to be read in this transaction

```
%FILEDATA:0,10,"3131313131"
```

OK

<0> - no more data to read

<10> - the actual received data length in ASCII string length units

<3131313131> - the read data, in HEX format

- Verify the messages in RX file and TX file are same

The message "3131313131" in RxFile is the same as the message the host app uploaded.

- Unsubscribe from the broker

```
AT%MQTTCMD="UNSUBSCRIBE",1,"TopicName"
```

```
%MQTTCMD: 2
```

OK

```
%MQTTEVU:"UNSCONF",1,2,0
```

<2> - message ID

<0> - success

- Teardown connection:

See [3.1.1](#) for the details

3.2 Secure Connection examples

This section provides a few examples of MQTT service usage over secure connection like TLS.

3.2.1 Configure and connect to a broker

This example shows a MQTT scenario running over a secure connection. The procedure for this example is to

configure and connect to a public MQTT broker. In this example, emqx open-source public broker is used, for more details see their website at <https://www.emqx.io>.

The following is a simple illustration of the procedure for this example:

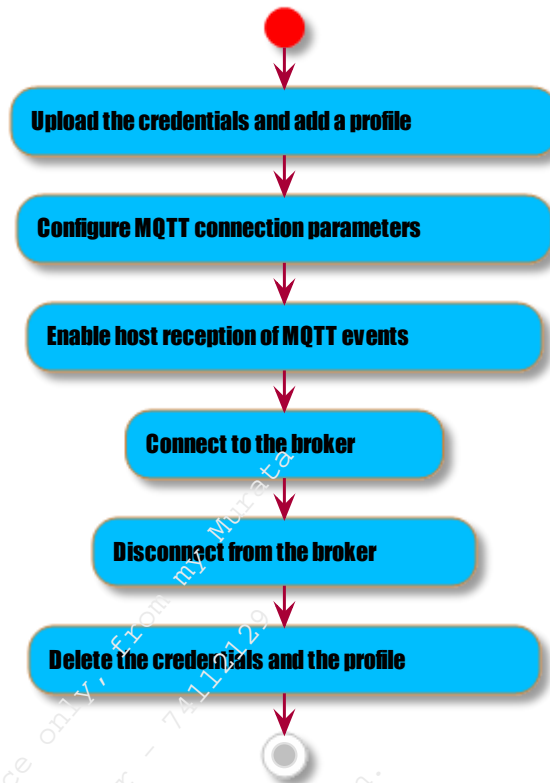


Figure 16 Configure and connect to a broker over a secure connection

The following are the detailed steps for this example:

- Upload the credentials to NV and Add a single TLS/DTLS profile into configuration file
`AT+CERTCMD="WRITE", "broker.emqx.io-ca.crt", 0,`
`"-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----"`
`MIIF3jCCA8agAwIBAgIQAf1tMPyjjylGoG7xkDjUDLTANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQwFADCB`
`...`
`L6KCq9NjRHDEjf8tM7qtj3ulcIiuPhnPQCjY/MiQu12ZiVVS5ljFH4gxQ+6IHdfG`
`jjxDah2nGN59PRbxYvnKkKj9`
`-----END CERTIFICATE-----"`
`OK`

`AT+CERTCMD="WRITE", "client.cer", 0,`
`"-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----"`
`MIIDWTCCAkgAwIBAgIUeUZ3uhjps4AF3XhWUUSlkLzZzAowDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEL`
`...`
`40RPr/1ZfKqq0GLO/qISrJHtV+YCFR49eVPWej2cQYNxU7bn7Y6aqLgTKBDQ0yjK`
`0p15A68LLFDygb5SGrvNtwqjdD7GhTWgJuJQRDHeKecv0U2mBggYVM+xqy4V`
`-----END CERTIFICATE-----"`
`OK`

```
AT%CERTCMD="WRITE","privkey.cer",1,
"-----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
MIIEpAIBAAKCAQEAtBz1QeNDQx1GC3uzamE5WtYSjIKBUvpvteqO2m1p19RP2/zSM
...
ET2UQeOFb+90fcbi+hg0bhEPDtLpqkfojWRZTv4x2FGS7x4c5a+Q/o2QZs8sbcY1
0vi9IXZa0XpGUGPJgzKVAqFjyUk5vIHdN7o2SSioAlotjBules5pQw==
-----END RSA PRIVATE KEY-----"
OK
```



Note: make sure there is no <CR> in the AT%CERTCMD="WRITE" command above. This multi-line command should be Linux file format (LF-based file). One way of converting it is to copy this command to a Notepad++ editor and remove all the <CR> at the end of each line and only leave the <LF>.

```
AT%CERTCFG="ADD",1,"broker.emqx.io-ca.crt",,"client.cer","privkey.cer"
OK
```

<1> - Profile ID

- Configure MQTT connection parameters

```
AT%MQTTCFG="nodes",1,"ClientName","broker.emqx.io"
OK
```

```
AT%MQTTCFG="IP",1,,0,8883
OK
```

```
AT%MQTTCFG="TLS",1,0,1
OK
```

<1> - Profile ID

```
AT%MQTTCFG="PROTOCOL",1,0,60,1
OK
```

<1> - clean session

- Enable all MQTT events

```
AT%MQTTEV="all",1
OK
```

- Connect to the broker:

```
AT%MQTTCMD="connect",1
OK
```

<1> - connection id

Receive a connect procedure confirmation status URC

```
%MQTTEVU:"CONCONF",1,0
```

<0> - success

- Teardown connection:

```
AT%MQTTCMD="disconnect",1  
OK
```

Receive a Disconnect Procedure Confirmation Status URC

```
%MQTTEVU:"DISCONF",1,0
```

<0> - success

- Delete the credentials and the profile

```
AT%CERTCMD="DELETE","broker.emqx.io-ca.crt"  
OK  
AT%CERTCMD="DELETE","client.cer"  
OK  
AT%CERTCMD="DELETE","./privkey.cer"  
OK
```

```
AT%CERTCFG="DELETE",1  
OK
```

For detailed procedure description, refer to the Figure 2 as in the non-secure connection example except that the credentials need to be uploaded and TLS connection needs to be established.

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